"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Probably rain today; fair Thursday; moderate northeast winds.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 22,162. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1918.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius. | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles. | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

AMERICAN GUNS POUND ENEMY ON NEW LINE; OUR INFANTRY IS GAINING ON THE MOSELLE; GERMANS ARE MASSING HEAVILY IN THE REAR

CARDINAL FARLEY DIES PEACEFULLY; LONG UNCONSCIOUS

End Came at 9:17 P. M. After an Illness That Had Continued for Six Weeks.

BEGAN TO SINK ON SUNDAY

Diocesan Council in Session, While Priests Chanted Prayers in the Death Chamber.

MESSAGES FROM THE POPE

Body Will Lie In State at Cathedral House — Funeral Arrangements Not Completed.

Special to The New York Times.

MAMARONECK, N. Y., Sept. 17.—John Cardinal Farley, Archbishop of the Roman Catholic Diocese of New York, died at his country home at Orienta Point at 9:17 o'clock tonight, after an illness lasting six weeks. After a relapse on Sunday his heart action grew weaker steadily, and physicians constantly at his bedside expected his death hourly. He was 76 years old.

Six weeks ago a severe cold advanced into hypostatic pneumonia, and his condition became critical because his constitution had been greatly weakened by a heart attack two years ago and by subsequent illness. He rallied from his recent illness, and ten days ago his physicians announced that he was out of danger, but on Sunday his heart began to weaken under the strain put upon it.

"The end came peacefully and beautifully," said the Right Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, Auxiliary Bishop of the diocese. "The Cardinal had had several sinking spells during the afternoon and each left him weaker. Several times we felt certain the end had come, but he rallied from them. We were prepared, because the physicians had told us there was no hope for recovery."

After the last rites of the Church had been administered on Monday morning by Bishop Hayes Cardinal Farley became unconscious. His heart action continued to grow weaker despite the efforts of physicians to strengthen it. Before he became unconscious he expressed a wish to be moved to his home at Madison Avenue and Forty-ninth Street, near St. Patrick's Cathedral, in New York, but his physicians in conference decided that his condition was so critical that any attempt to move him would be extremely dangerous.

Cardinal Farley had two sinking spells early this afternoon followed by short rallies in strength, but he remained much weaker than he was yesterday, when physicians decided that he could not recover. He regained consciousness once and was able to indicate that he wanted a drink of water, but he became unconscious again. His pulse and respiration became more rapid, and although watchers at his bedside thought they saw signs of a sharp rally late this afternoon another sinking spell began shortly after 9 o'clock and he did not rally.

Cheered by Pope's Messages.

Mgr. Carroll said that the Cardinal had been cheered in his illness by messages from Pope Benedict XV., whom he had visited several times before and after he was chosen Pope. Two of these messages were received after an official message had been sent to the Vatican informing the Pope that the sacrament of the extreme unction had been administered, and they were read to Cardinal Farley when he regained consciousness for a few hours on Monday. He rallied and directed that a message of thanks be sent to Popo Benedict. In intervals of consciousness he had mentioned to Mgr. Carroll, his secretary, his gratification for the messages and directed that his thanks be sent for all messages.

Several priests of the diocese who had come to the Cardinal's bedside during the day to chant the prayers for the dying were in the house, but the end came so quietly that not even Mgr. Hayes and others at his bedside were aware that the Cardinal was dead until the physicians, who had been trying to cause his heart to rally, informed them of it.

Dr. Thomas McParlan, the physician who was at the Cardinal's bedside, said he had died without pain. A few minutes after 9 o'clock Dr. McParlan perceived that another of the periodical sinking spells, that had become more frequent during the day, was coming on rapidly and he sent for the other physicians who had been assisting him. Dr. Ernest Fahnestock and Dr. John Dorning. He said that before they arrived Cardinal Farley took a deep breath, unheard by the members of the Diocesan Council, who were in the room, and died.

Mgr. Michael J. Lavelle, Vicar General of the archdiocese, remained with the Cardinal until this morning, when it was necessary for him to return to St. Patrick's Cathedral to attend to urgent church affairs. When the physicians reported to the watchers that the Cardinal had had his first sinking spell, early in the afternoon, a message was sent to Mgr. Lavelle, and he returned immediately and remained at the Cardinal's bedside constantly. Other members of the Diocesan Council who watched with him until the last were Bishop Hayes, Mgr. Mooney, the Protbonotary Apostolic Vicar General; Mgr. James H. McGean, and Mgr. James J. Flood. Mgr. Carroll, the Cardinal's sec-

Continued on Page Thirteen.

Bankers Behind President for a Conclusive Peace

DENVER, Sept. 17.—That the bankers of the country would stand behind President Wilson in his purpose to press the war to a conclusive peace was the sentiment expressed by members of the American Institute of Banking at the opening of the sixteenth annual convention of the organization here today.

The keynote of the convention was sounded by R. S. Hecht of New Orleans, President of the Institute, in his annual address.

"We are thrilled by the deeds of valor of our soldiers and their sacrifice," said he. "They are daily giving us new reasons why those of us who hold the second line trenches—the trenches of finance—should pledge them our untiring and unlimited support from home and should consider no sacrifice too great to do our full share toward bringing about an early and victorious conclusion of the war."

ASK 7 BILLIONS MORE FOR ARMY

Estimates Submitted to Congress Supplementing the 18 Billions Already Provided.

COVERS ENLARGED PROGRAM

Largest Item Is $1,985,000,000 for Armament, Next $1,277,854,000 for Transportation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Deficiency estimates prepared by the War Department covering the needs of the military establishment for the present fiscal year, in addition to the $18,000,000,000 already provided, were sent to the House Appropriations Committee today, calling for $7,347,727,812.32. These estimates were increased by $2,000,000,000 at the last moment, explained Representative Sherley, Chairman of the committee, who yesterday said that the War Department had figured that $5,000,000,000 would be sufficient to meet the pressing needs.

Although the figures presented approach within less than $1,000,000,000 of the revenues which, it is estimated, will be raised by the pending $8,000,000,000 War Revenue bill, it is expected that there will be no stint by Congress in granting the money. Chairman Sherley is hopeful that if two-thirds is granted in cash and the remainder in authorizations, the needs of the army will be supplied.

"The submission of these estimates, which cover a very great increase in the army, is a most complete and not to be misunderstood answer to the Austrian peace proposal," said Mr. Sherley. "Congress will unquestionably vote whatever amount of the estimates submitted which, upon hearings to be held, it is found can be expended in the projected enlargement and equipment of the army."

Benedict Crowell, acting Secretary of War, submitted the estimates in the following letter:

Estimates in Detail.

Hon. Swagar Sherley, Chairman House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.:

Sir: I have the honor to forward herewith for transmission to Congress supplemental estimates of appropriations required for the service for the fiscal year ending June 31, 1919, as follows:

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF.

Contingencies, military information section, General Staff Corps	$1,000,000,000.00

OFFICE OF THE PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL.

Registration and selection for military service	$23,617,302.00

OFFICE OF CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER.

Signal service of the army	$104,180,934.00

AIR SERVICE. (AERONAUTICS.)

Air service, military	$178,758,366.85

QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

Pay of the army	$791,619,952.16
Mileage to officers and contract surgeons	7,000,000.00

GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS, QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

Subsistence of the army	$263,410,023.94
Incidental expenses	71,569,340.09
Transportation of the army and its supplies	1,277,854,306.96
Water and sewers at military posts	2,244,419.25
Clothing and camp and garrison equipage	178,703,881.81
Horses for cavalry, artillery, &c.	14,667,589.00
Military post exchanges	3,542,512.00
Shooting galleries and ranges	100,000.00
Barracks and quarters, Philippine Islands	3,766,830.00
Construction and repair of hospitals	129,833,542.00
Fireproof record building	450,000.00
Temporary office building at New York	2,225,000.00
New permanent buildings, U. S. D. B., Fort Leavenworth, Kan.	695,427.50
Purchase of land, Ohio State rifle range	190,186.00
Purchase of land, Fayetteville, N. C.	1,500,000.00
Purchase of land, West Point, Ky.	1,600,000.00

Continued on Page Ten.

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY.
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PREPARED FOR NEW PEACE MOVE BY AUSTRIA-HUNGARY

May Propose a Discussion Restricted to the Principles Laid Down by President Wilson.

EVACUATION PRE-REQUISITE

Enemy Would Have to Relinquish All Conquests Before Conference Could Begin.

REPLY TO AUSTRIA SENT

President's Prompt Refusal Believed to Have Ended First Phase of Peace Offensive.

By The Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Austria's peace offensive is a closed incident, so far as the American Government is concerned.

Secretary Lansing sent to the Swedish Minister today the note authorized last night by President Wilson flatly rejecting in two short sentences the proposal of the Austro-Hungarian Government for secret and non-binding peace discussions. It was started on the cables at once for transmission to Vienna by the Foreign Office at Stockholm.

The President's action—including the precedent-setting brevity of the reply and the promptness with which it was delivered—drew expressions of approval during the day everywhere in Washington, at the Capitol, among officials, and throughout the allied diplomatic corps. Similar responses from the other nations at war with Germany are expected to follow quickly.

Regarding this phase of the peace campaign as practically closed, the Administration is now closely watching for the next move on the part of the enemy, for it is not believed that they will abandon their efforts.

Restriction of Discussion.

It has been suggested that, denied unlimited fields of secret discussion of war issues, Austria may attempt a coup by assenting to a restriction of the discussion to the principles laid down by President Wilson as the only possible basis of peace.

It was said authoritatively today that such a proposition undoubtedly would be accepted. But this statement was accompanied by a significant reminder of conditions which must be met preliminary to any such discussion. These are that the Central Powers

Must withdraw completely from all occupied territory in France and Belgium, Italy, Russia, and Serbia.

The Germans must drop the subterfuge of the Brest-Litovsk treaty made by Germany with Russian agents hired to betray their country.

They must loosen their hold upon the wheat fields of Ukrainia and the oil wells of Serbia and Russia.

And all this must be done before America would consent to talk of peace, even upon the basis of the President's stipulation.

Attention was called to the fact that in his reply Secretary Lansing referred to the terms upon which the United States would consider peace as having been stated repeatedly. That meant not only that the four propositions laid down by President Wilson in his Fourth of July speech at Mount Vernon must be considered, but that they must be considered in connection with other declarations from the same source.

It was particularly intended, it was explained, that there should be held in mind the fourteen propositions stated by the President in his address to Congress on Jan. 8 last. Whereas the Fourth of July speech stated simply broad general principles that should govern any peace discussion, the address to Congress laid down details of the position, and therefore should be the governing utterance.

The Fourteen Prime Essentials.

Accordingly, before the Central Powers can have any peace discussions with the Entente powers and America they must accept the principles of—

No secret treaties.

Freedom of the seas, except to suppress predatory nations that fail to respect international covenants.

The removal of all trade barriers.

Reduction of armaments.

Adjustment of colonial claims with reference to the wishes of the governed population.

The evacuation of Russian territory

Continued on Page Three.

Germans Get Wilson's Reply; Wonder if Allies Support It

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 17.—Washington dispatches indicating the attitude of the American Government as to the Austrian peace offer are prominently displayed in all German newspapers.

"This precipitate rejection of the Vienna proposal does not surprise us," says the semi-official Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung. "The Americans want to take the lead. Now, as before, they preach force which is to lay Europe in ruins. We shall have to wait to see whether America's allies will allow themselves to become intoxicated with this doctrine of force or whether there will be recognition of the fact that an interminably protracted war will lead Europe to ruin and leave only one claimant to the bankrupt estate."

ALL ALLIES WILL REJECT PEACE NOTE

But European Powers May Send More Extended Replies Than Ours.

MAY MAKE EXPLANATION

Chronicle Suggests Denying Imperialistic Aims or Desire to Annihilate Germany.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 18.—The Daily Chronicle says this morning that it is now certain that the Austrian invitation to the belligerents to participate in a non-binding secret conference will be rejected.

"President Wilson speaks, of course, only for America, but the Entente Powers cannot fail to be influenced by his example," The Daily Chronicle asserts. "They are not absolved thereby from the obligation of giving a more detailed reply than was necessary from the American President. Their position is not the same as that of the United States, and they owe it to their own people and to the democracies of the world to show that they are not animated by imperialistic ambitions, and have no desire to annihilate Germany. In short, their reply ought to be couched so as to carry a message of hope and not of despair to the masses of the population both in Germany and in Austria-Hungary."

The Daily Chronicle refers to the fourteen propositions enunciated by President Wilson in his address to Congress in January, 1918, which is describes as the Magna Charta of the world, adding:

"President Wilson stated explicitly that America desires the place of Austria-Hungary among the nations to be safeguarded and assured, but since then America has recognized Czechoslovaks who are fighting so courageously against the Central Empires as a national unit waging a regular warfare. There is not much likelihood in the present temper of the enemy of the acceptance by them of these fourteen points. It so happens that the Austrian proposal for a secret conference comes into collision with the first clause wherein the President condemns secret diplomacy and stipulates for open covenants of peace arrived at and no private internal understandings."

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 18, (Associated Press.)—The promptness, as well as the substance, of President Wilson's reply to Austria-Hungary is approved by London morning papers.

Even the pacifist Daily News urges the Allies to follow the American lead and indorse the points enunciated by President Wilson, using the situation to drive the wedge into Germany and her allies.

The Morning Post says that the answer is framed in the only terms that befit the occasion.

AUSTRIA TO KEEP UP HER DRIVE FOR PEACE

Signs of Internal Disintegration Seen — Prediction That She Will Break from Germany.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 17.—The statement that the German Government was fully aware of the intention of the Austro-Hungarian Government to take the step it did at the week-end is confirmed by the well-informed Vienna correspondent of the Cologne Gazette. It stands to reason, he says, that the Austro-Hungarian Government "informed the Governments of its allies regarding its proposed action and assured itself of their

Continued on Page Three.

When you think of Writing, think of WRITING.—Advt.

GERMANS RUSH UP RESERVES

Our Airmen See Heavy Reinforcements Behind Hindenburg Line.

NEW DEFENSES FAR IN REAR

Foe Issues Call for 5,000 Women to Dig Trenches and Release Fighting Men.

DISPLAY GREAT AGITATION

Enemy Evidently Expecting Another Attack — Papers Show Our Forces Are Held in Awe.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 17.—American aviators report this morning that the Germans are bringing up heavy reinforcements behind the Hindenburg line, running roughly from north of Fresnes to south of Champley, and are busy digging strong positions along that line. It appears that they are expecting another American attack in this sector, but evidently are not intending to try anything on their own initiative.

Our new line is being built this side of the Hindenburg line with a rather wide No Man's Land, in which the Germans are keeping weak patrols a distance of a kilometer or more from the Hindenburg main front; we also have patrols in the intermediate space.

The two patrols clashed a number of times last night and the night before, with no important results on either side, except keeping each other in contact.

The Germans give us fitful spells of shelling, sending over three heavy barrages in the last twenty-four hours which were not followed by any attack. Aerial photographs taken yesterday afternoon show large numbers of Germans digging in back of the Hindenburg front, evidently preparing a second line should the Americans hit and break the "invulnerable" front.

Call Out 5,000 Women.

Not only is the enemy showing great uneasiness in the St. Mihiel sector, but also in the Vosges and Alsace, over which he has large numbers of air patrols and where he keeps up a harassing infantry fire. His activity might mean either that he expects another American effort soon or that he plans a show of his own. Most likely it is the former, as captured German documents show new steps are being taken to comb out the service of the rear to get men for the front. A recent call was sent out for 5,000 women to replace railroad workers who are to be sent to the fighting front. Boys 15 years of age have been mobilized to some extent to replace in the back area men of fighting age.

Examination of Austria's prisoners discloses the interesting fact that when the German regiments were ordered to get out of the salient in expectation of the American attack no such order was given to the Austrians, and when the Americans attacked south of Fresnes the Austrians put up the only fight in the whole salient. An Austrian regimental commander said that repeated requests sent to the Germans for more ammunition brought no reply.

That the Germans did not have such advance information about the American attack as Hindenburg claims is indicated by a captured order dated Sept. 9, which said that reports of an American attack on this front had not been confirmed and need not be taken seriously.

Our attack came three days later and our engineer officers who combed out the salient tell me that plenty of evidence was found to show that the Germans left in the greatest haste. Valuable maps and

Continued on Page Two.

Heavy French Guns Are Pounding Metz Fortress; Paris Expects Germany's Gateway to Fall

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—The fortress of Metz is now undergoing terrific bombardment from French heavy guns. Experts here are of the opinion that these forts will prove no more able to resist the fire of modern high explosives than did those of Liége, Douaumont, and Vaux, and that it is only a question of time before this formidable pillar at the gateway of Germany itself will be demolished.

Hindenburg is known to have been at Metz a few days ago superintending the organization of the defense. In view of the recent turn of events, however, Paris is expecting hourly to hear an official denial of this fact.

Losses Force Germans to Disband Twenty Divisions.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Sept. 16, (Associated Press.)—One hundred and eight German infantry battalions, equivalent to twenty divisions, have been disbanded, it is learned, to fill the gap made by the past year's fighting. Women and boys are being called to the auxiliary service to replace men. Five thousand women already have been mobilized for this purpose, and boys of 14 are being utilized.

Captured officers say that Germany is very tired of the war and no longer hopes to do more than keep what is its own.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sept. 17, (Reuter.)—British troops in the last twenty-four hours have captured 1,301 Germans. There is plenty of evidence that the enemy is expecting further concerted attacks at various places. A captured order points out that the Allies must now be expected to strike heavy blows, and bewails the lack of assault troops as rendering any prospect of successful counterattack or effective resistance impossible.

Prisoners recently captured say that every effort has been made to suppress all news of the American success at St. Mihiel, concerning which alarming rumors prevail. The general impression seems to be that the American victory has been so overwhelming that the German Army command does not dare admit the facts.

AMERICAN VICTORY UPSET FOE'S PLANS

Caused Him to Change the Character of Peace Offensive Prepared in Germany.

PARIS EXPECTS NEW BLOW

Believes Foch Will Choose Winter Quarters for the Germans Little to Their Liking.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—As details filter through from the St. Mihiel battle, fresh stimulus is given to speculations that have been going on since July 18 as to what is the matter with Germany. Not once since Foch's offensive have they shown their old striking power. The great army which previously never let a single week go by without making us feel the force of its blows has for nearly two months been limp and impotent. Until now the prevailing opinion has been that quarrels in the high command and the broken confidence of the German people were reflected in the weakened morale of the army.

In the past few days there has been more talk of the possibility that the German Army has suffered serious and permanent deterioration not only in morale but in physical quality. The army has been combed over so much for shock troops, and these were used up so lavishly, that the remaining mass is mediocre. Simultaneously with this decline in the enemy's quality, the unity of command and American reinforcement have resulted in an enormous improvement in the élan of the Allies.

The stories of our light losses and of the lack of enemy resistance in the St. Mihiel salient seem to be well confirmed. It was said that the German troops holding St. Mihiel contained a large proportion of inferior elements—men old or worn out, and when unable to escape surrendering with alacrity.

No Surprise in Ordinary Sense.

It is possible the German high command depended too much upon the natural strength of the position, as perhaps we did at the Chemin des Dames when the Germans walked through on May 27. It is suggested also that Pershing jumped so quick and hit so hard that it threw the Germans into confusion before they could pull themselves together. There was certainly no surprise, however, in the ordinary sense. The American offensive had been so much talked about that many suspected it was part of Foch's plan to advertise it. The Germans undoubtedly expected it, and it is even reported that orders were found on prisoners for retirement from St. Mihiel on Sept. 13.

The American victory has completely upset the organized peace offensive in Germany. The window dressing must be torn to pieces and done over again with rabbits and lambs substituted for lions and tigers. The simple fact is that the series of successes to which Pershing's drive adds a finishing touch makes German peace talk of all kinds utterly fatuous. They might as well "save their breath to cool their porridge" as the Scotch proverb has it.

Defeatist elements in the allied civilian populations who heretofore co-oper-

Continued on Page Five.

ALLIES WIDEN GAP IN BULGAR LINE

Important Series of Ridges, 3,000 Prisoners, and More Than 24 Guns Captured.

ADVANCE EXCEEDS 5 MILES

Jugoslav Division Taking Part in the Offensive with the French and Serbians.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Serbian and French troops are continuing their offensive in Macedonia and have progressed more than five miles, according to a Serbian official statement received here. The advancing Allies have occupied an important series of ridges, and have captured more than 3,000 prisoners and twenty-four guns. Their casualties have been slight.

The Allies are moving forward on a front of more than twelve miles and have taken the village of Gradeshnitsa, twenty miles east of Monastir. A Jugoslav division is fighting with the Serbs and French and has reached Koziak, the most important position in the region of the offensive.

The official statement, which is dated Monday, reads:

The whole of the ridge of Sokol is in our hands, as well as the ridges of Truaviska, Rovovska, and Brazdasta. We have advanced more than eight kilometers.

Up to the present the French and Serbian troops have taken more than 3,000 prisoners and more than twenty-four guns. Our casualties have been quite small.

A Jugoslav division has reached Koziak, (5,085 feet and northeast of Sokol,) the most important position in this region. Our advance continues.

The French and Serbian troops are fighting hand-in-hand and are rivaling each other in tenacity, bravery, and sacrifice. French and Serbian aviators have given proof of extraordinary activity and great bravery.

PARIS, Sept. 16.—The appended statement was issued by the War Office tonight:

EASTERN THEATRE, Sept. 15.—This morning, after violent artillery preparation, French and Serbian troops attacked enemy organizations in the mountainous region of Dopropolie. The whole first positions of the enemy over a front of eleven kilometers were carried in spite of the difficulties of the ground. A number of prisoners and pieces of artillery fell into the hands of the Allies. The operation continues to develop favorably. On other parts of the front there has been lively artillery activity.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Sept. 15, (via London).—Franco-Serbian troops in an attack on the Bulgarian lines in Macedonia early Sunday morning, succeeded after a desperate struggle in occupying the Sokol, Dopropolje and Vetrenik positions, says today's War Office announcement. The repulse of attacks to the north of Gradeshnitsa is claimed. The text of the statement reads:

Enemy battalions attacked our positions north of Gradeshnitsa at several points but were repulsed with heavy losses. Several French prisoners remained in our hands.

In order to avoid the sacrifice of our troops we withdrew our units in this section to positions further north.

OUR MEN IN BRISK CLASHES

Closing In on Hindenburg Line Where Germans Are Very Active.

TOWNS BURNING IN REAR

This May Indicate Fear That a Further Retreat May Be Forced.

PATROL FORCES ARE ACTIVE

Germans Shell and Gas Area on Right Flank, Where We Are Progressing.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Sept. 17, (Associated Press.)—American artillery, infantry, and aviators made emphatic replies today to the German challenge all along the newly established line. The enemy bombarded certain points with vigor, and threw over quantities of gas, largely of the mustard variety, while airplanes endeavored to force their way through the aerial defenses, but evidence was lacking that the Germans contemplated an attempt to regain the territory they had lost. Their high command apparently intends to adhere to the policy which resulted in the relinquishment of a large section without a bitter struggle.

Reports brought in by aviators, as well as information obtained from prisoners and verified by patrols, show that the Germans are strengthening their trenches along the Hindenburg line, but there is nothing to show that they are reinforcing their lines to a degree that might indicate a strong countermovement.

Patrols sent out by the Americans have been successful not only in reconnoissance, but in bringing in prisoners. Many prisoners were stragglers, but among them were the crews of several lost or isolated machine guns. In some cases they had been taken from countering patrols.

There was much German activity today in the extreme right of the line, where the enemy vigorously shelled and gassed the woods north of Pont-a-Mousson and near Norroy. Machine gun action north of Beney was spirited, while the German artillery was active from Haumont to the Mont Plaisir farm. East of the Moselle there has been some skirmishing, but it was of little consequence. The allied outposts are gradually pushing toward that region.

An American patrol in a raid made early this morning in the general region of Haumont, northwest of Thiaecours, captured five noncommissioned officers and killed seven other noncommissioned officers.

The German prisoners said that they had received orders to hold their positions unless strongly attacked. The noncommissioned officers were from an officers' school in the vicinity of Conflans. They said they had been ordered to the front for practical experience.

The American line on the Lorraine front on Tuesday afternoon stood as follows: Ronvaux, Manheulles, Pintheville, St. Hilaire, Doncourt, Woel, Haumont, a point between Jaulny and Rembercourt, north of Vandières and south of Champey to the old line east of Pont-à-Mousson.

The fighting Sunday on the new front was featured by the gallant action of an American Staff officer. When the officer saw there was danger of part of his advancing forces being outflanked by German machine gunners he personally led his men in a charge against the guns. He captured one gun himself and his men took the others. The officer was wounded, probably fatally.

The officer's troops belonged to the division operating on the eastern

wing of the American offensive sector. They had taken Norroy and were pressing onward in the face of opposition from machine gun nests.

The irregular advance suddenly exposed one unit to a flanking fire, and the officer forgot that he, as a staff officer, was supposed to stay away from the fighting and rushed in. It is understood that he has been recommended for recognition of his bravery.

Towns Behind Line Burning.

AMERICAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN LORRAINE, Sept. 16, (Reuter.)—The enemy is burning towns along the Moselle.

In addition to these towns which would fall into American hands should the enemy withdraw behind the Hindenburg line and which he is burning, other fires have been started by the Germans. The towns of Donmartin-la-Chaussée and Lachaussée, both on the Hindenburg line, are in flames.

Prisoners taken report that the entire artillery of the 31st German Division was captured in the American operation on this front.

The division that was used to bear the brunt of the attack in the lunge in the salient east of St. Mihiel, it appears, was the 35th Austrian Division. It was ordered to maintain a holding action until all the German troops were withdrawn. In consequence of this it suffered very heavy losses, especially in prisoners.

GERMANS BELITTLE OUR ST. MIHIEL VICTORY

Insist High Command Was Ready to Give Up Salient—Mention American Army.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 17.—In a dispatch dated Sept. 13, the Frankfurther Zeitung's war correspondent, Kalksmidt, comments on the American attack on the St. Mihiel sector, asserting that what had long been expected has happened, and that the French and Americans made a concentrated attack on the salient.

Tremendous forces were used, the paper says, and the enemy report speaks for the first time of the American Army.

"Our line on this sector is well known from the long fight for the positions in the first year of the war," says the correspondent. "The salient is the changed product of our first days of rapid march. In the bitter fighting of the Spring of 1915 Marshal Joffre endeavored to cut off a corner of it, and his successor, Foch, used similar tactics."

Describing the recent fighting he says: "From the woods of Côte Lorraine the French broke forth in a southerly direction toward a section of the Combres Heights in order to descend quickly to the Lorraine basin. On the south flank the Americans worked toward them on a broad front between Apremont and Priesterwalde, near Pont-au-Mousson. The centre point appears to have been Thiaucourt.

"The enemy thought to complete his concentrated manoeuvre with our divisions in the rear position, which were to have been held fast in the end of the pocket. The pincer tactics failed. The highest command no longer cared to hold this very unpleasantly exposed salient position under present circumstances."

The official report openly acknowledges that this position was untenable and its evacuation had long been contemplated.

"The enemy," says the report, "must also recognize that all the defense line of this front is not the original front line. He will have a hard fight through the mud of the Woevre to reach the original outside positions. The enemy's first attack brought him some prisoners, but he did not succeed in catching those in the crater on the Combre Heights. He met with fierce resistance from Austro-Hungarian troops on the heights of the Meuse.

"Our ready reserves bravely threw themselves in front of the Americans before Thiaucourt and the advanced division near St. Mihiel were able to retreat through the woods of Cotes Lorraine into safety."

The rainy weather, the correspondent continues, has obviously influenced the operations on the battlefront, but he says there is no question of paralysis, although the Parisian press speaks of a battle pause.

The Wiener Tageblatt declares that Foch's offensive has come to a standstill and that he is trying to gain time by an incidental offensive. The first tactical aim, it says was the St. Mihiel salient and a further strategical aim is perhaps Metz, but Hindenburg's plan was to straighten the line. The paper considers that Hindenburg succeeded even if at a loss of men and guns. It remarks that Austrian troops fought shoulder to shoulder for the first time in the big fight on the west front with German divisions.

DROP 60 TONS OF BOMBS ON GERMAN TOWNS

British Airmen Continue Attacks on Metz, Mannheim, and Frankfort, Losing Ten Machines.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—British air squadrons have again bombed the airplane works and chemical factory at Mannheim, railways at Metz-Sablons and Treves, and the station at Frankfort. The Air Ministry announces these attacks in its communication this evening. It says:

"On the afternoon of Sept. 16 our squadrons made two separate attacks on the airplane works and chemical factory at Mannheim with excellent results. The enemy attacked our machines over the objectives. Three of our machines are missing.

"A German home defense airdrome at Hagenau was attacked by a squadron and bursts were observed on and near the hangars. One hangar was seen in flames. All our machines returned.

"Last night our machines attacked three hostile airdromes with bombs and machine-gun fire. Good results were obtained.

"The railways at Metz-Sablons and Treves were very heavily attacked and three fires started at Metz-Sablons. Bombs were dropped all around the Treves station. The station at Frankfort was also heavily attacked and bombs were dropped with good effect.

"The night at first was calm, but later high winds got up. At present seven of our machines have not been located.

"Sixty tons of bombs have been dropped in the last three days."

Danish Decoration for Dr. Egan.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 17.—King Christian has bestowed the Grand Cross of the Order of Dannebrog on Dr. Maurice F. Egan, former American Minister to Denmark. This is the highest decoration which can be awarded to a commoner.

The Times Special Cable Despatches From the American Battlefront

GERMANS RUSH UP RESERVES

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

documents were left behind, as well as the precious possessions of officers and much food in the officers' messes. Another order said that the Americans were to be taken seriously so far as small efforts went, but were not yet capable of anything on a large scale.

General Lived in Luxury.

In Essey, one of the towns that we captured, the German General quartered there had a mess hall fitted out with fine furniture, a hotel range, fine china and silverware, all of which was left behind. The officers of his staff had individual coffee cups, with an iron cross and pictures of the Kaiser and Hindenburg on them. Two silver forks, with Hindenburg's likeness engraved on the handles, had been used by the General. The General had electric lights and call buttons and an elaborate assortment of food. The haste of his flight is shown by the fact that he left behind two cases of beef.

In the office of this same luxurious General were found large numbers of copies of a pamphlet for distribution among the soldiers, telling them how to use weeds for food. A long list of weeds were set forth as good enough for food. There was a recipe for making soup from nettles and salad from sorrel, and many other recipes of the same sort. At the bottom the leaflet said that the soldiers should develop the use of weeds for food, adding: "This will be valuable after the war."

Captured letters said that the Americans were in the war as a sporting proposition and regarded it as a big picnic, and regretted that they did not cast their lot with the Germans, and expressed wonder that the Americans did not pick a winner and side with the Kaiser. One letter from an officer's wife took him to task for remonstrating with her for asking for 700 marks for a new dress, saying that was the cheapest she could get it under the prevailing high prices in Berlin.

Our Men Want to Fight.

The Americans are in high fettle and want to mix it with the boche. But meanwhile they are not worrying about it or anything else, as was witnessed by a scene just back of the line today, where, on hearing music, I walked into the remaining half of a onetime handsome house to find one doughboy playing a piano while another was singing and a third was turning over sheets of music. The songster was Private Albert D. Barber of Sacramento; the pianist was Harry B. Adamson of Kansas City, Kan., while the man who was turning the music was Stephen J. Berte of 601 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, a former clerk to Justice Marvin Maxon. Barber was a music student before he entered the army, while Adamson was a pipe organist. The music they were turning was a German song praising the Crown Prince, but Barber was singing something about a baby's prayer at twilight for her father over there. While they were singing the town was being shelled in lively style without interfering with the musicale. In the other end of the room two doughboys were arguing over the advisability of sampling a barrel of dill pickles that the boche had left behind.

While off the job our soldiers are just boys, but when they are fighting they are a very serious proposition for Heinie.

A German Major wrote to his wife:

"These young Americans attack just like they were playing their football game. Nothing halts them and they just keep coming. Our old men, wearied of four years of this, are no match for these youngsters, who don't know enough to be afraid."

In the captured documents is a very formal notice signed "Wilhelm," calling on all good Germans to mourn for eight days the death of "our brave and illustrious ally, the Sultan of Turkey."

Propaganda Aimed at America.

The amount of German propaganda is astounding and is mainly devoted to belittling America. A thousand words are devoted to an incident where the War Department punished an officer for discrimination against a negro Sergeant and poking fun at our "sudden concern" for the welfare of the negro, whereas "in America 4,000 negroes had been burned on funeral pyres." The conclusion of this argument is that America could not win the war. There is another pamphlet even more significant than this, in which Germans are quoted as saying: "What does it matter whether I am German or English so I get bread?" and it then goes on to say that there are many things which should be dearer to Germans than the love of bread, one being love of the Kaiser and the country.

The Germans have thrift stamps. These are bought and pasted in books much as in America. The book is adorned with a picture of two German soldiers holding aloft the Kaiser's crown before a glowing sun of stores. The shortage of paper in Germany is not substantiated in the discovery that three divisions while in the St. Mihiel salient published their own newspapers. The material was furnished largely from Berlin, giving stories of German successes and of terrible conditions in allied countries. England and France were represented as starving, Italy worn out, and America filled with draft riots. One long story "admits" that Yankee gold has been able to sow discord among the German workers.

The captured documents, to be fair, show that the German intelligence service is good, obtaining a French and American secret order which was printed and distributed broadcast. They had very good information as to the time of arrival of American divisions in France, and have them classified as to ability much as I would class them after having seen all their fighting. One division which has already made itself famous is classified as dangerous and to be watched most closely.

Some of the documents show that in the last three months the German command has disbanded 108 infantry battalions to fill up depleted ranks.

Germans Show Nervousness.

Sept. 16—After having pushed our position ahead by local actions yesterday, the First American Army is across the base of the former St. Mihiel salient today, being established along a line in the region of Manheulles, Fresnes, Wadonville, Doncourt, and Woel, south of Haumont, through the Bois de Beny, Xatmoes, Jaulny, and north of Norroy to the Moselle.

The Germans are showing on the whole some regard for the Americans by their evident uneasiness along the front. They are making frequent raids and strengthening a line hourly to guard themselves against whatever the Americans might do. This anxiety is not confined to this front, but in the Vosges, and to the south much activity is observed back of the German lines, showing that the German command is greatly worried about the Americans. These scattered raids are evidence that they are all up in the air.

Within the last twenty-four hours three raids by the Germans have resulted not only in our repulsing their attempts, but we took prisoners and bettered our positions. We registered beneficial advances particularly at both ends of our new lines.

Our new front runs parallel with the Germans' new positions along the Hindenburg line from the heights of the Meuse to the Moselle. Between our line and the boche lies a sizable No Man's Land, which our patrols are controlling, although our holding positions are behind our advance patrol bodies. The boche is showing little disposition to fight in front of the Hindenburg line except in rare instances. In one of these our men ran into a machine gun nest which did some damage before it was exterminated. American cavalry and tanks are helping to maintain our domination of the strip of terrain.

Our airplanes and observation balloons report heavy German movements back of the Hindenburg line, and evidence is not lacking that plans are being made to prepare a further withdrawal should it be deemed necessary by Hindenburg.

German Artillery Active.

The German artillery has been active in the last twenty-four hours, shelling our back areas and the towns we have occupied in the last three days. This brought a remarkable spectacle, the French civilians evacuating the towns after remaining there four years under German occupation. This is because the Germans are now shelling those towns heavily, whereas during the last four years allied guns have not been trained upon them. The boche gunners appeared to have a special grudge against Thiaucourt. Shells began arriving in Thiaucourt in great numbers yesterday and fell all around. From a hill I watched the town get its first real shelling during the whole war.

Boche airplanes have been very active in the last twenty-four hours. It appears that some of the Kaiser's best airmen have been brought post haste to the salient, and in large numbers, to dispute our air supremacy. Hundreds of planes on both sides can be seen in the air all along the front, and of course the clashes are very frequent. The boche are sticking to their plan to fight only when in superior numbers.

Our aviators report that the Germans are burning towns behind the Hindenburg line. Big fires are reported at Dommartin and La Chaussee, which were not caused by our artillery. This appears to indicate that the Germans believe the Americans will not rest on the present line, but will push forward. On the Côtes Mousson, near Pont-à-Mousson, I watched a large number of big fires back of the German line, which were evidently ammunition dumps burning.

Our Big Guns Active.

It was thrilling to hear the reports of our big guns and watch the shells falling miles back of the line. Our guns have been shelling Conflans, Chamblez, Lesablon, and St. Julian with telling effect. Yesterday they destroyed two complete bridges over the Moselle, interrupting important German traffic. Our aerial bombers, assisted by the French, British, and Italians, dropped tons of bombs back of the German lines.

It has developed that among the material captured was the entire artillery outfit of the 31st German Division. Further interrogation of prisoners shows that the brunt of shielding the boche withdrawal was placed on the 34th Austrian Division, on the west end of the salient.

While the most rapid and brilliant advance by the Americans was made on the south side of the salient, full development of the story of the reduction of the salient reflects great credit on the American force which attacked south of Fresnes, where resistance was encountered. The American units there had already won an enviable reputation, and after an all-day fight on Thursday against machine guns they broke through on Thursday night in the Bois de Montage, absolutely smothering the German resistance, which took the form of an intensive machine-gun rear-guard action, with which previous experience had made our troops there familiar.

The few German bodies found in the salient is partly explained by the discovery that a large number of trucks loaded with the bodies of Germans had been wrecked by our shells. I saw two of these trucks carrying bodies which had been knocked out and the horses killed by our shells. The German dead were piled like so many logs on the trucks, to be carried north. It is natural to suppose that large numbers of trucks bearing such gruesome burdens got away. It seems to be the unvarying policy of the Germans always to take away their dead when it is possible.

Premier Clemenceau visited the American hospitals, and everywhere received the acclaim of our soldiers, who seem disposed to compare him to Colonel Roosevelt, for the redoubtable French Premier has many traits in common with the ex-President of the United States.

Many Towns Unscathed.

My tour of the entire salient showed many towns in excellent condition—that is, towns well back of the line. As for the towns along the former line, only shells of them are left. This applies to places like Apremont, Seicheprey, Xivrant, Lahayville, St. Baussat, Richecourt, Montsec, and Essent. As for Regnieville, nothing at all is left of it except a few piles of stone and this sign, which some sentimental Frenchman had erected: "This was Regnieville." These villages have been the targets of one side or the other for four years, and often the ruins are covered with grass and weeds of several seasons. But when one gets back to Thiaucourt, one finds well-ordered places, with roads almost whole as compared with the long stretches of shellholes which used to be roads which one finds along the former front. Beney is in good condition, also Vigneulles. The smaller villages in this vicinity are uninjured except by casual and scattered shells and the fires that the boches kindled when they quit the salient. The condition of these towns is in sharp contrast to those that the Americans liberated in the Marne salient, where both German and allied shells had destroyed practically every house.

In many of the villages and towns in the St. Mihiel salient the civilians had remained throughout the four years of German occupation. Their joy at the arrival of the American soldiers was measured by their forbearance of German domination for so long. They rang bells, aged priests fell upon the necks of our soldiers, aged townspeople tried to kiss the doughboys, and the children, all more than 4 years old, joined in the joyful celebration.

Refitting the Railroad.

The American victory freed Nancy and the main line of the railroad through St. Mihiel, and preparations are being made rapidly to put it into commission again. It may be recalled that the advance the Americans helped to make in the Marne salient freed another main line through Château-Thierry. This regained railroad service is of the greatest value to the military operations of the allied armies in Northern France.

As always after a reverse, the Germans are venting their spite by night air raids on open French towns, which the Kaiser calls "against international law" when they fall upon German towns. Since the American advance began, Nancy has had from three to four "alertes" nightly, and the same applies to other towns in this vicinity. The boche bombers have done little damage except to spoil sleep. The French do not mind paying that price for what has been accomplished.

OUR AVIATORS DROP 30 TONS OF BOMBS

Crack German Squadrons Attempt to Offset Great Concentration of Aerial Forces.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 17.—With the American infantry and artillery having completed the task of establishing a strong new line after wiping out the St. Mihiel salient, there has developed a most intense aerial contest along this new line. We have, as the enemy well knows, one of the greatest airplane concentrations in the history of aviation, and he is trying to equal it.

The Germans have thrown their crack squadrons on to this front, and air fights daily are counted by scores, while both sides are indulging in elaborate bombing activities.

Big Bombing Operation.

In bombing we are doing perhaps our biggest work. We are operating both day and night bombers, and to give an idea of what we are doing one may state that fliers attached to the 1st American Army have dropped more than thirty tons of bombs in the last twenty-four hours.

Gorze, Conflans, and Longuyon are our favorite targets, and effective work is also being done on the roads on both sides of the Moselle River, especially in harassing an enemy movement toward Saarburg yesterday afternoon. Four tons of bombs were dropped on the railroad station at Conflans in the morning.

British bombers in conjunction with the 1st Army dropped eleven tons of bombs in daylight on Karlsruhe. American bombers reported good results at Bayonville, Frescatty, and Sablons, at the latter place three big fires having been started.

American-made De Haviland fours with Liberty motors continue to arouse the greatest enthusiasm over their performances. They give promise of solving the problem of observation and bombing planes, which need no protection from chasse machines. They have been developing a speed of (deleted) kilometers an hour, whereas the best boche Fokkers do about 180 kilometers. These speeds are made at 5,000 meters. Lower than that the Fokker has an advantage, but only slight.

Escape Through Speed.

When attacked by German chasse planes our De Haviland fours can get away by simply running, which is what observation or bombing planes are expected to do when attacked by a chasse. Yesterday afternoon for the fifth time De Haviland four machines made good their escape when attacked by a heavy formation of Fokkers and Albatross planes. This was done by making height and then speeding home.

Our De Haviland machines yesterday accounted for a boche chasse which was brought down by the observers' training the rear end machine gun on the pursuers. I do not mean to say that the De Haviland machines are chasse machines. Any De Haviland would stand against one boche chasse machine, but it would flee from more than one for the reason that the De Haviland is not capable of diving and manoeuvring, which is necessary to participate in a pitched air battle. But they are the fastest thing on wings on the Western front today at a height of 5,000 meters or more. We still lack American-made chasse machines.

This strenuous air fighting, of course, brings out many thrilling stories, many of which cannot be told because our aviators are wounded or have lost their lives, and the censorship rules bar talking about casualties. However, the experience of Major [deleted] of Gloversville, N. Y., commander of an observation squadron, has some thrills.

Major's Thrilling Flight.

The Major's outfit was asked to perform an especially important and dangerous mission along the Hindenburg line. He decided to do the work himself, flying in a Salmson, a French-made machine, and taking a French observer, he set out northward. Because of atmospheric conditions, he had to fly very low. At a height of 500 meters he was attacked from behind by four Fokkers, they flew all around the Major's machine.

The Major took the job of getting back, and the French observer turned himself into machine gunner. With two guns he drove off three of the four boches, crippling one, but meanwhile one got beneath the tail of the American machine, where the gunner could not shoot.

Swooping sharply, the Major gave his gunner a line on the fourth boche, but both machine guns jammed. As the German swept by he let loose a burst of bullets which took off the Major's propeller. Helpless, the American machine began to glide to earth, while the German got behind again and poured bullets into the plane, following it to within twenty yards of the ground.

The observer was shot through the head, but the Major was uninjured. By now the Major's plane was close to the ground and going at breakneck speed toward a line of old trenches with heavy wire entanglements. Just ahead he saw about 200 Germans on the ground, and having lost his direction in the flight he thought he was as good as a prisoner.

Then his plane hit a wire line and turned turtle, throwing the observer twenty feet. The Major climbed out of the wreckage and stood up, to see four American doughboys. They had been guarding boche prisoners just behind our first line. I have the Major's word that those four Yanks were the best-looking men he ever saw in his whole life. The Major has replaced his [deleted] machine with a new De Haviland four, and says he will get away clean next time. His fliers say there will not be any next time, because he is too valuable as a commander to take such chances.

The enemy has many star squadrons before us. The aces are allowed to paint their machines in distinctive colors denoting squadrons. There is one squadron with red wings and white body. Another Fokker outfit has red bodies and white wings. Another has machines painted black with white stripes, and another squadron has violet-colored machines, while yet another has machines camouflaged black and green.

One squadron is flying machines with American markings. We have got a large number of these in the last few days.

Lieutenant Charles R. D. Olive, flying yesterday, got four boches single-handed. He was flying north of Thiaucourt when attacked by a Fokker. He got beneath and sent the Fokker down burning. Continuing on patrol, near La Chausée, he was attacked by three Fokkers. He dashed at one and got it by being the quicker with his machine gun. Turning sharply, he crashed a second, and dived with the third Fokker on his tail. At a height of 500 meters he manoeuvred to advantage and got the remaining Hun.

Lost Airman Downed Three.

An experience of Lieutenant J. M. Swaab was even more thrilling. He was part of a patrol of five machines which was broken up by enemy shellfire. In a high wind Swaab got lost and was carried far behind the enemy lines. He had lost direction and there was an airdrome ahead. Thinking it was his own, the American selected it to land, but at a height of 200 meters he saw a Fokker arise in the front field. Swaab was in the sun and the boche could not see him, so he got the Hun with seventy bullets.

Getting away from there but still lost, Swaab was attacked ten minutes later by eleven Fokkers. He dived and suddenly came up amidst the boche formation with both machine guns going. Two boche machines crashed, and swooping to a great height Swaab got away under protection of a heavy cloud.

Lieutenant Thompson, with Lieutenant Darwin, observer, in a De Haviland four, was attacked by three Albatrosses, but outran them. Lieutenants Dockstein and Richardson had similar good fortune when attacked by four Fokkers.

It must not be supposed that boche bombers are idle. Every night brings almost countless raids back of our lines. [Deleted] had four "alerts" last night. The boche is not doing any day bombing on this front, while a great deal of American bombing is done in daytime.

GREAT AERIAL FIGHT MAY BE IMPENDING

German Reinforcements Arriving and Next Few Days May See Tremendous Combat.

By CAMERON MacKENZIE.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 16.—Indications continue to multiply that the Germans are likely soon to back still further away from the aggressiveness of the American army upon the Lorraine front and to betake themselves without much more persuasion to the refuge of the Hindenburg line. At present the enemy is established immediately in front of this great system of defenses, but save in a few spots he is not intrenched nor does he appear to be making preparations for any very permanent stay in the positions he now occupies. The logic of the situation seems to point to an early withdrawal and that logic is most convincingly reinforced by thoroughly efficient efforts of the American artillery.

Meanwhile the chief theatre of combat along the front between the Meuse and the Moselle has risen from the ground to the air. Upon the ground a vast number of small activities is taking place. There are minor attacks and counterattacks, raids by patrols, and all the usual busy enterprises of a period of consolidating a line and making new positions more secure, but these, especially after the great events of last week, do not compel the interest of the aerial combat which by the hour grows in intensity and spectacular quality.

Since the beginning of the American offensive the allied concentration of planes has been great. American, British, and French airmen had been assembled to help the doughboys along in their first ambitious effort. For three days the Germans were ludicrously outnumbered and outclassed. Then they took fright and began hurrying aerial reinforcements to the scene. On Sunday eight German squadrons arrived, and others were brought in today.

As a result enemy fliers who two days ago were hiding in their aerodromes or who when aloft turned tail and ran at first sight of an allied machine now have plucked up courage somewhat. They come out in great numbers and have found a new boldness for fight. Along the entire front the sky is speckled with swiftly moving dots and the air at all times is filled with the most prodigious humming.

Barring a change in the weather conditions, the next few days may see one of the greatest aerial battles of the war. However, there already are several stunning achievements to the credit of the United States flying force, now no longer a fledgling. One American unit within the two days closing this noon engaged in thirty-five combats, bringing down seventeen planes, and in addition during that time successfully carried out twenty-nine patrols. Another contingent dropped in the course of Sunday seventeen tons of bombs upon a town known to be a German headquarters and packed with German troops, and then, just to insure that there should be no peace for the Germans, returned that night and let down an extra twenty tons more.

During the German withdrawal northeastward from St. Mihiel the enemy was compelled to send his main transport stream up the Vigneulles-St. Benoit road. Americans took upon themselves the task of harassing that highway, and for a period of three days, beginning Thursday, there was never a time when for more than ten minutes a machine was not above that thoroughfare, either bombing it or spraying it with machine gun fire. Frequently American fliers operated from a height of no more than thirty feet, and their work was carried out regardless of weather conditions.

Stories of personal exploits were around all day today. I have been visiting aviation fields and narratives poured in upon me, never one from the doers themselves, always from others. There is a story of one American flier who detected two German officers attempting to extract a gun from a ravine in which it had been concealed. The American dipped and shot one of the Germans outright. The other he pursued up a road, flying just above the fleeing Hun's head, and finally succeeded in shooting him just as the panic-stricken officer was about to dive into some woods.

Another narrative concerns Captain Charles Biddle of Philadelphia, who, one morning, true to the spirit of American aviation, which says, "keep doing something and something and get on with the war," ventured aloft on his own account to see what might befall. At 6,000 yards he found himself in close juxtaposition with a German plane, likewise unaccompanied. Biddle elected to fight and the enemy accepted the challenge.

There at an imponderable height from the earth and lost from view of any eye, the two set out to do each other to death. The American's first fusillade shattered the German's machine, slightly wounded the German himself, and punctured the tank of the German machine. Biddle had a helpless captive in the clouds and drew close up to him. The German was not so badly hurt that he could not guide his plane. The American turned the muzzle of his machine gun upon him and indicated he was to spiral down, and thus, like a policeman of the sky, he marched his prisoner home.

The third tale is of a scout patrol of four Americans who on Sunday were over the German lines north of Beney. One of the Americans was a young chap making his first flight into enemy territory. The four were sailing along at 3,000 yards when from a cloud seven Fokkers dived upon them. At the same moment the American flight commander's engine gave out and he began to drop. Upon the instant two of the enemy were after him.

The boy saw his commander's plight and pursued. He sent both German machines down in flames, and then, seeing his superior's danger was no longer serious, returned aloft to a fight which two other members of the patrol were having with the five remaining enemies. Presently another German machine fell. The four left took flight.

I give these incidents not because they are remarkable in themselves but as concrete examples of what makes up a day's work in the American Flying Corps. That force, along with the first American Army, has with the St. Mihiel operation come into its own.

Official Reports of the Day's Operations

British

LONDON, Sept. 17.

Night Report—Fighting of a minor character has continued today northwest of St. Quentin. Our troops have gained ground in the neighborhood of Holnon village.

On the northern portion of the front also only local encounters have taken place. Our troops captured a German post west of La Bassée, taking several prisoners.

New posts have been established by us northeast of Neuve Chapelle and in the neighborhood of Ploegsteert. East of Vierstraat a German raiding party was repulsed.

Day Report—Our troops made progress yesterday in the direction of Le Verguier, northwest of St. Quentin.

We improved our positions slightly yesterday and during the night northwest of Hulluch (between Lens and La Bassée) and northeast of Neuve Chapelle, (Flanders front.)

French

PARIS, Sept. 17.

Night Report—North of the Aisne the opposing artilleries have been active.

In the Champagne French troops carried out a raid and took prisoners west of Maison de Champagne. Between St. Hilaire le Grand and Mont Sans Nom, and also north of Rheims, a number of enemy raids were repulsed.

German

BERLIN, Sept. 17, (via London.)

Night Report—Between the Ailette and the Aisne renewed enemy attacks failed.

Day Report—There has been lively reconnoitring activity in Flanders. South of Ypres partial enemy attacks failed.

In the canal position Pomeranian Grenadiers brought back prisoners from renewed thrusts at Sauchy-Cauchy.

In the Havrincourt region the artillery duel increased to great intensity during the early morning. There was no infantry activity.

Between the Ailette and the Aisne vigorous attacks by the enemy continued. We recaptured the eastern fringe of the height east of Vauxaillon, where the enemy had gained a footing. On the road leading from Laffaux toward the east the enemy pressed us back slightly.

During the afternoon, after the strongest artillery fire, renewed enemy attacks which began failed under counterattacks by the Hanover, Brunswick, and Oldenburg reserve regiments. In the evening they again pushed forward their lines at points. On the adjacent front to the south a Brandenburg infantry division also repulsed several enemy attacks which were supported by armored cars. In the southern part of Vailly minor engagements continued.

In the Champagne a nocturnal thrust by the enemy to the south of Ripont was repulsed.

At the Côtes Lorraine, near St. Hilaire, and west of Joinville we carried out successful enterprises. Partial attacks by the enemy against Haumont and northeast of Thiaucourt were repulsed. The artillery activity was limited to destructive fire.

Yesterday we shot down forty-four enemy airplanes. Colonel Lorzer achieved his fortieth and Lieutenant Rumey his thirty-fifth victory. Lieutenant Thuy achieved his thirtieth aerial victory.

BRAVED SHOTS TO WARN US.

French Girl Walked Three Miles Through German Barrage and Gas.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN LORRAINE, Monday, Sept. 16, (Associated Press.)—The devotion of a French woman to her country was recorded last week at one of the American headquarters to which a woman whose name cannot be mentioned had made her way through shellfire and over a region filled with gas and traps to bring to the Allies information regarding the Germans.

With her mother and younger brother, the young woman, who is not yet 20, had lived at Soulevre Farm since the day it fell into the hands of the Germans four years ago.

From German officers who frequented the farm the young woman gained information which she recognized to be of the utmost importance. When she heard the barrage on Thursday morning she determined to run the risk of crossing the nearly three miles separating her home from the allied lines.

Telling her mother and the others that she had work to do in the garden, the young women left the house. She slipped away toward the American lines, although every road was swept by allied and German gunfire. After many difficulties and narrow escapes the young woman reached the American lines and told her story.

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Beat up egg in upper pan of double boiler, add mustard, salt and pepper; beat in vinegar; add milk or cream and cook over hot water until thick, stirring continually. Add butter just before taking from the fire. Can be bottled and kept in a cool place for a week or more.

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LONDON ACCEPTS BALFOUR'S VIEW

Indorses Declaration That There Is No Hope in Austria's Offer for Peace.

DIFFER ON INTERPRETATION

Some Suggest Germany Is Using Austria to Make Sham Offer to Gain Time.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Mr. Balfour's declaration yesterday that he could not honestly see in the Austrian peace note the slightest hope that the goal which we all desire could be attained—the goal of a peace which should be more than a truce—reflects practically the unanimous opinion in London.

There is some difference of view in the interpretation of the note. One is that Germany is using Austria-Hungary to make a sham peace proposal in order to gain time for the reorganization of her army, and the other, which was asserted as a fact in George Renwick's dispatch from Amsterdam, is that the initiative came from Austria, which put such pressure on Germany that the latter gave her reluctant consent. It is pointed out that the right choice between these interpretations is important, because manifestly the form, if not the substance, of the reply will be governed by that choice.

The Westminster Gazette believes the right and wise assumption to be that there is an intense weariness and longing for peace among the masses of Austria-Hungary, which is more or less shared by the masses in Germany, but that so far the German ruling caste remains impenitent, or at least still under the conviction that it can come out of the war with great accessions of territory and power, if the home front remains unshaken, and calls for a "careful and serious argument by the Allies in reply, without any of the sneers and jeers which so many shallow people think appropriate. In such a situation we have to be very careful that we do not give the German war lords the advantage that they most need of being able to rally their allies and their own people to a fresh spurt of resistance by appealing to our obduracy and unreason."

Believes Germany Behind Note.

The Radical Star thinks there is little doubt that Germany is behind the note, and considers it a sinister symptom that she is not associated with it and can, therefore, use it any way she chooses. The Star adds:

"We agree with THE NEW YORK TIMES that the request for the conference must come from the suzerain and not from the vassal. If it is to be entertained Germany must come out of her militarist den and say plainly whether she renounces her militant ambition in Russia, in Rumania, in Belgium, and elsewhere."

In the Liberal press special emphasis is laid on President Wilson's democratic principle that "discussions of peace, when they are begun, shall be absolutely open and that they shall involve and permit henceforth of no secret understandings of any kind." The first essential of this open diplomacy is that the nations shall be told in explicit terms what general basis of discussion is accepted. Germany must face the music of democracy.

Arthur Henderson says in an article in The News this morning:

"More willingness to discuss war aims is not sufficient. Until the Central Powers shall signify their willingness to deal with the questions of territorial readjustment and political reconstruction as matters of international right, an agreed settlement is impossible."

German Idea Real Peace Obstacle.

Henderson sees clearly that the real obstacle to a peace of understanding and reconciliation is the militarist conception of victory held by the German ruling class, as expressed in the iniquitous treaties imposed upon Russia and Rumania.

Against Secret Discussion.

C. A. McCurdy, M. P., in an article in which it is assumed that the Austrian note is sincere, examines the reasons which make it difficult for the Allies to entertain it. In the first place, it is a proposal for secret discussions. McCurdy says:

"Austria's present proposal is that the German peace terms shall be secretly revealed to the Allied Governments in confluence, on condition that they are to be kept hid from the peoples that are at war. The proposal will no doubt commend itself to the British pacifists, who so severely criticised the Secretary on all other occasions, but hardly to anyone else. A secret conference would enable the German Government to tell their people that they were making honest and reasonable efforts for peace, and so ease their domestic troubles. It would afford no corresponding advantages to the Allies whose terms of peace have been openly and frequently stated; but there is another consideration which must give the Allies pause before they accept this offer. It is made by the rulers of Austria who do not command the support of more than about one-third of the peoples whom they govern.

Wants Czechs Represented.

"Are the Czechs and Jugoslavs, Poles and Armenians to be represented at these private discussions, on which their fate may depend, by the present rulers of Germany, Austria and Turkey, or are they to have no voice in the matter. It would be an inauspicious commencement of peace negotiations to admit formally the claim of the rulers of Austria to speak for 33,000,000 Slavs, Poles, Rumanians, and Italians, some of whom are actually fighting on our side, and all of whom are looking to the destruction of the present Austrian Empire for their deliverance.

"We had better begin peace negotiations on the right basis, not in secrecy, closeted with the servants of autocracy, but openly in the light of day, with delegates clothed with at least some shred of authority to speak for the peoples with whom we desire to conclude peace when peace is possible."

WILSON REPLY DELIGHTS PARIS

French Government to Take the Same Course Toward Note.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—France is delighted but not at all surprised by the news received this afternoon from Washington to the effect that President Wilson finds nothing in the Austrian peace note worthy of a reply. This dismissal of the matter by America following a similar utterance by Mr. Balfour about closes the incident, according to opinion here.

The action of the French, Italian, and Serbian Governments will be the same, and of course there is nothing in the special offer to Belgium to bring from that country anything but a curt refusal, if indeed she replies at all.

M. Paul Painleve, former Premier, made this statement today: "The duty of the allied peoples in regard to the Austrian note is to stand behind their Governments, who will make whatever answer may be necessary to the enemy overtures. One may point out, however, the remarkable contrast between the Austrian note yesterday and the language in which the representatives of the Central Empires indulged only two months ago, that is to say, down to our offensive of July 18. Since it is evident that it is the success of the allied armies which has produced this rightabout turn in the opinions of our enemies, it is equally evident that their intention in putting forward this new proposal is to try to interrupt the continuance of those successes.

"In spite of the care taken in the phrasing of the note it follows from the nature of things that the effect of accepting their invitation must inevitably be to bring about a suspension of hostilities at the very moment when the situation is plainly in our favor.

"Don't let's be caught in their trap. We must continue to fight with all our power until the day when the aggressors will be compelled to accept our just conditions. Those conditions are perfectly well known to both sides, no matter what desire there may be on the part of either party for secret negotiations between the belligerents."

FRENCH SOCIALIST SEES NO PEACE YET

Albert Thomas Thinks Nothing Can Come of Foe's Proposals.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Albert Thomas, the French Socialist and former Minister, writing in The Daily Chronicle, says:

"The Austrian proposal does not seem to us acceptable. It aims at a conference which is not to be binding and is to be secret in character. It asks that responsible men should meet together and examine in good faith the professions of one side and the other.

"What is proposed is inadmissible. The Austrians, no doubt, are right in criticising platform diplomacy. They are right in stressing that speeches and counterspeeches do not answer, that in point of fact they mark no progress in discussion.

"All the interests, all the feelings of the people are too deeply engaged in the present struggle for us to be able to admit that discussion, even of the principles of international law which will govern the coming peace, should not be public.

"Diplomacy may very well imply certain secret acts or certain discretion in its day-to-day methods, but in any discussions of conditions of future peace publicity is necessary. There will be no peace of the peoples without it.

"Once again, it is important that in the reply to Austria the Entente (and this is easier now and henceforward than it has been hitherto) should state once more, but with complete precision, its war aims—that is, the conditions of a just peace.

"Here again the Austrian note is clever. It compares the allied note in reply to President Wilson of January, 1917, with the more recent declarations of Lloyd George and President Wilson at the very beginning of this year. It emphasizes, for example, that in January, 1917, the Entente talked of dismembering Austria-Hungary and of dismembering Turkey. On the other hand, it emphasizes that in January, 1918, more moderate ones were apparently put forward. In this she professes to see the promise of an agreement, the possibility of conciliation.

"In reality the trick is a cleverly planned manoeuvre which is not altogether guileless. Austria is seeking to create the impression that the war will be more rapidly terminated, if regard is given to her integrity, and throughout the world there are still a sufficient number of partisans of the integrity at any cost of the Austro-Hungarian State for her proposal to have found some echo.

"But Austria forgets that since December, 1917, great events have occurred. She forgets the new intensity of the Jugoslav movement. She forgets the revolt of the Czechoslovaks. She overlooks the pledges given by the Entente in its recognition of the Czechoslovaks as belligerents. When the note in reply is presented by the warring nations to Austria it will be signed at the same time, I believe, by the Czech National Council, and in that very fact there will be quite a special denial of the doctrine which Austria puts forth to the Entente, namely, that her nationality problems are mere problems of domestic policy.

"But how is it possible to avoid the conclusion that once again it is necessary for the Entente to state precisely its conditions of peace and to assume proudly the whole responsibility therefor? In the military field we have realized unity of command. When shall we have unity of diplomatic action? Before ever our diplomats foregather with those of the enemy countries, would it not be a necessary condition to have a permanent council of Entente diplomats, or still better, of governmental councils, more speedy in meeting, more thoroughgoing, better provided with every means for investigation and action?

"In thus looking forward to such a consummation, may we be permitted to express the hope today that the Governments of the Entente do send in their answer to the Austrian note that clear, positive, realistic reply which their people have a right to expect?"

CRISIS NEAR IN HUNGARY.

Cabinet Likely to Resign—Peace Note Backed by Germany.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 17.—Dr. Wekerle, the Hungarian Premier, arrived at Vienna Sunday and reported to the Emperor upon the political situation in Hungary, which, according to the Lokal-Anzeiger's Budapest correspondent, has recently become very critical. It is assumed that the Wekerle Cabinet will resign at an early date.

According to a Vienna telegram to the Reichspost, the Austro-Hungarian peace note was dispatched after consultation with Germany, with the latter's fullest approval. The note was composed after an animated exchange of views between the two Governments, and the German Government, the dispatch adds, concurred that the moment for its issuance was not ill-chosen.

DENIES OFFER TO BELGIUM.

Berlin Declares Nothing Is Known of It in "Competent" Circles.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 17.—Nothing is known in competent circles in Berlin regarding the London report that Germany has made a separate peace proposal to Belgium, according to dispatches received here from Berlin.

REPLY PLEASES MEYER LONDON

He Would Not Discuss Peace Untill Germany Renounced All Spoils.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Representative Meyer London, the only Socialist member of Congress, today expressed himself as in full accord with the President's note to Austria. He said that there could be no real peace conference until Germany had renounced all the spoils of the sword, and not having made such an announcement, he believed that it would be unwise to enter into a parley which should not be binding on the participants.

"I would not do business with Germany," said Mr. London, "until she was ready to renounce all spoils gained by the sword, had withdrawn from invaded territory, and had torn up the Brest-Litovsk treaty.

REICHSRATH MEETS OCT. 1.

Sultan, It Is Said, Will Visit Vienna Before Parliament Opens.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 17.—The Austrian Reichsrath will meet on Oct. 1.

The Neue Freie Presse says that the Sultan of Turkey will make a visit to Vienna the end of September.

PREPARED FOR PEACE MOVE BY VIENNA

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

and abandonment of economic control therein.

Independence of Belgium with indemnification.

Restoration of Alsace-Lorraine.

Readjustment of Italy's frontiers.

Autonomous government for the different nationalities of Austria-Hungary.

Evacuation of Rumania, Serbia and Montenegro.

Relinquishment of Turkish control of non-Turkish populations.

An independent Polish State.

A League of Nations to guarantee political independence and territorial integrity to great and small States alike.

In the Senate today Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, Republican floor leader and the ranking minority member of the Foreign Relations Committee, voiced the feelings of Congress on the subject in a prepared speech, heartily approving the President's course as both wise and right. The United States, the Senator said, can talk peace only to a Germany beaten and deprived of power further to harm a wronged world. He was followed by Senator McCumber of North Dakota, Republican, and Senator Thomas of Colorado, Democrat, with like expressions. On the House side, Representative Fess of Ohio, Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee, spoke in approval, declaring that the quick reply might "jar upon diplomatic ears, but is justified as a rebuke to the double dealing of our enemy."

Unequivocal rejection of the Austrian offer by all the Allies will be in accordance with the general policy which has governed the Entente powers and America in meeting the German peace offensives. Prompt action is regarded as the surest means of defeating the underlying purpose of the Central Powers to shake the Allies and develop fatal weaknesses by the encouragement of the expression of the individual aims and views of the separate States. Foreign Minister Balfour's comment yesterday is accepted in Washington as a sufficient indication of the attitude of Great Britain, and it is not doubted similar expressions will be forthcoming from other Entente capitals in the next few days.

Peace Offensive Merely Checked.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The text of President Wilson's reply to the Austrian peace overture, as made public last night by Secretary Lansing, and which already has been radiographed into Germany and Austria and to the four corners of the globe, was delivered this afternoon to W. A. F. Ekengren, the Swedish Minister to the United States.

Immediately after the Cabinet meeting Secretary Lansing returned to the State Department, signed the historic document, and arranged for its delivery to the Swedish Minister. At the same time the text of the Austrian Government's proposal, as officially handed to Secretary Lansing yesterday, was made public. It bears the signature of Burian, the Austro-Hungarian Minister for Foreign Affairs, and shows that it was delivered to Great Britain and the United States through the good offices of the Swedish Government.

Minister Ekengren sent the American reply to Stockholm tonight. It is expected that it will reach Vienna tomorrow.

It is not believed that President Wilson's action will more than check the peace offensive. The State Department has advices from abroad that Germany has prepared plans for a peace offensive of the most persistent character.

The support given here to President Wilson's reply to Austria serves to present the most solid front of any important foreign policy move since the outbreak of the war. Not even the declaration of war against Germany, in April, 1917, had such solid backing, for there were a few votes against the declaration of war. All political leaders have publicly proclaimed their support of the President's decision. Meyer London, the Socialist member of Congress, who has not always voted for the war measures of the Administration, declared himself in favor of the action the President has taken.

Leadership of United States.

By being the first of the associated free nations to reject the Vienna overture and without having exchanged views with the nations allied with the United States, this Government took the leadership. The action taken by the American Government is regarded in diplomatic circles as action which the allied nations could not take independently, but only after consultation, because of the Treaty of London. This instrument, while requiring the allied powers to act in common, is not binding upon Washington Government.

The probale course of Germany and Austria following the rebuff administered by President Wilson is a matter of speculation. Neither the Vatican nor any neutral Government can be induced, diplomats believe, to become an instrumentality to forward any enemy peace movement similar to the present proposal.

Diplomatic observers here do not believe that the question whether the Reichstag, facing the inevitable defeat of Germany, will attempt to overthrow the present German Government will become a live issue before next Spring.

The attitude of the German press toward the Austrian proposal is not misleading official Washington. German newspapers have sought to give the impression that the Vienna Government's action was taken on its own responsibility, intimating, as in the instance of the Tägliche Rundschau, quoted in official advices today, that the differences between Germany and Austria-Hungary over the solution of the Polish question might have furnished the motive for Vienna's action.

The Austrian press, on the other hand, declares that Vienna's action was taken in full accord with the Berlin Government. The Vienna Fremdenblatt says:

"It is superfluous to point out that Austria-Hungary only speaks after having come to an understanding with all her friends on the side of whom she has been fighting for the last four years. At the very moment when Austro-Hungarian soldiers are fighting on the western front, it is perfectly natural that in her province of activity Austria-Hungary should have desired to follow the inspiration which she thinks will serve the cause of peace."

Must Crush Prussianism.

"When Prussian militarism is crushed and the Germans throw up their hands, then the United States and her allies will tell them the terms of peace which they are to accept. In no other way can we justify our entrance into the war and our sacrifice of our best and bravest.

"Until complete victory is reached on German soil any negotiations or discussion with our enemies would mean that the war was lost, our sacrifices in vain, and our high purposes defeated. There is much hard fighting yet to be done, many sacrifices still to be made; but the light of victory is shining upon our armies and upon those of our allies.

"We shall press on until the only end worthy of attainment is fully reached. Germany has brought innumbered woes upon an innocent world. She must be put in a position where she cannot strike again. She has appealed, in the lust of conquest, to the dread arbitrament of arms. By that she must abide. She shall not now resort to talk and bargain for a decision.

"We mean to put her in physical bonds. We mean to make the world safe for all free, law-abiding, decent people, so that they may live their lives in peace, unthreatened and unalarmed. For this we fight. We shall not ask more. We shall never accept less."

Senator McCumber of North Dakota vehemently denounced Germany's military tactics in a speech supporting the President's rejection of the Austrian peace proposals.

NOTE COMMENDED IN HOUSE.

Fess and Kahn Praise President's Promptness in Rejecting Peace Bid.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Representative Simeon D. Fess, Chairman of the Republican Campaign Committee, who had recently expressed the fear that an "inconclusive peace" might be arranged, declared in a speech in the House that the President's reply to Austria left the enemy "no chance to gain by diplomacy what it could not win on the field."

"The quick reply may jar upon diplomatic ears," said Mr. Fess, "but it is justified as a rebuke to the double dealing of our enemy, and a forestalling of either propaganda to weaken the Allies or time to rebuild enemy lines.

"The reply should be a guarantee against our taking a first step which must be followed by a second, and a third, to the last. Discussion of 'unbinding terms' in the dark, as suggested in the note, can result in no good, but, I fear, in great harm.

VATICAN ORGAN HAS NO ILLUSIONS

Says Sincere Friends of Peace Prefer War Rather Than Temporary Truce.

ROME, Monday, Sept. 16.—The Austrian peace proposal is received here as an indication of the weakness of the Central Powers. Popolo Romano says:

"The Austro-Hungarian note has been foreseen for some time. It is no surprise that Vienna should begin such music. However, let us not be deceived. Meanwhile, our soldiers are waiting along the Piave to liberate Italian soil with their arms.

"The consensus of opinion is that the proposal is being made to allow the Austro-Hungarian Government to assure the people that it has done its best to bring about peace, but that the Allies refused to listen."

The semi-official Vatican organ, Corriere d'Italia, reflects this view, saying:

"Austria's invitation should not create dangerous illusions. It is interesting as the first official public step taken by any belligerent for peace. But the peace conception of the two belligerents is still too divergent to give hope of conclusive conciliation. The sincere friends of peace prefer that the war should continue rather than a truce should be arranged, leading to new fighting."

AUSTRIA TO KEEP UP HER DRIVE FOR PEACE

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

agreement. The move is not, therefore, an isolated action by Austria-Hungary. That may be asserted by the Entente, but such a mistaken view must be emphatically contradicted."

Of course that "mistaken view" has not been suggested in the Entente countries, but, on the other hand, it is that of almost the entire German press.

It is clear from the Austrian press that no great hopes are entertained of success, though in reactionary and to some extent Government circles a certain amount of advantage is hoped for even in case of failure. The German Government, in giving its approval to the step, was actuated by the desire to gain time for military reasons, the stupid belief in the possibility of throwing an apple of discord into the Entente camp and the craving for another "rejected peace offer" with which to whip up the despondent people.

The present state of Austria is such, however, that, as I learn on excellent authority, even a rejection now by the Entente will not put a term to Austria's endeavors. Events may not follow rapidly, but I have good grounds for stating that Burian will take an opportunity to emphasize the fact that the conference is not suggested as a peace conference, but as one at which may be decided those basic principles upon which alone a peace discussion can take place. That accomplished, then it would have to be considered whether a real peace conference could be held with any prospect of success.

But it is not thought in Vienna political and diplomatic circles that such insistence on the nature of the first conference will greatly advance matters. It is undoubted that there is a strong element in Vienna which insists that the Government has a fairly accurate notion of the preliminary points on which the Entente would insist before indulging in any peace discussions, and those circles hold that it is useless to go on assuming that those points will be reduced in the slightest degree.

In the same quarters—naturally not Government circles, but nevertheless influential—satisfaction will be considerable if the result shows how difficult it is for Austria to obtain peace while tied to German conditions and while carrying on in Austria-Hungary the oppressive principle of divide and rule. The view, therefore, is steadily gaining ground that, as the only way to a peace conference, Austria will have to modify both her foreign outlook and her domestic policy.

In more liberal circles it is held that the time is really approaching when Austria will be forced to point out to Germany her inability to be of any further assistance to the Fatherland in the struggle, and that her internal conditions are such that they compel her to seek and secure, separately if need be, such a peace as she can. I am assured in quarters which ought to know that that is a trend of opinion by no means to be despised, and that in the months to come it may gain the upper hand.

The situation in Austria grows daily more threatening. A traveler who recently came from Vienna said that the change which had come about during the last six months there was little short of astounding, while in Germany there is noted a change of tone, too.

"Let the Entente keep a stiff upper lip and hit hard and a few months more will carry the whole situation forward in a surprising manner," he told me.

Indeed it is impossible to study a single Austrian paper or read any article in the German press dealing with Austria, without observing plain signs of coming disruption in the Dual Monarchy and of the increasing powerlessness of the authorities.

The Frankfurter Zeitung yesterday expressed considerable alarm regarding "the undiminished and continuing differences of opinion between Germany and Austria-Hungary" with reference to the whole Eastern situation, while the Rheinische Westfalische Zeitung gave great prominence to an article on the Slav question.

"Never before," it said, "have the Slavs in the Dual Monarchy acted with such impudence and arrogance as during the last few weeks. The agitation in the Austrian monarchy has reached a highly perilous point. The Czechs and southern Slavs really rule in Austria today, while the German elements are in no way supported by the Government. The agitation for the creation of an independent Czech State proceeds with undoubted insolence and the Government no longer dares to act against this treason."

The latest German papers to land here late this afternoon regard the Entente press comments, prominent among which is a long extract from The London Daily Chronicle's leading article, as a sign of complete failure of the Austrian movement. Most of the German comments are couched in similar language. Great play is being made of the note as an indication of the peaceful attitude of the Central Empires, and already the certain rejection of the proposal by the Entente and America is being used for home front propaganda.

The extreme Pan German papers continue to rage at the Austro-Hungarian Government for providing the Entente with "proof" of weakness on the part of the Central Empires. The Hamburg Fremdenblatt thinks it was well that the German Government influenced the situation in advance by means of von Payer's speech, which, as I have suggested, was deliberately planned for that purpose.

METZ IMPERILED, MAURICE ASSERTS

British Expert, Who Is Familiar with the Forts, Has No Doubt They Can Be Taken.

ANALYZES OUR VICTORY

Declares It Has Changed Whole Character of Military Situation in That Locality.

BY MAJOR GEN. SIR FREDERICK B. MAURICE.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—We can now begin to total up the results of General Pershing's victory. The American communique have been more modest and laconic than our own, and give only the very barest summary of what has been achieved. Yet, not only have eight German and one Austrian Divisions been defeated, 15,000 prisoners, 200 guns, and a great quantity of material captured, but the whole character of the eastern front in France has been changed.

Prior to the attack of the First American Army the line from the east of Verdun to the Swiss frontier had been comparatively quiet for a very long time, and had been lightly held by both sides. It was not one to benefit either the Allies or the Germans to undertake great enterprises. From the enemy's point of view it led into a difficult defensible country, traversed by the Meuse and the Moselle and against the chain of the French fortresses of Verdun, Toul, Epinal, and Belfort; while even if these obstacles were surmounted an advance westward would not threaten the heart of France in the same way as would corresponding progress further north.

From the allied point of view the salient of St. Mihiel stood in the way of offensive projects. To attack south of the salient into Lorraine would create a long flank, exposed to the fortress of Metz, with all its facilities for a hostile counterattack, while there was no room to develop a great attack between the northern flank of the salient and the point where the line bends westward, north of Verdun, even if the conditions of ground did not put such a plan out of court.

Paves Way for New Offensive.

While they held on to St. Mihiel the Germans were, in fact, effectively defending the Woevre and Lorraine. The latest news shows that the Americans, after their forces, attacking from the north and south had joined hands, have pushed well beyond the base of the salient, while the French, co-operating on the left of the Americans, have made considerable progress in the direction of Etain. The result of this is that the front now runs almost in a straight line for about 100 miles in a southeasterly direction from north of Verdun to beyond Luneville.

The conditions which prevented an allied attack have disappeared. Foch can make from this new front an offensive whenever he chooses to do so, and he has recovered the Verdun-Toul Railway to help him. The Germans in the lines to which they have been driven back are now covering the direct railway communications between Metz and the north, and between Metz and Strassburg which is more important still. They are protecting the, to them, invaluable iron mines of Briey. The new front in the Woevre and in Lorraine has thus suddenly become of the greatest importance to the enemy from the point of view of defence, and can no longer be limitedly held. I have already mentioned the losses inflicted upon the enemy as one of the important results of the American victory. We can appreciate how great they are when we learn that the enemy has been compelled to continue the policy of levying upon his manpower capital and that before he was defeated at St. Mihiel he had broken up more of his divisions. He has now only 191 of his own divisions on the western front. This means that about 10 divisions, which include 171 infantry battalions, have disappeared since the middle of Summer when he was at his greatest strength.

Seen Peril for Metz.

It will not be surprising to learn that Pershing's success has led to still further reductions. With this steady decline in his fighting strength, the enemy is now compelled, while he is still being pressed in the north, to find more troops to guard against the new danger to which he is exposed on the Metz front.

The Allied line is now within nine miles of the important railway junction of Conflans, to the west of Metz, within ten miles of Metz-Sablon JJunction, which has long been a favorite target for our Independent Air Force, and within six miles of Fort Sommy, the nearest of the forts of Metz.

The news that the guns of the fortress are in action, has centred interest upon the first of the German permanent defences to be subjected to bombardment. Will the forts of Metz meet the same fate as those of Namur and Liege? For many years past the Germans have been extending the circle of forts surrounding Metz to keep pace with the increased range of modern artillery. I was in Metz in the Spring of 1914, and the work was then still going on in the outer forts.

These outer defenses of Metz are on a semi-circle with a radius of about five miles from the centre of the town, and consist of Fort Lotheringen, to the northwest of a ridge east of St. Privat and Amanvillers; Fort Kaiserin, due west of the town and just east of Gravelotte; Fort Kronprinz, on a high plateau which dominates the Moselle and forms the northern side of the Corze Ravine up which the Germans marched in 1870 to attack Bazaine at Marslatour, and Fort Sommy in the south, on the eastern bank of the Moselle.

These forts have been built on an entirely different principle to those of Liége and Namur. The latter consisted of armored turrets, or cupolas, imbedded in masonry, and contained heavy artillery together with a great deal of complicated machinery for the working of guns and turrets. A direct hit from the heaviest type of howitzer on a turret usually put it out of action, and a few more direct hits destroyed the turret altogether.

The Metz forts are intended to be pivots of mobile infantry and artillery defense. Their heavy guns are almost certainly not in fixed emplacements, but can probably be moved about so as to keep the assailant guessing as to their position. The armament of the fortress of Metz is not, therefore, likely to be as vulnerable by howitzer fire as was that of the Belgian fortresses, and it is too much to expect that it will be silenced in the same way as were the guns of Namur.

But permanent defenses are not, when an attack can bring against them as many heavy guns and howitzers as it can find positions for, and has all but an unlimited supply of shell, likely to prove a more difficult nut to crack than elaborate field defenses such as the Hindenburg Line, and if Foch decides in his own good time to attack the defenses of Metz, there is no reason why the troops who have overcome one should not also overcome the other.

BERNSTORFF EXPLAINS IT.

Says Wilson Declared War Because He Couldn't Be Mediator.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 17.—The question whether the U-boat war was responsible for America's entrance into the war still appears to preoccupy the Germans greatly, for there is constant reference to it in the press, which is always on the defensive when dealing with this subject.

Captain Boy-Ed, former Naval Attaché at Washington, who since his return has been in the Press Department of the Foreign Office and has always been ready to produce clinching arguments and much talk concerning America, has now been transferred, so that no less a personage than Count von Bernstorff, the former Ambassador to the United States, has been called on to convince the people that America would have declared war in any eventuality.

The Rhenish Gazette observes that that question has been hotly discussed in some circles, but that the answer is yes.

"He who says yes," it goes on, "is no Tirpitz youth without judgment, as those responsible for ruthless submarining are often designated, but an eminently responsible personage, our former Ambassador in Washington, Count von Bernstorff. He granted an interview to our correspondent and stated that America would have declared hostilities even without ruthless submarine war, and, indeed, because Germany would not have permitted Wilson to act as peace intermediary. The unbounded vanity of this man was affected by this, and so he waged war on the side of the Entente.

"This statement by the former representative of the German Empire in Washington, who knows American conditions and the mentality of the White House and its inhabitants better than any one else, will bear no contradiction. It only confirms our opinion, and we are thankful to Count von Bernstorff for having definitely stated the facts."

In connection with the U-boat war, Admiral Scheer has apparently been admonished for his recent prophecy that the submarine war would bring England to her knees as being inconsistent with a peace offensive, and has had to retract. According to the Frankfurter Zeitung, the press has been officially ordered to correct the statement into "bring England to the green table."

Originations from which Fashion takes Her Cue

Harry Collins
9 East 57th St.

The Arkansas Traveler

When the "Arkansas Traveler" asked his host why he didn't mend his roof, the reply, though made over half a century ago, is typical of many manufacturers to-day—"I can't fix the roof when it rains, and when the sun's out, what's the use?"

Some manufacturers say to-day, "Business is exceptional, factory working nights. Why advertise for orders that I could not fill?"

It is the same manufacturers who remark at other times, "Business is slack; we are cutting down in every direction; can't invest in advertising."

Oversold or not—invest now in business insurance for the future.

Business Insurance is known as Good Will. It has no necessary connection with immediate sales or immediate supplies. If ever there was a time when it was necessary to build and to hold Good Will, that time is now.

Advertising space in the Butterick publications is for sale by accredited advertising agents.

Butterick—*Publisher*

The Delineator
Everybody's Magazine

F. R. TRIPLER & Co.

MEN'S FALL SUITS

All wool fabrics

Finished in models that have an individual style not regularly found in clothing ready-to-wear.

$30 to $45

INVEST NOW

W. S. S. W. S. S.

42ND STREET AT MADISON AVENUE

References to the news on this page can be found in The New York Times Index. Concise, chronological summary, with date, page and column. $8 Yearly.

BUSINESS HOURS—9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Daily

FRANKLIN SIMON

Ready-for-Service

Suits and Topcoats

Hand-Tailored

for Men who want the real thing

THERE never was a time when the issue was so sharply defined between the jejune and the genuine, the rococo and the real, the folderol and the fundamental! War is changing the face of the earth and men's clothes are losing their feminist tendencies in the process.

Belts, pleats, tucks and all the other lamentable ladylike leanings in men's styles have vanished into thin air. Tailoring is back to simple lines once more and that is where hand-workmanship has it all over a machine! In combining beauty of tailoring with simplicity of line, no motor-driven contrivance can match the technique of the human hand!

And thus, Franklin Simon Clothes for Men, hand-tailored ready-for-service, will this season command more attention than ever, for the very restrictions which are a hardship in machine-made clothes are a source of inspiration where the hand performs what the head designs.

Men's Suits—all wool—all hand-tailored and the price range begins at the same figure as before the war

Men's Suits . . . . . $25 to $65

Fall Topcoats *Silk-Lined* . . . $30 to $50

Men's Clothing Shop—8 West 38th Street
Separate Shop on Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE

ESTABLISHED 1849
MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
ACTUAL MAKERS

Low Intelligence and High Credulity

Some Advertisements are remarkable for the fact that they inspire confidence and excite belief.

So true it is some people will believe anything—even the truth.

Writing—Photograph Cases

With pockets for stationery, letters, cards and stamps, stiff blotting pad, self-sharpening pencil. Case of waterproof mackintosh, leather binding; 8¼x6½ inches.....$5.00

Tan or black military leather..$8.75

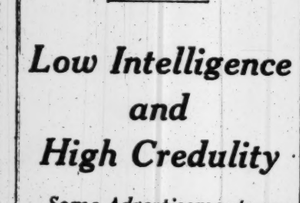
Photograph case, folding design, for one picture, mica protection, opening 4½x6 inches, mackintosh.....$6.75

Colored morocco leather or tan pig, goat.....$12.75

Opening 7x9; glazed calfskin leather; pastel shades.....$16.00

Initials stamped, 25c extra.

Pipe Set—Bottle Set



At left, three corncob bowls, black vulcanite stem; pig goat or mackintosh case; 6½ inches long.....$4.50

Black military stripe leather.. $2.75

Blue or tan striped silk case.. $3.00

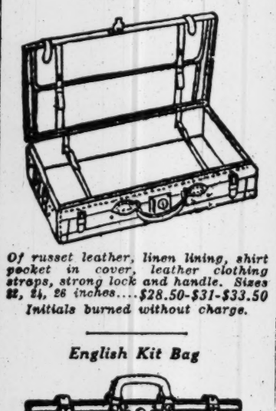
At right, two crystal bottles; tan pig grained goatskin case, velvet lining, 4½x5½ inches; complete.....$6.00

Initials stamped on case, 25c extra.

Invalide Bedroom Tray

With removable centre tray (23x14¾ inches), one side is of cretonne-under-glass, with handles, and enameled wood rim; opposite side is all cretonne-covered, for playing cards, etc. Large and deep side compartments. Entire tray made of sturdy lightweight wicker, in white or black enamel.....$16.00

Cross Suit Case



Of russet leather, linen lining, shirt pocket in cover, leather clothing straps, strong lock and handle. Sizes 22, 24, 26 inches....$28.50-$31-$33.50

Initials burned without charge.

English Kit Bag

This spacious Kit Bag will be favored by men who are avoiding the discomforts of railroad wartime trunk service. Made of English black grained hide leather, checked linen lining, two pockets, strong handles and lock; size 24 inch.....$47.50

Initials stamped without charge.

Mark Cross

The World's Greatest Leather Stores

New York

404 Fifth Ave. (At 37th Street) — 253 Broadway (Opp. City Hall)

Boston 145 Tremont St. — London 89 Regent St.

Dealers Throughout the World

PRESIDENT'S REPLY PRAISED BY LODGE

Senator Asserts That Peace Talk Must Await Overthrow of Prussian Militarism.

WANTS COMPLETE VICTORY

Thomas of Colorado Says Republican Leader Accurately Voices Sentiment of Democrats.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The attitude of the Senate Republicans toward the Austrian peace proposal was expressed by Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts, the Republican floor leader, today in a speech of an hour. He denounced the peace overtures as "stupid," and said "All America wanted them rejected, as the President has done."

The time to talk peace, Senator Lodge declared, is when Prussian militarism is crushed, "and then it will be a peace dictated by the Allies."

When Senator Lodge had finished his speech, Senator Thomas, Democrat, of Colorado, arose and asserted that the Massachusetts Senator had accurately voiced the sentiment of the Democrats of the Senate as to the Austrian proposals.

"There is no difference of opinion as to the common determination of the American people to carry this war through to a decisive end," Senator Thomas said. "All propaganda likely to cast doubt on this purpose ought to be rigidly suppressed."

Predicted Peace Propaganda.

Senator Lodge took up first the German peace propaganda. "Speaking on the 22d of August I said that we must be prepared for German peace propaganda," Senator Lodge said. "It was an easy prediction to make and one certain of fulfillment. I have been watching from day to day, and have noted some of the movements. For instance, on Sept. 6 a newspaper article stated that Mr. Troelestra, a leading Dutch Socialist—I never heard of him—had come out with a strong argument in favor of peace. Undoubtedly, as suggested in the article, it was inspired by a German agent

"Then comes Count Czernin, the former Prime Minister of Austria, on the 9th of September, who puts out a statement in favor of peace. Then Baron Burian, who is the present Prime Minister of Austria, comes out with an argument, and there also comes one from Michael Karolyi, President of the Hungarian Independent Party, all leading in the same direction.

"There are only the obvious efforts coming from Europe. A few days ago Senators must have seen it noted in the newspapers that there had appeared a large work called 'Two Thousand Questions and Answers About the War.' It had a commendatory foreword by George Creel. It turned out that the book was full of German propaganda. Mr. Creel retracted his approval and made an explanation which amounted to saying that he had not read the book and did not know anything about it."

Senator Lodge had excerpts from the book read into the record, so, he explained, "Senators may understand the character of the book." He called it "German propaganda of the worst kin.

"And they got an indorsement from Mr. Creel, who is the head of our Bureau of Information," he went on.

The Senator, in reply to an interrogation of Senator Pomerene, said the book had been withdrawn by its publishers, on suggestion of the Committee on Public Informataion.

"Now, Mr. President, on Sept. 1, there was published, and I give the statement as it appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES, an order from the Secretary of War excluding from soldiers' libraries and from camps certain books. The Secretary was entirely right, and it was a most commendable order in every way. So far as I know from the authors, those books are as thoroughly mischievous making as anything that can be imagined."

Berkman's Memoirs Excluded.

Among these books, Senator Lodge said, was "The Personal Memoirs of an Anarchist," by Alexander Berkman, whom the Senator described as "now serving time, having been convicted of obstructing the draft." Another book, he said, was by Scott Nearing, "also indicted for conspiring to obstruct the draft."

Another was by Hugo Munsterberg. "Of course, a representative of Germany as the Senator characterized him. Other books the Senator said, were by Professor Burgess, "well known as a German advocate," and by George Silvester Viereck, formerly the editor of The Fatherland.

Senator Lodge quoted from a book, "Why War?" written by Frederick C. Howe, whose writings, he said, were "in flagrant contravention of the war policy laid down by the President."

He adverted to the recent speeches of the Kaiser, whom he characterized as "that mixture of truculent and whimpering of which he is a master," and having "unattractive qualities and religious hypocrisy most odious and revolting. He winds up with a proposition to Belgium," said the Senator. "There is no wrong, no injury, no cruelty that they have spared that gallant and unhappy country, and now he insults them with a proposition for a separate peace."

"Voice Is the Voice of Berlin."

"That is followed by the Austrian note. Of course the signers of the note come from Vienna, but the voice is the voice of Berlin. Think of that proposition in the face of the action of the President—one of the most commendable and admirable things that has been done yet in this war. His recognition of the Czechoslovacs as a belligerent nation! What does the President's recognition mean? It means that when he recognizes the Czechoslovacs as a belligerent nation he sets his hand to a document which means the dissolution of the Austrian Empire, a consummation devoutly to be wished.

"Now, Mr. President, we come to the President's reply to the stupid Austro-Hungarian note, for it does not deserve to be characterized in any other way. The President's reply to this stupid note will meet, I am sure, with universal approval. His prompt and curt refusal of the Austro-Hungarian offer was not only right but wise for it will, I believe, put an end to loose and feeble talk about these Austro-Hungarian offers—a kind of talk which is not only debilitating and confusing but distinctly helpful to Germany.

"The President, without entering upon any details or definitions, says the position and purpose of the United States are plain. I think that the purpose and position of the American people are plain and growing plainer, clearer, and stronger every day. They are becoming so plain that I think even the Central Powers will soon begin to understand them. I believe that they will learn, and the sooner the better, that the American people mean to have complete victory. They must be made to know that we have no intention of arguing with them about terms of peace around a table.

325 CASUALTIES REPORTED IN OVERSEAS ARMY

51 Killed in Action, 147 Wounded, And 100 Missing On Day's Lists.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The War Department today gave out two army casualty lists, which contained 325 names, bringing the total for the army to 31,415. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued. The total so far announced for the army and marines is 34,501. Army lists today contained the names of 51 killed in action, 20 died of wounds, 7 died of disease, 134 wounded severely, 12 wounded to a degree undetermined, 1 wounded slightly, 99 missing, and 1 prisoner.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths.	Previously Reported.	Sept. 17.	Total.
Killed in action	5,498	51	5,545
Lost at sea	291	..	291
Died of wounds	1,777	20	1,797
Died of accident or other causes	829	..	829
Died of disease	1,739	7	1,746
Total	10,134	78	10,212
Wounded	16,819	147	16,966
Missing, including prisoners.	4,137	100	4,237
Total	31,090	325	31,415

ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED SEPT. 17.

The following army casualties, with next of kin and emergency addresses, were announced today:

KILLED IN ACTION—51.

Captain.

MOORE, F. P., Jr.; Mrs. M. A. Moore, Bennevue, Penn.

Sergeants.

CRANDALL, JOSEPH B.; Ira C. Crandall, Old Bridge, Middlesex Co., N. J.
BECHTEL, R. G.; Mrs. E. Bechtel, Lebanon, Penn.
BOLLMAN, WILLIAM A.; W. Bollman, Lebanon, Penn.
FORSYTH, DONALD; Mrs. F. A. Forsyth, Carbondale, Ill.
LA PLONT, EDWARD; James La Plont, Onaway, Mich.
McKAY, ROY; William Hutchinson, Joliet, Ill.
PITTENGER, BEARL V.; J. C. Pittenger, Muncie, Ind.
ROARK, GEORGE; John C. Roark, Roark, Ky.

Corporals.

GREENE, L.; Mrs. F. Cohen, 24 Liberty Av., Brooklyn, N.Y.
RONK, AMBROSE CHARLES; Mrs. Marguerite Marie Ronk, 632 Main St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
ALEXANDER, R. L.; Miss M. Alexander, Moundsville, W. Va.
CONRAD, B.; Mrs. A. E. Conrad, Mountaintop, Penn.
JOHNSON, H. W.; Mrs. F. F. Johnson, Franklin, Penn.
McEWEN, T. D.; Mrs. T. D. McEwen, Huntington, Penn.
MEADE, HOUSTON LEE; Mrs. R. Meade, St. Paul, Va.

Privates.

BATES, GERALD H.; Mrs. M. H. Bates, Gainesville, N. Y.
CLELAND, CHARLES H.; Mrs. Jennie Shields, 475 E. Main St., Waterbury, Conn.
COOK, GEORGE DWIGHT; Miss Mae Cook, 5 Housechilds St., Ellenville, N. Y.
FOSTER ROBERT A.; Mrs. W. Seagrave, 700 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
PINELLI, JOSEPH; Mrs. May H. Pinelli, 244 South St., Jersey City Heights, N. J.
RUCHMAN, E.; G. Lands, 136 Utica Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
BLACK, ARLOE ADLIE; Miss G. Black, Watzburg, Penn.
BROOKSHIRE, G. E.; W. W. Brookshire, Cushing, Okla.
CACOTAKEC, NICK; Mrs. Oia Cacotakec, E. Pittsburgh.
CASANOVA, SIMON A.; Alfino Casanova, Elmendorf, Tex.
CHESALAK, ROMAN M.; Mike Chesalak, Erie, Penn.
COBURN, JOHN DANIEL; Carl Coburn, N. Braddock, Penn.
CRISTINI, FRANK; Mrs. A. B. Cristini, Rome, Italy.
CROCCO, JERRY; Gatano Crocco, Philadelphia, Penn.
DULL, OSCAR; Mrs. Gertrude Dull, Waitsburg, Penn.
GALLAGHER, JR.; Mrs. Mary Gallagher, Conshohocken, Penn.
HARRISON, HENRY; J. A. Harrison, Sylacauga, Ala.
HILKERT, RHEN; Mrs. Olive Hilkert, Westville, Ind.
HOUSE, LAURENCE F.; Mrs. K. Magruder, Glasgow, Mon.
KOSTIRIS, ARTHUR; Con Kostiris, Appleton, Wis.
LEBO, ALLEN WAYNE; Henry R. Lebo, Mohnton, Penn.
LUDDINGTON, WALLACE W.; I. Luddington, Lorimer, Ia.
McCAULEY, REYMOND; Mrs. G. Stephens, Congo, W. Va.
McCOY, JERRY; John McCoy, Vincennes, Ind.
BALDRIDGE, G. G.; Mrs. E. Baldridge, Sedro-Wooley, Wash.
BIRD, CHARLES H.; Craven Bird, Gordon, Ind.
DAHL, ARTHUR; Andrew Dahl, Galesville, Wis.
DURRENCE, WILLARD D.; Mand Prather, Elmo, Ark.
FRY, WILLIAM A.; Miss Alice Fry, Stampede, N. D.
HAHN, WALTER; Mrs. W. Musial, Chicago, Ill.
HUGHES, RUSSELL; Henry Hughes, Rice, Wash.
TARASSUCK, VITOLD; J. Robnarsky, Burgettstown, Penn.
WANICKI, PIOTER; Ohn Gausiewicz, Ford City, Penn.
McGEE, ISOM; C. M. Neal, Chickasha, Okla.
McHUGH, THOMAS; Mrs. Nora McHugh, Stockburg, Wis.

DIED OF WOUNDS—20.

Lieutenant.

CLEMMER, JAY F., JR.; J. F. Clemmer, Middlebrook, Va.

Sergeant.

WALLACE, HENRY R.; Mrs. H. R. Wallace, Chicago, Ill.

Corporals.

BECKER, GROVER C.; G. W. Becker, Germantown, Ohio.
COURTNEY, FRANK C.; Cliff Courtney, Linton, Ind.
MARTIN, ORVILLE F.; Mrs. I. M. Martin, Culdesac, Ida.

Mechanic.

COSTIGAN, J. T.; Mrs. M. E. Costigan, Philadelphia.

Privates.

WENZ, ALBERT L.; Philip Wenz, Roselle, N. J.
BATES, MILLARD, M. D.; O. B. Gates, Hillsboro, Ore.
MEUSE, THOMAS, Sylvester Meuse, Reading, Mass.
PITTENGER, W. F.; Mrs. S. Pittenger, Knobnoster, Mo.
WILSON, ERNEST A.; Mrs. H. Wilson, Seattle, Wash.
BIXLER, CLARENCE M.; George Bixler, Findlay, Ill.
LEPCZYK, C.; Mrs. A. Lepczyk, Philadelphia, Penn.
McMAHON, THOMAS; Mrs. Lillian Kane, St. Louis, Mo.
POULSON, DELMAR A.; Antone Poulson, Weiser, Idaho.
RANNOW, T. F.; Mrs. T. F. Rannow, Biscay, Minn.
ROMOCKY, JOHN; Mrs. A. Romocky, St. Paul, Minn.
ROSENTRETTER, W. R.; Mrs. A. Rosentretter, Chicago, Ill.
TWEEDALE, ELMER J.; S. Tweedale, Sturgeon Bay, Wis.
WEIGENT, FRANK; Mrs. L. M. Weigent, La Crosse, Wis.

DIED OF DISEASE—7.

Privates.

HARDEN, CHARLES WESLEY; Mrs. Grace M. Harden, 124 Grace St., Syracuse, N. Y.
KELLY, W. J.; G. Word, 744 Clinton Av., Albany, N. Y.
CLARK, JERRY; Mrs. Nellie Lawrence, Norts, Ga.
ERICKSON, CARL E.; Fred Erickson, New Sweden, Me.
McCABE, JAMES; Mrs. Agnes Vinton, Chicago, Ill.
ROBERTS, WILLIE A.; Ben Roberts, Shreveport, La.
COLLINS, HEZ; Willie Collins, Vandale, Ark.

WOUNDED SEVERELY—134.

Captain.

UMBERGER, P. R.; Mrs. P. R. Umberger, Columbia, Penn.

Lieutenants.

LANDSTREET, F. STUART; Mrs. F. S. Landstreet, 563 Park Av., New York.
PENOYAR, WILLIAM BRUCE; Mrs. William B. Penoyar, 111 Landor St., Newburg, N. Y.

Sergeants.

MARTIN, W. J.; Mrs. W. T. Martin, 578 11th St., Brooklyn.
STEPHENSON, H. F.; Mrs. R. Stephenson, 617 Tracy St., Utica, N. Y.
BRIGGS, BRYCE; Mrs. E. Briggs, New Holland, Ohio.
FARLEY, JAMES E.; Daniel Farley, Philadelphia, Penn.
KOWNACKI, JOHN; Miss W. Kownacki, Chicago, Ill.
McGHEE, EDDIE; Charles McGhee, Raleigh, N. C.
POWELL, THOMAS M.; Thomas S. Powell, Bowden, Ga.
QUIGLEY, L. J.; Mrs. H. B. Rohrbach, Minneapolis, Minn.
ROBINSON, KELSIE M.; W. Robinson, Bryson City, N. C.
ROTHROCK, CARL E.; Mrs. N. Rothrock, Lewistown, Penn.
SETTLEMYER, T. L.; J. Settlemyer, Bridgewater, N. C.
STRICKLAND, ALBERT B.; Aleck Strickland, Loper, Ala.
BORBIDGE, J. H.; Mrs. J. J. Borbidge, Philadelphia, Penn.
TATEOSIAN, GARAFED; N. Keyian, Chicago, Ill.

Corporals.

McCAFFERY, W. E.; Mrs. J. White, Box 195, Bay Shore, L. I.
MILLER, RAY H.; Mrs. A. Miller, R.F.D. 2, Bolivar, N.Y.
RICHTER, G. H.; Mrs. B. Richter, 1,683 Anthony Av., N.Y.
SLATE, REUBEN; Mrs. P. Slate, South Hammond, N. Y.
CARADINE, JOHN; Herman, Caradine, Monroe, Wis.
HOLLIS, HOMER; Miss Maudie Hollis, Marshall, Ark.
HESS, WILLIAM H.; Mrs. E. Horton, Huntingdon, Penn.
CARRIGER, TROY M.; Mrs. Sarah J. Jewitt, Alsey, Ill.
CRIBBINS, EDWARD T.; Thomas Cribbins, Erie, Penn.
RICHARDS, W. B.; Mrs. M. Richards, Alexandria, Va.
SHOWERS, JOHN V.; Mrs. Minnie Showers, St. Joseph, Mo.
MASH, BERT F.; Bart Mash, Othello, N. C.
FARQUHAR, EARL A.; W. A. Farquhar, Clyde, Texas.
HOLT, CONNIE; E. A. Holt, Dawson, Texas.

Bugler.

CONNELL, J. F.; J.J. Connell, 13 Landor St., Newburg, N.Y.

Mechanics.

THIESSE, C. O.; H.F. Thiesse, Elm St., Thomsonville, Conn.
WARD, JAMES B.; Mrs. James B. Ward, Gaston, Ore.
STODDARD, W. H.; H. Stoddard, Springfield, Mass.

Wagoner.

KEEFER, EDWARD; Mrs. C. C. Keefer, Danville, Penn.

Horseshoer.

EASKINSKI, LUDWIKI; William Brown, Blue Island, Ill.

Privates.

ACHTMAN, L. I.; S. Achtman, 54 Cherry St., New York.
ALDRICH, T. D.; Mrs. Alice E. Aldrich, Troy, N. Y.
ALLEN, FRANK S.; Mrs. Alice S. Allen, 108 S. William St., Southport, L. I.
COHEN, FRED; H. Cohen, 927 Broadway, Buffalo, N. Y.
FIELDS, GEORGE D.; Mrs. H. Fields, Savannah, N. Y.
FOURANE, G.; Mrs. D. Neau, 312 W. 37th St., New York.
GABEL, G. C.; Mrs. A. Gabel, 225 Pratt St., Buffalo, N.Y.
HORTON, A.; Mrs. Horton, 889 State St., New Haven, Conn.
KOMAN, CHARLES A.; Mrs. Deboriah Koman, Crystal Run, Orange County, N. Y.
BELVEY, A. C.; Mrs. M. Belvey, 3 Warford St., Waverly, N.Y.
CONSIDINE, T.; J. Considine, 10 5th St., Lackawanna, N.Y.
OERTEL, FREDERICK, Frank Oertel, Northford, Conn.
OSTROM, L. J.; P. McC. Ostrom, 535½ N. Union St., Olean, N.Y.
STERNER, GEORGE; Mrs. Ida Helverson, 2,012 Grant Av., Atlantic City, N. J.
TITMAN, W. W.; Mrs. I. M. Titman, Box 30, Morris Plains, N.J.
VYSKVEIL, J.; J. Vyskvell, 342 E. 71st St., New York.
BRENNAN, J. B.; P. Brennan, 39 Kelsey Av., Trenton, N.J.
CAIN, JAMES J.; Mrs. E. Cain, 6 Hanover St., Troy, N. Y.
DUVAL, JOSEPH; F. Duval, 318 Monroe St., New York.
McGILL, RICHARD H.; Mrs. R. H. McGill, Overlook Place, Highland Falls, N. Y.
ATWOOD, JESSE A.; Frank Atwood, Concord, N. C.
AULMAN, FRANK; Mrs. M. Erdman, Augusta, Wis.
BENSON, DONNIE A.; Miss Mabel Benson, Selma, N. C.
CAPPELLO, HERMAN J.; Miss R. F. Creasy, Dalton, Penn.
CARL, NORMAN C.; Mrs. Charles Carl, Emaus, Penn.
CARTER, THOMAS G.; John Carter, Shuff, Va.
COLLEDGE, MURRAY J.; Mack Colledge, Everett, Penn.
CORBIN, WILBUR F.; Mrs. I. M. Acker, Huntington, Penn.
COX, HOWARD P.; Mrs. Fannie Cox, Atlanta, Texas.
CUFFARI, GIUSEPPE; Antone Cuffari, Carronia, Italy.
JOINROG, STANLY; Joe Joinrog, Easthampton, Mass.
KATSIMLES, D.; P. Katsimles, Karnish Dimichana, Greece.
LUNDIN, ERIC; Mrs. Sam Lundin, Meadowlands, Minn.
NAGLE, MORRIS C.; Mrs. E. C. Nagle, Allentown, Penn.
NATHAN, ALBERT; Sol Nathan, Chicago, Ill.
NIKON, KARP; Mrs. U. Nikon, Woi, Gui, Zast, Russia.
PRESCOTT, IVER C.; Knute Prescott, Sykeston, N. D.
SHEREDA, JAMES J.; Mrs. J. Shereda, Whitewater, Wis.
SHIRLEY, FRANK J.; Mrs. Rhoda Shirley, Moody, Mo.
SMITH, CLYDE W.; Andrew L. Smith, Lemmon, S. D.
WIGEN, ANTON B.; Mrs. Mary Peterson, Washburn, Wis.
WITTING, HAROLD F.; Mrs. J. Witting, Marquette, Mich.
WOODS, JAMES E.; Mrs. M. Woods, Andersonville, Ind.
YOUNG, CHARLES N.; Dr. B. McKittrick, Bristol, S. D.
FURLONG, W. B.; Mrs. A. Furlong, Philadelphia, Penn.
MOSTELLER, C.; Mrs. T. Mosteller, West Allis, Wis.
MURRAY, M. W.; Mrs. Ellen Murray, Detroit, Mich.
BREMER, PETER J.; Frank Bremer, Sigel, Ill.
FISH, WILLIE E.; Edward Fish, La Farge, Wis.
JONES, JOHN; Mrs. Nancy Maggert, Silver Point, Tenn.
McCURR, GLEN R.; Mrs. Cora Hayes, Richmond, Ind.
McGEE, JESSE; Mrs. Emma McGee, Columbus, Ga.
PE ERSON, SIGURD M.; Peter Madsen, Gransburg, Wis.
REDDING, JAMES H.; Eil Swingle, Wimmers, Penn.
ADKINS, WILBURN, address unknown.
TARDITI, CLEMENT; Joseph Tarditi, San Francisco, Cal.
WILLETT, ARTHUR L.; Mrs. C. Willett, La Crosse, Wis.
YOUNG, GEORGE W.; Mrs. Belle Young, Oelwein, Iowa.
ACHILLES, JOHN T.; Mrs. Mary Acnilles, Roxbury, Mass
ANDERSON, FRANK; John Anderson, Charlestown W. Va.
BALLUTIS, BROWNSLEY; A. Weiss, Pittsburgh, Penn.
BANNISTER, JOHN; Mrs. Elizabeth Collins, Detroit, Mich.
BEAR, CHARLEY; Mrs. Ellen Bear, Midway, Texas.
BECKER, J. H.; Mrs. E. M. Becker, Parkersburg, W. Va.
BERGERON, A. C.; P. C. Bergeron, St. Mary Parish, La.
BRULOTTE, EDWARD G.; F. Brulotte, Manchester, N. H.
BUB, ELROY; Mrs. Bertha Bub, Milwaukee, Wis.
CANNON, GEORGE E.; Mrs. Ella Cannon, Belmont, N. C.
CAPPUCCIO, NICHOLAS; Mrs. M. C. Loiso, Boston, Mass.
CHILDERS, ARTHUR D.; J. M. Childers, Winfield, W. Va.
COGAR, HENRY; Sam Woodsell, Webster Springs, W. Va.
CONLEY, E. J.; Mrs. P. Conley, Gordonville Junction, Me.
CONRAD, ALEX; Joseph Conrad, Ganister, Penn.
COTTERMAN, W. A.; Mrs. De Walt Wiles, Tidioute, Penn.
DALY, FLOYD L.; Mrs. Phya Daly, Portland, Ore.
DAVIES, GEORGE W.; Mrs. Mary Green, Bulger, Penn.
DIFFLEY, HENRY J.; James H. Morris, Bocida, Minn.
FULDETTE, JOHN F.; Mrs. Sarah Gereau, Newberry, Mich.
GAMBER, LLOYD E.; Samuel Gamber, Coalmont, Col.
GIMLICH, HENRY; Mrs. Kate Gimlich, Evansville, Ind.
GRIEB, EDWARD W.; Mrs. E. Grieb, Louisville, Ky.
HAMILTON, FLOYD; A. H. Hamilton, Newark, Ohio.
HASBROUCK, R.; Mrs. R. Hasbrouck, Marshall, Texas.
HEILAND, WILLIAM; William Heiland, Anna, Ohio.
HILL, CHARLES R.; William Hill, Crown Point, Ind.
KELLOGG, ARTHUR J.; W. Kellogg, Mandan, N. D.
KITTS, HUGH; Mrs. Susan Kitts, Sutton, W. Va.
KLEICH, FRANK J.; Mrs. F. Kowalski, Chicago, Ill.
KUHLMAN, WILLIAM A.; J. B. Kuhlman, Reading, Ohio.
LAURICH, ANTHONY; A. Laurich, Cleveland, Ohio.
LIGHTNER, JOHN W.; Mrs. L. Lightner, Carlisle, Penn.
LIVINGTON, A.; Mrs. L. C. Ickes, Reynoldsville, Penn.
MATA, FELIPE; Mrs. Josefa Carier, Bernalillo, N. M.
MEDLAR, FRANK J.; W. P. Medlar, Burlington, Vt.
MERRILL, GUY H.; A. H. Merrill, Springfield, Mass.
MILLER, HYMAN; Mrs. Rose H. Miller, Brockton, Mass.
MILLER, THOMAS R.; Mrs. Allie Vieyra, Oil City, Penn.

WOUNDED SLIGHTLY—1.

Private.

KOURIAN, E.; C. Abajian, 50 W. 38th St., New York.

WOUNDED, (DEGREE UNDETERMINED)—12.

Sergeants.

FISHER, FRANK J.; Dr. J. J. Thompson, Albert, W. Va.
SMITH, THOMAS D.; George W. Smith, Alba, Texas.

Corporal.

BARTLETT, FRED A.; Fred Bartlett, Oshkosh, Wis.

Mechanic.

SHERMAN, F. D.; Mrs. J. B. Sherman, Nyssa, Ore.

Privates.

BONNETT, JOHN I.; W. M. Bonnett, Sycamore, La.
BLAKE, JAMES; Mrs. Monna Wilson, Huntington, W. Va.
CHRISTIANSEN, A.C.; Mrs. A. Christiansen, Puyallup, Wash.
SCHOENEMAN, E.; Mrs. B. Schoeneman, Castalia, Ohio.
WEBSTER, JOHN W.; Mrs. J. W. Webster, Farmville, Va.
AIELLO, LUIGO; Frank Aiello, Philadelphia, Penn.
KLEIN, A. C.; Mrs. Agnes M. Klein, Chicago Heights, Ill.
MARQUARDT, GEORGE; F. F. Marquardt, Wadena, Minn.

MISSING IN ACTION—99.

Sergeants.

CHRISTIAN, EUGENE L.; W. Christian, Nota, Ore.
ROBERTS, ELDEN W.; Mrs. W. D. Roberts, Shale, Cal.

Corporals.

O'CONNOR, A; Mrs. C. O'Connor, 71 W. 18th St., Bayonne, N.J.
DONNELLY, L.T.; Mrs. M. Byrne, River Rd., N. Brunswick, N.J.
DONOGHUE, FRANCIS W.; H. Dorsey, Martin, Va.
SCOFIELD, EDWARD E.; Mrs. Ida Phillips, Toledo, Ohio.
TOBE, HENRY; Mrs. Sarah Tobe, Detroit, Mich.
WEIKEL, ERVIN; Mrs. H. E. Schutze, Roundtop, Texas.
BERNHEISEL, BEN H.; G. S. Bernheisel, Bellevue, Ky.

Mechanic.

LADROOT, H. J.; Mrs. M. Ladroot, Cheboygan, Mich.

Privates.

BONIS, GREGORY; T. Bonis, 910 Lincoln Av., Utica, N. Y.
CAMPOTARO, A.; R. Campotaro, 97 Oliver St., Derby, Conn.
EGGLETON, FRANK E.; Louis Eggleton, Tully, N. Y.
HERREOEDER, H. G., JR.; George Herreoder, Sr., 12 Short St., Mount Vernon, N. Y.
RICE, N.; Mrs. M. Rice, 353 Peshine Av., Newark, N. J.
RICHARDSON, R. A.; Mrs. M. Barone, 32 Park St., Buffalo, N.Y.
SMITH, RAYMOND L.; C. A. Smith, West Nyack, N. Y.
BLACK, R. C.; Mrs. L. J. Black, San Francisco, Cal.
ANSELMO, LUIGI; Peter Anselmo, Fondi, Caserta, Italy.
DURHAM, OLIVER H.; Mrs. M. C. Dow, Naponeo, Neb.
FRAZIER, ENOS E.; Mrs. S. A. Frazier, S. Fork, Ark.
GOWAN, EDWARD; Mrs. E. Gowan, San Francisco, Cal.
HANSON, ARTHUR; Mrs. Hanna Jepsom, Sparks, Nev.
JOHNSTON, JOHN E.; Mrs. B. Johnston, La Crosse, Wis.
LARACEY, EDWARD N.; E. N. Laracey, Kawlin, Mich.
MAMCZUROWSKY, P.; Mrs. M. Mamczurowsky, Valinscobedden, Russia.
MARKEN, HENRY; Mrs. A. Marken, Bay Point, Cal.
MESSICK, ARTHUR; Mrs. M. E. Mesick, Alton, Fla.
MITCHELL, E. A.; Mrs. M. Mitchell, San Francisco, Cal.
BREHMER, ARNOLD; Albert Brehmer, Collins, Wis.
BRUNO, CARMINO; Nick Bruno, Vinafro, Italy.
COMPTON, J. L.; Miss B. L. Exum, Lawrenceville, Ga.
COSENTINO, FRANK A.; C. Cosentino, Gardner, Mass.
DAVIS, EDWARD J.; Mrs. Mary Davis, Springville, Utah.
EDLUND, EMIL A.; Charles Edlund, Winburne, Penn.
FEEST, JOSEPH; Mrs. Anna Feest, Milwaukee, Wis.
GALLEGOS, PEDRO C.; Camilo Gallegos, Alfred, N. M.
GAUS, WILLIAM E.; Mrs. Anna Gaus, Braddock, Penn.
GIANETTONI, JOHN; Ben Celini, San Luis Obispo, Cal.
GRAHAM, PETER; M. Graham, International Falls, Minn.
GREINER, JOSEPH G.; Mrs. M. Yaker, Lancaster, Penn.
GRIDER, ERWIN T.; Mrs. E. L. Grider, Allentown, Penn.
GUETTNER, OTTO; Mrs. M. Guettner, Fort Wayne, Ind.
GUNDERSON, G. A.; Mrs. B. Robinson, Grand Rapids, Minn.
GUST, STEPHEN; Joseph Gust, Benwood, Minn.
GUSTAFSON, H. F.; C. Gustafson, Blason Lake, Wis.
GUTTORMSON, H. M.; G. Guttormsaon, Lanesboro, Minn.
HALABURDA, Y.; Miss K. Halaburda, Cleveland, Ohio.
HALE, PHILIP L.; Mrs. Sarah S. Hale, Lake City, Ark.
HANSON, HAROLD B.; Mrs. H. Hanson, Dundee, Mich.
HARRIS, EARL V.; Mrs. M. Tennyson, Lindsay, Okla.
HART, ALFRED CARD; Mrs. G. Palmer, Mt. Vernon, Ill.
HUTCHINSON, S.; Mrs. H. Chamberlain, W. Danville, Vt.
KINSLEY, JOSEPH E.; Mrs. K. Kinsley, Chicago, Ill.
LACY, OSWELL F.; Oswell Lacy, Bedford, Va.
LEONARD, CHARLEY; Mrs. M. H. Leonard, Jonesboro, Ill.
LINK, CLARENCE; Fred Link, Glenwood City, Wis.
McDANIEL, CHARLES M.; P. Barkley, Gaylesville, Ala.
McDONALD, CLARENCE G.; C. N. McDonald, Vincent, O.
MAHER, JOHN F.; William J. Maher, St. Paul, Minn.
MANSELL, SURRY; Surry Mansell, Pickers, Miss.
MARTINEZ, FELIPE; Lucas Martinez, Beeville, Texas.
MASON, WALTER D.; Mrs. Anna Mason, Bristol, Vt.
MILLER, JOHN M.; Mrs. Myrtle Miller, Academy, Cal.
MOORE, JERRY S.; Mat Moore, Sedgwick, Kan.
MYERS, GEORGE D.; Mrs. Mary Myers, Kenney, Ill.
NELSON, AUGUST; Mrs. Annie Hess, Massena, Iowa.
NEWGARD, CARL L.; Mrs. T. Newgard, Brainerd, Minn.
NOESSLER, CHARLEY R.; R. Noessler, Mindora, Wis.
O'DONNELL, W. F.; Mrs. E. O'Donnell, Philadelphia, Penn.
OLSON, LEONARD A.; John Olson, Gibbon, Minn.
PANNEBAKER, C. S.; Mrs. B. A. Shay, Neche, N. D.
PERKINS, VOLINE; Charles Perkins, Linton, Ind.
PEVONKA, JOE G.; John Pevonka, Leopolis, Wis.
PIETROWSKI, MAX F.; Mike Pietrowski, Berlin, Wis.
PORDON, STANLEY F.; Thomas Fordon, Detroit, Mich.
RANKIN, WILLIAM M.; Mrs. Mary Rankin, Chicago, Ill.
REA, CHARLES D.; A. Rea, San Juan Capistrano, Cal.
RIEMER, ALBERT; Fred Riemer, Oconto, Wis.
RODGERS, W. E.; W. Rodgers, Sr., Baxter Springs, Kan.
SCHROEDER, A. J.; Mrs. Ed Schroeder, Rose City, Mich.
SCOTT, WILLIAM M.; Mrs. E. Scott, Coledale, W. Va.
SHAFFER, JAMES W.; Will Shaffer, Cresco, Iowa.
SIDES, LEWIS W.; Monroe Sides, Versailles, Ind.
SMITH, LEO; Mrs. Fred Smith, San Mateo, Cal.
TAYLOR, DELBERT; Mrs. F. M. Taylor, Springarton, Ill.
VAN DORN, RAY; Charles Van Dorn, Joliet, Ill.
WAITMAN, H. B.; W. Waitman, San Bernardino, Cal.
WELCH, LOYD K.; Mrs. Nilas Oats, Lufkin, Texas.
WEPFER, ROBERT; Jene Le Beau, Milwaukee, Wis.
WHATLEY, ED; Mrs. Margrette Whatley, Tallassee, Ala.
WHIDDEN, WILLIAM L.; James Whidden, Spencer, Neb.
PRIESTLEY, ROSCOE R.; D. G. Priestley, Cherokee, Kan.
QUINN, JAMES W.; Dr. J. E. Quinn, Antioch, Cal.
RANDALL, ARTHUR; James Randall, Mio, Mich.
SKIERKE, ALBERT, Jr.; Mrs. A. Peterson, Chester, Mon.
STOWELL, W. P.; Mrs. R. Stowell, Western Port, Md.
TIKAL, WENCEL F.; Mrs. W. Tikal, La Crosse, Wis.
VINCENT, JOHN G.; Mrs. M. Vincent, Madeira, Portugal.

PRISONER—1.

Private.

ZIMMERMAN, N. L.; J. A. Zimmerman, Meyersdale, Penn.

PEACE REJECTION REJOICES NEW YORK

Well-Known Public Men Voice Emphatic Approval of President's Answer to Austria.

ALL FOR A FINISH FIGHT

Proposal Regarded as an Attemp

TELLS OF DESTROYER FIGHT WITH U-BOAT

Ensign Oliver Iselin of New York Describes Attack Off the Coast of France.

TWO SHOTS HIT THE MARK

Officers and Sailors Rescued from a French Cruiser Interested Spectators of the Battle.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Ensign Oliver Iselin of New York has given a lively account of a recent engagement between an American destroyer and a U-boat off the coast of France, in which it is believed the submarine was sunk. In a letter Ensign Iselin says:

"On the day before our scrap we had rescued 125 French sailors and 5 officers off rafts from the French cruiser Du Petit Thouars, which had been torpedoed.

"We had officers in the wardroom, and men were on deck, in boats, and climbing over the superstructure. We could not get them to go below as they were still pretty well scared with their experience of the previous day. In the morning one of the French petty officers, who was sitting aft by the fantail, reported a periscope on our quarter, but we saw nothing from the bridge, and thought that the Frenchman was still excited and just seeing things.

"All that morning we and the submarine were probably dogging each other perhaps without either knowing it. In the afternoon we must have once turned quicker than he expected, because he stuck up his periscope and showed his conning tower awash a few hundred yards on our port bow. We went for him at full speed, he disappearing in a few seconds, and when over the spot we let go a lot of depth charges.

"We turned and were repeating the performance when we saw the wake again, and at about the same distance as before, but just forward of the starboard beam. I thought it was water, and it was, as far as I could tell, several feet broad. I saw that it was moving rather slowly, and I realized that it was a submarine, either trying to get to the surface, or, having had her rudder damaged, was out of control.

"We let go four shots from one of our guns and it was the best shooting you ever saw. The first two were perhaps a couple of feet over, but the last two were right on the mark. The men at the gun said that they could just make out part of the bow in the wake, and that it looked as if it were tilted up at a good angle. There was a lot of oil behind the wake, showing that we must have damaged her. We were heading over the submarine, or rather trying to intercept and ram her, but when we got within a few hundred yards the wake disappeared.

"The next thing we knew the gun crew on the forecastle, some of whom were standing by the rail, yelled 'There she is!' Of course, we on the bridge looked all around, and, seeing nothing, glanced down on the forecastle. The men pointed directly beneath, so we let go more depth charges, which brought up a lot of oil. The gun crew and several men afterward said that they distinctly saw the submarine as we passed over her. Her bow was about fifteen feet below the surface, and appeared to be pointing up at a sharp angle. She also had a heavy list to starboard, and was apparently making no headway through the water.

"As far as we could tell two of the last depth charges dropped right on her, but I guess she was pretty well done for even before they were dropped. But the best part of the whole show were the Frenchmen. They were better than front row seat at the 'Follies.' I don't think that general quarters meant much to them, but, believe me, the first depth charge did. They climbed over the superstructure, boats and after deckhouse like monkeys and every time we dropped a can they would yell 'Vive la Amerique!' and clap their hands."

AMERICAN VICTORY UPSET FOE'S PLANS

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

ated with the German effort from the rear know that they have been completely knocked out by the Foch offensive.

While it is unsafe to leave out of reckoning some kind of strong German rally east of our present positions, or to count on too great a weakening in the enemy lines in front of the French and English as a result of Pershing's stroke in the Woevre, and while only a few weeks remain of good fighting weather, the feeling is general that Foch will succeed in choosing Winter quarters for the Germans more to his liking than theirs.

"They're whipped," said one observer, "and they ought to acknowledge it. Instead of alternately butting their heads against the wall and making faces over the top, they ought to give up without going through another Winter of irreparable wastage. If the German people really have any spunk it's time for them to show it by deposing the miserable leadership which has brought them to ruin, and taking matters into their own hands. The whole military crowd headed by the Kaiser would have to be sacrificed; and that would put the blame and punishment where they belonged."

The Paris press strikes the same note this morning. A leading article in Le Journal, under the heading "Peace Depends Upon the German People—We Won't Recognize Their Chiefs Any More," of which Maurice Damour is the author, advises that the Entente expand the policy of President Wilson in indicating the allied aims and address the German people directly to this effect:

"Your leaders have deceived you. We have no intention of annihilating you. We expect you to chastise the criminals responsible for assassinating millions of young men, for pillaging and devastating Belgium and the North of France, for wrecking Russia, and putting civilization in peril. Right these wrongs, and you shall have peace."

BRITISH GAIN AT ST. QUENTIN.

Also Captured an Enemy Post Near La Bassee.

LONDON, Sept. 17. — The British gained ground today in the neighborhood of Holnon village, northwest of St. Quentin, according to Field Marshal Haig's report tonight.

A German post west of La Bassée was captured.

New posts were established northeast to Neuve Chapelle and in the neighborhood of Ploegsteert.

Admiral Mayo Arrives in England.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Admiral Henry T. Mayo of the American Navy, accompanied by his staff, has arrived in England on a tour of American activities in European waters.

MANGIN DRIVING ON FOR ST. GOBAIN FOREST

French Continue to Gain Slowly by Some of the Most Desperate Fighting of the War.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES IN THE FIELD, Sept. 16, (Associated Press.)—Creeping on all fours over plateaus and up ravines dotted with German quickfirers, the French are seeking out hidden machine gun nests and reducing them with grenades when found.

General Mangin's troops are making one of the most courageous and most admirable fights of this war south of St. Gobain Forest, against what a high French officer has described as a "natural citadel that men have been perfecting for four years."

The French made 600 more prisoners in this region today under conditions of difficulty which can scarcely be appreciated except by persons on the ground. They gained 1,000 yards over a front of two and a half miles, which would seem insignificant in proportion to the effort were the position less important. Every 100 yards of an advance made here weakens a pillar in the German resistance in St. Gobain Forest.

An order signed by the General commanding a German division defending this position was found on a prisoner. The document pointed out how vital it was to hold the lines there. "If the height to the east of Laffaux remains in our hands," says the order, "it prevents the enemy from obtaining a view of both sides of the canal from the Oise to the Aisne. If it falls into the enemy's hands it gives him a most favorable point for future attacks. I expect that the division will be able here to maintain its previous reputation and will hold the position integrally against all attacks."

Advancing from shell hole to shell hole over ground that appeared from a distance to be a giant face ravaged by smallpox, General Mangin's men defeated this crack division and five others that were put into a line over a front of five and one-half miles between Allemant and Vailly. In doing so they conquered four caves at the summit of the heights from which the stone was quarried to build the city of Soissons. One of the caves measures 400 by 300 yards and has a dozen galleries through which an automobile can pass.

An entire German battalion was captured in one of the caves, while in another a Colonel with his entire staff were taken. All the caves were defended by machine guns that were raised to the mouth of the cave to be fired when a halt in the bombardment announced the approach of infantry. This sort of resistance was particularly stubborn at the top of Mont des Singes, where the French troops exterminated the garrison which belonged to the 5th Prussian Guard Division. They also occupied the château northeast of auxaillon definitely after it had been taken and retaken several times.

All the stone quarries and caves that were not defended to the last by the enemy were mined before they were abandoned. Ten such mines were discovered in time and rendered harmless. Wherever the caves were free of mines conclusive evidence was discovered that the Germans expected to hold them.

Fifteen violent enemy counterattacks were repulsed around the quarries before they were finally conquered. The French were obliged to contend not only with these fortresses cout out of solid rock, but with floods in the valleys of the north. Some of the troops fought twenty-four hours in water up to their knees. One battalion near Mennejean Farm refused to be relieved after several attacks and counterattacks, and consented to retire only when the farm was captured and considerable gains made to the east of it.

In this region the French are facing a part of the Hindenburg line, which they already have broken into from the Mont de Singes to Vailly without the aid of tanks. This morning the French advanced 1,000 yards at a single bound, which is an enormous gain, considering the obstacles met fith at every hand. The Germans have reinforced the fighting front not only with dense masses of infantry, but are bringing up three-inch guns close to the front line and are firing point blank.

Latest reports from the front are that the fighting is still in progress, and that General Mangin's men are slowly pushing on toward the Chemin des Dames.

ITALIANS CAPTURE GREAT WIRE BARRIER

Keep Austrian Command Worrying by Series of Brilliant Local Actions.

By WARD PRICE.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES

WITH THE ITALIAN ARMIES, Sept. 16.—On either side of the narrow and precipitous gorge of the Brenta River at the point where it leaves the Austrian lines and enters the Vallian, there has existed since last Winter a formidable barricade of wire and a complex system of enemy trenches.

Wire fills the whole valley with an impassable tangle. It lies half under water in the rushing stream itself and writhes up each wall of the steeply sloping rock on either side. Moreover, on the ledges and in the caves and crannies of those high cliffs were hidden Austrian machine guns to sweep the narrow gorge below.

Yet with a sudden attack at dawn Italian infantry rushed the whole of this barrier system and captured nearly 350 prisoners. The fighting was severe, but short, in the dark ravine, and the Italians' victory was aided by their airplanes, which dived one after another into that gap between the high mountains, dropping bombs and emptying drums of machine-gun bullets upon the Austrian garrison below.

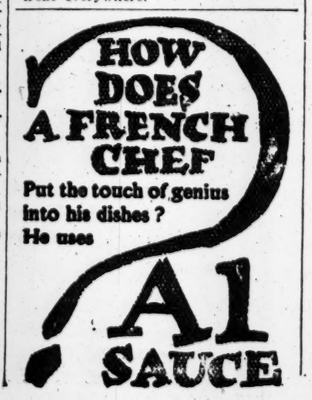
Shortly afterwards another sector close at hand, to the north of Mount Grappa, broke into activity. A series of little raids and rushes were carried out there to improve the line in several places. At once here, too, the Italians made good their intentions, and today have over 300 prisoners and a number of machine guns.

The rôle which the Italian Army is playing now is made up of constantly repeated incidents like this. It may be described as an "aggressive defensive." Advantage of position is, of course, still with the Austrians on this frint, and in point of numbers in the field they also, thanks to the enrollment of prisoners recovered from Russia, are stronger than our Italian allies. The system of continually worrying sectors keeps them, however, in doubt as to the Italian intentions and tends to pin their forces down to this front.

VIENNA, Sept. 17, (via London.)—The War Office tonight issued the following official communication concerning operations on the Italian front:

Between the Brenta and Monte Solarolo the Italians early yesterday morning opened an attack. Storming columns were driven back in the Brenta Valley and before Col Caprino. On Monte Asolone they were unable to leave their trenches owing to the effect of our batteries.

On Monte Fertica, Solarolo, and Tasson Ridge bitter fighting developed. The enemy was forced to retreat everywhere.



FATE OF FOE'S LINE HANGS IN BALANCE

General Mangin's Army Now Before the Famous Height of Fort Malmaison.

GERMANS IN BAD POSITION

Possibility That They May Be Cut Off Simultaneously in Aisne and Ailette Valleys.

By G. H. PERRIS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Sept. 17.—Though very familiar with this ground, a slip of memory yesterday afternoon led me to anticipate by some hours the arrival of Mangin's first lines across the west end of the Chemin des Dames. When map names no longer correspond with any visible object, such slips are easy, and no trace remains of the Maubeuge road, of the Guardian Angel in Vaurain's farm, which long marked the point where the Chemin des Dames broke off eastward to Malmaison, Chevregny, Vauclere and Craonne, those battlefields of horrible and glorious fame.

When I last passed by a rough track had been cut through a frozen brown sea of shellholes, which everywhere touching lip to lip gave the broad top of this plateau the appearance of lunar photographs. A simple wooden sign post had been put up and never were three words on a sign post more eloquent than were those in February last. Groups of men were putting up new minefields and digging fresh trenches. How strong we thought the position!

A month later came von Hutier's deluge, the final spasm of Germanic success. The tired French and British divisions who had taken over the sector from the pioneers of Pershing's army whom we first met here were drowned in clouds of smoke and poison gas and gave way. The whole of the Aisne Heights were lost in a morning.

And how the wheel of fate comes the full circle round with inexorable stride. The French alone now are recovering their campo santo of last year's struggles. Bitter experience has given them an intimate knowledge of the ground and all its possibilities of ambush—thickets in the steep ravines where boche machine gunners congregate and deep limestone caves and quarries with which the hillsides are riddled. Now we have light and rapid tanks whose mechanism is being constantly improved and of which the cars we first saw at the mill of Laffaux in April, 1917, were but clumsy precursors. Swarming airplanes with their machine guns and bombs are virtually new and very precious auxiliaries.

The tactical design of movement is completely changed. Instead of repeating frontal attacks on the Aisne Heights from the south, Mangin is turning them from the west. This involved a very difficult beginning, a breach in the corner of the Hindenburg line about Laffaux. Once that evil corner was passed the advantage of a drive along the knife edge of the crests began to appear.

Already the roads of the enemy supply reinforcement or retreat along the valley from Anizy-le-Château to Laon are under our view and fire. Monkey Mountain, carried on Sunday night against strong resistance—over 100 dead bodies were found in one trench—dominates the low ground on both sides of the Ailette about Pinon, and its loss leaves the German forces on Malmaison Plateau with only one practicable road behind them, the Maubeuge road through Chavignon to Laon.

On the other side of the crest the advance continued both eastward toward and beyond Sancy and southward toward the Aisne, and with the help of these right wing forces in the river valley we were able to take the important position of Vailly. Very stiff fighting took place in the ravines of Sancy and Thancreiny.

Besides 4,500 prisoners, the three days of well-directed and determined pressure has thus brought Mangin's army to the culminating height of Fort Malmaison. We know what that means by last year's experience. When at length Malmaison was taken in October the enemy abandoned the whole of the Chemin des Dames and bolted behind the Ailette. A ridge further east and all his supply roads were, in fact, so closely in view from this plateau that they could not long be held, or only at fearful cost.

The situation today is different and much more favorable to us. The Germans are at the same time astride the Vesle Hill, astride the Aisne, astride the Chemin des Dames and astride the Ailette. Instead of having these natural obstacles to fall back upon one after the other they may be cut off along the Aisne and along the Ailette Valley simultaneously. Their chief stronghold, the St. Gobain Forest block, is in danger of being turned by the south and east. The fate of the whole centre of the Hindenburg line is therefore directly in question. It is time the heroic blood and other losses of four years' campaigning on the Aisne were avenged.

On this cool, sunny Autumn afternoon the French have two cathedrals in view from the high, bare moorlands of their present struggle. Laon in front is beckoning them forward. Soissons is behind them, a grievous spectacle with another message.

One day early last year the archpriest was showing us over this fine Gothic fane. In the gloom of a candle-lit side chapel a service was being held for the few civil inhabitants then remaining in the town. We came out into the radiance of the immense nave, in the roof of which a shell had cut a large, round hole, bringing down masses of stone. The good priest, taking up the suggestion then first current that American cities should be persuaded to adopt certain unfortunate French towns, anxiously consulted us as to how he might enlist the interest of generous men over the Atlantic. I do not know whether he succeeded. In any case the boche has been one too many for him. Soissons Cathedral may be rebuilt. Its severed walls are now beyond repair.

PERSHING'S REPORT.

Gun and Air Activity Growing, According to His Report.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Local combats in which enemy prisoners were taken and further increase in artillery and aviation activity in the St. Mhiel sector are reported in General Pershing's communiqué for yesterday, which reads.

Headquarters American Expeditionary Forces, Sept. 16, 1918.

Section A.—Aside from local combats, in which we took prisoners, and a further increase of artillery and aviation activity, there is nothing to report from the St. Mihiel salient.

Section B—There is nothing to report in this section.

BOLSHEVIKI ADMIT DEFEAT BY ALLIES

Official Organ Says Troops in North Fled in Panic and Officers Joined British.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 14, (via Amsterdam, Sept. 17.)—American, British, and French detachments are reported by the Pravda, (the Bolshevist official organ,) to have met the Bolshevist forces in battle on the Archangel front. The Bolshevist troops, after an initial success, were repulsed by British reenforcements, and fled in panic. A number of the Bolshevist officers, the newspaper says, deserted to the British.

TOKIO, Sept. 12, (Associated Press.)—The advance guard of the Third Japanese Division, which is bound for the Manchurian battlefront, was landed at Fusan, Korea, on Sept. 8, according to an official announcement issued by the Japanese War Office.

The American Red Cross and the Y. M. C. A. are planning to extend greatly their operations in Russia. Forty American and British Y. M. C. A. workers are now en route to Siberia and it is announced today that the Japanese Y. M. C. A. will send a contingent to cooperate with the Americans.

Mr. Phelps, the new General Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. in Russia, will start for Vladivostok tomorrow. He says that the organization, joining the Red Cross, will follow the armies westward and establish civilian centres in all cities and will aid in the reconstruction of Russia by exending practical help to the people.

THOUSANDS KILLED BY REDS IN RUSSIA

In Petrograd Alone 812 Persons Have Been Put to Death in a Week.

HUNDREDS HELD IN HOSTAGE

Victims Massacred Without Any Form of Trial—Socialists Retaliate with Assassinations.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 17.—Wholesale executions are increasing in Petrograd, according to private telegrams received here by the way of Helsingfors. During the past week 812 persons were executed, and more than 400 others are on the prescribed list. Most of them have already been made hostages.

All persons of rank of Councilors of State have been imprisoned regardless of their political views.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Information reaching the State Department today from a neutral country threw new light on the situation in Central Russia, where a reign of terror conducted by the Bolsheviki has made the position of the populace tragic in the extreme and is endangering citizens of the Entente Powers who have been unable to leave the country.

Declaring that the outside world cannot have a true conception of the actual conditions, the dispatches say that since May, the Bolshevist Extraordinary Commission Against the Counter-Revolution has conducted a campaign of wholesale murder. Thousands have been shot without even a form of a trial and many of them probably were innocent of the political views for which they were executed.

The assassination of Moses Uritsky, head of the Commission Against the Counter-Revolution, and the attempt on the life of Premier Lenine were direct results of this condition of tyranny, say the advices. Besides the 500 persons who were shot in connection with the death of Uritsky, a large number of other persons are held for execution in the event that further attempts are made on the lives of the Bolshevist leaders.

A general search is being made of the homes in Moscow of the well-to-do and of former officers in an effort to obtain any shred of evidence upon which to make arrests. The prisons are filled to overflowing and executions continue daily. In many cases, it is said, sentences are passed upon the slight grounds that the accused might be dangerous to Bolshevist power.

In addition, irresponsible and avengeful gangs are venting on innocent persons their desperation over the daily declining power of the Bolsheviki, while the Socialists, who are opposing the Soviet Government, have adopted the same methods that they once used against the tyranny of the Imperial Government.

All newspapers in Moscow, except the Bolshevist organs, have been suppressed since July 1, and in these are to be published the names of persons executed or held prisoners in connection with the killing of Uritsky.

HAIG GREETS PERSHING.

Posts Copy of Congratulatory Message Throughout British Army.

LONDON, Monday, Sept. 16. — Field Marshal Haig today issued a special order for the information of British troops in France. It reads:

Sept. 16, 1918.

To General Pershing,

Headquarters American Expeditionary Force:

All ranks of the British armies in France welcome with unbounded admiration and pleasure the victory which attended the initial offensive of the great American armies under your personal command.

I beg of you to accept and to convey to all ranks my best congratulations and those of all ranks of the British armies under my command.

BULGARS ARE REPORTED ON THE WEST FRONT

Washington to Take No Action, However, Until the Rumor from Belgium Is Confirmed.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 17.—Bulgarian regiments have arrived at Maubeuge to co-operate with the German troops on the western front, according to the Echo Belge.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Unofficial reports that Bulgarian troops have appeared on the wetsern front attracted attention here today, but the question of formally adding Bulgaria to the list of enemies of the United States will not be considered until there is an official report on the subject. The State Department today recalled that investigation proved a similar rumor untrue several months ago.

If Bulgarians are fighting in the west, it will mean recognition of a state of war between the United States and Bulgaria.

CONCRETE WHITE FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION CO. NEW YORK

We stand on our record of twenty-one years. That's why so many owners decide to

Let WHITE Build it of CONCRETE.

White Fireproof Construction Company NEW YORK

Buy War Savings Stamps

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

An interesting change in exclusive Coat Fashions is indicated by this

Women's Coat-Wrap

Of suede wool velour, with the new corded flare back

(AS ILLUSTRATED)

Unusual at 78.00

MANY new style features distinguish this new Coat-Wrap of suede wool velour—the cord tucked back flaring gracefully from the fitted shoulder yoke, funnel collar of taupe nutria fur and double strapped belted front.

Exquisite rich shades of gunmetal, Congo, bison or navy are unusually effective; soft silk lined throughout and interlined.

Large Velvet Hat (illustrated) real goura trimmed; from French Millinery Shop, Fourth Floor. 28.00

Other Women's Coats Expressing Entirely New Ideas

Coats without Fur	29.50 to 145.00
Fur Trimmed Coats	39.50 to 175.00
Coat-Wraps without Fur	49.50 to 165.00
Fur Trimmed Coat-Wraps	69.50 to 245.00

WOMEN'S COAT SHOP—*Fourth Floor*

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

The Specialty Shop of Originations

FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

THE ANNUAL ADVANCE SEPTEMBER FUR SALE

Features not only the most remarkable values but also the most magnificent and diversified collection of distinguished types in furs that are the established vogue for the coming Winter season. Modes that are distinctively Bonwit Teller & Co. in quality and originality of design.

AT A FULL THIRD AND MORE BELOW REGULAR SEASON'S PRICES

Natural Muskrat & Leopard Cat Coats 110.00
30-inch long model; girdle and large collar and cuffs of Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat) or Nutria.

Hudson Seal & Nutria Coats 145.00
Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat), also Taupe or Natural Nutria, 30-inch long models, shawl collar and belt.

Hudson Seal Coats 195.00
(Dyed muskrat), 45-inch long, full, loose model.

Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats 245.00
Natural Skunk collar and cuffs, 45-inch long model.

Taupe Nutria Coats 175.00
Various types in cape effects and flare models.

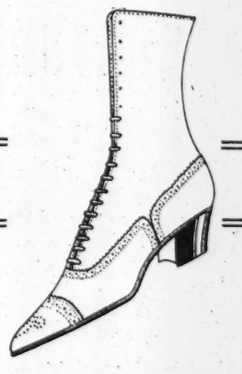
Hudson Seal Model Coats 295.00
40 and 45-inch long models (dyed muskrat), in various styles.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Offer Unequalled Values in

Women's and Misses' Smartest of Boots



At $8 At $8

We could not possibly offer footwear of such all around excellence if we had not laid our plans far ahead. Good leathers are becoming more and more difficult to obtain, and prices have advanced since these splendid boots were obtained as never before. There are five very graceful models to select from—one pictured above—in

Dark Russia Calfskin with Grey Nu-Buck Tops.
All Brown Russia Calfskin.
Fine Grade of All Brown Kidskin.
Brown Kidskin with Mouse Color Tops.
Gun Metal Calf with Grey Nu-Buck Tops.
Gun Metal Calfskin or Black Kidskin.
Black Kidskin with Grey Nu-Buck Tops.
Patent Leather with Grey Nu-Buck Tops.
All Dark Grey Kidskin.

All made with leather heels in 1-inch, 1½-inch, and 1¾-inch styles. Also one model with Leather Louis XV. heel—Brown Kidskin only. *Second Floor*

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, B'way, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

A Fall Attraction

Our Fall Hats Are HERE!

The "Lansdowne"
(Trade-mark reg. appld. for)
$3.89
has been a standard among many of our customers for several seasons. Always workmanship like in its appearance, graceful and stylish, made of pure fur felt, fitted with genuine leather sweat band, in the new olive shade, brown, gray, Oxford and myrtle, it is a better buy than similarly priced hats elsewhere.

The Field Club $4.89
and The New Special at $2.89 are also to be found in the prevailing shades, and styles. All three hats come in flat, curled or staple brims.

Macy's—Main Floor, Centre, 35th St.

New Shirts (For Men)
We have only just opened a new shipment of fine madras shirts, offering many new ideas in colored designs. The assortment in general covers the popular stripe on white ground effect.
PRICES, $1.89 to $3.24.
Special Fibre Weaves in a shirt of exceptional wearing quality, in striking color combinations, with soft cuffs, negligee model, offered at $3.89.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Fall Caps for Schoolboys

New English models with straight back. Satin lined. In rich velour checks and Homespun Tweeds, in grays, tans and browns. With snap visor, $2.24
Golf Caps, full shaped, lined and taped, in all wanted colors and checks, 94c to $1.44

Macy's—Second Floor, Rear, 34th St.

The Unattached Quarter
you are likely to spend for something you don't need is the quarter the Government wants.
War Stamps sold at all Department Stores and at hundreds of other places.

STORE HOURS
Store opens at 9 A. M. and closes at 5:30 P.M.

Another Supply of Red Cross Trunks

The Red Cross steamer trunks advertised recently went fast because they met a real need with re... service.
These trunks are compact, durable, according to regulation specifications and PRICED LOWER BY AT LEAST 6% THAN OUR COMPETITORS ASK FOR THE SAME ARTICLE.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Rear.

PARIS OUTLINES BELLIGERENTS' AIMS

Great Object of Allies at Present Is to Clear All France of Huns.

GERMANS WORK FOR PEACE

Observers Believe That Disgusted People at Home Will Take Care of Prussian Militarism.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—The two great outstanding objects of the Allies and the enemy, respectively, are now becoming more clear in the eyes of public opinion here with every day's operations. That of the Allies, for the time being, is simply and solely to drive the Germans out of France. Outside of this imperative duty, nothing else really counts; for it involves all else that the great fraternal nations who have banded together against the common enemy have in view. Driving the Germans out of France means the decisive defeat of the enemy and degradation of Germany as a military power in the eyes of the whole world. Destruction of German militarism which, in addition to being attacked by the Allies from the outside world, will almost certainly be also combated by the disillusioned and disgusted German people at home. All Foch's victorious strategy during the battle which began on July 18 and is still undergoing successful development, points to driving the Germans out of France as its fundamental object.

The policy of the Germans has now become equally clear to observers here. Harassed by the British, badly beaten time after time by the French, driven back by the Americans, Hertling, von Payer, and the Emperor himself are loudly proclaiming their readiness to negotiate for peace, to renounce their conquests, and to rejoin the community of nations. As Paris sees it, the sole object of the Germans now is to patch up a temporary peace in order to disintegrate the present political and diplomatic organization of the Allies and enable the enemy to gain time to create a more powerful military machine than ever by embodying in his armies the millions of men he hopes sooner or later to draw from Poland, the Ukraine, Lithuania, and his other conquests in the East, and to be in a position to plunge Europe into another and even more tremendous blood bath in ten years' time.

France is absolutely at one with President Wilson that the destruction of Prussian militarism is the irreducible minimum of the Allies. Hertling, von Payer, William the Second, as France sees it, are merely the puppets of Hindenburg, in whose hands are the strings that make them act. There can therefore be no question of the present German peace overtures being for one moment regarded as worthy of attention here. It is felt the only possible reply to Hindenburg's thinly-disguished hypocrisies is the reply given by Pershing in Lorraine, by Mangin at Laffaux Windmill, and by Haig between Béthune and La Bassée.

Germany, in the common interests of humanity itself, must be beaten to a frazzle, as Roosevelt would say. The German mad dog must be treated as every sane man would treat a mad dog, and beaten till she is powerless to do further harm in the world.

It is anticipated here that the next week or two, as Foch's blows continue, will see several further pretended peace offers; and it is regarded as probable that at least one neutral agency will be employed for this purpose. So far as France is concerned, however, all such offers will fall on absolutely deaf ears. Pacifism as a factor in the French body politic is now nonexistent. An indication may be gathered from the fact that L'Humanité, the Socialist organ founded by Jean Jaurès, today announces the resignation of its political director, Pierre Renaudel. L'Humanité has for some years been the leading and most serious representative of pacifist ideas in the Paris press. The resignation of its director is not unconnected with the fact that the circulation of the journal has sunk almost to negligible figures in consequence of the changed opinions of its former leaders on this vital question of pacifism.

Their belief in collectivism as a political economic faith is probably stronger today than ever, in view of the rampant profiteering by almost every class of retail trader since the war began, but pacifism in every shape and form is now regarded by them as an unclean thing. France has suffered too much from Brother Boche to regard him henceforward with any kind of fraternal feeling. Internationalism in France is dead, and the handful of extreme Socialist Deputies who still profess to uphold it are surely doomed to political extinction at the first opportunity.

In such circumstances it can be readily understood why a very scant amount of space was devoted by the press of Paris to Lloyd George's Manchester speech, while comment was markedly conspicuous by its absence. The fact is significant. The Premier's suggestion that the Allies should not impose on Germany a kind of peace we would not be inclined to accept ourselves if we were in a similar position, has, to say the least of it, met with no favorable welcome here. For this reason, perhaps, the speech has been largely passed over in silence by the press, but has nevertheless attracted a good deal of attention in circles where conversation is untrammeled.

Tolishus Goes on Trial Today.

AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Judge George W. Ray, in the United States District Court here today, denied the motion of attorneys for John A. Tolishus of Syracuse for a change of venue from this district and directed immediate trial of Tolishus on the six counts of the indictment charging him with seditious utterances. A jury will be drawn tomorrow.

FAY TO SERVE HIS TERM.

Atlanta Prisoner Here by Cruiser After Escape to Spain.

Lieutenant Robert Fay, a German army officer who was convicted in 1915 of being concerned in a plot to blow up allied ships at sea, and who shortly after began to serve his term in the Atlanta Penitentiary, made his escape and succeeded in crossing the border into Mexico, was brought back to New York yesterday. He was arrested in Spain after a chase by American Secret Service agents which lasted more than two years. Fay was landed at an Atlantic port yesterday by a United States cruiser on which he was brought back to this country.

Fay was shabbily dressed and appeared to be "down and out" when he was led into the office of Chief De Woody of the Department of Justice Bureau of Investigation yesterday afternoon. Chief De Woody questioned the German for more than three hours. Only agents of the Government were permitted to talk to the prisoner, and no statement regarding any disclosures that Fay might have made was issued at the time.

Fay will be kept several days. He will then be returned to the penitentiary to resume the serving of his sentence. He is a man of intelligence, and is said to be a close friend of Franz Rintelen, the master plotter, who is also serving an American prison sentence because of activities in this country as a German plotter and spy.

HONOR CONSTITUTION DAY.

Schools Have Special Exercises and Special Display of Flags Is Made.

Yesterday was the one hundred and thirty-seventh anniversary of the adoption of the United States Constitution in Independence Hall, Philadelphia, and the event was commemorated by special exercises and short talks to the scholars on its historical features in most of the public schools.

The Sons of the American Revolution and other patriotic societies requested their members to make a special display of flags. Dr. Robert M. McElroy, educational director of the National Security League, said that a special effort would be made by that organization to arrange a national celebration on June 21 next, which will be the anniversary of the final adoption of the Constitution by two-thirds of the thirteen States.

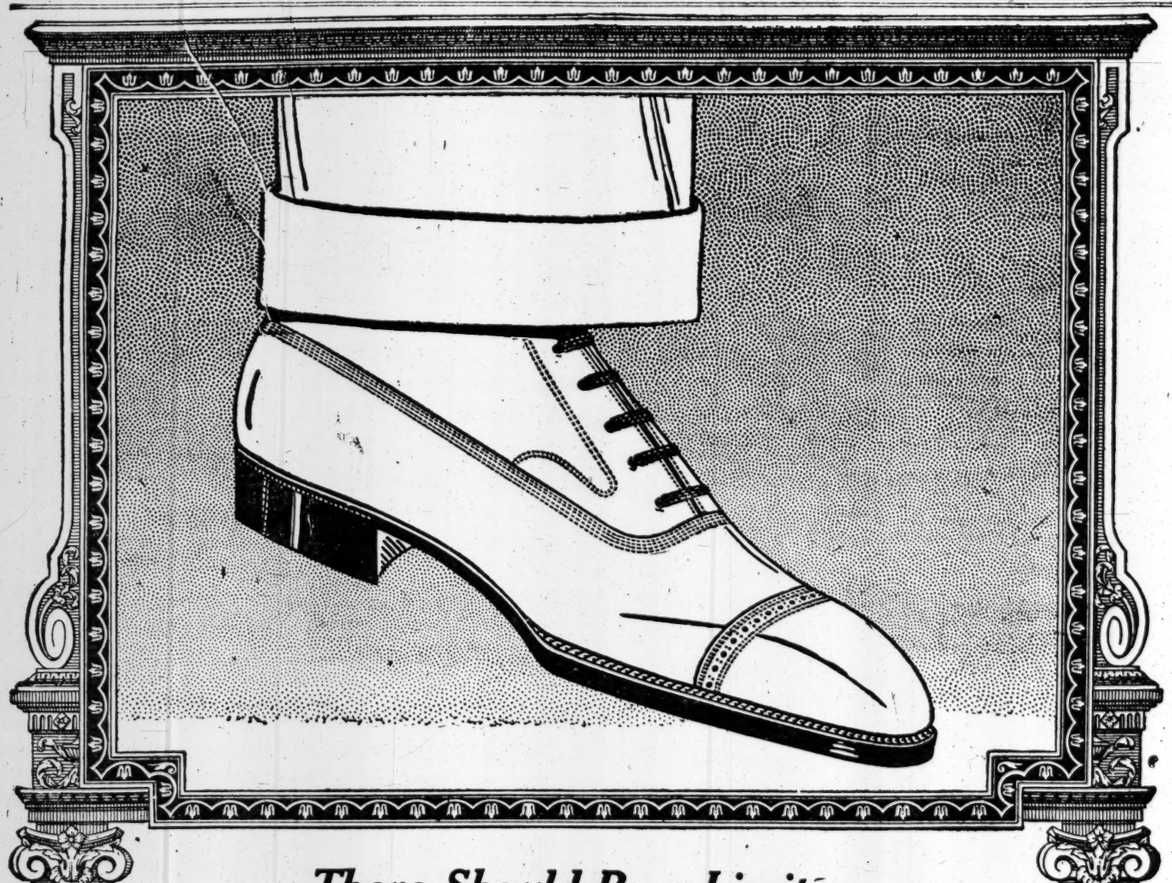
J.M. Gidding & Co.
854 856 858 Fifth Avenue AT 48TH ST. N.Y.

PRESENT

The Most Distinguished Collection of Superb Fashions in its History

—GOWNS—WRAPS—COATS—
TAILORED SUITS—DRESSES—BLOUSES
—MILLINERY AND FURS—

Informal Displays now being held



There Should Be a Limit on the Price You Pay for Shoes

SOME men pay $15 to $25 for a pair of street shoes these days.

Increased prices are such a usual thing now that a man is tempted to pay an increase without questioning.

He may know the necessity for cutting down to essentials during war-time but he still pays for "store atmosphere", exclusive store location, needless variety of styles.

Plain facts in the shoe business are hard to contradict.

When it comes to buying the best leather and materials the great shoe manufacturer with a concentrated line has the advantage. He has the advantage, too, in designing talent, in manufacturing.

Take the Regal Shoe Company for example; we serve over 2,000,000 customers; we are in intimate contact with the public every day through our sixty Metropolitan Stores; we have introduced to the trade many advanced methods of efficient manufacturing; we stand alone today in our policy of concentrating our great organization on the choicest styles and leathers.

And yet with a fair profit added we feel justified in asking only $12.50 as a top price this season.

The man who sticks to essentials needs no better shoe than the Crest (illustrated) in tan Calf-skin, $8.50; in black Calf-skin $8.25; in genuine Cordovan with Calf-skin top to match, **$11.25**

FIND YOUR REGAL STORE

NEW YORK: 81 Nassau St. · 175 Broadway · Broadway at Duane St. · Broadway at 10th St. · Broadway at 27th St. · Broadway at 37th St. · Broadway at 50th St. · St. Nicholas Avenue at 181st St. · 14th St. and 3rd Ave. · 6th Ave. at 21st St. · 40 West 34th St. · 125th St. at 7th Ave. · 2929 Third Ave. · 991-993 So. Boulevard

BROOKLYN: 4 Flatbush Ave. · 1049 Broadway · 1375 Broadway · 357 Fulton St. · 301 Broadway · 466 Fifth Ave.

NEWARK, N. J. 825 Broad Street · JERSEY CITY 108 Newark Ave.

Regal Shoes for Women, $6.75 to $14.00 · *Regal Shoes* for Men, $5.50 to $12.50

Hosiery to Match Regal Shoes · *War Thrift Stamps* sold in all Regal Stores

REGAL SHOES

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Men Here's a straightforward, man-to-man talk on a subject of vital importance— Clothes

THIS SEASON, you'll pay more than usual for your clothes—or you will not get the quality to which you have been accustomed.

Forget the price. The value of clothes can be measured only in terms of service rendered.

You men who demand, and must obtain, genuine service from your clothes, will find, if you do not already know, that only the best is truly cheap.

Well qualified judges have been good enough to place our clothes at the top of the list—*not surpassed by even the finest custom tailoring.*

If we could take you through our shops, and show you personally the care and attention that go into every detail of the making, we would be able to demonstrate very conclusively that there are *none better made* than

Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes

Every article that enters into the making of these clothes must conform to the highest known standards.

Woollens must be all wool. The assurance of the textile manufacturer is not enough. The fabric must be subjected to the so-called "boiling test" in which the wool is dissolved by caustic potash, but if cotton is present it remains unchanged. The slightest trace of cotton means rejection of the cloth.

Colors must be lasting. In order to determine this point, every pattern is tested under the rays of a specially constructed, powerful electric arc lamp which produces on color the same effect as long exposure to brilliant sunlight.

Woollens must be standard weight. They are classified according to weights per yard, such as twelve-ounce, fourteen-ounce, sixteen-ounce, etc. Every piece of woollen used in Stein-Bloch Clothes is tested to be sure that it is full weight.

Every piece of woollen is carefully inspected. On a large frame, facing a strong, clear, north light, the cloth is slowly unwound and spread before a trained inspector, whose duty it is to detect every imperfection and mark it in such a manner that it will be avoided when the garment is cut.

All fabrics are thoroughly shrunk. The London cold water process is used, in which the woollens are saturated by means of wet cloths folded in alternate layers, thus giving more even distribution of moisture than can be obtained by any other method. No wearer of Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes need ever fear further shrinking of the clothes.

Canvas, linens, tapes, etc., used in linings and trimmings, are also subjected to the same thorough shrinking.

All fabrics are air-dried after shrinking. Experience has shown that drying in the natural air, although much slower, gives better results than drying with artificial heat. Consequently, the wet woollens, canvas and linens are hung on frames in lofts with windows open, except in very severe weather, and allowed to remain until dry.

After shrinking and drying, the sparkling finish of the woollens is gone. To restore this nap and finish, the cloth is folded between alternate layers of smooth, hard calendar boards and subjected to hydraulic pressure of forty thousand pounds to the square foot. When taken from the press, the wool has even more life, snap and sparkle than before shrinking.

Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes have always avoided the freakish and the extreme. They have, rather, expressed the dignity and refinement that are foremost in demand by the real red-blooded American, yet they have been distinguished by unique style features conforming to the need of the men for whom they were designed.

Different ages, different tastes, different figures, and different environments all demand models and styles to meet their own peculiar requirements.

Each group is studied by itself—for lines, for sizes and for woollens—and the style best adapted for the group becomes the standard style. A master-pattern is designed, from which the range of patterns is determined and made.

With the longs, shorts, stouts and regulars in each size, and the many sizes in each model, there are literally hundreds of patterns to fit as many different types and sizes of men.

Consequently, unless a man is unusually abnormal in figure, there is at least one pattern in the Stein-Bloch shops that will produce a garment as perfect-fitting as if it were made solely and specially for him.

Accuracy in tailoring begins with the marking. The difference in the width of chalk lines may measure the difference between good tailoring and bad. When the patterns are laid upon the woollens, spread out on long tables, the outlines are traced with chalk that is sharpened to an extremely fine edge.

So, also, in the cutting, every stroke of the shears must be exact. In order to avoid the variation between the top and bottom layers that generally occurs when several thicknesses of woollens are being cut at the same time, Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes are cut one suit at a time with shears.

These and other special precautions in the tailoring may seem like unnecessary details, but it is the careful attention to just such seeming trifles that has resulted in the well-known Stein-Bloch perfection.

Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes are hand-tailored. This means that in every operation where we believe skilled hand-tailoring will accomplish better results than machine work, the former is used.

For example, the shaping of the collar and the roll of the lapel are obtained by hundreds of unseen stitches worked in as the lining is skillfully rolled over the finger. This shaping can be obtained in no other way; and it is such work that has earned for Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes the reputation for lasting service.

The style is tailored in—not merely pressed in by the skill of a man with a hot iron.

There are hundreds of other details that even the finest custom tailors rarely ever bother about; for instance, the pressing after each individual sewing operation to insure accuracy in style and fit; the matching of the trimmings and sewing silk with the colors in the fabric; the exact length of the button shanks to facilitate buttoning and to prevent unnecessary pulling at the buttonholes; the use of all-linen canvas and tapes in trimmings; special reinforcements of pockets to prevent sagging and pulling away; and so on.

Clothing—even good clothing—can be made in much less time, and with many short cuts in the making. But there is only one standard—the ideal of highest quality—in the making of Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes, and any garment that does not conform in every respect with this standard is unworthy to bear the Stein-Bloch label.

The additional time and attention to detail that are put into the making and tailoring of Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes are more than compensated for in the additional service and satisfaction they give to their wearers.

For Sale by JOHN DAVID Broadway at 32d St. New York

THE STEIN-BLOCH CO. WHOLESALE TAILORS ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

A well-known footlight favorite says that the hardest thing an actress has to do is *to live up to her posters.* Same way with Clothes!

Stein-Bloch Clothes are the only Clothes I know which go *beyond their representations.*

And—it is my constant aim to render a service that goes *beyond your expectations* in civility without servility, cordiality without cajolery, and in assistance to the purchaser without the slightest insistence that he purchase. Stein-Bloch Suits and Topcoats for Town or Country—$35 to $65.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

CHIP IN A
FIVE SPOT FOR
THE Y. M. C. A.

THOMPSON-STARRETT
COMPANY
Building Construction

$2 Invested in
VOGUE
(a tiny fraction of your loss on a single ill-chosen hat or gown)
Will Save You
$200

This year, above all others, when extravagance and waste must be avoided, you should have Vogue at hand.

For now, every woman must devote even more than her usual care to the selection of every detail of her wardrobe, so that not one hat, gown, or wrap may remain unworn and its price wasted.

The gown you buy and never wear is the really expensive gown. Gloves, boots, hats that miss being exactly what you want are the ones that cost more than you can afford.—Vogue's

Forecast Number
(Ready Now)

and the nine great Autumn Fashion and Winter Fashion Numbers which follow it, show you exactly what can be bought, what you should choose, and what you should pay for it. And—if you wish—Vogue will purchase for you, without service charge, many of the items of your autumn and winter wardrobe.

Special Offer:

9 Issues of Vogue $2

Don't bother to enclose a cheque, or even write a letter. The coupon will do, and is easier and quicker. With one stroke of the pen you will solve your entire autumn and winter clothes problem. Your subscription will begin at once.

VOGUE, 19 W. 44th St., New York City

Please send me the next NINE numbers of Vogue. I will forward $2 upon receipt of bill. (OR) I enclose $2 herewith. It is understood that if this order is returned promptly you will send me, besides the nine numbers, a complimentary copy of the current Forecast of Autumn Fashions Numbers, making TEN issues in all. [NYT-9-18-18]

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APPLIED DESIGN FOR WOMEN
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Department of Interior Decoration under H. L. Parkhurst. Textile and Wall Paper Design. Antique, Life and Costume Classes. Fashion Illustration. Historic Ornament. Poster Design and Advanced Commercial Art under C. Matlack Price.
OCTOBER 1 to MAY 15

PLAZA ART ROOMS, INC.
5-7 E. 59th St. E. P. O'REILLY.
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER.

GERMAN OFFICIAL PLOT TO MURDER

Conspired with Red Leaders to Kill Kaledine and Alexieff, Documents Show.

PRISONERS OF WAR ARMED

Put Into Russian Uniforms and Sent to Help Shoot Down Russian Peasants.

SOVIETS 'DOUBLE CROSSED'

Ukraine Deftly Stolen by Germans While Reds Were Planning to Outwit Their Masters.

Supplied by the Committee on Public Information.

INSTALLMENT IV.

The Plot for a Shameful Peace.

Germany made its Russian peace with its own puppet government, the misnamed Council of People's Commissars, the President of which is Vladimir Ulianov, (Lenine,) the Foreign Minister of which was Leon Trotzky, and the Ambassador of which to Germany is A. Joffe. Germany made this peace harder upon the Russian people as punishment to the ambition of its tools in seeking to become too powerful and in hoping for a little while not only that Russia would be delivered over to them, but that they could double-cross their masters by turning a simulated German revolution into a real one.

But their craftiness was a toy in the hands of rough German force. Germany was actually double-crossing them by negotiating with the Ukrainian Rada at the moment they dreamed they were tricking Germany.

Germany, however, did not discard the Bolshevist leaders, recognizing their further use in the German-world campaign for internal disorganization in the nations with which it wars, but confined them to the limited inland province which Great Russia proper has now become.

Lenine, according to statements made public as soon as Trotzky's spectacular device of "No peace—no war" failed, always was for peace on any German terms. He dominated the situation thereafter and conceded everything that Germany asked. Nor did Trotzky cease to continue to obey the German orders delivered to him both by General Hoffman at Brest-Litovsk and at Petrograd directly by the Russian division of the German General Staff, which was seated in Petrograd itself from November, and which was still there in full operation when I left, Monday, March 4, the day that Petrograd received notification that peace had been signed at Brest-Litovsk by the Russian and German delegations.

Trotzky, therefore, rests rightly under the accusation of having staged his theatrical scene as a climax to the Russian disorganization desired by Germany. The actual order he gave was for the immediate demobilization of the Russian Army, leaving the German Army unopposed.

The actual effect of the work of the Bolshevist leaders, moreover, was to enable Germany to combine its former army of the Russian front with its western army for the launching of its March offensive in France. Such has been the fruition of Russia's German-directed Bolshevism.

The following documents tell the story of the betrayalof Russia to a shameful and ruinous peace:

DOCUMENT NO. 30.

[Gr. (Great) General Staff, Central Abtheilung, section M/R, No. 408, Feb. 26, 1918.]

SECRET.

TO THE CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL OF THE PEOPLE'S COMMISSARS:

The Department of the Staff has the honer to request data of the attitude of the detachments being sent to Pskoff and to guard against all possible results if in these detachments any will carry on patriotic propaganda and agitations against the German Army.—*Head of the Russian Division German General Staff, O. Rausch; Adjutant, U. Wolf.*

NOTE.—*The Chairman of the Council of People's Commissars is Lenine. At the top of his letter is written comment "Urgent. Chairman of the Council of People's Commissars asks Voladarsky to communicate this to the agitation department. (Signed) Secretary Skripnik." Skripnik is the First Secretary of the Government, personally reporting to Lenine. A second notation in margin is "Central Executive Committee No. 823 to report. (Signed) N. G." The initials, correspond with those of N. Gorbunov, Chief Secretary of the Council of People's Commissars. The detachments being sent to Pskoff at this time were composed of Red Guards and of the recruits of the new Red Army. Pskoff was taken by the Germans without a fight.*

Have original letter.

DOCUMENT NO. 31.

[G. G. S., Nachrichten Bureau, Section R, Feb. 27, 1918.]

VERY SECRET.

TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL OF PEOPLE'S COMMISSARS:

Not having received an exact answer to my question of the 25th of February, I now have the honor to request you to inform me in the shortest possible time the numbers and kind of forces sent to Pskoff and Narva.

At the same time at the orders of the representative of our general staff I once more remind you of the desirability of naming Gen. Parski to the post of commander in chief of the Russian armed forces, in place of Gen. Bonch-Bruevich, whose actions do not meet the approval of the German high command. Since the attacks on the lives and property of the German landowners in Estland and Liftland, which, according to our information, were carried out with the knowledge of Gen. Boch-Bruevich, and his nationalistic actions in Orla, his continuance in the position of general is particularly no longer desirable.—*Head of the Department, Agasfer.*

NOTE.—*Across the letter is written "Send to Trotzky and Podvoisky. (Signed) N. G." (Gorbunov's initials.) Observe the mandatory nature of the whole letter and particularly of the first paragraph. Agasfer, as has been shown, is the cipher signature of Major Luberts, head of the Petrograd Intelligence Department of the German General Staff, the chief branch of the Russian division of the German General Staff, the head of which is Major Rausch, referred to in this letter as the representative of "our General Staff." Apparently both Luberts and Rausch wrote a warning against sending any patriots to the defending forces and seemingly the Bolshevist effort at obedience as indicated in document No. 3 was not fast enough to suit the German martinets. Podvoisky was Minister of War.*

General Parski was appointed to the command of the Petrograd district, and as late as June 14 still held the post. He formerly was in command of the City of Riga, which was surrendered to the Germans without adequate defense in the early Autumn of 1917.

Have original letter.

DOCUMENT NO. 32.

[Gr. General Staff, Nachrichten Bureau, Section R, No. 272-600, Feb. 6, 1918.]

VERY SECRET.

TO THE COMMISSAR OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

I ask you to immediately give the Turkish subject, Carp C. Missirof, a Russian passport in place of the one taken from him, which was given him in 1912 on the basis of the inclosed national passport.

Agent C. Missirof is to be sent to the staff of the Russian high command, where, according to the previous discussion between General Hoffman and Commissars Trotzky and Joffe, he will keep watch on the activity of the head of the staff, General Bonch Bruevich, in the capacity of assistant to the Commissars Kalmanovich and Feierabend.—*For the head of the department, R. Bauer; adjutant, Bukholm.*

NOTE.—*Here we have the behind-the-scene disclosure of the real relations between Trotzky and General Hoffman at Brest-Litovsk, stripping the mask from the public pose. Trotzky got his orders in this case and he carried them out. Across the top of this letter, too, he has written his own conviction, "Ask Joffe. L. T.," while Joffe, whose role seems to be that of the mouthpiece of Germany, has written in the margin, "According to agreement this must be done. A. Joffe." Thereby he becomes a witness for the agreement itself—that pledge between himself, Trotzky, and the Military Chief of the German Government at the Brest-Litovsk conference to betray the commander of the Russian Army when he should attempt to defend Russia against Germany. A second marginal note states that the passport was given Feb. 7, under the Russian name, P. L. Ilin.*

Have original letter and the surrendered passport. Kalmanovich and Feierabend were commissars of counterespionage.

THE UKRAINIAN DOUBLE-CROSS.

How the Bolsheviki themselves were double-crossed in the Ukraine, how the Germans toyed with their puppets to disorganize Russia, with disclosures of plans for assassination of loyal Russian leaders, are shown in the following documents and Mr. Sisson's accompanying notes:

DOCUMENT NO. 33.

[Counter espionage at the Stavka, No. 63, Jan. 10, 1918.]

TO THE COMMISSION FOR COMBATTING THE COUNTER-REVOLUTION:

The commissar on combating the counter-revolution in a cipher telegram, No. 235, demanded the sending of special agents to Kieff and Novocherkask.

There have been sent Comrades Vlasenko, Gavrilchuk, and Korablev, who have more than once very successfully performed information service. The commissar in his cipher telegram indicates that the German and Austrian agents assigned from Petrograd, Lieutenants Otto Kremer, Blum, and Vasilko, are playing a double rôle, reporting on what is happening at Petrograd, and they carry on an intensive agitation in favor of a separate peace of the Ukraine with the Central Powers, and for the restoring of order. Their work is having success.

To Siberia have been ordered Comrades Trefiley and Shepshelevich, in connection with your report of the purchase and export of gold by Austrian prisoners in Siberia.—*Director of Counter Espionage Feierabend.*

NOTE.—*So stands disclosed the manner in which Germany set about to double-cross the Bolshevist servants who in success had become at times uppish in bargaining with their masters. It was not a part of the German program to create in Russia a power which it could not at any time control, or; if need be, overturn. Its plan here had the additional advantage of not only disciplining the Petrograd Bolsheviki, but also of disunifying Russia still further. It worked out to a separate peace with Ukraine and a separate peace with northern Russia. Lieutenant Otto is the Konshin afterward arrested for some unknown betrayal. See document No. 2.*

Have photograph of letter.

DOCUMENT NO. 34.

[Counter espionage at Stavka, No. 511, Jan. 30, 1918.]

TO THE COMMISSION FOR COMBATING THE COUNTER-REVOLUTION:

You are informed that the German and Austrian officers located at Kiev now have private meetings with members of the deposed Rada. They insistently inform us of the inevitable signing and ratification of peace treaties, both between the Ukraine and the Central Powers and between Rumania and Austria and Germany.—*Chief of the Counter Espionage, Feierabend: Commissar Kalmanovich.*

NOTE.—*Corroborative of the preceding document. The separate peace with Ukraine already had been signed.*

Have photograph of letter.

DOCUMENT NO. 35.

[G. G. S., Nachrichten Bureau, No. 181, December, 1917.]

VERY URGENT.

TO THE COMMISSAR OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

In accordance with your request, the intelligence section on Nov. 29 sent to Rostof Major von Boehlke, who arranged there a survey over the forces of the Don Troop Government. The Major also organized a detachment of prisoners of war, who took part in the battles. In this case the prisoners of war, in accordance with the directions given by the July conference at Kronstadt, participated in by Messrs. Lenine, Zinovieff, Kameneff, Raskolnikoff, Dybenko, Shisko, Antonoff, Krilenko, Volodarsky, and Podvoisky, were dressed in Russian army and navy uniforms. Major von Boehlke took part in commanding, but the conflicting orders of the official commander Arnautoff and the talentless activity of the scout Tulak paralyzed the plans of our officer.

The agents sent by order from Petrograd to kill Generals Kaledine, Bogaevsky, and Alexieff were cowardly and nonenterprising people. Agents passed through to Karauloff. The communications of General Kaledine, with the Americans and English are beyond doubt, but they limit themselves entirely to financial assistance. Major von Boehlke returned to Petrograd and will make a report today at the office of the Chairman of the Council at 10 P. M.—*For the head of department, R. Bauer.*

NOTE.—*This is a cold-blooded disclosure of a German-Bolshevist plant for the assasination of Kaledine and Alexieff, as well as proof of a condition often denied by Smolny during the Winter—that German prisoners were being armed as Russian soldiers in the struggle against the Russian Nationalists on the Don. The letter also contains the most complete list of the participants in the July conspiracy conference at Kronstadt. The marginal comment opposite the assassination paragraph is, "Who sent them?" in an unidentified handwriting. Major von Boehlke is a German officer referred to in Document No. 5. His cipher signature is Schott.*

Have photograph of letter.

DOCUMENT NO. 36.

[G. G. S., Nachrichten Bureau, No. 136, Nov. 26, 1917.]

VERY SECRET.

TO THE COUNCIL OF PEOPLE'S COMMISSARS:

In accordance with your request, the Intelligence Section of the General Staff informs the Council of People's Commissars that the Ukrainian Commission at the Austrian high command, in which participate the empowered representatives of the German Staff, has worked out a plan of the activities of the revolutionaries known to the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Deputies—Chudovsky, Boyardsky, Gubarsky, and Platokov—who are under the full direction of the Austro-Hungarian high command.

The Commander in Chief of the Russian Army has been made acquainted by Schott with plans of the Austro-German high command and will cooperate with him.—*Head of Department, Agasfer.*

NOTE.—*At this early time there was harmony all around on the Ukraine program, Germans, Austrians, and the Commissars in complete brotherhood. Schott is Major von Boehlke and Agasfer is Major Luberts.*

Have photograph of letter.

LABORITES TO DISCUSS AMERICA'S WAR AIMS

Gompers Appeals to Inter-Allied Conference Not to Adopt a Coercive Policy.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—The fourth Inter-Allied Labor and Socialist Conference called since the beginning of the war opened in London today, with representatives of Great Britain, the United States, France, Italy, Belgium, and Greece in attendance. The American delegates, Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor; John P. Fry, and William Bowen, arrived early at the convention hall.

Questions arising from the war formed the chief subjects of discussion. A statement by Mr. Gompers, on the views of American labor was awaited with great interest. Ex-Premier Kerensky of Russia attended the afternoon session of the conference and received a seat on the platform. Arthur Henderson, leader of the Labor Party in the House of Commons, explained that the regular Russian delegates had not arrived, although they had received passports to leave Bergen, Norway. Mr. Henderson said that he had received a long cablegram from these delegates appealing to the labor parties of the Western Powers to dispatch a commission to investigate the attitude of the masses in Russia toward the Soviet Government.

The message added that the Russian workmen were powerless against their oppressors and that intervention by the western proletariat would substantially facilitate the overcoming of the Russian crisis. The latest Bolshevist outrages and the agreement of the Bolshevist leaders with the Germans were aimed at the destruction of the Socialists, they said.

A lively discussion arose over the voting system. Samuel Gompers said that, although the American Socialist Party was not represented at the conference, the American Federation of Labor did not yield an inch in its claim to represent the whole American labor movement, and he protested against any system of block voting, and against the French Delegate Longuet's proposal that the American Federation should be apportioned only a certain number of votes. He appealed to the conference not to adopt a coercive policy.

A sharp debate followed, but no decision was reached on this subject.

First place in the conference it was decided, should be given to a discussion of American war aims proposals.

THE STORY OF REVILLON FURS

© 1918

Tukalook and his Wife

THE Eskimo trapper is honest and gentle but primitive in his ways. He lives in a snow hut built of large snow blocks, which he cuts with huge knives made for the purpose. These snow knives are among the trading articles most in demand in the Hudson's Bay district. Field glasses are also very highly prized, as they enable the Eskimo hunter to see at a distance the herds of caribou which furnish his winter's meat supply.

Mrs. Tukalook wears furs, and she can skin very expertly the animals her husband traps, but she knows nothing of the subsequent processes by which furs are made into the smart coats and sets offered to Revillon patrons in the New York and Paris stores.

Revillon Frères
Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street

Remember to Buy Your Share of Thrift Stamps Regularly.

Paris
London

Best & Co.

Greeley
1234

Fifth Ave. at 35th St.
Est. 1879

At this time, when a woman wonders what she will buy and where she will buy it, we offer the answer.

The garments are chosen with an eye to the latest developments of the mode and of their consequent value to the purchaser. This is one of the many reasons for our ever-increasing business.

It's Because You're Discriminating That You Will Fancy These Dresses

One model (*as illustrated*) is so attractive that we decided to have it made up in three materials, which would all be distinctive. Therefore, chose well-finished tricotine, the material which somewhat resembles gabardine, the kind of velveteen which doesn't turn gray and a remarkable combination of velveteen and tricolette (heavy fibre jersey). The modified basque tapers into a belt which fastens in the back under a pouch. The apron panel lengthens at the sides and the little slip pockets are finished with embroidered arrows, varying the latest style notes to better advantage. Remarkable values at 59.50

Hosiery for Women at Low Prices

Women's "Ahtab" Stockings

All silk stockings, of finest quality, which are sold exclusively by us. In seven fashionable colorings. 1.75 pr.

Baby's All Wool Stockings, soft and comfortable. Will not irritate the tender skin of the infant. *Sizes 4½ to 6½.* .60 pr.

Silk and wool mixed stockings for the baby. Made of highest grade materials. *Sizes 4½ to 6½.* .75 pr.

Just in time for Equinoctials!

TRENCH COATS WHICH WILL PROVE A BOON on the coldest, rainiest days, have an added flap to protect the chest. The detachable fleece lining may be taken out on balmy days and attached again when Jack Frost reigns. A coat whose serviceability is not limited to just rainy weather wear, is also splendid coat for motoring. 32.50

ENGLISH MACKINTOSHES as illustrated, with a large enveloping cape will readily serve as a protector, besides giving ample room for the many packages which the patriotic woman carries with her. Smart, comfortable and practical, and giving a new style touch for garments of this kind. 27.50

AUTHENTIC RUMORS HAVE IT that there is a very rainy season ahead. Therefore, every one is urged to get a raincoat or rain cape at the earliest possible opportunity. Included in our rather large assortments of rainy-day apparel, there are Canton coats with deep slot pockets; crepe de chine coats, well rain-proofed, with storm cuffs, and last, but not least, a new poplin model. 7.50 to 19.50

We are showing a complete line of women's desirable jersey suits of splendid quality material in all the Fall and Winter colorings. One, for instance, is a cape suit, and indicates just what a clever designer can do with a modish material. Adaptable for sports and autumn wear.

You Never Pay More at Best's

Stern Brothers
West 42nd and 43rd Streets

Girls' Military Coat

(As illustrated)
Sizes 6 to 14 yrs.

$25.00

This unusually smart and serviceable model is made of navy blue wool cheviot. The detachable cape is lined with red flannel. The brass buttons, belt and patch pockets impart a decided military effect.

Girls' Apparel on the Third Floor

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE-FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

The Department for
Young Men's Clothing

is showing, in a specially reserved section of the Sixth Floor, the Autumn and Winter models in

STUDENTS' SUITS

designed exclusively for the schoolboy who is donning his first long trousers.

These Suits are made of the best materials, including blue serge and the always popular mixed tweeds, are cut on nobby lines that will particularly appeal to the fastidious youth, and are variously and most attractively priced at

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32nd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

WE ANNOUNCE
The Fall Opening
Of New Fabrics for
Men's Tailored Suits
Cut to Your Own Measure

$37.50, $40.50, $42.50
$47.50 and $55.00

—a range of prices that are so moderate that anyone can conserve expense.

—a range of fabrics so large that one can choose selectively.

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We have one hundred good all wool materials to be made to your measure in choice fall patterns and tailored as you want them.
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The Fischer Protector brings ready relief and lasting comfort to sufferers from bunions or enlarged joints. Worn in any shoe—no larger size required. Hides irregularities of foot form. More than half a million in use.

Fischer Protector

Wearers would not do without it at any price, so great is relief and comfort obtained. Not plaster or rubber, but a scientifically constructed device made of the best flexible material. Worn over stocking—self adjusting.

For Sale by All Shoe Dealers, Druggists and Department Stores.

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This famous reliever of rheumatic aches, soreness, stiffness, painful sprains, neuralgic pains, and most other external twinges that humanity suffers from, enjoys its great sales because it rarely fails to bring speedy, comforting relief.

Always ready for use, it takes little to *penetrate without rubbing* and produce results. Clean, refreshing. At all drug stores. A large bottle means economy.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

NEW HEAT

Solves Fuel Question
Price $12.50
Makes your own gas anywhere. Fits into any coal or wood stove. Cheaper than city gas for cooking and heating.

Agencies Open.
Keep This Ad.
See Exhibit Daily.

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1211 Broadway, near 29th St., N. Y.

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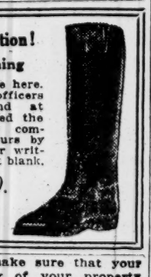
General Pershing
has his boots made here. Other prominent officers "over there" and at camp have followed the example of their commander. Order yours by calling in person or writing for measurement blank.



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EVENTS IN RUSSIA

Current History Magazine for September gives the facts regarding developments in Russia and gives an understanding of the Czechoslovak movement. 25c a copy—$3 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times.

CAMPAIGN FUNDS UNDER SCRUTINY

Department of Justice Investigating Expenditures in This and Other States.

CAUSES A TILT IN SENATE

Resolution Authorizing Inquiry Into Michigan Race Is Demanded by the Republicans.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—An investigation begun by the Department of Justice into expenditures of funds in recent Senatorial and Congressional campaigns in a number of States may be followed by inquiries by the Senate Election Committee into expense accounts of candidates for nomination to the Senate.

A resolution authorizing the committee to inquire into expenditures in the recent primary in Michigan, in which Truman H. Newberry received the Republican nomination for Senator, and in any other States where large expenditures appear unwarranted, was introduced in the Senate today by Senator Pomerene of Ohio, a Democrat.

The resolution was referred to the Elections Committee after some discussion, during which Senator Townsend of Michigan, Republican, declared its introduction to be "in furtherance of a political scheme that originated in the White House" when President Wilson asked Henry Ford to accept the Democratic nomination for Senator.

While the Senate was discussing the resolution it became known that the Department of Justice had begun an investigation into campaign expenditures in New York, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, West Virginia, and other States. The progress of this investigation and the time it was inaugurated were not made known.

In offering his resolution Senator Pomerene filed a copy of the expense account of Mr. Newberry in his campaign, which showed total contributions of $178,856 and a total expenditure of $176,568. Contributions to the fund, according to the report, ranged from $1 to $99,000.

Opinion regarding the Senate authority to conduct such an investigation before a candidate was elected to office was divided. Senator Pomerene declared there was no question as to the Senate's authority, but Senator Lodge and other Republican leaders said they did not think the Senate had such powers. If the investigation is to be made, however, Senator Lodge urged that it be sweeping, and apply to all States.

Senator Townsend defended Mr. Newberry, and, while not opposing the investigation, said this is not the time to make it.

Denial that politics prompted the resolution was made by Senator Pomerene, while Senator Kenyon, Republican, of Iowa declared that if Congress permits these enormous expenditures to go unnoticed, a poor man will soon be unable to be elected to the Senate.

DETROIT, Sept. 17.—Truman H. Newberry, Commander of the Third Naval District, defeated Henry Ford, Chase S. Osborn, and William G. Simpson for the Republican Senatorial nomination in the Michigan primary election held on Aug. 27. Mr. Ford, who made the race on both Republican and Democratic tickets, won the Democratic nomination from James W. Helme of Adrian.

Complete figures on the Republican primaries were given out at the State capital in Lansing today. They show that Newberry received 114,963, Ford 71,800, Osborn 47,019, and Simpson 5,080 votes.

The statement of receipts and disbursements of the committee that conducted the campaign for Commander Newberry was filed with the County Clerk here Sept. 7. It showed expenditures of $176,568.08, the biggest item of expenditure being $147,860 for newspaper advertising. John S. Newberry, a brother of the candidate, was listed as the largest individual contributor, with $99,900.

Courts Ask Bar to Save Paper.

TRENTON, Sept. 17.—Chancellor Edwin Robert Walker today issued a statement in which he said that on account of the shortage of paper in the country the Court of Errors and Appeals and the Supreme Court had requested the Bar of New Jersey during the duration of the war to print only what is required to be printed by the rules, and to print with as narrow a margin as will suffice to permit of binding, notwithstanding the present rules for a large margin. It is also requested that covers for records and briefs be omitted, and as much matter as possible with the use of such type as is now commonly used should be printed on a page.

Mrs. Annable Dies of Auto Injuries.

Mrs. Mary J. Annable, President of the Wayside Home for Girls and Chairman of the Committee of Five to secure women justices to try delinquent girls, died on Monday at White Lake, N. Y., as the result of an automobile accident which occurred when she and her husband, Henry J. Annable, were returning to their home at 425 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn.

REOPENS HEARINGS ON TRANSIT SERVICE

Commission Hears That Interborough and New York Railways Cannot Obey Order.

MEN AND MONEY LACKING

Surface Line Company Declares Intention to Seek Relief in the Courts.

The Public Service Commission granted a rehearing yesterday to the Interborough Rapid Transit Company on the order for the operation of thirty express and twenty local trains an hour in the subway during the rush hours, and gave the New York Railways Company permission to introduce evidence to show why the order directing it to increase its service on the surface lines about 15 per cent. should be vacated.

Before the subway order was issued the commission spent much time taking testimony and pursuing facts in other ways, and it was said to have had abundant reasons for believing that the company could operate the trains ordered. But when the company asked for a rehearing yesterday it was granted instantly. It was intimated later that this ready acquiesence was due to a desire of the commission not to do anything that would strengthen the company if it applied to the courts for a writ of certorari.

James L. Quackenbush appeared for both companies. Edward Dana, Manager of the Boston elevated and surface car lines, and M. G. Feron, General Manager of the Chicago elevated system, testified in behalf of the Interborough company. They assured the commission that it would be impossible to operate the scheduled number of trains in the subway. Asked concerning his qualifications to give expert testimony on transportation, Mr. Dana replied that he had been connected with the Boston company thirteen years.

The witness discussed the inadequate terminals, which, with the lack of men, have already been described by the company as the stumbling blocks in the way of increased subway service. The terminal at Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, and those at Jerome Avenue and 167th Street and Third Avenue and 138th Street, with others, could not be used to advantage until the lines were finished. It was pointed out that more could not be taken out of a bottle than it would hold.

"The schedules made by the commission," he said, "are the maximum of trains which can be run, but the terminals are inadequate, in my opinion, to guarantee a two-minute headway schedule. I regard the order of the commission as a reasonable traffic requirement and one that the situation demands, but it would be impossible to guarantee the service with existing facilities."

Mr. Feron also thought the schedules demanded more than the company could give in the way of service. He spoke of the shortage of men, which, he said, was hampering transportation facilities in all of the cities. The rehearing will be continued at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow.

James L. Quackenbush made no secret of the determination of the New York Railways Company to go into the courts if the commission sought to compel obedience to its order for increased service on the surface lines. He spoke of the company's right to an order restraining the commission, or, if that failed, to a receivership, because of the shortage of men and the desperate financial condition of the company. The order of the commission was the chief result of the efforts of John Candler Cobb of Boston, a Director of the company, to do away entirely with night service.

Action on the order was postponed by the commission until tomorrow afternoon, when the company will again be heard in opposition.

MARTIN SCHENCK DEAD.

Former State Engineer and Surveyo Was 69 Years Old.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 17.—Martin Schenck, formerly State Engineer and Surveyor, and also at one time connected with the Engineers' Department of New York City, dropped dead tonight. He was 69 years old. For several years he was connected with the bureau which had charge of the Barge Canal.

Martin Schenck was born at Palatine Bridge, Montgomery County. He was graduated fro mthe Department of Engineering in Union College in the class of 1869. Soon after his graduation he went West and was engaged as civil engineer in the construction of railroads in Colorado and other Western States. From 1881 to 1882 he was engineer for the contractors on the construction of the West Shore Railroad.

In 1883 he was appointed assistant engineer in the improvement of the upper Hudson River. Four years later he was made chief engineer of the work, continuing in this position until 1891. In 1892 and 1893 he was State engineer and surveyor, and was consulting engineer to the State Board of Health in 1894 and 1895. He was again nominated by the Democrats for State engineer and surveyor in 1898, but was defeated.

338 RECEIVE COMMISSIONS.

Plattsburg Graduates for the Field Artillery Announced.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Sept. 17.—The Reserve Officers' Training Camp at Plattsburg Barracks came to an official close this afternoon when commissions were issued to 338 of the students as Second Lieutenants of field artillery.

Many of the men who failed to get commissions left for their homes or the colleges which they are to attend. Those who are to become Second Lieutenants of infantry and be sent to colleges as assistant military instructors are still in the camp and will not be commissioned until tomorrow. About 250 of the students, selected because of their special fitness, are to remain at the camp for a special course of instruction as personnel Adjutants.

The men commissioned for the field artillery left here by special train for Camp Zachary Taylor, where they will undergo special instruction before being assigned to active field duty. Those from New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut are:

CROSBY, ALPHEUS DIXI, 321 St. Nicholas Av., New York.
LOW, KENNETH BROOKS, 509 50th St., Brooklyn.
STENBERG, HUGO HENRY, 664 44th St., Brooklyn.
WALLACE, WILLIAM VINCENT, Rochester, N. Y.
KLES, ALBERT LUDWIG, 2,147 Arthur Av., New York.
DAVIS, WENDELL, 204 Madison Av., New York.
CITON, WILLIAM MICHAEL, Middletown, Conn.
TRATT, GEORGE DUPONT, Jr., Glen Cove, L. I.
COLLINS, JEROME FISKE, 1,597 46th St., Brooklyn.
KLAESS, LOUIS JOHN, Rockville Centre, L. I.
MARTIN, JOHN TILDEN, Yonkers, N. Y.
MACLEOD, JOHN HENRY, Bellows Falls, N. Y.
BUECHNER, ADOLPH ALBERT, Ozone, L. I.
MILLER, GORDON, 240 East 178th St., New York.
STERNFELD, HARRY, Atlantic City, N. J.
KEILLY, JOHN EDWARD, 137 West 86th St., New York.
ROBINSON, HENRY EARLE, Antwerp, N. Y.
McGRAW, JAMES STURTEVANT, Ithaca, N. Y.
PRESTON, ALLAN MEYER, Elmira, N. Y.
COLL, JAMES PATRICK, 519 West 47th St., New York.
BARTLETT, CRAIG S., 785 Monroe St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
DECOSTER, ATWOOD GOODRIDGE, Rochester, N. Y.
GREENHUT, FREDERICK W., 5 West 3d St., New York.
STARKE, RALPH G., 320 East 201st St., New York.
SWEENEY, CHARLES T., Rexville, N. Y.
GITHENS, JOHN HENRY, 370 St. Nicholas Av., New York.
REED, HAROLD HARPER, Lyndhurst, N. J.
COULTER, BRUCE NOEL, Bridgeport, Conn.
FISHER, WILLIAM HAMILTON, 463 East 28th St., Brooklyn.
MAYER, ROBERT WALLACE, 772 St. Nicholas Av., New York.
SCHWABACHER, WOLFGANG SIMON, Newark, N. J.
HOLLENBECK, CHARLES HENRY, Montclair, N. J.
GOLDEN, ABRAHAM, 504 Hudson Av., West New York.
PERRY, EDWARD DAVIES, 103 Park Av., New York.
EDGAR, JOSEPH H. T., New Brunswick, N. J.
BROHALT, JESSE S., Hackensack, N. J.
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WELLER, WALTER, Bayonne, N. J.
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ELY, ALBERT RIDER, Dover, N. J.
MIRANDA, RAFAEL JOSEPH, Asbury Park, N. J.
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ABBETT, SHELDON, 960 Park Av., New York.
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NOTMAN, ROBERT ALLEN, Buffalo, N. Y.
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1 "Some of My Experiences in the Selling Game"
2 "The Most Wonderful Investment in the World"
3 "While Others Laughed, Root Won Out"

The American Magazine

The Crowell Publishing Company
Publishers of the Woman's Home Companion and Farm and Fireside

COLLEGES OUTLINE NEW WAR COURSES

Schedule of Studies in Columbia Will Obtain in 400 Other Universities.

MANY MILITARY SUBJECTS

Students Will Be Graduated Every Three Months — Some Will Remain Nine Months.

America's 150,000 college students whom the War Department is enrolling in the new Students' Army Training Corps in 400 colleges are now in a position to know the nature of the work expected of them during their training course. A schedule of studies for the S. A. T. C. at Columbia University was announced last night, which affords the first definite indication of the great change in college curricula.

The program of studies embraces a large variety of military subjects and non-military studies of direct bearing on the war, and is made specially adaptable to the policy of the War Department, which calls for the withdrawal of students from the S. A. T. C. after short periods of training. Students will be graduated every three months.

A course on the "Issues of the War" is made compulsory for all members of the S. A. T. C. All students in the Infantry Division will be required to study military law, and for navy students a corresponding course is given in international law. An option between French and German is provided in the Infantry and Naval Divisions for corps members who expect to train six months or longer.

"Students are selected," says the Columbia announcement, "on the basis of their previous preparation, physical fitness and personal preference for infantry, artillery, navy, medicine, engineering, and special types, preparation for which may be obtained in the other professional schools and in the graduate school. All students inducted into the Students' Army Training Corps, United States Army, must take the course in issues of the war.

"Students looking forward to the infantry, naval, medical, and engineering services are assigned to courses of instruction as one-quarter, two-quarter, or three quarter men, according to the present expectations regarding the duration of their course. Other students not selected for these lines should, after being admitted to the university, consult the Dean or Director of the school of their choice to arrange their program of studies. The study of military administration and army paper work is of particular importance. Instruction in these fields will be provided in the school of business at an early date.

"All academic exercises, including S. A. T. C. courses, begin on Sept. 26. Induction for Federal service in S. A. T. C. will begin on Oct. 1, followed as soon as posible by practical and theoretical military instruction."

The announcement then goes on to outline in detail the courses for the various divisions.

INFANTRY.

For the infantry service one-quarter men, or those who expect to remain in the S. A. T. C. only three months, will attend courses on the issues of the war, topography and map-making, hygiene and sanitation, and military law. Two-quarter men, or those who will be graduated in six months, during the first quarter will take these courses: Issues of the war, English, French, or German, and one from a group including geography, government, history, mathematics, economics, and drawing. During the second quarter they will study issues of the war, hygiene and sanitation, topography, and military law.

The course of studies for the three-quarter men offers an opportunity for wide study and intensive training. It includes in the first quarter, issues of the war, either French or German, one course from the department of history or government, and one from a group including chemistry, geography, drawing, accounting, and economics.

During the second quarter the course will include issues of the war, mathematics, French or German, and elective courses to be decided later. During the third quarter the studies will be issues of the war, hygiene and sanitation, topography and map-making, and military law.

ARTILLERY AND MACHINE GUNNERY.

One-quarter men in the artillery and machine gunnery division will be required to take these courses: Issues of the war, mathematics, physics, topography, and map-making. The program for the two-quarter men in this division includes during the first quarter: Issues of the war, mathematics, physics, and topography and map-making. During the second quarter it will include issues of the war, physics, mathematics, and English.

For three-quarter men the work in the first quarter will embrace: Issues of the war, mathematics, hygiene and sanitation, and one elective course not a modern language, to be decided later. During the second quarter the studies will be: Issues of the war, mechanics, physics, and English; and during the third quarter they will be issues of the war, mechanics, physics and topography, and map-making.

NAVY.

The course in the Navy Division for one-quarter men will include: Issues of the War, Astronomy and Navigation, Geography and Meteorology, and Accounting. For the two-quarter men the first half of the course will include: Issues of the War, Mathematics, International Law, and Hygiene and Sanitation. During the second quarter it will include: Issues of the War, Astronomy and Navigation, Geography, and either French or German.

Three-quarter men in the Navy Division during the first quarter will be required to attend these courses: Issues of the War, Mathematics, Government, and either French or German. During the second quarter their work will comprise: Issues of the War, International Law, Geography and Meteorology, and English; and in the last quarter: Issues of the War, Astronomy and Navigation, Hygiene and Sanitation, and Accounting.

PRE-ENGINEERING.

In the pre-Engineering Division the work will be the same for all three quarters and will include: Issues of the War, English, Mathematics, and Chemistry.

PRE-MEDICAL.

In the pre-Medical Division the work will be the same for the first and second quarters and will include: Issues of the War, Zoology, either French or German, and Chemistry. During the third quarter it will embrace: Issues of the War, Physics, Chemistry, and English.

According to the memorandum of the War Department students in the pre-Medical and pre-Engineering Divisions will all be allowed to complete the full nine months' course in the S. A. T. C., provided the grade of their work satisfies the academic and military authorities.

MORE AMERICANS IN PRISON CAMPS

War Department Gives Additional List of 111 Soldiers Captured by Germans.

INCLUDES FIVE OFFICERS

Major Among Them—One New York and One Brooklyn Soldier Listed—Where Soldiers Are Held.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Names of 111 additional members of the American Expeditionary Forces held prisoner in Germany were announced today by the War Department. Five officers are included in the list, as follows:

At Camp Cassell.

ERUINS, Major DIRK, Milwaukee, Wis.

At Rastatt.

RHETT, Lieutenant ROBERT B., Summerville, S. C.

At Karlsruhe.

McELVAIN, CLIFFORD A., First Lieutenant, Albany, Mo.

ROBERTS, ALEXANDER M., Lieutenant, aviator, Gulfport, Miss.

At Landshut.

McDONALD, DURWARD, First Lieutenant, Burt, Iowa.

The enlisted men are:

At Rastatt.

LOULAN, THOMAS F., Newburg, N. Y.
SAVAGE, CLYDE W., Bangor, Me.
SHEFFIELD, HARRY L., Forestville, N. J.
CORRY, GEORGE, Philadelphia.
BRADLEY, ARTHUR G., Bristol, Conn.
AINISMAN, NATHAN, 47 Boerum St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
CHECKLEY, WILLIAM T., Jr., Paterson, N. J.
ZIMMERMAN, ARTHUR W., Philadelphia.
NIRITA, CASSIMER, Johnstown, Penn.
HALE, LESLIE H., Eclectic, Ala
RANCH, EARL C., York, Penn.
COYLE, PETER M., Johnstown, Penn.
AXEL, MORRIS, Philadelphia.
OTTO, WILLIAM J., Milwaukee.
BULLOCK, WILLIAM J., South Chicago, Ill.
LIVINGSTON, GUY, Boston.
JUKES, EDWARD, Rochester, Penn.
DIETRICH, WILLIAM C., Greene, N. Y.
LATTIMER, FRANK, Waterbury, Conn.
LUNDMARK, AUGUST E., Gaylordsville, Conn.
KASZEWSKI, ANTONI, Philadelphia.
BANCROFT, HARVEY G., Theresa, N. Y.
ROSEBERG, ISIDORE, North Bergen, N. J.
KALLAHER, HOMER, Birmingham, Ala.
TURCO, ANTONIO, Campobasso, Italy.
GLAPINSKI, LOUIS T., Trenton, N. J.

At Metz.

FERRIERA, DEMUS C., Hayward, Cal.

At Strakowe.

BEAVER, SAMUEL F., Republic, Penn.
FERBER, JOSEPH, Gibson, Minn.
HALVERSON, ALBERT, Elgin, Iowa.
CLARK, WILLIAM P., New Haven, Conn.
GARDNER, LLOYD, Somerset, Penn.
DEEDS, ROBERT L., McClung, Va.
CAMPBELL, RALPH, Arcola, Ill.
COOK, ARCHIE, Schoolfield, Va.
MILDENBERG, ABRAHAM, Philadelphia.
KOMESTAKES, NIK, Wheeling, W. Va.
BYRER, GLEN D., Piatt, Ill.

At Cassell.

QUILICI, Ames, Italy.
BURGESS, AUGUST, Waltham, Mass.; (believed to be identical with Angus J. Burgess).
DIAL, HUGH, Ida, La.
LIVRONS, PASQUALE, Leechburg, Va.

At Camps Unknown.

CIERCIERSKI, CZERUAV, (identical with Cierolerski, Waldyslaw,) Old Forge, Va.
FRESHER, ENOS E. S., Fork, Ark.
EVANS, WILLIAM, Scranton, Penn.
EARLS, WILLIAM J., Hartford, Conn.
CANDRAR, JOE, Minneapolis, Minn.
CHAPMAN, ROBERT E., Dennison, Ohio.
BROOKS, JAMES E., Miami Beach, Fla.
DIAGLE, ADEO, Belle River, La.
CLEAVER, JOHN P., Somerset, Penn.
ENDEZEL, JOE, Jenner, Penn.
DIETRICH, GEORGE D., Columbia, Penn.
CHARDY, JOS., Quincy, Mass.
CARL, JOHN W., Newport, Penn.
CALLAHAN, WILLIAM, Philadelphia.
DAY, GEORGE W., Somerville, Mass.
CLINGERMAN, JOHN E., Columbia City, Penn.
FOUST, HERBERT V., Somerset, Penn.
FREDERICKS, ARTHUR, (believed to be identical with Thomas A. Fredericks,) Philadelphia.
DARIANGELO, ANTONIO, (believed to be identical with Antonio D'Archangelo,) Boston.
ENGLISH, ABNER, Tallahassee, Fla.
BRAINBRIDGE, FELIX, Marlow, Okla.
LAYDING, FRANK, Berlin, Penn.
KEENAN, RICHARD J., Jeannette, Penn.
KAUFFMAN, FRANK J., Philadelphia.
JACKSON, EDWARD C., New Brighton, Penn.
JOHNSON, GROVER C., Stoylestown, Penn.
HUBER, EDWARD, Philadelphia.
ROLLER, JAMES W., Homestead, Penn.
BONFINI, UGO, Per Venagrande, Italy.
AMES, RALPH R., Beaver Falls, Penn.
BRINK, WALTER R., Williamsport, Penn.
LEVIN, ELI, Utica, Mich.
BOYER, NELSON, Trevorton, Penn.
HARLESS, GEORGE S., Earlsboro, Okla.
HARGROVE, JESSE M., Mount Vernon, Ind.
ROSEN, PHILIP, 128 Livingston St., N. Y.
[The City Directory lists Philip Rosen, caretaker, at 128 Rivington Street. There is a Livingston Place, but no Livingston Street, in Manhattan.]
O'NEIL, FRANCIS P., Philadelphia.
MILLMAN, FREDERICK C., Philadelphia.
MILLHOUSE, HARRY S., Berlin, Penn.
MOSHOLDER, ROBERT C., Meyersdale, Penn.
BOLAND, LEO, Elkader, Iowa.
ROBERTS, ARNOLD, Greensburg, Penn.
MONZO, PETER, Salerno, Italy.
DESTEFANO, ANTONIO S., Philadelphia.
BOHN, WILLIAM F., Scranton, Penn.
ACHUFF, HARRY ELWOOD, Philadelphia.
BERNARDINE, PIETRO, Nocera, Italy.
WETZEL, ROBERT B., Allentown, Penn.
ADDISON, ROMAN, Raiford, Fla.
FOGARTY, JAMES J., Hartford, Conn.
DROUIN, GEORGE B., St. Johnsbury, Vt.
FROHN, BERNARD, Highland, Ill.
REID, LUTHER A., Morrilton, Ark.
GREENBURG, JACOB, Chicago.
GOEDELMAN, HARRY C., Red Bud, Ill.
MIKHIWICE, JOHN, New Haven, Conn.
McKINNIS, ROBERT D., New Brighton, Penn.
BOLLAND, ORVAL B., Beaver, Penn.
POWERS, WILLIE A., Wanette, Okla.
PETRUSKY, ANDREW G., Patton, Penn.
MASON, GERALD B., Montgomery, Ala.
ARGRAVES, MARK E., Fort Fairfield, Me.
ALLEN, JAMES I., Grand Saline, Texas.
ADAMS, MARTIN J., Somerset, Penn.

DRAFT QUESTIONNAIRES TO BE MAILED TODAY

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Provost Marshal General Crowder announced today that local draft boards throughout the country will start mailing tomorrow questionnaires to all men between the ages of 19 and 36 years, both inclusive, who were registered on Sept. 12, except British subjects, who have thirty days in which to voluntarily enter the British or Canadian armies. General Crowder said that the questionnaire forms will go out at the rate of 10 per cent. a day until the entire group is sent out.

"Under the regulations," said General Crowder, in a prepared statement, "the registrant is given seven days within which to fill out the questionnaire and return it to his local board. It is, however, the earnest hope of this office that the registrants will not require as much time as this, and that every effort will be made to turn the questionnaires in, properly answered, as promptly as possible. Under the maximum time allowed the local boards, in mailing out the forms, and the registrants, in filling them out and returning them, the questionnaires for the entire age group should all be back in the hands of the local boards within three weeks from tomorrow.

"Printed leaflets, inserted in the questionnaires before they are mailed out, will instruct registrants desiring to claim deferred classification on the ground of being employed in necessary industries, occupations, or employments, including agriculture, how to proceed to present their claim under the proper heading. As heretofore explained, the provision previously in the law, permitting claims on the part of 'persons engaged in industries, including agriculture,' &c., was changed in the new law to read 'persons engaged in industries, occupations, or employments, including agriculture, found to be necessary to the maintenance of the military establishment, or the effective operation of the military forces, or the maintenance of national interest during the emergency.' For such persons it will have to be shown that the particular enterprise by which they are engaged is 'necessary' in this sense and that they themselves are 'necessary' to the operation of the particular enterprise."

POST TOASTIES

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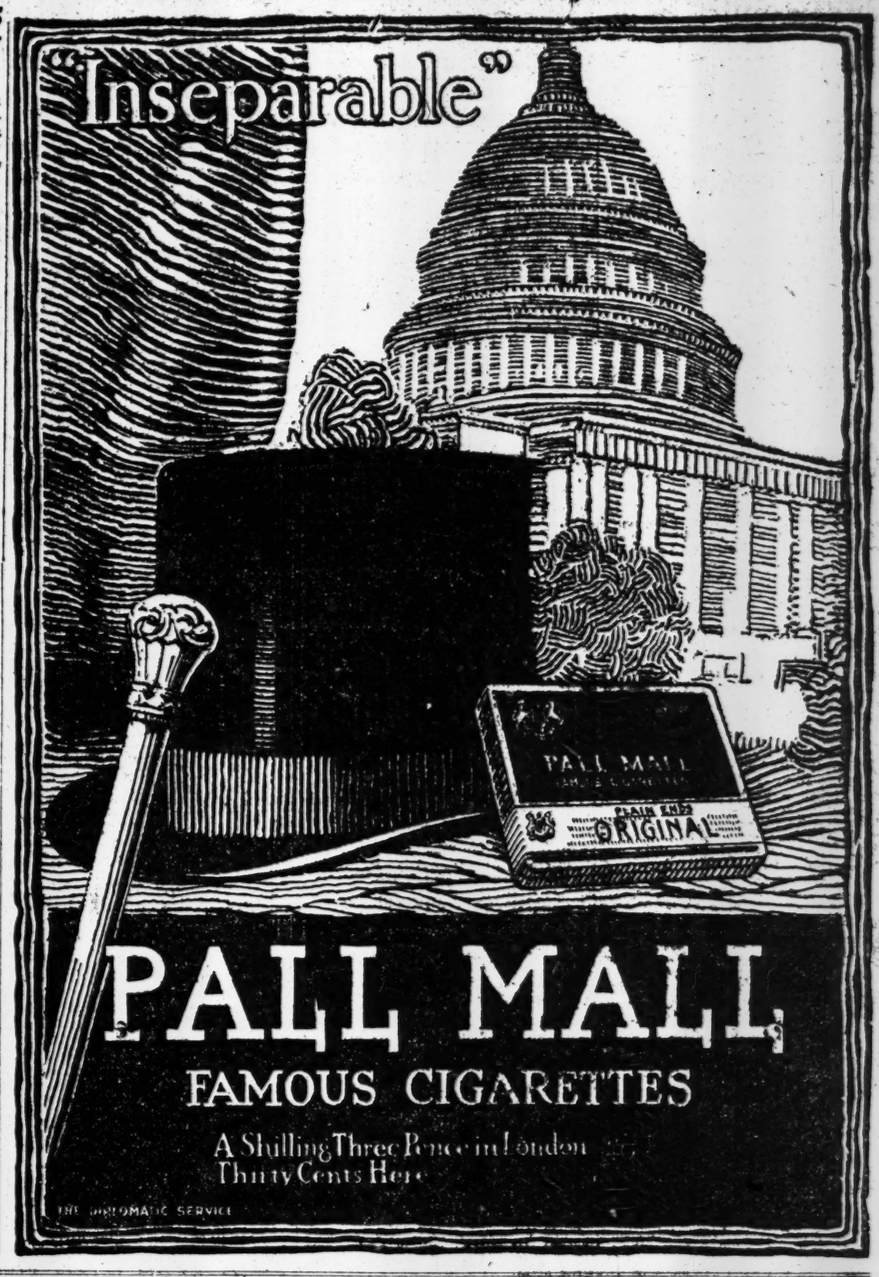

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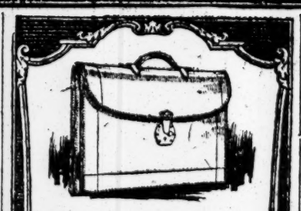

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The man who is half hearted about this war has been listening to German propaganda and not to his conscience.
Crouch & Fitzgerald
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Conscientious Traitors
An Editorial by A. W.

To err is human, to forgive divine. Yet there is a dead-line beyond which divinity becomes folly. The deadline in this case is the Peace Table at the close of the war.

There is no word—in any language—which describes what the Germans have done. One cannot reconcile the phrase "they have erred" with the thunderous (though mute) testimony of assassinated Red Cross nurses, violated girl-children, crucified men and bayoneted babies. Therefore one *must not* reconcile the phrase "to forgive divine" with what will happen after it is all over.

We must bear a grudge—yes, and a mighty one. It is not enough to beat Germany. It is not enough to make her stand, humbled and anxious, outside the Peace Conference, wondering what her fate will be. She must atone! Although atonement, in full, she will never be able to accomplish, even if she exist till the world ends.

There are those who are even now hedging about re-establishing German connections, German products, German commerce, in this country, after the war. They are worse than pacifists—they are *conscientious traitors!*

The Allied nations have fought together, bled together, died together, before the brute warfare of the Hun. When they have won, it is imperative that they live together, work together, *prosper* together—to the exclusion of the enemy who has brought such needless devastation and slaughter into a peaceful world.

Shut out the German from our business world, after the war. Germany will not suffer from remorse for what she has done. It isn't in her. Therefore she must suffer from resentment, for what we will do to her, in the future.

Give your business to your countryman, or to one of the Allied countries that has made it possible for you to continue to live and work in freedom. Demonstrate that the brotherhood of man, re-born in the trenches, is not to die a premature death, when the trenches have again become fruitful fields.

As for the conscientious traitors who are willing to forgive *for financial reasons*—annihilate them commercially. And begin to do it now.

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11 GIRLS AND A MAN DIE IN NEWARK FIRE

Others, Hemmed In by Flames, Injured by Jumping from Factory Windows.

MANY TRAMPLED IN PANIC

Bodies of Victims Found Behind Heap of Debris, Which Blocked Exits.

In the worst fire from which Newark has suffered since 1910 eleven girls and one man lost their lives and more than a dozen were injured in flames that swept through the factory of the American Button Company on Morris Avenue, between New and Hartford Streets, yesterday afternoon. As soon as the flames were discovered there was a panic among the 200 employes, and before nine of them could reach the fire escape or either to the two stairways they were overcome by the smoke and fumes, and when found were burned beyond recognition. Four girls jumped from the third-story window, three of them dying later. Those injured by burns or by being trampled in the wild rush to escape were taken to the City Hospital, and most of them are expected to die.

The probable cause of the fire was the ignition of highly explosive lacquer stored in cans resting on a floor through which there had been run defective wiring. The resulting explosion and the rapid spread of inflammable gases set the entire building afire within only a few seconds, so that flames were leaping from every window of the three-story building before the first alarm was sent in.

Those whose bodies have thus far been identified are:

The Dead.

BALL, CAMILLE, 17 years old, of 42 Hecker Street; burned to death in the building. Identified by her father by means of a ring.

SEILER, MARIE, 17 years old, of 51 Jones Street; jumped from window on fourth floor and died in City Hospital from a fractured skull.

PEARL, LILLIAN, 22 years old, of 328 North Fifth Street; burned to death in building and identified at the Morgue.

The remaining bodies are at Mullin's Morgue. They are so badly burned that identification can only be made by pieces of clothing remaining on the bodies, by rings, or by the teeth.

The Injured.

The girls in the City Hospital who are expected to die and who have so far been identified, are:

POUTILLIER, GERTRUDE, no address.

WOLANG, JULIA, 16 years old, of 81 Hartford Street; suffering from a fractured skull and a fracture of both legs; jumped from the fourth floor to the street while attempting to go down the fire escape.

ONISIEWICZ, ELEANORE, 17 years old, of 16 Lillie Street; burned about arms, right leg, and neck, and lacerated about the body; burned while making her way down the fire escape.

LOTT, LEENA, 17 years old, of 55 First Street; scalded about legs and face.

SCHICH, ROSE, 19 years old, of 593 South Nineteenth Street; fractured left leg and shoulder.

DOLIVER, SUSSIE, 15 years old, of 324 Fifteenth Avenue; both legs fractured and burned about eyes and face.

The building is a three-story brick structure occupying the middle of the block on Morris Avenue between Hartford and New Streets. On each side, extending the full front of the block, are inclosed yards in which the inflammables are stored. Extending along the front of the building is an extremely narrow fire escape. The first floor was used for storing materials, while the second and third contained the stamping apparatus and also the equipment for lacquering. The firm was using every available inch of space, for they were occupied in making buttons for army uniforms. It was on the second floor that the fire originated, and quickly shut off each of the two stairways that led down from the third floor. Thus all the thirty-five girls working on the third floor were dependent upon the fire escape for their safety.

Two alarms were sent in at 2:30 P. M., but before the firemen could reach the scene the flames had melted the glass windows, were reaching toward the frame dwellings on every side, and the heat was so intense that it was with difficulty that the firemen approached the building. The girls had come streaming down the fire escape, and most of them were taken in a hysterical condition into the homes across the street before the arrival of the ambulances. Every available ambulance in the city was then called, and those who had been burned and trampled upon were taken to the hospital. Superintendent Gourdes was the last to leave. He ran up the fire escape to the top floor and was there met by a dense smoke. He kept calling loudly so as to guide any who were still inside to the door, but as he heard no answer, and as by that time he could stand the heat and smoke no longer, he ran down to safety.

Debris Blocked Stairway.

When the Fire Chief McDermot and Battalion Chief Fisher entered the building after the flames had been put out, they found the interior entirely burned out, nothing but the skeletons of the machines and heaps of blackened buttons remaining. At the northwest corner of the top floor they found a pile of charred bodies. The stairway was only ten feet distant, but a mass of debris had blocked this exit. The flames had cut off access to the fire escape, so the eight girls and the one man who were working there in a little room in which the buttons were wrapped were trapped. The bodies were so badly charred that except for the Earl, Seiler, and Ball girl, they had not been identified at an early hour this morning, although fifty people were at the morgue looking for their missing relatives.

The first person to see the fire was a girl worker on the second floor, Winifred Caulfield of 22 Hartford Street. She saw the flames and screamed to her companions, but her calls were unheeded. She ran out of the building and to her home to assure her mother she was safe. Returning, she said she saw a girl jump from a third-floor window and crash to the ground. About thirty girls were employed on this floor.

The property loss will total $50,000, all of which is covered by insurance. Charles H. Wright of East Orange, N. J., is the President of the company, and Frederick Gourdes, also of East Orange, is Secretary and Superintendent.

Stairways Unprotected.

Mayor Gillen of Newark issued the following statement last night:

"I deeply sympathize with the families of the dead. I inspected the building after the fire with Commissioner Archibald, Fire Commissioner Connelly, and Deputy Chief McDermott. We found only one fire escape, inside stairways unprotected, and one corner of the second floor partitioned off by screens instead of walls of masonry. I have comenced a rigid and sweeping investigation into the condition of all factories of Newark. The investigation will not cease until a complete inspection is made. If there are any death traps in the city I will drive them out. I have called a meeting of the City Commissioner, City Council, police, fire, and health officials to discuss fully the Morris Avenue catastrophe and to consider carefully all reports made by the fire and police officials. I will also ask the Grand Jury and Prosecutor to investigate the fire fully."

The fire yesterday recalls the fire of Nov. 26, 1910, which occurred in the four-story loft building at 216 High Stret, Newark. Twenty-six girls were killed, nearly all dying as the result of jumping from windows. In the same year occurred the Triangle fire in this city, in which 145 persons were killed, many of them by jumping into the street from the upper floors of the building.

ADVERTISEMENT.

U. S. Railroad Administration
W. G. McAdoo, Director General of Railroads
Long Island Railroad
CHANGE IN LEAVING TIME
Saturday Greenport Train No. 208
Effective September 21

Saturday only, train No. 208, leaving N. Y. (Penn. Station) 1:12, and Brooklyn 1:15 P. M. for Brentwood and stations to Greenport, will leave Penn. Station 12:57 and Brooklyn 1:04 P. M.

25 SOLDIERS KILLED IN TROOP TRAIN WRECK

Fifty or More Others Are Injured in a Colilsion in Missouri.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Sept. 17.—Twenty-five soldiers were killed and 50 and 60 more were injured to-night when a freight train and a troop train met head-on one mile east of Marshfield, Mo., on the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad.

Bodies of fifteen to twenty soldiers were recovered, but several others were buried beneath the wreckage, and it will be impossible to reach them before the wrecking crew has cleared the tracks.

The injured were put aboard a relief train from Springfield and rushed to hospitals here.

Within a few minutes after the wreck occurred a guard of soldiers had been thrown around the tracks. After the first half hour no one but physicians were allowed to approach the wreck.

The names of the killed and injured were not available late to-night, a strict censorship being placed on all information by the army officers on the train. No information as to the fate of the train crews was available.

SONG AND LIGHT AT PARK LAKE FESTIVAL

Community Chorus Sings Airs of Allied Nations to Crowd—Will Repeat the Event Tonight.

Central Park, in the region of the Mall and boat lake, was transformed into a sort of fairyland last night for the third annual Festival of Song and Light given by the New York Community Chorus, with the co-operation of the Community Chorus of the Oranges, New Jersey. While estimates were hard to make, and dubious weather kept many away, it was believed that 25,000 persons visited the Mall and lake in the course of the evening, in addition to the great numbers taking part in the chorus.

The exercises began at the Mall shortly before 7:30, and consisted of community singing led by grouped choruses of 1,000 singers under the direction of Conductor Harry Barnhart, the first number being "America," in which the big crowd joined. Then, with "The Battle Hymn of the Republic" as a processional, the members of the combined choruses and the spectators marched to the grandstand on the north shore of the lake, where the main program was given.

NEW LIBERTY LOAN SLOGAN.

Edison's Suggestion May Be Used 40,000,000 Times a Day.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Thomas A. Edison has suggested that every letter written in the United States during the next five weeks shall close with the words "Yours for the Fourth Liberty Loan."

The suggestion has been adopted by the Liberty Loan Committee, and is being sent broadcast throughout the country.

If every person, business firm, or corporation follows the suggestion, the Post Office Department estimates the slogan "Yours for the Fourth Liberty Loan" will be uttered more than 40,000,000 times every twenty-four hours.

FIRST BEER BAN OCT. 1.

No Foodstuffs in Brewing After That, Except Malt and Hops.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—President Wilson today signed a proclamation prohibiting after Oct. 1 next the use of any foodstuffs in brewing beer and near-beer, except malt and hops. After Dec. 1 brewing must cease altogether.

The Food Administration said there would still be anough beer in the vats to last from two to six months, and the sale of this will not be stopped.

ASK 7 BILLIONS MORE FOR ARMY

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

Disposition of remains of officers, soldiers, and civil employes	710,274.82
Barracks and quarters, seacoast defenses	5,100,000.00
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.	
Medical and Hospital Department	$95,000,000.00
Chemical warfare service	198,800,000.00
ENGINEER DEPARTMENT.	
Engineer operations in the field	$335,000,000.00
ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.	
Armament of fortifications	$1,985,075,169.00
Armament of fortifications, Panama Canal	350,000.00
Ordnance stores, ammunition	417,706,180.00
Small arms target practice	59,787,568.00
Manufacture of arms	85,156,875.00
Ordnance stores and supplies	160,634,668.00
Automatic rifles	156,093,004.00
Armored motor cars	217,687,500.00
Arsenals	1,633,696.00
Repairs of arsenals	1,750,000.00
Contract obligations, armament of fortifications	500,000,000.00
Total	$7,347,727,602.32

These amounts were not included in the regular estimates submitted for the service of the fiscal year 1919 for the reasons that the needs covered by the estimates had not been determined at the time the regular estimates were prepared and submitted. Very respectfully,

BENEDICT CROWELL,
Acting Secretary of War.

Largest Two Items.

It will be seen that the largest amount in the estimates, $1,985,075,169, is for armament for fortifications. A great deal of this money will be used abroad. The next largest item is for the transportation of the army and its supplies, representing $1,277,854,305.

While every effort will be made by the House Appropriations Committee to satisfy the War Department by authorizations, it is not possible to provide anything like half of the requirements in that way. The necessity for raising from $3,000,000,000 to $4,000,000,000 additional revenues faces Congress. Representative Kitchin said tonight he did not believe this money would be raised in the present tax bill as it was apparent that the money would not be needed in any great amount before early next year.

PROF. J. I. WESTENGARD DEAD

International Law Authority Was Former General Adviser to Siam.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 17.—Professor Jens Iverson Westengard of Harvard, authority on international law and former General Adviser to the Siamese Government, with rank of Minister Plenipotentiary, died at his home here today. He had been decorated by France, Denmark, and Siam, and was appointed a member of The Hague Permanent Arbitration Court in 1911. In August of this year he was chosen to represent Siam in peace negotiations after the war.

Professor Westengard was born in Chicago on Sept. 14, 1871. His connection with Harvard Law School began in 1898, when he became instructor of law. In 1903 he became Assistant General Adviser to the Siamese Government. He was Acting General Adviser 1905 to 1909, when he became General Adviser, with the rank of Minister Plenipotentiary, which he held until September, 1915. Since that time he had been Professor of International Law in the Harvard Law School.

WALTER G. NEWMAN DEAD.

Once Spectacular Speculator in Wall Street Dies in Hotel Chatham.

Walter George Newman, who was for many years a picturesque figure of the financial district, rising from stable boy in his home town of Orange County, Va., to millionaire Wall Street operator, died yesterday morning in his apartments in Hotel Chatham in his fifty-eighth year. He left a widow and daughter.

After working for a time as a stable boy in Orange County Newman was newsboy on the streets of Richmond, Va. He went West and punched cows for a while, and then drifted to New York, where he attracted the attention of Governor Roswell P. Flower, through whose advice he became a figure in the speculative world. His first investment under the advice of Governor Flower netted him a profit of $18,000. Other and larger transactions followed, and soon he was rated as a millionaire and had a luxurious home on an estate of 1,500 acres, beautified by artificial lakes, in Virginia.

He was President of the Gold Hill Consolidated Company, which had a mine near Salisbury, N. C., and his promotion of the company on stationery of the Senate Rules Committee in 1914 caused a sensation in Washington and involved the names of several Washington officials, who were later vindicated.

WADE HAMPTON DIES.

General Auditor of the Standard Oil Company for 25 Years.

Wade Hampton, for forty-five years connected with the Standard Oil Company and for the last twenty-five years general Auditor of the Company at 26 Broadway, died yesterday morning at his home, 201 Raymond Avenue, South Orange, N. J.

Mr. Hampton was born in Pittsburgh, Penn., 68 years ago.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. ELIZA A. DOUGLAS, 90 years old, died on Monday at her home, 508 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, leaving a daughter and two sons.

Mrs. AMY BODINE, widow of Budd S. Bodine, a commission merchant and civil war veteran, died Sunday at her home, 575 West 172d Street, aged 91 years.

Mrs. RUTH A. MORROW, widow of James H. Morrow, who was a building contractor in New York City, died yesterday in Glens Falls, N. Y. She was 86 years old.

HERBERT W. BESSY, General Superintendent for the Palisade Interstate Park Commission, died suddenly yesterday at his home, near Tuxedo, N. Y., aged 60 years.

LOUIS WOJIDKOW, inventor and designer of metal art goods and for twenty years superintendent of the New York Stamping Company, died from heart disease on Sunday at his home, 51 Euclid Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 62 years old.

Mrs. ANNE ADLER SANFORD, wife of Clarence A. Sanford and active in the work of the old Trinity Baptist Church, which was merged with the Greene Avenue Baptist Church, died at her home, 933 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, Monday.

JOSEPH SOLOMON, retired clothing manufacturer and founder of the firm of J. Solomon & Sons, at 691 Broadway, died on Monday at his home, 1,884 Seventh Avenue. Mr. Solomon was a members of several Jewish societies and was well known for his philanthropies. About four years ago he celebrated his goden wedding anniversary.

JOHN MARNELL REDINGTON, until five years ago a marine news reporter for The Brooklyn Eagle, a position which he held for nearly thirty years, died on Monday at his residence, 4,721 Eleventh Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Redington was born in Ireland seventy years ago, and is survived by his wife and two sons, Lieutenant Joseph J. of the United States Navy, and Thomas Redington.

JAMES O'FLAHERTY, Sr., head of the O'Flaherty New York Suburban List, advertising agency, and father of James O'Flaherty, Jr., of The Bronx Home News, died at 3 o'clock last night at Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn, following an operation. Mr. O'Flaherty was 68 years old and was born in Ireland, coming to this country when fifteen years old. For the last year he had made his home at Essex Falls, N. J.

BERKELEY-IRVING School for Boys
311 West 83d St.
"From Primary to College"
39TH YEAR.
Small Classes Individual Instruction.
Afternoon study hour under supervision of teachers. No home study for young boys.
Military Drill. Special preparation for West Point and Annapolis. Every room an outside room. Boys cared for from 8:30 A. M. to 5:00 P. M. Afternoon sports and outing classes.
Separate Gymnasium Building, with large Roof Playground. Swimming Pool.
Centrally located, between Broadway and Riverside Drive. Easily reached by subway, surface lines, elevated and Fifth Ave. buses.
Illustrated catalogue. Headmaster is at the school mornings. Telephone Schuyler 4836.
LOUIS D. RAY, Ph.D., Headmaster.

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241 West 75th St. Phone Col. 8894.
Founded 1906. Positively one at a time with teacher, teaches pupils HOW TO STUDY and to acquire INDEPENDENCE OF THOUGHT. Percentage of subjects passed in June, nearly double that of other schools. Study supervision. Two years' work in one.
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280th year begins Oct. 1
Catalogue.
A. F. Warren, Headmaster.

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Boarding and Day School, College Preparatory, Academic and Elective Courses. Music; Secretarial Work. Gymnasium; Swimming Pool. 61st Year begins Oct. 2d.

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The Marquand boy enjoys all the resources of a two million dollar equipment—the largest building of its kind in the world.

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Marquand School is a part of the educational activities of the Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A. It is a Regent's school of the very highest grade, whose certificate is accepted by more than 25 colleges and technical schools. It takes boys from the fifth grade to college.

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School Opens Sept. 25th

An All-Year School

Heeding the request of the Government, Marquand will be organized in January, 1919, on an all-year basis, offering four twelve-week terms each year. Through this "speed up" plan it will be possible for boys to finish a four years' course in three years and secure the Marquand diploma.

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TECHNICAL SCHOOLS
At Moderate Tuition Fees
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Outdoor drill and expert physical training. Small Classes. Individual Instruction by Capable Teachers.
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Herbert S. Boyd, A. B., Junior Section.
Lydia B. Guernsey, Primary Section.

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REOPENS SEPTEMBER 30.
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11th Year. Dr. Geo. A. Kohut, Principal.

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879 WEST END AVE. (AT 103D ST.)
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An all-the-year-'round course in engineering, open to qualified high school graduates, will be offered by the School of Applied Science. By attending classes twelve months in the year, without long vacations, students may complete in three calendar years or less, the regular courses leading to an engineering degree
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It is easier in war than in peace to interest boys in school if you put them in the right school. Following is an extract from a conversation between the head of the Science Department and a parent:
Parent:—"By the way, can you tell me why the Government is so eager for peach stones?"
Teacher:—"Yes, indeed. It has been found that the peach pits make the best charcoal for gas masks."
Parent:—"Now I should be interested to know if you actually make charcoal from peach pits."
Teacher:—"No, indeed. I have the boys make the charcoal themselves, and test it in their home refrigerators."
Parent:—"You may enroll my boy at McBurney."
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The POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, 85-99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., has established for high school graduates a unit of the Students' Army Training Corps.
Every regularly enrolled student in the technical courses who passes the physical examination and is 18 years or over may, about October 1st, be inducted into the United States Army as a member of the Students' Army Training Corps. He would from that time receive the pay of a private, be supplied with the regular uniform, with lodging and subsistence, and the War Department would pay the full cost of his military and academic instruction. This is an opportunity to work for a commission.
For further information apply to CHARLES A. GREEN, Registrar.
FRED W. ATKINSON, President.

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Formal school opening Sept. 16th. Reclassification of students Oct. 2nd.
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Why the Yanks Break Through

What our boys did at Chateau Thierry surprised not only our Allies, but the Germans as well. They are going to repeat the performance again and again—every time they are given orders to move ahead. That there is something "different" about a fighting Yank is admitted by all the warring nations. Just what this difference is—just why the Yanks break through even the pick of Prussia's shock troops—is ably and interestingly told by Chester Wardell in the October issue of *Illustrated World.*

Another Menace—Superheated Homes

If you have only managed to secure a part of your coal order, or if you are wondering how you are going to meet your own individual coal problem during the coming winter, listen to the advice of George H. Cushing, the coal expert. He has contributed an article to *Illustrated World* for October, calculated to sooth the troubled mind of the consumer. And if you have a full supply stowed away—let Mr. Cushing give you a few wrinkles on handling it efficiently.

Grow Your Own Motor Fuel

If all you know about the gasoline situation is the price of it—and the Government order to make Sunday joy-ride-less, then you should read how Australians have met the gasoline situation by growing crops to make a substitute for "gas". Autoists in Australia are not paying any bills for having carbon removed from the cylinders. And by using the substitute—a product of agriculture—they have diminished many troubles common to the auto that uses gasoline. Winfred Reed tells all about this "gas" substitute in the October issue of *Illustrated World.*

Paint-A War Winning Factor

Paint may be said to have only come into its own since the war started. Due to the skillful use of it, thousands of lives have been saved, thousands of tons of shipping and thousands of tons of edibles and war supplies. The "dazzle" system of painting ships to fool the Hun submarine gunners is explained in the October issue of *Illustrated World.*

Making Your Own Diamonds

Unless science is strangled the time is near when synthetic gems will be made to order in the electric furnace. Dale Hamilton offers an interesting review of this possibility in the current issue of *Illustrated World* as well as expounding on the present system of juggling the diamond market.

The above are just a few of the many interesting articles in ILLUSTRATED WORLD for October. More than two hundred illustrations of topical interest also help to make this issue the best that money can buy. Be sure you get your copy.

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LASHING SOCIETY IN 'THE WALK-OFFS'

Once More This Metropolis Is Reformed by Virtue from the Middle West.

PETRUCHIO FROM KENTUCKY

Another of Those Hatton Comedies, and This Time by Far the Dullest.

THE WALK-OFFS, a comedy in three acts. By Frederic and Fanny Hatton. At the Morosco.

Mary Carter.....Frances Underwood
Sonia Orloff.....Fania Marinoff
Ah Foo.....Elmer Ballard
Carolyn Rutherford.....Roberta Arnold
Rose.....Mae McGinn
Peter Grandin.....Charles A. Stevenson
Schuyler Rutherford.....William Roselle
Judge Charles Brent.....Percival T. Moore
Mrs. Alicia Elliott.....Janet Travers
Fay Marsh.....Alison Bradshaw
Kathleen Rutherford.....Carroll McComas
Murray Van Allan.....Fred L. Tiden
Robert Shirley Winston.....Edmond Lowe
George Washington White....E. Shackelford

Not all old plots are good plots. There are some that recur in the theatre like a spasmodic tic in the face of a nervous wreck. Prominent among these is that of the virtuous Middle Westerner who blows into this fetid metropolis on the winds of the morning and by night has breathed a soul into it, out of the substance of his own saintly virtue.

Sometimes it is a country cousin from Ohio or a maiden aunt from Missouri. This time it is a hero from Kentucky. Falling in love with a particularly noisome parasite of society, he sets out to tame her in the manner of Petruchio. Only he vulgarizes the classic process by alternating his heavy feats of bull-dozing with kisses like a mutton chop.

It all occurs among the "walk-offs." According to the parable of a negro servant, these are people whom the Creator fashioned of clay and neglected to provide with a soul. In his vernacular, they symbolize "them big sassiety highflyers." They were a particularly vulgar, cynical, and sordid lot, whose very grammar is depraved—though this particular touch of characterization was perhaps unconscious on the part of the authors. At first one gathered that they were meant to be representatives of our most paragraphed circles, but in the last act the scenic artist located them on the Riverside Drive, with the Palisades in the offing. The west side has a grievance which it may resent. The east side is used to it.

In the situation of playwrights who fabricate such plays and of the public which (sometimes) welcomes them, there is an element of the legitimately comic. Broadway is largely peopled by folk from the Hinterland, who resort to the metropo'is, annually or oftener, for one good bust. The party of the other part is the permanent residents of adjacent purlieus, who live sober lives, fattening on the profligacy of the Middle West. To those who know the inside of the game, to see this quaint stage version of such craft presented to the patrons and the proprietors of darkest Broadway, might well make the little dog laugh. But that is a comedy not at all of the stage and of the written drama. The grotesque realities of our life are the last things to occupy the thoughts of the playsmith.

From the Hattons, who confess responsibility for the present piece, one has a right to expect at least clever lines and a fresh characterization or two. At their best their wit is indeed common, and they are given to the exploitation of sheer vulgarities; but there is yet a glance of the fresh eye, a touch of vernacular verbal felicity. Here raw characterizations and dull colloquies are all but unrelieved. By comparison "The Squab Farm" of flitting memory was a comedy masterpiece.

In the cast there are a number of able actors who, with possible material, are accustomed to give a good account of themselves. Last night they were snowed under, obliterated, by the crude impossibility of what they had to say and do.

TELL OF MOVIE STARS' PAY.

Brady and Irwin Say Salaries Absorb Profits of Business.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Salaries upward of $3,500 a week each to motion picture stars absorb profits of the film business, although the rentals in the United States and Canada amount to $70,000,000 a year, the Senate Finance Committee was told today by William A. Brady and Walter W. Irwin, representing the motion picture industry.

The witness appeared to protest against the proposed increase from 10 to 20 per cent. in the tax on admissions and an additional tax of 10 per cent. on rentals in the new war revenue bill. Mr. Brady said the taxes would amount to $2,000,000 a year more than the companies were making and would force many theatres out of business.

CALLS WOMEN TO WAR WORK

Head of State Federation of Labor Warns of Conscription.

James P. Holland, Chairman of the New York State Federation of Labor, discussed the need of a larger number of workers in essential war industries at a meeting of the United States Employment Service, at 220 Fifth Avenue, yesterday.

"None of us want conscription of labor," Mr. Holland said, "and there is only one way to prevent it—by voluntary employment in war industries and by joining the ranks of those workers who are already helping us win the war. This is the time for women to show their patriotism and pluck by doing the work that men have been accustomed to do, releasing thousands of potential fighters and at the same time preventing a serious labor shortage.

"The war will be won not alone by trench and open fighting, no matter how magnificent it may be. The boys 'over there' need ammunition, clothing, medicaments and food, and we must furnish them with these necessities. It is said that from five to six people are needed to provide for every man in the trenches. How can we supply this labor demand unless all of us, women as well as men, enter industries connected with the Government and with the conduct of the war"

REPORT AIR MINISTRY BILL.

Senate Military Committee Approves Plan for New Department.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The Senate Military Affairs Committee by 11 to 2 voted today to report favorably to the Senate the passage of the New bill, providing for the appointment of a Secretary of Aeronautics by President Wilson to be a member of the Cabinet. This is the outcome of evidence before the committee by aviation experts and others who urged that aeronautics be put in a separate department.

The bill would establish a Department of Aeronautics with a Secretary at its head, much after the pattern of the Ministry of Aeronautics of England. The salary would be $12,000 a year. The two members of the committee voting against reporting the bill were Senators Kirby and Sheppard. The bill will probably come up for a vote within a few days.

AMAZING GRAVEYARD ON ST. MIHIEL HILL

Huge Lion and Iron Cross Guard Tombstones and Mausoleums of 6,000 Germans.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY, Sept. 17.—I was coming down the hill north of St. Mihiel this morning when around a curve there burst into sight in the bright sunshine what seemed to be a vast expanse of white on the side of a noble hill. It was a great graveyard filled with massive marble tombstones and monuments, symmetrical, grand, and new. It stretched from a roadside far up the hill, on top of which stood an enormous black iron cross.

All those graves were German graves. It was a great German graveyard, upon which care had been lavished and much wealth spent. Flowers bloomed everywhere, and in one end a great lion stood, twenty-five feet high, with a lifted paw pointing toward Paris and its head looking westward, where lay America.

This graveyard was an astounding sight, nothing less. In it lay fully 6,000 Germans, and the dates on the graves were all the way from 1914 to 1918. Here a member of the German nobility lay in a great mausoleum. Here was a big vault for a boche Colonel, and here and there a private evidently of a family of wealth lay beneath a monument of many tons.

This graveyard occasioned more or less surprise, for it is the general policy of the Germans to carry their illustrious dead back home. Could its presence on this St. Mihiel hill mean that the Germans intended to stay there? No British, no French, no Americans have been buried in any such style. Loving phrases and gallant tributes were carved on every tombstone. The stone came from French quarries, but the work was done by special artisans brought from Germany.

The thing seemed unbelievable. Stretching for a quarter of a mile were hundreds after hundreds of tombstone lines. They stood as straight as German precision could make them. Up the hill, one after another in terraces, the white lines ran to where the lion and the iron cross crowned the spectacle. The whole was grand and massive, but not beautiful.

HYLAN CHARGE OPENS B.R.T. INVESTIGATION

War Labor Board to Inquire into Alleged Discrimination Against Employes.

PUBLIC HEARING TOMORROW

Mayor Intimates That Company Is Seeking to Force Higher Fares by Causing Unrest Among Men.

Managers and employes of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company will appear at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning at the City Hall, where a public hearing will be held by joint Chairmen William Howard Taft and Frank P. Walsh of the War Labor Board on allegations that the transit company has been discharging men for being members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. It was decided to hold a public hearing after Mayor Hylan notified the War Labor Board that if prompt action were not taken a strike by the motormen of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit might follow.

In a letter sent by special messenger to the joint Chairmen of the War Labor Board while they were conferring at the Hotel McAlpin yesterday morning, Mayor Hylan said: "The unrest which the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company is causing among its employes would appear to be a part of a plan to force the City of New York to give an increased rate of fare." It was this letter that caused Chairman Walsh to pay a hurried cisit to the City Hall, where he conferred with the Mayor.

On leaving the City Hall, Mr. Walsh said: "The Department of Labor, several weeks ago, invoked the jurisdiction of the National War Labo rBoard in the case of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, the general charge being that the principles of the War Labor Board were being violated by the management of the company in that it was interfering with the right of their employes to join labor unions.

"Under the principles and policies governing industrial relations for the period of the war proclaimed by President Wilson and made the constitution of the board, the workers are protected in their right to organize into trade unions and to bargain collectively through chosen representatives with their employers, and employers are forbidden to molest workers in the exercise of the right. The case was referred to a section of the board, consisting of joint Chairmen William H. Taft and myself, and hearings have already been had before an examiner of the board.

"The Mayor's letter calling our attention to the present gravity of the situation seems to make it imperative that the hearing be continued before the joint Chairmen so that speedy and appropriate action may be taken to safeguard the Government's interest in the uninterrupted operation of the New York transportation systems, which play such a tremendous part in the production of war necessities and the continued effectiveness of the American Expeditionary Forces. The managers as well as the employes of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company have been summoned under the authority of the War Labor Board to appear before Mr. Taft and myself on Thursday morning. The hearings will be in public and the introduction of testimony will be free from technical rules or hindrances."

The Mayor's letter to the War Labor Board says, in part:

"In a recent letter which I received from L. G. Griffing, Assistant Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, a condition was brought to my notice that I think should receive the serious attention and consideration of your honorable board.

"Mr. Griffing in his letter to me described the status of the controversy existing between the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and its employes represented by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, which I understand is as follows: That the employes have the right to organize without fear of loss of position or being discriminated against.

"The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company is carrying many thousands of people who are employed in the navy yard, ship yards, and munition plants, and other industries which are vitally necessary to the successful prosecution of the war.

"There is immediate danger of a strike because of the discriminatory methods used against the men who are exercising their inalienable right to organize, and because of violation of the penal law of the State."

In his letter of protest to the Mayor, Acting Grand Chief Griffing said he was inclined to believe, because of the alleged action of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, "that the management of this railroad has no regard for the wishes of the President of the United States or any desire to assist the Government in our own common cause. Unless the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company discontinues dismissing members of this organization on account of their affiliations with the organization, it will be necessary for the employes to take such action as will protect their interests."

Mr. Griffing's letter was accompanied by affidavits from eight men who alleged they had been discharged for being members of the railway brotherhood.

REINSTATE STRIKERS, PRESIDENT DEMANDS

Wilson Insists That Bridgeport Concerns Employ Men He Ordered Back.

LABOR LEADERS COMPLAIN

Assert Three Factories Are Barring Workers, but Managements Deny Charges.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17. — President Wilson has called upon the Remington Arms Company, the Union Metallic Cartridge Company, the Liberty Ordnance Company, and other manufacturers at Bridgeport, Conn., to reinstate all striking employes who seek to return to work in response to the President's demands. The President wrote:

"White House, Washington, Sept. 17.

"Remington Arms, U. M. C. Plant, Liberty Ordnance Company, and others, Bridgeport, Conn.

"My attention has been called to the fact that several thousand machinists and others employed in connection with war industries in Bridgeport, Conn., engaged in a strike to obtain further concessions, because they were not satisfied with the decision rendered by the umpire appointed under the authority conferred upon the National War Labor Board. On the 13th inst. I communicated with the workmen engaged in the strike, demanding that they accept the decision of the arbitrator and return to work, and stated the penalties which would be imposed if they refused to do so.

"The men at a meeting voted to return to work this morning, but I am informed by their representatives that the manufacturers refused to reinstate their former employes. In view of the fact that the workmen have so promptly complied with my directions, I must insist upon the reinstatement of all these men. WOODROW WILSON."

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 17.—Practically every machinist and toolmaker who has been on strike from munition factories here returned to work today. Leaders of the strike, however, announced their intention of sending a telegram to President Wilson protesting against failure of three plants to take back men. At each plant the management issued a denial of the charges, saying that every man was employed if there was work for him.

MINERS RETURNING TO WORK.

POTTSVILLE, Penn., Sept. 17.—The strike movement of the anthracite miners is rapidly losing force in this section. District No. 7, comprising more than 20,000 men, voted solidly today to stay at work. Men in the St. Clair district voted similarly, and reports from Shenandoah, Girardville, and Ashland indicate that miners are returning and that several collieries are running almost full handed.

Leaders here say spread of the strike is completely blocked. Madeira Hill & Co., announced today that two of its collieries at Shamokin would resume Wednesday, miners voting to go back.

READING, Penn., Sept. 17.—There was reduction of many thousands of tons of anthracite coal in the amount mined in the Schuykill region, due to the strike of miners in twenty-six collieries. The men ask for a wage scale equal to that of the bituminous miners. The fuel authorities at Washington have the request under consideration, but Director Garfield is reported as having declared that he will not act upon the request while the mines are idle. Yesterday the Reading Company loaded about 800 cars at the breakers, but today the number was much less.

How Many Will Come Back?

Our boys must face machine-guns, millions of shells, and blinding, corroding gas. How many will come back? More than you suppose. It's all been figured out from French, British and Canadian losses in the October issue of the Popular Science Monthly. To keep up with the times you must also read—

Shooting Barbed Wire at the Germans
Hudson Maxim's New Unsinkable Ship
The Airplane Ambulance—a New Life Saver
How Henry Ford Builds Ships by Wholesale
Machine that Fits Shoes to Soldiers' Feet
How Fighting Airplanes are Invented
Housekeeping Made Easy with New Inventions

There are 200 articles and 300 vivid pictures in the October number

All the new inventions and discoveries in airplanes, ships, automobiles, submarines, machinery, electricity and science are described and pictured in Popular Science Monthly. It is all made so plain that everyone can understand.

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Full description of and information concerning the stock, bonds, and the trademarks, trade names, etc., of said corporation may be obtained by application to JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF SALES, 110 West 42d Street, New York City.

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CENTURY Thea., 62d, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:10. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:10. MATINEE TODAY. 50c TO $1.50 THE WORLD'S GREATEST ENTERTAINER AL JOLSON And Incomparable Company of 130 in the sizzling, whizzing cycle of laughter SINBAD Always Good Seats 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50.

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BIJOU Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20. OLIVER MOROSCO Presents Jack Lait's New Comedy. "ONE OF US"

BOOTH W. 45th St. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20. Here is a Real Hit OLIVER MOROSCO ADVISES WATCH YOUR NEIGHBOR

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. THE WOMAN ON THE INDEX "Excellent Interest-compelling Melodrama."—*Charles Darnton, Eve. World.*

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. She Walked In Her Sleep

HUDSON West 44th St. Evgs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD IN FRIENDLY ENEMIES

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30. UNDER ORDERS With Shelley Hull & Effie Shannon.

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30. Marjorie Rambeau in "WHERE POPPIES BLOOM."

ASTOR THEA., 45th & B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:20. Mr. and Mrs. SIDNEY DREW Personally in a Spoken Comedy KEEP HER SMILING

PRINCESS Thea., 39, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. STUART WALKER Presents JONATHAN MAKES A WISH A PLAY FOR FATHERS AND MOTHERS AND SISTERS AND BROTHERS

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20. TRIUMPHANT MUSICAL SUCCESS. (Two Years at Daly's Theatre, London.) The MAID of the MOUNTAINS With WILLIAM COURTENAY "Music light, charming and melodious."

FULTON 46 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20. "Over Here' is a play of patriotism, strong for war."—*Herald.* "OVER HERE" A new 4-act play by Oliver D. Bailey.

39TH ST. Theatre, nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. "The scream of the year."—*Eve. Journal.* ANOTHER MAN'S SHOES With LIONEL ATWILL. "One of the few plays this year that seems destined to long life."—*De Foe, World.*

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:15. 2D BRILLIANT WEEK—2D TIME IN N. Y. SAN CARLO GRAND OPERA CO. Today Mat., Romeo & Juliet; Tonight, Aida; Thurs., Lucia; Fri., Gioconda; Sat. Mat., Secret of Suzanna (in English) & Pagliacci (Marcella Craft); Eve., Trovatore. 50c. to $2. Wed. Mat., 50c. to $1.50.

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w. Best Seats 50c Highest Price Orchestra Seat $1 Evs. YES OR NO

Loew's 7th Av. At 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1 Mat. Tom'w. 25c & 50c BLANCHE & HOLBROOK in "GETTING BATES BLINN TOGETHER"

CENTRAL Theatre, Broadway & 47th St. Phone Bryant 17. Evgs. 8:30. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2:30. MATINEE TODAY, 2:30 ALICE BRADY Returned to the spoken stage in Forever After "The girls will love this new drama."—*Burns Mantle, Eve. Mail.*

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th Nr. B'way. Opening Tomorrow, 8:15 P. M. Sharp. T 4 3 A NEW COMEDY By Roi Cooper Megrue With Arthur Byron, Margaret Lawrence, Frederick Perry SEATS NOW ON SALE

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. FIRST MAT. TODAY. 50c TO $1.50. OLIVER MOROSCO Presents "THE WALK-OFFS" A new comedy by Frederic & Fanny Hatton. "NO ONE-

WHO CARES FOR INTELLIGENT WIT AND GENUINE GAYETY CAN AFFORD TO MISS AN IDEAL HUSBAND"—*TIMES.* JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents OSCAR WILDE'S BRILLIANT COMEDY BRILLIANTLY ACTED BY THE FOLLOWING ALL-STAR CAST: NORMAN TREVOR, CONSTANCE COLLIER, CYRIL HARCOURT, JULIAN L'ESTRANGE, BEATRICE BECKLEY

COMEDY 41st, E. B'way. Evs. 8:20. First Mat. Tom'w

LYRIC 42nd St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20. MAT. TODAY BEST SEATS $1.50 The Novelty Hit of the Season ROLAND WEST'S THRILLER OF THRILLERS The Unknown Purple WITH RICHARD BENNETT "Thank Heavens, 'The Unknown Purple' is not a war play."—*Stephen Rathbun, Eve. Sun.*

SOME NIGHT! SOME HIT!! AND Some Surprises!!! "A SMALL TRIUMPH."—*SUN* *GLOBE* For Harry Delf's Delicious Comedy with Music SOME NIGHT! "A WINNER."—Herald. CAST INCLUDES: Forrest Winant, Roma June, James C. Marlowe, Louis Simons, Grace Edmond, Anna Fredericks, Harry Lambert, and "A CHORUS WHICH WOULD LURE SUCCESS INTO THE BOX OFFICE OF ANY PRODUCTION FORTUNATE ENOUGH TO HAVE IT."—Globe. HARRIS THEATRE West 42d St. First Matinee Today, 2:15.

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2. MAYTIME with JOHN CHARLES THOMAS. JOHN T. MURRAY—Eileen Van Biene. Heard and Seen by 500,000 People.

SEAT SALE THIS MORN. AT 9 at Hippodrome Box Office for JOHN McCORMACK TESTIMONIAL CONCERT FOR 165TH INF., NOW IN FRANCE (New York's Own Fighting 69th) Hippodrome, Next Sun. Night, 8:15 The Following Artists will positively appear GALLI-CURCI ★ CAROLINA LAZZARI RUDOLPH GANZ ★ JOHN McCORMACK COURTESY OF MANAGEMENT MESSRS. WAGNER & MASWEENEY TICKETS, $6.00, $4.00, $3.00, $2.00, $1.00. For Boxes Apply D. M. Brady, 93 Liberty St. Victor J. Dowling, Chairman.

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome De Wolf Hopper—Houdini — Belle Story—Bert Levy—Chas. T. Aldrich and 1,000 others. MAT. TODAY Best Seats $1.00 Except Boxes. Evs. at 8:15.

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE. BEGINNING MONDAY, SEPT. 23 SOCIETY OF AMERICAN SINGERS Mon., Wed. and Sat. Eves., MIGNON, Maggie Teyte, Ruth Miller; Henri Scott, John Cond. Hageman. Tues. and Fri. Eves., DAUGHTER OF THE REGIMENT, Bianca Saroya, Julia Henry; Craig Campbell, David Bispham. Thurs. Eve. and Sat. Mat., CARMEN, Marguerite Sylva; Ricardo Martin, Henri Scott.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47 ST. Daily Mats. 25c-$1. VALESKA SURATT AVON COMEDY 4. "MOONSHINE" with EDMUND HAYES, RUTH ROYE, & GEORGE WHITE.

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AUSTRIA AND HER SUBJECT RACES

The authors of the Austrian peace-parley invitation probably felt that they were going far when they said that "President WILSON in his "speeches of Feb. 12 and July 4 of "this year has formulated principles "which have not encountered contra-"diction on the part of his allies, and "the far-reaching application of "which is likely to meet with no ob-"jection on the part of the Powers of "the Quadruple Alliance also, pre-"supposing that this application is "general and reconcilable with the "vital interests of the States con-"cerned." The words seem conciliatory, though the commitment is safeguarded in the final clause. But Austria forgets that much has happened since the President made the first of these speeches, much of immediate concern to Austria since he made the second.

It was on Feb. 11, not Feb. 12, that President WILSON in his address to the two houses of Congress laid down four principles by which proposals of peace were to be tested. First, each part of the final settlement must be based on essential justice, with a view to the permanence of peace; second, that peoples and provinces are not to be bartered about as if they were mere chattels and pawns in a game; third, that territorial settlements involved in the war must be made for the benefit of the populations concerned; and fourth:

> That all well-defined national aspirations shall be accorded the utmost satisfaction that can be accorded them without introducing new or perpetuating old elements of discord and antagonism that would be likely in time to break the peace of Europe and consequently of the world.

That pointed directly at the races ruled without their consent by the Hapsburgs. In his Mount Vernon speech of July 4, the President was even more emphatic and specific. Declaring that no half-way decision would be tolerable, he proclaimed again four principles which must be conceded before there can be peace, of which this is the second:

> The settlement of every question, whether of territory, of sovereignty, of economic arrangement, or of political relationship, must be upon the basis of free acceptance of that settlement by the people immediately concerned, and not upon the basis of the material interest or advantage of any other nation or people which may desire a different settlement for the sake of its own exterior influence or mastery.

That means Russia, so largely under German mastery, it means Rumania, it points very directly to the Czechoslovaks and the Jugoslavs held against their will in bondage to the Imperial Government at Vienna. Did Austria fail to observe that the President specifically excluded any presupposition about her "vital interests" when he said that the settlement must have free acceptance by the people immediately concerned, and was not to be made "upon the basis of the material "interests or advantage of any other "nation or people"? What has happened since July 4 is that the Czechoslovaks have been recognized as a nation and as a co-belligerent by the Governments of Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan, and notably by that of the United States. This practical "application" of Mr. WILSON'S principle is, of course, an express denial that the Allies and the United States will recognize or respect any vital interest of Austria in regard to her subject races who have national aspirations and are struggling to be free. The Czechoslovaks are fighting with the Allies on three fronts of the war. The Jugoslavs are fighting with the French, British, Greeks, and Serbians against the Bulgarians on the Saloniki front. No peace settlement drawn up on the basis of the President's principles will doom these brave peoples to a perpetual Austrian slavery. The recognition of the Czechoslovaks as a nation was the forerunner of the dismemberment of the Austrian Empire.

That must come, it is an essential war aim of the Allies, since to condemn the Czechoslovaks and the Jugoslavs to live under a rule they loathe would inevitably perpetuate "old ele-"ments of discord and antagonism "that would be likely in time to "break the peace of Europe and con-"sequently of the world." These are the words of President WILSON and they commit him to recognition of the national longings of 20,000,000 enslaved people. The Austrians of German blood are not more than half of that number. The minority rule the majority, without their consent. As a basis of permanent peace that is a condition too perilous to be tolerated. Austrian rule really enslaves these people to the Germans, the worst of masters. Hatred of their rulers has inspired thousands of these subject races of Austria to desert from the armies of the Teutonic alliance, or, when made prisoners, as in Russia, to take up arms against their masters. No peace to which the Allies will consent will leave Austria under the control of the German will with all the peoples she rules. The certain cure for that evil condition is to strike the Austrian shackles from the many million subjects of Austria who aspire to freedom.

Austria's "vital interests" are no concern whatever of the Allies. She has been careless of them herself in consenting to German vassalage, and she made herself odious to the world when she began this war. Dismemberment will be a sore wound to the Hapsburg pride, but that dynasty itself is a monstrous solecism in these modern times. The conditions of peace which President WILSON, in accord with the Allies, has laid down may "meet with objection" in the Quadruple Alliance, that is a matter of protest and argument; they will have to be accepted, and that will be a matter of fact. Germany, Austria, and their allies understand what these terms are. The language of the Austrian note indicates that that Power, at least, has become pretty well convinced that they must be accepted in the end. They will be accepted because all the people of the United States, Great Britain, France, and Italy, with a great many others, stand like a rock behind them. A force growing every day more nearly irresistible will impose these terms upon the nations of the Quadruple Alliance when all of them openly admit, what some of them now virtually acknowledge, that they are beaten.

FORWARD IN THE BALKANS.

The best commentary on the Franco-Serbian offensive in the Balkans is the speech made to the Italian contingent on the Saloniki front a few days ago by General MONTIELLI. "Nearly all the Germans," he said, "have abandoned the Macedonian "front. The Bulgarians are sick of "German domination, which is drain-"ing their blood and famishing them. "More and more every day they are "morally depressed; their military "discipline is breaking down. The "beseeching wails of their families "that languish in the midlands are "paralyzing their energy."

That German and Austrian forces in the Balkans have been weakened and that Bulgaria is pretty well tired of the war is well known. The reports via Holland that Bulgarian troops have actually appeared in considerable numbers on the western front begin to seem plausible, despite the well-known distaste of the Bulgarians for fighting in any theatre of war except those marked out for permanent Bulgarian annexation. It is unlikely that any material portion of the Bulgarian Army has been sent to France, but since the lines occupied by that army in Macedonia run through a territory most of whose inhabitants are bitterly hostile to Bulgaria, it may be presumed that General FRANCHET D'ESPEREY, commanding the allied forces, has pretty accurate information as to what is going on in the enemy's lines; and he would know of the detachment of Bulgarian troops to join the Germans and Austrians in the west.

The allied armies must by now be chiefly composed of Serbians and Greeks. Some time ago an apparently authoritative statement declared that there were only ten French and British divisions left at Saloniki. There is an Italian contingent, probably not very large in view of the powerful Italian concentration in Albania. There is the reconstituted Serbian Army, now fighting as well as it ever did at Shabatz or Valjevo, and strengthened by divisions of Jugoslavs who have left the Austrian Army just as did the Czechoslovaks, and are now fighting with their kinsmen against their nominal sovereign. And there is the Greek Army, whose actual fighting power has lately been said to amount to some 200,000 men, and which won a considerable local victory in June.

Numerically this force is probably stronger than that opposed to it. The Austrians must maintain a strong army in Albania, where the Italian offensive of July gave them a scare; we may be sure that few Germans are now being used in the Balkans, and the Bulgarian armies have suffered heavy losses, in addition to whatever deductions may have to be made for the divisions reported in France. To be sure, the Macedonian mountains are a very difficult country for fighting, and the armies of the Central Powers have had time to construct powerful lines. But no line can hold if there are not men enough to hold it, or if the men holding it have lost their morale.

The country through which the Greeks and Serbians fought the Bulgars in 1913 was mountainous, but the Bulgars were driven back none the less. To be sure, a part of their forces had been demoralized by their initial defeats at Kilkis and on the Bregalnitza, and they were beginning to re-establish a strong resistance within the old Bulgarian frontier when the advance of the Rumanian Army on Sofia ended the war. But the campaign of 1913 is proof that successful military operations are not impossible in Macedonia.

The Bulgars are good fighters, and, dissatisfied though they are, they will doubtless fight hard enough when threatened with the loss of their conquests. The next few days, if this offensive is carried on with vigor, should show how much there is in the theory that the Bulgarian people would be willing to conclude a status quo ante peace that would bid them abandon the conquests they have bought with heavy loss of life and consolidated at the cost of such reputation as they had left. The first operations show considerable successes for the Serbians, who won mountain positions which resisted their attacks following the capture of Monastir two years ago; and the beginnings of a Greek advance are reported. Not far ahead of the Greeks is the strong fortress of Rupel, abandoned by CONSTANTINE without a fight in 1916; but both Greeks and Serbians have the strongest incentives to vigorous attack, and if the Bulgarian Army is as weak as reported their success may be considerable.

R. BAUER, KING OF RUSSIA.

LENINE has apparently grown weary of his mask, for he announces that it will be necessary "to conclude a de-"fensive and offensive alliance with "another Power," meaning Germany. Or, rather—since the correspondence given out by our Government proves that LENINE has no initiative of his own, that all his acts are in obedience to German orders—it is Germany which has tired of his mask and ordered him to take it off. What he proposes is that the offensive and defensive alliance secretly concluded between him and his "pals" and the German General Staff in 1917 be turned into a public one and blamed on "Russia."

The installment of the Bolshevist-German correspondence given out yesterday by the Committee on Public Information shows how the German officers in Petrograd controlled the Bolshevist spy system and made use of it for "watching the missions of the countries allied to Russia." It shows the Bolsheviki as submissively sending Russian agents to England, France, and the United States to spread peace propaganda, and even sending them into the French and English armies.

It would really be interesting to know something of this "R. BAUER" of the German General Staff, Nachrichten Bureau, who seems to be the real ruler of Russia, to judge by the orders he issues to LENINE and TROTZKY. He seems a fellow of infinite resource. Take, for instance, his order to the Bolsheviki to hold up the Italian Ambassador's train and search his luggage, Italy being a country at peace with Russia but at war with Germany. Full of interest is the report of the Bolsheviki's thugs to TROTZKY of how they held up the Italian Ambassador in the street and robbed him; of how, not finding any diplomatic documents, they "masked the attack" by taking certain other articles which they found in his pockets. This they describe as a "confiscation."

Not less interesting is the German order for vessels to be taken to the Pacific, "where the German Govern-"ment intends to form, for the pur-"pose of opposing the American-"Japanese trade, a powerful commer-"cial fleet flying the Russian flag." Nothing is clearer than that there has not only been no Russian Government in Russia, but that there has not even been a Bolshevist Government. The Government of Russia has been in the hands of Major LUBERTS, R. BAUER, O. RAUSCH, and the other German gentlemen who gave orders to their hired men, LENINE, TROTZKY, KAMENEFF, JOFFE, ZINOVIEFF, and the others of the gang.

STRIKERS AND THE WAR.

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE has appealed to the Yorkshire and Lancashire cotton mill operators who struck on Saturday to come back to work and let the Government settle their dispute with their employers. He asked them to come back on the obvious ground that their strike will "seriously inter-"fere with the production of war ma-"terials." The 5,000 striking machinists at Bridgeport have gone back to work at President WILSON'S demand. At Shamokin, Penn., some twenty-five thousand anthracite coal miners struck for more pay. Fuel Administrator GARFIELD refused to confer with them, told them that he would take no steps in their behalf until they went back to work, and that they would be "held personally and strictly responsible." Work or fight: that is the alternative properly held up to these or any other workmen who dare to be slackers.

The United Mine Workers of the Seventh Pennsylvania District have adopted unanimously a resolution pledging their allegiance to the Government and their resolve to co-operate with it for the speedy winning of the war. They denounce strikes, or threats of strikes, at this time, all efforts to bulldoze the Government into granting requests for more pay. These miners ask all the anthracite mine workers to work their hardest, to put on full steam, so that "our ma-"chine may not stop until it makes "its triumphant entry into Berlin."

That is the talk. That is the real spirit of the American and the British, the French and Italian, all the workingmen of the Entente. Mr. HODGE, the British Minister of Pensions, who left the British Labor Party on account of the pacifist and mischief-making work of some labor leaders, has spoken the thought that must be in every American workingman's mind, irrespective of what particular grievances he may conceive that he is subjected to:

> We at home have a duty to perform toward our sons and our brothers and our pals at the front. We must not let them down. As a Labor man I cannot conceive how it is possible for any of my brother-workmen, no matter what the provocation may be, to do wrong because a wrong has been committed upon them. Two blacks do not make a white. Protest as much as you like, agitate as much as you like, for the righting of the wrong, but for God's sake don't let our gallant lads on land, on sea, in the air, and under the sea be let down because of any petty quarrels at home. I am proud of the loyalty of my fellow-members in the steel trade. What we have done has been to carry on.

Carry on! That is what the miners and the machinists and every other American must do.

CARDINAL FARLEY.

In that moving and splendid service, at St. Patrick's Cathedral one Winter's day half a dozen years ago, of installation of Cardinal FARLEY, then lately welcomed home from Rome by a great popular demonstration of respect and affection, as Cardinal Archbishop of the Province of New York, one remembers best today in all that noble ceremonial that shield over the altar with the legend, "Ecce Sacerdos Magnus."

Cardinal FARLEY was a great priest, who never forgot the difficulties and labors of the parish priest which he had undergone. What work of piety, of education, of charity, of social and civic betterment, what duty to the Church or to its people, did he ever refuse? Only the other day he was writing of Cardinal MCCLOSKEY what was as true of himself. "The most "salient aspects of Cardinal MCCLOS-"KEY'S character," wrote Cardinal FARLEY, long his secretary, were "his "modesty of speech, his benignity of "manner, his great personal simplicity "of heart, his dislike for public dis-"play, and his careful avoidance of "everything that might bring him be-"fore the public gaze."

Two or three years ago we might have said that, of all the manifold achievements of Cardinal FARLEY, the Catholic Encyclopedia, of which he was the source, the constant friend, was perhaps his most enduring monument. The war has shown him as a resolute patriot. "Next after GOD, we "must love the land of our political "allegiance. * * * We are fighting to "uphold those ideals of political lib-"erty and freedom which guarantee "to every nation, great and small, "peaceful possession of its territory, "unhampered development of natural "resources and equal opportunities in "industrial and commercial competi-"tion. * * * GOD of battles, hear us; "judge our cause, give us justice, "freedom, and peace!"

We remember his message to the Cardinal Archbishop of Paris, joining, in behalf of the Catholics of New York, in protest against the Good Friday murder done by the German long-range gun. "May GOD bless the "brave officers and men of the allied "armies in their splendid defense of "liberty and justice!" We remember, too, how he brought on himself the wrath of the New York Sinn Feiners.

Prince of the Church, great priest, good man, great citizen and patriot, Cardinal FARLEY is honored and mourned by the American people.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

More Likely German Than Spanish.

It seems now to be admitted with something like unanimity by all our medical authorities, including those of the army and navy, that this country, and all of it, is about to undergo the serious inconveniences and not inconsiderable dangers that accompany and follow an epidemic of the so-called Spanish influenza. That this new variant of the "grippe" with which we have been only too familiar in other years really originated in Spain is a matter of some doubt. It did, indeed, first come to public notice in that country, but the Spaniards declared, and the declaration is at least plausible, that the infection was brought to them by the crews of German U-boats, and they explained the peculiar malignancy of the disease as the result of the condition in which the men in those vessels were obliged to live for weeks, and sometimes for months, at a time.

About the best that can be said for this theory is that it is possibly true, just as it is possibly true that yellow fever was a product of the conditions in which African slaves were brought across the Atlantic to the American continents. In both cases denial and demonstration are alike doubtful.

But whether the latest form of an old malady is Spanish or not is a question of no practical importance. We know when it came here and by what ships it arrived. We also know that the guardians of our ports at first told us that there was no danger of an epidemic here, and a little later admitted that there was not a danger, but a certainty, of it, and that we would have to endure the consequent ills as best we could, as quarantine measures, to be effective, would have to be so stringent as to work an intolerable interference with the conduct of our war businesses on land and sea.

That was a rather humiliating confession for the representatives of medical and sanitary science to make in these days, but to question its truth would not be becoming. The only advice the experts now give us is to keep our powers of resistance as high as we can by strict attention to personal hygiene. We must sleep enough, eat carefully, keep out of crowds, take lots of outdoor exercise, and abstain from fiery liquids. That is good advice. It always is—and we shall probably heed it just about as much as has been our custom in the past.

Reprisals as Germans See Them.

There is a notable and characteristic element of the Teutonic in the official explanation from Berlin of the latest aerial raid on the French capital. Thence alone could have come the statement that "as a reprisal for the continued bombing of German towns, twenty-four tons of bombs were dropped last night on Paris."

Peculiar indeed are the minds that could evolve, and in all apparent seriousness present, that statement, and the peculiarity is a childlike simplicity. Only a sort of mental infantilism, of arrested development, prevented the German officials from seeing what the first comment made by the world of adults would be. What they call the "continued bombing of German towns" could properly be described as "reprisals," for such they were in the legitimate and only legitimate sense of the word. But the Germans seemingly have forgotten that they began this form of warfare, that month after month they raided both Paris and London, as well as other towns in England and France, and that it was not until long afterward that, with the reluctance decent and civilized people would naturally feel for engaging in such enterprises, the British and French determined to repay in kind.

It is also distinctively Teutonic that the Germans should have seen only military necessity and therefore fair war in dropping bombs on French and British civilians, and that they should have been filled with horror as well as rage as soon as their own towns were similarly attacked. There are no greater sticklers for the observance of international law than the Germans, and none readier with bitter denunciations of its violation than they. But it is only when they are themselves the sufferers that they get excited and call their tribal divinity to witness the atrocities committed.

They are as little inclined to admit the justice of reprisals on themselves as ordinary human beings would be, in judging the conduct of rattlesnakes or sharks, to do it from the point of view taken by these creatures. The Germans do not admit that other races have a point of view or that they have any rights as against Germans. That is why they and the rest of the world are now at war.

Proposing a Quick Dispatch.

In a speech recently made at a meeting in this city of the editors of trade papers, Mr. A. MITCHELL PALMER, our particularly able and energetic Custodian of Alien Property, made a statement that was loudly applauded by his hearers. It was one to which a good many other people, too, would thrill more or less sympathetically, though the thoughtful might wonder at it.

What Mr. PALMER said, as he is reported in Printers' Ink, was that he wanted Congress to give him authority to sell the alien property he takes over and to apply the proceeds at once to the payment of American claims against Germany for losses or damages incurred on the high seas or anywhere else. He couldn't see, still according to the same report, why our citizens should wait till the end of the war and then have their claims referred to a Court of Claims that would take a generation or two to render a decision.

Perhaps there is some difficulty in seeing why there should be such delay, and the difficulty will be especially great to the Americans who have the claims and who could find good use to make now of any German money they could get. Most or all of the property in Mr. PALMER'S hands, however, is private property, temporarily—and quite properly—sequestrated, but for it all an accounting must be made some day, and experience has demonstrated that no cases are more likely to have two sides than claims cases.

Courts may be slow, but they have certain compensating virtues, and—well, the chances are that Mr. PALMER wasn't talking quite seriously when he told those astonished editors what he wanted Congress to let him do.

The Georgia Primary.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Georgia feels deeply and sincerely that Registration Day, Sept. 12, 1918, should be designated, so far as this State is concerned, Thanksgiving Day. On Sept. 11, 1918, Georgia was on trial all over the "Good old U. S. A.," and by Georgians' votes we were either to be considered loyal or disloyal. The Senatorial race was filled with complex problems, and with five candidates in the field, with chances of a deadlock and a second primary, resulting in the election of an undesirable man, we approached the 11th with dread and fear, not knowing what the day would bring forth. All the leading papers of any force and effect advocated President Wilson's choice, the Hon. W. J. Harris, for our next United States Senator. Loyal men here worked throughout the State to redeem Georgia and have her properly represented in the National Capitol, where men and measures were to be passed upon in shaping laws to guide our nation through channels of safety.

Georgia has 152 counties, and the returns show how the respective candidates won out: Harris, 113 counties; Howard, 20 counties; Hardwick, 18 counties; Shaw, 1 county; Cooper, none. As Harris had more counties than all of the other candidates put together, he was declared the winner and will be the next Georgia Senator, to succeed Thomas W. Hardwick. So, when Registration Day throughout the Union prevailed on Sept. 12, 1918, and citizens from all walks of life responded to the call of "our country and our flag," with heart-beats glad to respond we did so with a double incentive, placing our man power to fight on land, sea, and sky, as well as a representative Senator to strengthen the arm of the President in obtaining and maintaining laws to fight and preserve democracy.

OLIVER ORR.

Macon, Ga., Sept. 13, 1918.

Six World Personalities.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am somewhat intrigued by Dr. Butler's assertion as reported in THE TIMES recently that Dr. Masaryk is one of the "six great personalities of the world." I am wondering who are the other five. I would suggest President Wilson, Marshal Joffre, General Foch, and Clemenceau. Now, who is the sixth? General Pershing, Lloyd George, or Mr. Roosevelt?

J. DE B. R.

New York, Sept. 12, 1918.

THE HOHENZOLLERN CATS-PAW.

By FRANK BOHN.

"The Austrian Government is an absolutism limited by sloppiness.

"Austria seems to be a historical necessity, but it is a political impossibility."—Victor Adler, Editor of the Vienna Arbeiter-Zeitung.

The Austrian-Hungarian Monarchy is a tattered, filthy, foul smelling remnant of the Holy Roman Empire of the Middle Ages. It has physical possession of certain territories upon which dwell certain dismembered groups of nine different nationalities. If the Central Powers are successful, Austria will be the pattern upon which the great Teutonic Empire of Eurasia will be formed. So the Austrian problem is the very crux of the situation.

I have heard well-informed persons by the dozen, here and in Europe, express themselves as follows: "If Austria would only break away from Germany we could make peace with her." "The Austrians are not nearly as bad as the Germans, they seem to be so much more reasonable and democratic." "If we could make peace with Austria we could soon finish Germany." "The Austrians are tired of German domination and seek their own independence." Such statements are the result of pure ignorance of Central European affairs. Internally considered, Austria-Hungary is less free than Saxony and Bavaria. Saxony and Bavaria could each have an independent existence like that of Switzerland or Holland. Austria-Hungary could have no such independent existence, for her subject peoples would tear her to shreds within thirty days. There is about as much chance of separating Germany and Austria during this war as there is of sowing dissension between New York and New Jersey.

Let me further explain Austria through an analogy. Take a map of Western Europe. Place down over it the form of Austria-Hungary. Place the tip of Tyrol among the mountains of Wales and the eastern end of Hungarian Carpathians among the Apennines of Italy. So will the arms of Austria extend far into France and Germany and include Switzerland, the Netherlands, Belgium, and a bit of Spain. Let us say that 11,000,000 of Germans, by allying themselves with 8,000,000 of Dutch, completely dominate all the other peoples within the territory. The British, the French, the Italians, the Spaniards, and the Belgians included all wish to be free and join their respective nationalities, but are not permitted to do so by reason of the fact that back of this system there stands the German Empire to the east. What American could defend the existence of such a government?

The primary purpose of this war is to make an end to the history of the Middle Ages. The feudal ruling class in Germany and Austria must be abolished and their subject peoples liberated. Let the 11,000,000 of German people in Austria join Germany, their mother country. The million Italians must be united with their own people—likewise the 12,000,000 South Slavs, the 2,000,000 Rumanians, the Poles, and the Ruthenians, who are Russians. The Czechoslovaks and the Hungarians will become independent members of the United States of Europe. There is today no Austria-Hungary in reality—that is, there is no Austria-Hungarian nation—only an ancient and contemptible monarchical house—the Hapsburgs!

It was no accident that Austria, through Metternich, was completely triumphant in the affairs of the Continent after the downfall of Napoleon. Metternich dominated Europe for a generation. Let them live and they will do so again. But there will be this difference. At the congress in Vienna the Austrians were their own masters. Today they are in the service, abjectly, of the real power behind their tottering throne, the Hohenzollerns.

This ancient and ridiculous house of the Hapsburgs has been enabled to outlive the feudal system as a whole for so many centuries by evolving its own peculiar methods. With eleven nationalities to deal with inside its own borders, its politicans have developed a most wonderful art in the practice of stirring up internecine quarrels. Today it permits the Hungarians to oppress the Germans of Hungary in order that the German Government in Vienna may oppress the Bohemians. Tomorrow it will seem to side with the Bohemians against the 2,000,000 Germans in Bohemia. Its 265,000 square miles have been turned into a political bedlam in which peace and political progress have been and are impossible. During 300 years the Hapsburgs have never won a war. They have saved themselves from the rope by their intriguing and lying, by shiftiness, and cowardice, by every sort of compromise and pretended surrender.

To recognize the Government of Austria is an impossibility so long as we are allied to the Czechoslovaks and to Italy. These opposing powers cannot be equally treated as independent. The very existence of one is predicated upon the destruction of the other. By establishing an alliance between ourselves and the Czechoslovaks and the Italians we pledged ourselves, willy-nilly, to the abolition of the Austria-Hungarian Government and the complete reconstitution of the Austria-Hungarian territory. When our victorious troops enter Vienna the Hapsburgs and their régime will be as dead as that of the Pharaohs and the Bourbons.

"RETREAT."

I saw the men in khaki, standing at retreat
In the wide camp street;
I heard the thrilling bugle, bidding the flag good-night
Till the new day's light,
And "The Star-Spangled Banner" pealing from the band,
While with raised right hand
They stood to greet the colors—ours in life and death—
Ours to the last breath!

Men, oh, men in khaki! remember overseas
Summer nights like these,
When our hearts were with you, standing at retreat
In the dusty street.
You who through the reek and din see the flag at night
By the shells' wild light,
You will never fail it, sacredly unfurled—
Star of all the world!

Some who stand saluting, where the colors burn,
Never shall return;
Some who run so lightly through the messroom door
We shall see no more.
These we hail, within your ranks, these who win their rest
On the earth's torn breast,
Whom the hosts of Heaven shall greet, where the standards rise
In diviner skies!

MARION COUTHOUY SMITH.

G. O. P. 'WAR RECORD' TO BE PARTY SLOGAN

Gov. Whitman, at Notification Ceremony, Is Told That He Has Made Good.

SPEAKERS FLAY TAMMANY

Republican Nominee Says He Will Not Waste Time on Stump Answering Charge of Extravagance.

The slogan of the Republican campaign this Fall was first sounded last night by ex-Judge Nathan L. Miller of the Court of Appeals in his speech at the Republican Club formally notifying Governor Whitman and the other candidates on the Republican State ticket of their nomination. It will be: "The State of New York has made good in the war and Charles S. Whitman has made good as its War Governor."

Governor Whitman's record as a "War Governor," as well as the achievements of his administration in peace times and the danger that a Democratic victory would mean the complete control of the State administration by Tammany Hall, were the things on which most stress was laid in Judge Miller's address. Not a word was said regarding prohibition, which was such a burning issue in the primaries and before, but at the meeting of the Republican State Committee, preceding the notification ceremonies, speakers declared that this issue had been eliminated by the prohibition legislation in Congress and President Wilson's order putting an end to brewing of beer.

Called a Tammany Candidate.

The most striking part of the notification speech was the part that dealt with Tammany Hall and the close connection between Alfred E. Smith, the Democratic nominee for Governor, whom Judge Miller characterized as a "Simon-pure, dyed-in-the-wool, thoroughbred Tammany candidate," as contrasted with William Sulzer, the last Tammany-sponsored Governor of the State, whom Judge Miller declared merely a Tammany "by-product." In his references to the Democratic nominee he also revived the characterization of the latter by his former colleague on the Court of Appeals bench, ex-Judge Samuel Seabury, in the Democratic State Conference at Saratoga, as "the best representative of the worst element in the Democratic Party."

"I assert," Judge Miller added, "that the best representative of the worst element in the Democratic Party or of any other party is not good enough, no matter what his personal qualities may be, to be the Chief Executive of this State."

Governor Whitman received an ovation when he entered the auditorium and again after he had made his response to the notification speech.

"The test," he said, "is not whether the Administration at Albany has been patriotic or not. No party group or State can lay claim to a monopoly of patriotism. Patriotism is not an issue in this campaign. We are all on one side when it comes to our country. Whether Democrats or Republicans, we are all Americans in the State of New York."

State Has Done Its Full Duty.

Another utterance of Governor Whitman which was cheered was his assertion that the Administration at Albany had done even more in the matter of war service than the Federal Administration had demanded.

"I invite the fullest scrutiny and examination to determine whether the country, or the holy cause the country has made its own, will be best served by a change of administration at Albany. If it should be shown that they would, then I am for the change," said the Governor.

Those to be notified were Governor Whitman, Lieut. Gov. Edward Schoeneck, Secretary of State Francis M. Hugo, State Controller Eugene M. Travis, State Treasurer James L. Wells, and State Engineer Frank M. Williams, all renominated for their present offices, and State Senator Charles B. Newton of Livingston, nominee for Attorney General. The only candidate absent was Controller Travis.

As at the meeting of the Republican State Committee in the afternoon, when resolutions were adopted pledging unswerving support for the Federal Administration from the party in the prosecution of the war to a conclusive victory and placing the machinery of the State and local party organization at the disposal of the Government in the coming Liberty Loan drive, so the attitude of the party toward the war furnished the dominant note for most of the addresses at the night ceremony. Robert W. Bonynge first sounded this note when he declared that the Republican Party would be behind the National Government in its determination to achieve a victory "by absolute military force."

Mr. Bonynge was followed by Chairman Glynn of the Republican State Committee, who testified to the certification by the Secretary of State of the several nominees. Then Judge Miller, who last Spring had been importuned himself to become the Republican candidate for Governor, got the floor. He dwelt at length on the achievements of the Whitman Administration in seeing to it that this State did its share in the prosecution of the war, specifying the military census, the recruiting of the National Guard and Naval Militia to full war strength before the National Government had called them even, the organization of a new Guard force to take the place of those who had been mustered into the Federal service, the creation of the State Council of Defense, which the speaker declared was the forerunner of all similar bodies throughout the country, the organization of the draft boards and the provision for the military training of youths in the public schools long before any such step had been taken elsewhere in this country.

Issue Not Disguised.

Judge Miller said in part:

"At the first enrollment for the selective draft over 1,000,000 men were enrolled, one-tenth of the enrollment of the nation. More than 300,000 men have been inducted into the national service under the selective draft without a hitch, without disturbance, without friction, and without delay.

"The State has taken nearly three and one-half billions of Government loans, practically one-third of the entire amount, and has contributed in like measure to every war fund. In other words, the State of New York has made good, and your administration has made good.

"You met the new administrative burdens not by creating new departments but by utilizing and co-ordinating the machinery at hand, and by calling to your assistance through the Council of Defense an army of volunteer workers.

"The supreme duty of the hour is to bend every energy and to put forth our utmost effort to the winning of the war.

"The issue in this campaign cannot be disguised. The people must choose between the record of the patriotic service, of the orderly and decent administration of the public business for the last four years and the record which Tammany Hall has made every time within the memory of this generation that it has been in complete control either in this city or the State.

"Only once before during that time has it dared nominate a Tammany candidate for Governor, but Sulzer was only a by-product and he claimed to be the candidate of the people.

"In this city even Tammany did not dare to put a candidate on the Democratic man at the end of its ticket last year, but content with enough of the ticket to control the city, nominated a hybrid for Mayor.

"Tammany has now grown bold, and has put at the head of its State ticket a Simon-pure, dyed-in-the-wool, thoroughbred Tammany candidate, whom it did not dare nominate for the office of Mayor last year.

"The time was when there was a strong, virile leadership of the Democratic Party in this State independent of Tammany Hall. But that time has passed. The Democratic Party of the State has been completely Tammanyized and it remains to be seen whether the State itself shall be Tammanyized.

"In discussing the $81,000,000 budget of the Whitman administration this year, Judge Miller said that a close examination of the appropriations would show that the increase in the cost of the State Government had not been larger than that of any large business corporation since war conditions have existed. All the money, he said, had been honestly spent.

"It will require more than a general charge of extravagance to persuade the people of this State to again appoint Tammany a custodian of the public funds," said Judge Miller.

The Charge of Extravagance.

When Governor Whitman arose to respond it became apparent that the charge of extravagance had tended to arouse him, but he said he would be prepared to meet it.

"Can the oldest man here present recall a campaign where the general charge of extravagance was not made against the party in power by the party that was out?" asked the Governor. "Now I do not propose to spend my time during the campaign answering charges of extravagance, but there will be in the hands of every man and woman voter in this State an itemized accounting, showing in detail how the money has been spent, where every dollar has gone or is going, and just what the people have got or are going to get in return. There has been a vast increase in the last budget over any budget that has gone before, but every dollar has been honestly and well spent. And I propose to ask the Tammany candidate during the campaign to point out a single item which he would have vetoed if he had been in my place.

"We are going before the people to demand re-election and to ask that the Republican Representatives in Congress be re-elected, because we believe that the best thought, the best minds, the most capacity for service not only to the State, but to the land, is within the Republican Party. Our party has stood by the Administration at Washington because it is our Administration, and by the President because he is the President—our President. We will continue to do so to the limit and to the finish. Ours is the will to serve, as has been demonstrated again and again on the floor of the House of Representatives by the Republican Congressmen. It is for that reason we ask for their re-election at a time when the country more than at any other needs the aid of 100 per cent. Americans."

The other candidates also made brief responses to the notification speech. Then there was a reception to the nominees.

GLYNN IS RE-ELECTED.

Republican Committeemen Again Name Him for State Chairman.

The meeting of the Republican State Committee, which preceded the notification ceremony at the Republican Club last night, was brief and harmonious. George A. Glynn was re-elected Chairman, and Lafayette B. Gleason, after twenty-eight years of service with the committee, was re-elected Secretary without dissent. Power was vested in Chairman Glynn to name a successor to Charles E. Dunlap as Treasurer, Mr. Dunlap having declined a second term.

Mrs. Florence Newbold was there as the representative of the Sixth Assembly District in the Bronx, and Mrs. Frankie Merson of Yates County, the only other woman member elected in the recent primaries, had given her proxy to Mrs. Francis W. Sawyer, Chairman of the Women's Division of the Republican State Organization. Miss Helen Varrick Boswell, Vice President of the New York County Republican Committee, was present and voted under a proxy from a male member, Benjamin F. Fox. All the men arose to welcome Miss Boswell when during the meeting she took the floor to second the re-election of Mr. Glynn as Chairman.

Chairman Glynn was empowered to give women representation on the Executive Committee, at present composed of ten of the most prominent leaders in the State. Chairman Glynn said after the meeting that probably the committee would be enlarged to fifteen and the five new places given to women.

By unanimous vote the committee adopted the following resolution offered by Charles H. Betts, member from Wayne County:

> Resolved, That we reaffirm the platform adopted at the Republican State Convention, held at Saratoga Springs, July 19, 1918, and especially declare our opposition to an inconclusive peace by diplomatic arrangement. In this war there can be only one peace—the complete triumph of democracy—and we denounce all negotiations that lead to any other conclusion.
>
> We indorse the Administration of Governor Whitman and his colleagues on the State ticket, and pledge ourselves to continue the policy which has made the State of New York foremost in support of the Federal Government in the successful prosecution of the war, and we urge all Republican organizations, committees, and members of the party to support to their full extent the Liberty Loan and all other war activities.

George W. Aldridge was made Temporary Chairman of the meeting and wielded the gavel until

CARDINAL A LEADER OF LOYAL AMERICANS

Added to His Fame as an Ecclesiastic by Whole-Hearted Stand for Victory of Democracy.

A SIMPLE-LIVING STUDENT

Divorce, Immoral Theatricals, Sabbath Desecration and Socialism His Aversions.

John Murphy Farley, Archbishop of New York, was created and proclaimed a Cardinal of the Roman Catholic Church with the titular church of Sancta Maria Sopra Minerva, Rome, on Nov. 27, 1911, simultaneously with the elevation to the Sacred College by Pope Pius X. of Archbishop O'Connell of Boston and Diomede Falconio, Apostolic Delegate at Washington. To have thus its representation in the supreme hierarchy increased by two new Cardinals, with Archbishop Falconio, who had been in America for many years, was considered in the Catholic world as the greatest tribute the church in America could have at the time received.

News of Cardinal Farley's nomination was received not only by the Catholic population of New York with great enthusiasm, but by the city at large, for as Archbishop Farley he had been beloved by a host of friends of every creed. Twenty-five thousand men, women and children lined the crosstown thoroughfare from St. Patrick's Cathedral to the steamship landing when he left for Rome to have the red hat conferred upon him at the formal consistory. Papal flags were in evidence throughout the city and one was flown from the topmast of the steamer on which he sailed.

One of the greatest demonstrations any ecclesiastic ever received in this country was accorded the new Prince of the Church when he returned to this country on Jan. 17, 1912. In an open carriage he joined the procession and saw the city decked in papal colors as never before. The Cathedral had been strung with ribbons of electric lights, and these were illumined for ten days after his return. During these days the demonstration took on many forms, notably a public demonstration at the Hippodrome, and at a dinner at which Cardinal Farley heard his Protestant brethren pay him tribute, and a Jewish rabbi pronounce a benediction, rejoicing that the days of bigotry were over.

After the Cardinal accepted these signal honors he returned to the generally simple habits of life and the exacting duties which were still his as Archbishop of New York at this period. If he had already made himself one of the most influential and popular religious leaders of the city. His entire ecclesiastical life, with the exception of his several pilgrimages to Rome was spent here.

Left an Orphan at Seven Years.

Cardinal Farley was born April 20, 1842, at Newton Hamilton, County Armagh, Ireland, the son of Philip and Catherine Murphy Farley. His father was an innkeeper. Both parents died when the boy was only 7 years old, and he was left largely to make his own way in the world. He succeeded in getting a fair education at St. Marcatan's, a college in the neighborhood of his home, and he proved not only to be a brilliant student, but a popular one, as he was known as the comedian of his class and a peacemaker among his fellows.

He came to New York through the auspices of an uncle, and continued his education at St. John's College, Fordham University, and at St. Joseph's Seminary at Troy, N. Y. He spent four more years at the American College at Rome, and was ordained as a priest there June 11, 1870. When he returned to this country he spent the first two years after his ordination as assistant rector of St. Peter's, at New Brighton, Staten Island. His vigor and ability, displayed in this, his first work, attracted the attention of Archbishop McCloskey, who later became a Cardinal, and he appointed him his secretary. Father Farley held this post for twelve years, almost up to the time of the Cardinal's death. His intimacy with the first American to be elevated to the Cardinalate had a great influence on Father Farley, it was said. After Cardinal McCloskey's death, he eulogized him in a story of his life.

At the time he served under Cardinal McCloskey, Father Farley was likewise the rector of St. Gabriel's Church, a large but poor parish, on the east side. Here a priest's life was one of constant toil and not a little hardship. He was a great friend of the poor, and the saying had it that no man ever went hungry if Father Farley knew it.

In 1884 Father Farley was appointed a private chamberlain by Pope Leo, with the title of Monsignor. In 1891 he was appointed Vicar-General of the Archdiocese of New York, in 1892 Domestic Prelate of Pope Leo, in 1895 Apostolic Prothonotary, and in the same year Auxiliary Bishop under Archbishop Corrigan, who succeeded Cardinal McCloskey. In this capacity Bishop Farley took upon himself most of the laborious work of the archdiocese. His influence and popularity increased steadily, and upon the death of Archbishop Corrigan in 1902 the clergy and laity of New York were almost unanimous in asking for the appointment of Bishop Farley as his successor. He was appointed, and from the first he proved to be a master in church government.

His Great Service in War.

Cardinal Farley entered into the spirit of America's war against autocracy with a whole heart. He wanted peace, but he said it was evident this could not be obtained except by the defeat of Germany "I would that peace could come by arbitration and diplomacy," he explained in an interview. "It seems, however, that no permanent peace can be hoped for except through the defeat of German arms in the field or the repudiation of the Prussian autocracy by the German people themselves. Criticism of the Government irritates me. I would consider it little short of treason." He sponsored the organization of the Catholic Church's great power for the service of the country, simply, he said, because Catholics were citizens of the United States. No man could be a good Catholic and be lax in his obedience to the civil authorities.

He considered it a sacred duty to all Americans to answer immediately every demand made upon them by the country.

"As Catholics in America," he told an interviewer, "we owe unswerving allegiance to the Government of the United States, and it is our sacred duty to answer with alacrity every demand our country makes upon our loyalty and devotion. The religious duties and obligations of a Catholic have many points of contact with his civil obligations, for the laws of a Christian State have their origin in natural and divine law. Obedience to duly constituted authority is an article of our faith."

He summed up his statements by saying:

"Therefore, the Church is merely doing its sacred duty in lending all the power of its authority and organization to the Government in this supreme moment of our history."

His Appeal Headed Columbus Drive.

To further his cordial support of the Government in the war and with a view to more active participation of Catholics, Cardinal Farley urged that Catholics organize a Catholic War Fund, and the drive for $2,000,000 directed by the Knights of Columbus, begun on March 1 and ending so successfully, was headed by his appeal. If Catholics supported the movement wholeheartedly, he told his flock, they could enlist the sympathy of the entire city. Catholics, he said, were asking the people of the archdiocese of New York, Protestant, Jew, and Catholic, for the funds. He did not conceal the fact that the money was being sought for Catholics and that the first aim of the Church in supporting the fund was the protection of the faith and morals of Catholic soldiers and sailors.

The response to the appeal of the Knights of Columbus for funds to carry on their work in France among soldiers, non-Catholics as well as Catholics, since it is the slogan of the Knights of Columbus that "every boy is welcome," is well known. Instead of the quota prescribed in the drive, the sum was doubled, and the support of Protestant and Jew in every more than a fair share. Members of every creed contributed to and worked for the success of the fund, the plans for which were all worked out in consultation with the Cardinal.

In spite of his age and his illness, which had been gradually becoming more acute and the Cardinal more feeble, he appeared in public many times during the last year. Though at many meetings or entertainments at which the Cardinal was expected, it was later announced that illness prevented his appearance, he was actively at work in his office in the archiepiscopal residence, supervising the many added duties which became his lot as the head of the largest archdiocese in the war. He visited the Pelham Bay Naval Training Station and inspected the work of the Naval Reserve and the war activities of the Knights of Columbus there. He was highly pleased with the work of the organization, he said, because he had found it broadly non-sectarian, and, too, because it had won the enthusiastic support of men of all creeds in the camp.

Squelched Sinn Fein Element.

In bending his efforts toward the winning of the war he antagonized and then squelched a budding Sinn Fein element among the Catholic clergy in the city. The Gaelic-American, the organ of the Sinn Fein organization in this country, bitterly attacked the Cardinal, and a number of prominent Catholic men and women, most of whom are residents of this city. The article was entitled "Cardinal Farley Bows to Anti-Irish Bigots."

Sinn Fein proceedings, as far as Catholics were concerned, lulled in the archdiocese of New York and have not since come to the surface in an outburst of feeling.

The retiring nature of the venerable prelate was shown in many ways, but especially in the succinctness and dispatch with which he set in motion the clerical forces under his guidance. After mailing a letter to every Roman Catholic clergyman in the archdiocese a letter recommending that they carry out the request of the Publicity Committee of the Liberty Loan Committee, he said simply:

"I have assured the gentlemen on this committee that the Catholic Church of New York will promote this campaign with all the influence at her command."

Between noon and 1 o'clock it was his custom to take a walk along Madison or Fifth Avenue with one of his priests.

"A man never collects his thoughts so well as when he walks alone or with a congenial spirit," the Cardinal was wont to say.

After dining at 1 o'clock he usually started on a round of calls, mostly made to the different churches of the diocese, to attend meetings of the many boards of which he was the head. At 6 he always had tea. His evenings were always spent quietly. He rarely went out to dinners or functions unless they were of great or public importance. His only diversion was reading. His nearest approach to frivolity, if it may be called that, was when he used to make a feint at playing golf on the links near his Summer home at Mamaroneck, N. J. He read extensively, keeping in touch with current literature and studying carefully the foreign periodicals.

"I am a great believer in reading," he once declared. "Few things so strengthen and broaden and poise a man or woman as does constant devotion to good books. I do not think much of 'the great book of human nature.' In great and good books we get in concentrated form the best that the great and good men and women who have written them have to give us."

Not a Great Preacher or Speaker.

Cardinal Farley was not a great preacher or speaker, so far as oratorical ability was concerned, although he had a sweet voice and a strong one, but his sermons and addresses were interesting and convincing. They were consistently leveled at certain things which he considered the greatest current evils, divorce, immoral theatricals, Sabbath desecrations and Socialism.

It was rather as a manager of men and of money that the Cardinal-Archbishop ranked highest. He displayed great vigor in carrying out his plans for the founding of Catholic institutions, and in fostering those already established. Under his administration six or seven new churches were built in New York archdiocese each year, home missions were extended, and phenomenal gains made in donations for all church purposes. When he went to Rome, which he did every other year, he carried with him an offering of Peter's pence that has been said to be larger than from any other diocese in the world.

On the occasion of the fortieth anniversary of Archbishop Farley's ordination the clergy and laity of the archdiocese made him the princely gift of $500,000 with which to pay off the indebtedness against St. Patrick's Cathedral, and enabled him, as he said, to consecrate it in fact as well as in name to the glory of God.

Cardinal Farley lived in the archiepiscopal mansion in Madison Avenue, directly behind the Cathedral in 5th Avenue. Here, surrounded by his official household, he lived a simple life. He owned no equipage of any sort. He abstained from tobacco and coffee and was known among his friends as a charming host. He entertained at one time or another several of the Cardinals and many distinguished persons in and out of the church.

In connection with his elevation to the Cardinalate in 1911 he took as is customary with all the cardinals, titular possession of one of the churches of Rome. His church was the Sancta Maria Supra Minerva, from which centuries ago came the first Catholic Bishop of New York. The edifice is dedicated to Mary under whose patronage is the whole church in America, and as the name further indicates it is built above the ruins of the pagan temple to Minerva, goddess of wisdom.

Bishop Hayes's Tribute.

It was said that no one knew Cardinal Farley as well as the former Chancellor of the Archdiocese, now Bishop P. J. Hayes, Bishop Ordinate of the American forces, who paid him this tribute:

"Rare and varied has been the experience that has schooled his Eminence from country curate to Cardinal's secretary; from pastor of an humble flock to shepherd of a million and a quarter souls. Combining as he did most happily a charming grace of manner with broad culture, profound learning, and keen judgment, Cardinal Farley was pre-eminently qualified to move in the courts of princes and to sit in the councils of kings, while those of lowly degree were attracted by his sympathy and democratic benignity. Let but the humblest appear before him, and his presence and paternal greeting spoken in a reassuring tone removed all embarrassment, save an increased reverence for his person and office.

"Forceful but tactful in his pulpit utterances and other public addresses, he captivated all his hearers by a manner of eloquence as convincing and vigorous as it was kindly and gracious. His busy official life deprived him of an opportunity for extensive literary work. He was, however, the author of the 'Life of Cardinal McCloskey,' and has contributed to periodical literature many articles on timely topics.

"There was no more zealous pastor than he during the eighteen years at St. Gabriel's parish. Yet his lofty conception of the pastoral office far removed him from any church influence. From his early priesthood he was identified with the Society for the Propagation of the Faith, and prayed that America might take up the work in the foreign missionary field. His cherished dream became a reality.

"After his appointment to the Archbishopric he organized a diocesan centre of the society; and New York, which ten years ago was accustomed to contribute only $4,000 annually, has led the world in the past few years in its generosity to missions. Again the Foreign Missionary College was opened a few years ago within his jurisdiction, and no one blessed it with more sympathetic and substantial encouragement than the Cardinal Archbishop of New York. Little wonder, then, that the Cardinal won the title of 'Cardinal of the Missions.'

"To quote from a dispatch from Rome dated Dec. 17, 1911, a few months after word was received that the Archbishop of New York had been elevated to the cardinalate, and immediately after the consistory: 'A papal Countess of comparatively recent creation and of American nationality, applied to the American College for tickets to assist at the ceremony of the investiture of red hats at the Public Consistory. Her title was evidently not considered a sufficient recommendation, as the countess only got ordinary entrance tickets for herself and friends, one of whom, by the way, was the niece of two Cardinals, Ifratelli Vanutelli, the brothers Vanutelli, as they are known here.

"'The American Countess was indignant. She applied to the nephew of Pope Leo XIII., and protested that she was a member of the Roman nobility, and had the right to a place in the special tribune of the nobility. Count Pecci suggested that she get the tickets from her friend, the niece of the two Cardinals, but unfortunately this lady was not persona grata with her uncles, as she was married to an anticlerical engineer. It seemed as if the countess had nothing else to do than to assist at the consistory as one of the crowd, but just at the eleventh hour Cardinal Farley came to her rescue, gave her and the niece of the two Cardinals two good tribune tickets.

"'The Archbishop of New York is considered the most affable member of the Sacred College and everybody here admires him for his kindness and courtesy. He is, indeed, a real Prince of the Church, the Romans say. He is a great favorite with the students of the American College.'

Noted for His Simplicity.

"Cardinal Farley was a man more spoken of than speaking. He disliked publicity and enjoyed accomplishing his work with as little fuss as possible. Trading on dignity for personal gratification and ostentation of any sort was characteristic of the never varying routine of his daily life. He was an early riser; as a rule he began at 6 o'clock, when he said mass in his private chapel, except on Sundays, when he said it in the Cathedral at 8. Then he breakfasted lightly, with his secretary and his chancellor, in the archiepiscopal residence and busied himself with correspondence until 10 o'clock. From then until noon he received his callers, acting in every role from that of a kindly but dignified prince exchanging messages to a foreign Ambassador, to an interested priest soothing the troubled spirits of the poorest.

"The need of an expository and apologetic encyclopaedia of Catholic doctrine, history, and life was another burning thought that possessed the mind of the youthful priest. He often discussed with the editors the project. Today the Catholic encyclopaedia is an accomplished fact. The last of the fifteen volumes has long since left the press. A corps of profound scholars, renowned specialists, and learned contributors of every tongue and nation, under wise editorial and sane business management, have wrought the English speaking nations of the world a lasting benefit. To none may greater credit go than to Cardinal Farley, who, some eleven years ago, launched in his own house, in the presence of a few priests and laymen, this stupendous enterprise, with such hopeful benediction and assurance of success that all misgivings, financial and otherwise, were set aside. Though generous with monetary aid, he contributed what was still more substantial, his personal influence and impelling power, which proved the stay and strength of this monumental work.

"It is often remarked that great men who conceive and bring to successful fruition large undertakings have but little patience for the exacting details that ever must crowd upon their attention. Cardinal Farley, however, had been able to combine with executive administration of a high order an immeasurable capacity for ordinary official work. Under Cardinal McCloskey he was invaluable in preparing for the erection of the superstructure of the Cathedral, and upon him fell the preparations for a function heretofore unknown in this land—the conferring of the Cardinal's biretta upon Archbishop McCloskey in 1875.

"He successfully met all indebtedness at St. Gabriel's, and in every office was remarkably successful in obtaining large subscriptions for one purpose or another. The cosmopolitan complexion of the Catholic population of New York presents a grave problem and responsibility which the Cardinal faced fearlessly and solved intelligently. Seventeen tongues rendered every spiritual obedience. The immigrant, for whom New York has some strange fascination, seems to cling to the shores of our vast country and fears to venture beyond. For such the Archbishop had been providing priests, churches, and schools.

"A diocesan movement for social reform and betterment has also been the subject of serious concern to his Eminence. Hundreds of thousands of dollars were expended annually in this city by other than Catholic organizations. No prelate ever approached his duty here better prepared to cope with it. For nearly twenty years Mgr. Farley, as pastor, lived among the poor. At the same time he was the Spiritual Director of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, and came into contact with poverty and its problems. He injected into this society a constructive spirit of Christian charity, which broadened in scope, lifted it to a higher plane than that of providing temporary relief, and gave it such an impetus that special works were established, and continue to be formed to meet special conditions.

"Since the days when he was a student in Rome the bond between the Cardinal and the Eternal City had been very strong. He knew well the Rome of Pius IX. before the spoliation of 1870, and was privileged to behold the bishops of the universal church assembles for the Vatican Council. As Secretary to Cardinal McCloskey he accompanied His Eminence to Rome in 1875 and witnessed America's first Cardinal taking possession of his titular church, Sancta Maria Sopra Minerva, where the then Father Farley was to stand thirty-six years afterward himself a prince of the Church.

"Again in 1878, on the occasion of the death of Pope Pius IX., he sailed for Rome with Cardinal McCloskey to attend his Eminence as conclavist. But before the arrival of New York's Cardinal Archbishop, Leo XIII. had been elected. Father Farley was present at the coronation of Leo XIII. and at the consistory which followed, in which Cardinal McCloskey was invested with the insignia of the cardinalitial dignity.

"The last and recent visit of Cardinal Farley to Rome was the crowning event of his ecclesiastical career. Summoned by Pius X. to be created a member of the Sacred College of Cardinals he embarked from his archiepiscopal city amid acclamations of joy and affection from clergy and people. The days that followed in the Eternal City were ever memorable in his own life and in the history of the American College, which became a centre of official and ceremonial activity for the three new American Cardinals."

CARDINAL FARLEY DIES PEACEFULLY

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

retary, had remained with the Cardinal constantly since Sunday, with the Rev. John Farley, the Cardinal's nephew and a member of the Faculty of Fordham University.

After the sacrament of extreme unction had been administered by Bishop Hayes on Monday morning, priests of the diocese and members of the Diocesan Council chanted the prayers for the dying continuously. In the three days of the Cardinal's critical illness scores of priests from the parishes visited the house every day to chant prayers for him, and prayers were said in all the churches throughout the diocese. On Monday the Blessed Sacrament was exposed in St. Patrick's Cathedral and other churches in accordance with custom.

Thousands of messages from Catholic clergy all over the world had been received for the Cardinal in the last few days. Many of them were from pupils in Catholic schools in the diocese, who asked that the Cardinal be informed that they were praying for his recovery. Children in the parochial school here chanted the prayers for the dying all day after the Rev. Joseph Donohue, rector of the Holy Trinity Church, had learned that physicians had given up hope of the Cardinal's recovery.

Cardinal Farley suffered a heart attack in the Summer of 1916, and since then he had had several attacks of illness. On Aug. 3 last he became ill with pneumonia and for several days his condition was critical because of his age and the weakness of his heart. On Sept. 9 his physicians pronounced him out of danger and ceased their constant watch at his bedside. They were recalled on last Sunday when he became ill again. From the first they announced that his condition was so serious that he would not be able to recover.

The country home where Cardinal Farley died was given to him about five years ago by Peter F. Meyer, and for several years the estate, called Green Acres, was used by the Sisters of Mercy as a school for the St. Joseph's Home for Crippled Children. When other buildings became available for the children the estate was returned to the Cardinal, who had always taken a great interest in the children and had spent his vacations in the country with them. He was taken ill here, but several times requested that he be moved to his residence near St. Patrick's Cathedral in New York, but his condition was so serious that his physicians denied it after consultation with the members of the Diocesan Council.

Plans for the series of masses and prayers to form the funeral ceremonies for the Cardinal were announced by members of the diocesan council late tonight. These will extend over several days while the body lies in state in the Cathedral House. Preparations will be made for the funeral today, and while the body remains here none of the ceremonies will be open to the public, although all the customs of the Roman Catholic Church attending the death of a member of the Cardinals' College will be observed by the clergy.

A funeral procession will leave Green Acres on Thursday at noon, and after passing through several villages will end at St. Patrick's Cathedral in New York, where the first of the series of services will be held on Thursday afternoon at an hour to be announced later.

The 69th Regiment of the New York Guard, with other military detachments, the Cardinal's Committee, Knights of St. Gregory, and committees from other societies, will meet the procession at 110th Street, and march with it down Fifth Avenue to the cathedral. It is expected that it will take about three hours for the procession to complete its journey, so that the cathedral will be reached about 3 o'clock.

On Friday afternoon at an hour to be announced lauds and matins for the dead will be said, with a mass to be attended only by the clergy of the diocese. On Saturday morning at 10 o'clock there will be a solemn requiem service and children of the parish will assist and be favored with seats in the Cathedral. On Monday morning at 10 o'clock a solemn requiem pontifical mass will be said by Bishop Hayes and other members of the Diocesan Council. It will be for the religious communities, but the public will be admitted. On Monday evening, either at 4 or 8 o'clock, matins and lauds will be said again.

The funeral mass will be said in the cathedral at 10 o'clock on Tuesday morning, and the body will be placed in the vault under the altar. As another part of the ceremony, the red hat signifying the rank of a Cardinal will be hung above the altar, near that of Cardinal McCloskey, whom Cardinal Farley served as secretary when Cardinal McCloskey was Archbishop of the same diocese.

TRIBUTE TO CARDINAL FARLEY.

Gov. Whitman Says New York Was Better for His Life and Work.

When informed of the death of Cardinal Farley last night, Governor Whitman said: "The entire city and State mourns the death of a good man. His long life was devoted to the welfare of his fellow man. New York is better for the life and work of Cardinal Farley."

United States Senator William M. Calder said: "In the passing away of Cardinal Farley, particularly at this time, while the world is in the grip of a great conflict, the country indeed suffers a great loss. His work in behalf of humanity was not excelled by any man in his generation."

Born.

KOCH.—To Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Koch of 790 Riverside Drive, a daughter, Sept. 17, 1918, at Stern's Sanitarium, 77th St. and West End Av.

KRINGEL.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Lionel Kringel, (nee Ray Smith,) announce the birth of a son, Sept. 14, 1918, at Far Rockaway.

LEFF.—To Mr. and Mrs. Solomon S. Leff of 1,335 47th St., Brooklyn, on Sept. 17, a daughter.

Married.

KAUFMANN—FISHEL.—On Tuesday, Sept. 17, by the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Alice May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron A. Fishel, to Otto Kaufmann.

ABNEY—TODD.—On Saturday, Aug. 21, at Hong Kong, China, Florence Bullard Todd, daughter of Mrs. Frederick W. Todd of Boston and of Orange, N. J., to Evelyn Edward de Wynersley Abney, Esq., of Hong Kong and of London, England.

FOLEY—MINAHAN.—Mrs. James C. Minahan of 586 Western Av., Albany, N. Y., announces the marriage of her daughter, Mary Cecilia, to Major Edward Kavanaugh Foley, U. S., on Monday the 16th of September, at the Church of St. Catherine, Spring Lake, N. J.

MURRILL—STURGIS.—At the residence of the bride's grandparents, St. Paul, Minnesota, on Monday, Sept. 16, by the Rev. Walter S. Howard, Elizabeth Tracy Sturgis, daughter of Major Gen and Mrs. S. D. Sturgis, to Mr. Hugh Ambrose Murrill, Jr., 1st Lieutenant, U. S. A.

Died.

BAMBERGER.—On Sept. 13, Manchester, Mass., Albertine, widow of the late Leopold Bamberger. Services and interment at Mount Sinai Chapel, Philadelphia, on Wednesday, Sept. 18, at 11:30 A. M. Automobiles will meet train at North Philadelphia Station at 10:45 A. M.

BARTLETT.—Sept. 16, 1918, Henry Weed Bartlett, late of St. Paul, Minn. Services private. St. Paul papers will kindly copy.

BERLINER.—Tuesday, Sept. 17, Solomon, G. A. R. Funeral services at Mead's Parlor, 1,939 Madison Av., Wednesday, Sept. 18, at 8 P. M. G. A. R. invited.

BLEIER.—On Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1918, Simon, husband of Albina, father of Bertha Hamel, Abraham L., Oscar and Louis. Funeral Friday, 10:30 A. M., from 272 Lenox Av.

BOYLE.—In West Hoboken, on Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1918, John A., beloved husband of the late Margaret Boyle, (nee Carleton.) Relatives and friends also St. Michael's Holy Name Society and Carroll Council, K. of C., No. 1,318, are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 348 Central Av., on Friday, Sept. 20, 1918, at 8:30 A. M.; thence to St. Michael's Monastery, where a solemn high mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul.

BOYNTON.—Sept. 16, 1918, Dr. Charles H. Boynton, Masonic services at his home, 2,393 8th Av. Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment North Brookfield, Mass.

BOYNTON—Charity Lodge, No. 727, F. and A. M.—Brethren: You are urgently requested to attend Masonic funeral services of our deceased brother, Charles H. Boynton, at his late residence, 2,393 8th Av., New York City, on Wednesday evening, Sept. 18, at 8 o'clock.
CHARLES A. HILLIG, Master.

CHAMPLIN.—On Monday, Sept. 16, Mehetable Warner Champlin, in her 89th year. Services Wednesday, 4 P. M., at Summer home of Rev. F. C. Harding, Beacon Beach, N. Y., Thursday, 2 P. M., Westchester Cemetery, Westchester, Conn.

CROWNINSHIELD.—On Friday, Sept. 13, at Capri, Italy, Frederic Crowninshield, son of the late Edward Augustus and Caroline M rie Crowninshield, in the 73d year of his age. A memorial service will be held at St. Paul's Church, Stockbridge, Mass., on Saturday, Sept. 21, at 2:30 o'clock.

CUMMINGS.—At Catskill, N. Y., on Friday, Sept. 13, 1918, in her 60th ye r, Anna White Cummings, wife of the late Charles Curtiss Cummings and d ughter of the late John Tripp Haviland and Della White of Hudson, N. Y. Funeral services at her late home, 52 Montgomery Place, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Sept. 18, at 3 P. M.

DAVIS.—On Tuesday, Sept. 17, Edward T. Davis, husband of Annie E. H., (nee La Vera.) Services at his home at River Edge, N. J., Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Conveyance will meet train leaving Jersey City at 6:32 P. M.

DONAHUE.—On Tuesday, at Nanuet, N. Y., in his 87th year, Peter, husband of the late Margaret Donahue, (nee Elott.) Services Nanuet Thursday forenoon.

EISENBERG.—Abraham M., in his 47th year, 629 West 115th St., beloved husband of Nettie, (nee Kahn,) beloved brother of Fannie Cohn and Sylvia Eisenberg. Funeral from his residence, Thursday, Sept. 19, 1 P. M.

FISCHER.—Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1918, Ada Marie daughter of Anna M. and the late Frederick P. Fischer. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services on Wednesday, Sept. 18, at 8:30 P. M., at her late residence, 225 Jane St., West New Brighton, S. I.

FREDERICK.—On Monday, Sept. 16, 1918, after a short illness, in her 56th year, Bertha Fred rick, (nee Schmidt,) beloved mother of Mrs. Emma Engelbarts and F. Frederick, First Lieutenant U. S. A., overseas. Funeral from her late residence, 506 East 85th St., at convenience of the family.

GREGORY.—On Sept. 16, 1918, after a short illness, George Edward Gregory, aged 58. Funeral from his la e residence, 624 West 184th St. Interment at Kensico Cemetery Wednesday at 2 P. M. Automobile cortege. London and Dublin papers please copy.

GSELL.—Conrad, in his 47th year. Services Wednesday evening, 8 P. M., at John Graham's chapel, 4,221 Park Av., Bronx. Golden Rule Lodge No. 770, F. and A. M., respectfully invited to attend. Interment at convenience of family.

HALL.—Sept. 15, Emma L. Hall. Services Stephen Merritt's Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Thursday, 2 P. M.

Died.

HAMPTON.—On Sept. 17, 1918, Wade Hampton, husband of Frances Cosgrove, in his 69th year. Funeral services at his home, 201 Raymond Av., South Orange, N. J., Thursday, Sept. 19, at 5 P. M. Interment at Pittsburgh, Penn.

HANLON.—On Sept. 17, John T., beloved husband of Elisabeth Hanlon, (nee Russell.) Funeral from his late residence, 2,172 Amsterdam Av., Thursday, Sept. 19, at 9:30 A. M., thence to Church St. Rose of Lima. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

HAYDOCK.—John, father of James E. and John Haydock, Jr., and Lillian and Amy Celler. Notice of funeral later.

HERRICK.—The Daughters of the Ohio in New York announce with sorrow the death of their honored member, Mrs. Myron T. Herrick.
Mrs. WILLIAM J. CAUTHERS, President.
Mrs. DORA D. MARBLE, Secretary.

HUSSEY.—On Sept. 17, Katherine M., (nee McCarthy,) beloved wife of Thomas J. Hussey, at her home, 37 10th Av., Rockaway Park, L. I. Funeral from St. Francis de Sales Church, Belle Harbor, L. I., Friday, Sept. 20, at 10 A. M. Automobile cortege. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent. Masses will be appreciated.

KEMPTON.—On Monday, Sept. 16, Sarah, beloved wife of William Kempton. Funeral services at 1 P. M., on Thursday, Sept. 19, from her late residence, 1,717 Barnes Av., near Morris Park Av., Bronx. Interment Woodlawn.

KOEPKE.—Tuesday, 17th, Minna Koepke. Funeral services at her late residence, 3,103 Park Av., corner 158th St., Thursday, 2 P. M.

KYLE.—Joseph, in his 78th year, at his residence, 344 West 13th Street. Funeral services at Sixteenth Street Baptist Church, 259 West 16th Street, Thursday, 10 A. M.

LOEWENTHAL.—On Sunday, Sept. 15, Marie, widow of Dr. Herman Loewenthal and beloved mother of Benjaman, Murray and Fred, Mrs. A. F. Dreyfus and Mrs. D. H. Morris, at her home, 396 3d St., Brooklyn. Funeral private.

MELLY.—Sept. 16, George Francis Melly, beloved brother of Mrs. Mary Mahoney. Funeral Wednesday from funeral parlors of James E. McLarney & Sons, Lexington Av. and 65th St. Requiem mass at St. Vincent Ferrer's Church at 10 o'clock.

MEYER.—Levy Lodge 5, I. O. B. F. S. of I.—Brethren: You are invited to attend funeral of wife of Brother Gustav Meyer, Wednesday 1 o'clock, from 225 West 114th. O. OESTREICHER, President.

MITCHELL.—Sept. 15, Bartholomew Mitchell. Funeral from his late residence, 3,082 Decatur Av., Thursday, 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Brendan Church, requiem mass. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

MOLYNEUX.—At Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1918, William John Molyneux, in his 85th year. Funeral services will be held at the home of his daughter, Mrs. M. J. Molyneux Cohn, 238 Nairn Place, Newark, on Thursday, Sept. 19, at 2:30 P. M.

MORROW.—At Glens Falls, N. Y., Sept. 16, 1918, in the 85th year of her age, Ruth A., widow of James R. Morrow. Services at CAMPBELL'S CHAPEL (Campbell Bldg.) Broadway, 66th St. (Campbell Bldg.) Wednesday, 3:30 P. M. Interment private.

MUSGRAVE.—George, in his 74th year. Funeral from the residence of his nephew, George A. Musgrave, 1,055 Ch terton Avenue, Unionport, Bronx. Services Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock. Funeral private. Cortland nd Cleveland, Ohio, papers please copy.

NEWMAN.—On Sept. 17, after a short illness, at his residence, Hotel Chatham, Major George Newman, in his 58th year. Remains may be viewed at the Boyertown Chapel, 43d St. and 8th Av., Thursday afternoon, at 2 P. M.

O'FLAHERTY.—James, St., died Sept. 17, at Long Isl nd College Hospital, Brooklyn. Funeral from his residence, Lessx Falls, N. J., Notice later.

POE.—On Sept. 17, 1918, at Sciotz, Penn., Theodore Moore, son of the late James W. and Isabella M. Poe and brother of Willi m V. n Antwerp Poe. Funeral service at his late residence, 45 Van Buren St., on Friday, Sept. 20, at 8:30 A. M. Members of Republic Lodge, No. 690, F. and A. M., Constitution Chapter, No. 230, Louis de Lama Commandery, Mecca Temple, Scottish Rite bodies, invited to attend. Interment private.

QUINLAN.—At his residence, 74 Franklin Place, Flushing, N. Y., on Sunday, Sept. 15, 1918, Charles Edward Quinlan. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late home on Wednesday morning, Sept. 18, 1918, at 9 o'clock, thence to St. Michael's R. C. Church, Addison Av. and Union Street, Flushing, N. Y., where requiem mass will be said for the repose of his soul at 10 o'clock.

RUNNELLS.—Helen Ruth ord Runnells, beloved wife of John Wanmer Runnells, died in Chocorua, N. H., on Tuesday, Sept. 17, in the seventy-fifth ye r of her age. Notice of funeral later.

SICHEL.—On Sunday, Sept. 15, at West End, N. J., Sarah, wife of Julius Sichel and mother of Mrs. Ernest Limberg and Dr. C. J. Sichel. Philadelphia papers please copy.

SIMONS.—Louis, of 10 West 115th St., beloved husband of Lena and dear father of Alice and Hattie Alsbinder. Funeral from Meyers & Co. funeral parlor, 228 Lenox Av. Wednesday, Sept. 18, at 10 A. M.

SOLOMON.—Joseph, beloved husband of Bessie and father of Max W., Abraham, Benjamin and the late Meyer Solomon. Mrs. Katy Chock, Mrs. Fanny Lewis and Mrs. Lena Munter. Funeral service, 8, 10 A. M., Wednesday, at 1,884 7th Av. Kindly omit flowers.

ST. GOAR.—At Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 14, 1918, Frederick, beloved husband of Leonora St. Goar, in his 65th year.

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Died.

SOLOMON.—Members and sent holders of Temple Ansche Chesed are requested to attend the funeral of our late member, Joseph Solomon, Wednesday, at 1,884 7th Av.
MEYER GOODFRIEND, President.
I. M. WITT, Honorable Secretary.

STODDART.—On Monday, Sept. 16, 1918, John Cameron Stoddart, Jr., only child of Lieutenant John Cameron Stoddart and Marion Riker Stoddart, aged 3 years and 8 months. Funeral services at the residence of grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence B. Riker, 432 Scotland Road, South Orange, N. J., on Thursday, Sept. 19, at 2:45 P. M., on arrival of train leaving Hoboken 1:51 P. M., for Mountain Station. Interment at convenience of family.

Died.

STORMS.—On Tuesday, Sept. 17, Matilda, wife of John J. Storms. Funeral services at St. Agnes Chapel, West 92d St., near Columbus Av., Friday, Sept. 20, at 10:30 A. M.

WALZ.—On Sept. 16, 1918, at Newark, N. J., Ernest Louis Walz, husband of the late Abbie Mott Lewis, in his 62d year. Born in Philadelphia, a veteran of Company M, 7th Regiment, N. G. N. Y. Funeral private.

In Memoriam.

AGRANOVITCH.—In loving memory of my beloved husband and our darling father, Isaac Agranovitch, whom God called from us Sept. 17, 1915. We love you with all our hearts. Devoted wife, Pearl, and loving children, Ruth, Joseph, Abraham, Jeanette, Saul, and Bessie.

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MISS POLLAK DEFEATS MRS. HARTMAN IN WOMEN'S TOURNEY FOR STATE LAWN TENNIS TITLE

MISS POLLAK NEARS WOMEN'S NET TITLE

Capable Young Player Advances to Semi-Final of State Singles Championship.

MISS CASSELL DEFAULTS

Leading Player Withdraws to Play Doubles Paired with Miss Wagner.

Miss Helene Pollak, one of the leading women players of the metropolitan district, advanced to the semi-final round of the New York State singles championship at the New York Lawn Tennis Club yesterday. Miss Pollak gained her advanced brackets decisively, defeating Mrs. Ingo F. Hartman at 6—1, 6—3.

Mrs. Hartman made the mistake of trying to exchange forehand smashes with her young opponent in the first set and was quickly convinced that this sort of play only brought out the best efforts of Miss Pollak. In the second set Mrs. Hartman tried to place her returns more carefully and played consistently to Miss Pollak's weak backhand, but Miss Pollak was so active she was able to run round most of the returns, and usually once she got a chance for a finishing stroke she sent the ball to a part of the court from which it was impossible for Mrs. Hartman to reach it.

Miss Pollak was the only player to advance so far in the tourney, although most of the second round contests were finished. Miss Marie Wagner, the playing-through champion, continued successfully in her match with Miss Hazel Gardner, winning at 6—2, 6—1. Miss Wagner seems to be playing with extra vim of late, and she is a pronounced favorite for the title.

Some of the interest in the singles was taken from the tournament when Miss Clare Cassell defaulted to Miss Edith Handy in the second round. This match promised much in a tennis way and drew several spectators, but Miss Cassell decided that she would be unable to continue in the singles if she was to take part in the doubles and mixed doubles. This put Miss Handy into the third round, where she will be opposed to Mrs. S. Waring and the winner will meet Miss Pollak. Mrs. Waring furnished a surprise by defeating Mrs. W. H. Pritchard in the second round at 6—1, 6—3.

The women's doubles title play got well underway yesterday with the first round completed and one pair, Mrs. Percy Wilbourn and Mrs. S. Waring, advancing to the semi-final round. Mrs. Wilbourn and Mrs. Waring first disposed of Miss Rosamond Whiteside and Miss Dorothy Graef at 6—2, 6—4, and then went through a bitter struggle before winning from Miss Margaret Grove and Mrs. Ingo Hartman in three sets at, 6—0, 4—6, 6—1.

The strongest team in the doubles seems to be that of Miss Wagner and Miss Cassell. They won their first match without great effort from Mrs. H. L. Blum and Mrs. E. M. Berolzheimer at 6—3, 6—2.

The mixed doubles competition, which is to begin today, is expected to bring out some sterling contests as several exceptional teams are noted among the thirty-two entrants. Some of those who will play are Mrs. W. H. Pritchard and Vincent Richards, national doubles champion, with William T. Tilden, 2nd, Miss Clare Cassell and Fred C. Baggs, Miss Wagner and Elliot H. Binzen, Miss Eleanor Goss and Walter Merrill Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Ingo Hartman, Mr. and Mrs. Embree Henderson, and several other teams in which Pelham Bay Training Station sailors will be partnered with the women. The summaries:

New York State Women's Singles Championship.—Second Round—Mrs. Percy Wilbourn won from Mrs. L. G. Morris by default; Miss Marie Wagner defeated Miss Hazel Gardner, 6—2, 6—1; Mrs. Ingo F. Hartman defeated Mrs. George B. Stanwix, 6—2, 6—2; Mrs. S. Waring defeated Mrs. W. H. Pritchard, 6—1, 6—3; Miss Edith Handy won from Miss Clare Cassell by default. Third Round—Miss Helene Pollak defeated Mrs. Ingo F. Hartman, 6—1, 6—3.

Doubles Championship.—First Round.—Mrs. Homer Stewart Green and Mrs. L. G. Morris drew a bye; Miss Bessie Holden and Mrs. Albert Humphries defeated Miss Edith White and Mrs. W. A. Brown, 6—4, 4—6, 6—3; Miss Caroma Winn and Miss Gertrude Della Torre won from Mrs. Cohen and partner by default; Mrs. W. H. Pritchard and Mrs. David C. Mills defeated Mrs. E. C. Duble and Mrs. A. Chisholm, 6—2, 6—4; Mrs. S. Waring and Mrs. Percy Wilbourn defeated Miss Dorothy Graef and Miss Rosamond Whiteside, 6—2, 6—4; Mrs. Ingo F. Hartman and Miss Margaret Groh drew a bye; Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Clare Cassell defeated Mrs. H. L. Blum and Mrs. E. M. Berolzheimer, 6—3, 6—2; Miss Edith Handy and Mrs. Theodore B. Cassebeer defeated Miss Hazel Gardner and Mrs. S. W. McAneny, 6—1, 6—4.

Second Round—Mrs. S. Waring and Mrs. Percy Wilbourn defeated Mrs. Ingo F. Hartman and Miss Margaret Groh, 6—0, 4—6, 6—1.

KUMAGAE GETS NET TITLE.

Japanese Star Defeats Throckmorton in Ontario Final.

TORONTO, Sept. 17.—I. Kumagae, the Japanese lawn tennis star, defeated Sergeant Harold Throckmorton of New York in the finals of the men's open singles in the Ontario championship tournament here. The score was 6—4, 6—2, 4—6, 6—3.

SANDE RIDES TWO WINNERS.

With Stalker, Jockey Helps to Monopolize Havre de Grace Card.

HAVRE DE GRACE, Md., Sept. 17.—Jockeys Stalker and Sande had almost a monopoly of the flat races here today, the former guiding the last three winners, while Commander Ross's rider piloted the first two. The most notable success of Sande was accomplished when he brought John E. Madden's Milkmaid home in front for the Hopeful Purse, in which a fair field of two-year-olds took part. Mahoney was second and Duchess Lace third. Stalker's success on Great Dolly was unexpected, as the filly paid $42.40 in the mutuels.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—The Hopeful; for two-year-olds; purse $600; six furlongs. Milkmaid, 117 pounds, (Sande,) $3.50, $2.60, $2.30, won; Mahoney, 115, (Kummer,) $2.60, $2.40, second; Duchess Lace, 109, (Alex,) $2.80, third. Time—1:13 3-5. Green Mint, Twilight IV., Christie Holters, and Lucky Lady also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase; selling; for four-year-olds and upward; two miles. New Haven, 143 pounds, (McCloskey,) $6, $2.90, $2.60, won; Le Marseuin, 145, (Allen,) $2.80, $2.60, second; Little Horn, 140, (Bryant,) $5.90, third. Time—3:57. Otto Floto, Tight Wad, Bob Redfield, and Infield II. also ran.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. L'Infirmier, 107 pounds, (Sande,) $8.30, $4.90, $4, won; Blazeaway, 112, (O'Brien,) $8.30, $5.50, second; Bell Ringer, 112, (Troxler,) $8.40, third. Tihe—1:13 2-5. C. A. Comiskey, Bell Roberts, Indian Chant, Choirmaster, Rockaway, Sibila, Flame, Irish Maid, Paganini, Vocabulary, and Juanita III. also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. Aldebaran, 110 pounds, (Collins,) $70.60, $3.60, $2.80, won; Douglass S., 113, (Sande,) $2.70, $2.40, second; King Neptune, 110, (Sterling,) $4, third. Time—1:47 2-5. Bar of Phoenix, Dan, Lazy Lou, and Valspar also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a furlong. Benevolent, 103 pounds, (Stalker,) $4.40, $2.80, $2.40, won; Little Cottage, 106, (Sterling,) $3, $2.50, second; Boxer, 97, (Q. Preece,) $2.70, third. Time —1:54 2-5. Crumpsall, Handful, Keziah, and Charley McFerran also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a quarter. Great Dolly, 103 pounds, (Stalker,) $42.40, $10.40, $4.40, won; Hayden, 109, (Berger,) $5.70, $3.70, second; Sky Pilot, 109, (O'Brien,) $2.60, third. Time—2:09 2-5. Stir Up, Sherman, Christie, and Pandean also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a quarter. Royal, 99 pounds, (Stalker,) $7.80, $3.70, $2.60, won; Austral, 99, (De Pord,) $3.60, $2.70, second; Dalrose, 96, (Wessler,) $2.60, third. Time—2:11. Brando, Flora Finch, Favorite Artist, and Baby Rasch also ran.

EVANS AND JONES BEATEN.

Pros Again Defeat Amateurs in Four-Ball Match.

For the second time in three days Charles Evans, Jr., and Bobby Jones were defeated in a close golf match by Jack Dowling and Tom McNamara. Over the links of the North Shore Country Club, yesterday, the professionals, working in a best ball of 70, won by 2 up.

This greatly improved course, measuring 6,162 yards, was new to both of the amateurs, and, considering that fact, they played well. Jones went around in 76, a stroke better than the champion. Dowling and McNamara both had 74, the first named winning the third, ninth, and fifteenth holes for his side, while Jones won the fifth. Dowling made the only 2 of the day, when he ran in a long putt at the ninth.

The bestball cards follow:

Dowling and McNamara—
Out .....4 4 4 5 4 4 3 4 2—34
Jones and Evans—
Out .....4 4 5 5 4 3 4 3 3—35
Dowling and McNamara—
In .....3 4 4 4 4 5 4 4 4—36—70
Jones and Evans—
In .....3 4 4 4 4 5 5 4 4—37—72

BINLAND IS LEFT BEHIND.

Heavy Track Helps to Defeat Trotter for First Time.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 17.—Grand Circuit racing began here today on a slow track because of heavy rains of Monday and cloudy skies today up until noon. The course was made safe for racing by 2 o'clock and the four events were completed but not without some very consistent winners of the year being defeated. Binland, in the 2:06 trot, met with his first defeat of the season on the big line. He was not up to his speed, and Royal Mac won a straight heat victory. Binland could get no better than third.

Directum J., which had not been defeated since the second North Randall Grand Circuit meeting, took his beating too, in the King Stake, purse $3,600 for 2:04 pacers, Adios Guy, a 20-to-1 shot from the half mile tracks, won the last three heats. Hal Boy took the first, and Directum J. the third.

The 2:11 trot went to Tommy Todd in straight heats. Sis Bing and Daisy Todd did the battling for second money. The Home Review Futurity for 2-year-old trotters, was won by Princess Etewah, the favorite, Periscope breaking in both heats.

The summaries:—

2:11 TROT.

Tommy Todd, (Hedrick)	1	1	1
Sis Bing, (Murphy)	2	8	2
Daisy Todd, (Allen)	3	2	4
Lucky Clover, (Cox)	3	9	3

Golden Speir, Jim Mac, Hollyrood Kate, Peter Pogue, and Dexter Sym also started.
Time—2:12¼; 2:12¾; 2:10¾.

2:06 TROT.

Royal Mac, (Murphy)	1	1	1
Busys Lassie, (Cox)	2	3	3
Binland, (Hedrick)	3	4	2
Heir Reaper, (Geers)	4	2	4

Time—2:09¾; 2:10; 2:11.

THE HORSE REVIEW FUTURITY.

TWO-YEAR-OLD TROT.

Princess Etewah, (White)	1	1	
Norman Dillon, (Serrill)	2	2	
Betty Arnold, (Watts, Krodney)	4	3	
Periscope, (Dodge)	3	5	

King Stout also started.
Time—2:18¾; 2:13.

2:04 PACE, THE KING STAKE.

Adioo Guy, (Gray)	3	4	1 1 1
Directum J., (Murphy)	6	1	2 4 2
Hal Boy, (McMahon)	1	5	5 2 3
Baxter Lou, (Valentine)	2	2	3 3 ro

Jay Mack and Alexander the Great also started.
Time—2:08; 2:07¾; 2:08½; 2:08; 2:08¾.

IMBERNASSO TWICE VICTOR.

Bronxdale Boxer Wins Two Bouts at Amateur Contests.

F. Imbernasso of the Bronxdale A. C. won two bouts last night in the preliminary round of the Bensonhurst Yacht Club's amateur tournament. The Bronxdale boxer, competing in the 128-pound class, won his first bout after an interesting tussle from L. Rudolph, unattached, in three rounds. In his second trial Imbernasso encountered a clubmate, M. Lanci, and the battle ended in the first round with Imbernasso on the victorious side.

Imbernasso, incidentally, was the only successful competitor from the Bronxdale club. This organization captured a trophy for the club having the greatest number of boxers weigh in and compete, seven exponents of the sport having entered from the Bronxdale organization.

The finals will be held tomorrow night.

The summaries:

110-Pound Class.—F. Trebino, Sunshine Settlement, defeated D. Angelo, Bronxdale A. C., three rounds, judges' decision; Meyer Brown, Clark House A., defeated J. Palladina, Rutgers Place Gymnasium, three rounds, judges' decision; S. Goldberg, Homewood A. C., defeated R. Guzzetti, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision.

128-Pound Class.—F. Imbernasso, Bronxdale A. C., defeated L. Rudolph, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision; L. Spartan, Bensonhurst Naval Base 6, defeated A. Smith, Bronxdale A. C., three rounds, judges' decision; F. Lawrence, unattached, defeated I. Levire, Willoughby House, one round, referee's decision; M. Lange, unattached, defeated J. Levy, Bronxdale A. C., one round, referee's decision. Second trial—Imbernasso defeated M. Lanci, Bronxdale A. C., one round, referee's decision.

138-Pound Class.—Benjamin Weisenkreen, unattached, defated S. Gregory, U. S. Marine Corps, two rounds, referee's decision.

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Negligee Shirts, $1.75
Value $2.50; Stiff Cuffs
Short Stiff Bosom Shirts
$1.50 (value $2.00)

COMPADRE OUTRUNS SPRINTERS IN RACE

Jyntee and Columbine Trail the Quincy Stable's Son of Colin in Feature at Aqueduct.

James Fitzsimmons, trainer for the Quincy Stable and an owner of thoroughbreds, had one of his good days at the Aqueduct track yesterday, two of the winners being saddled by him. The victories included that of the Quincy Stable's Compadre in the Woodmere Selling Stakes, which was the feature of the card, and Fitzsimmons's own filly, Ballet Dancer, which graduated in the last race for two-year-olds, leaving a number of highly fancied youngsters in her wake.

Though the horses ran fairly true to form the talent could not solve the problems in advance, the only favorite to succeed being in the steeplechase, where the majority of racegoers rather expect an upset. The racing was not particularly exciting as most of the winners scored in runaway fashion. The best example of this was in the handicap at a mile for all ages in which S. C. Hildreth's Regal Lodge jumped off with a big lead and won by six lengths despite the energetic riding of Loftus on Star Master, the favorite. Regal Lodge turned the mile in 1:38 1-5, a good performance, as the track had been moistened by showers.

Both Lieutenant August Belmont's Jyntee and B. Davis's Columbine were preferred to Compadre in the Woodmere, which was run over the six-furlong route. It was feared that Compadre would not be able to do himself justice in the going, but evidently the rain had not had a chance to soak in, for the black Son of Colin was away like a streak and set a pace that the speedy Jyntee could not follow. Lyke did his best to overhaul Compadre in the stretch, but Shuttinger kept the Quincy Stable candidate going to win by a length and a half from Jyntee with T. P. Thorne's Panaman, one of the outsiders, taking third money.

In addition to his clever victory with Compadre, Shuttinger brought home the longest price winner of the day in the first race, when James Butler's Turf showed that he had been benefited by a long rest. Turf was backed from 20 to 1 down to 12 to 1 and won handily from the favorite, Housemaid.

Lyke also had a good day in the saddle, as he had the mount on Regal Lodge and on Harwood II., which defeated a small field in a race over the long distance of a mile and five-sixteenths.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse, $600; six furlongs. Time—1:13.

Turf, James Butler's ch. c., 3 years, 106 pounds, by Star Shoot-Blue Grass, 12 to 1, 3 to 1, and 5 to 2. (A. Shuttinger,) 1½
Housemaid, Meadow Brook Stock Farm's b. m., aged, 116, by Broomstick-Ethel Pace, 8 to 5, 7 to 10, (W. Kelsay) 2
Lively, M. Kornbloom's ch. g., 4, 108, by Ballot-Livonia, 2 to 1, third. (R. McCram) 3

Miss Kruter, Josefina Zarate, Intriguer, Appleton Wiske, Peep Sight, Bathilde, Annie Edgar, Genesis, Burlingame, Rose Finn, Kirstie's Cub, Sierro, Hufa, Perseus, and Dripfield also ran. The Masquerader, Golden King, Hondo, Riverside, Jack Mount, Ninety Simplex, Arrah Go On, Bert Williams, Torchbearer, Adele, Bow Bells, and Mr. Specs scratched.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase; for maiden three-year-olds and upward; purse $600; about two miles. Time—4:15 1-5.

Moccasin III., Greentree Stable's ch. g., 4 years, 142 pounds, by Yankee-Tepee, even, 2 to 5, and 1 to 4. (W. Keating) .. 1
Brand, H. L. Pratt's ch. g., 4, 142, by Flint Rock-Bivonac, 2 to 1, 4 to 5, (S. Bush) 2
Tudor King, F. G. Martin's ch. g., 6, 145, by Voter-Royal Rose, 2 to 1 third, (R. Waugh) 3

Whilst II., Mohale, and Contender also ran. Gloriola refused. Toppy Nix fell.

THIRD RACE.—Woodmere Selling Stakes; for three-year-olds and upward by subscription of $25, starters to pay $25 additional, guaranteed value $2,000; six furlongs. Time—1:12 1-5.

Compadre, Quincy Stable's blk. c., 3 years, 108 pounds, by Colin-Playmate, 4 to 1, 7 to 5, 3 to 5, (A. Shuttinger) 1½
Jyntee, Lieutenant Raymond Belmont's ch. f., 3, 113, by Fair Play-Job Lot, 1 to 2, 1 to 5, (L. Lyke) 2½
Panaman, T. P. Thorne's br. g., 3, 111, by Magellan-Pronta, 5 to 2, third, (W. Constantine) 3

Minto II., Whimsy, Columbine, and The Masquerader also ran. Nightstick, Star Spangled, Housemaid, Empress, Snapdragon II., Midnight Sun, and Green Gold scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Handicap, for all ages, which have not won $1,200 in 1918 other than selling; by subscription of $10, with $700 added; one mile. Time—1:38 3-5.

Regal Lodge, S. C. Hildreth's b. c., 6 years, 115 pounds, by Beppo-Oriana, 7 to 5, 1 to 3, and out, (L. Lyke) 1
Star Master, A. K. Macomber's ch. c., 4, 126, by Star Shoot-The Lady in Blue, 1 to 4, and out, (J. Loftus) 2
Papp, G. W. Loft's ch. c., 3, by Peter Quince-Phebe G., out for third, (W. Kelsay) 3

Texas Boy also ran. Tom McTaggert and Smart Money scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800. One mile and five-sixteenths. Time—2:13⅘.

Harwood II., Marrone Stable's ch. g., 6 years, 115 pounds, by Cicero-Dictate, 3 to 2, 1 to 4, and out, (L. Lyke) 1½
Judge Wingfield, Triple Spring Farm's br. g., 4, 112, by Sea King-Glad Tidings, out for place, (L. Ensor) 2
Stradivarius, Frank S. Derby's br. g., 5, 108, by Neil Gow-Dromdiah, out for third, (R. Troxler) 3

Miss Fannie also ran. Little Nearer, The Cock, Barry Shannon, and Woodthrush scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden two-year-old fillies; purse $800; five furlongs. Time—1:00.

Ballet Dancer, J. Fitzsimmons's b. f., 116 pounds, by Sweep-Ballet Girl, 8 to 1, 3 to 1, and 6 to 5, (T. Rice) 1½
Petrel, H. P. Whitney's b. f., 115, by Peter Pan-Folderol, 5 to 1 and 5 to 2, (F. Robinson) 2
Marmite B. Davis's br. f., 115, by Sweep-Henpeck, 4 to 5 third, (J. Loftus) 3

Shady, Julia Bean, Marchesa II., Marion Adler, George Elliot, Subterfuge, Tickletoe, Omphale, DI, and Jacnetta also ran. Chimera, Looking Up, Antigue, Scrub Lady, and Phantem Maid scratched.

Weather showery; track good.

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, claiming, six and a half furlongs. Earlocker, 118 pounds; Syrdara, 108; Umbala, 105; Hindoostan, 105; Antoinette, (imp.,) 105.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, about two miles. Brooke, 148 pounds; Skibbereen, 141; Crest Hill, 135; Max Meadows, 133.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, conditions, one mile. Buckboard, 123 pounds; Assume, 120; Lady Dorothy, 116; Manister, 115; Madam Curie, 112; Chief Lally, 109; Kashmir, 109; L'Infirmiere, 106.

FOURTH RACE.—Arverne Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Motor Cop, 120 pounds; Hollister, 116; Borrow, 114; Ima Frank, 107; High Cost, 103; Enfilade, 106.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling handicap, one mile and five-sixteenths. Wise Man, 118 pounds; Little Boy, 114; Conduit, 110; Game Cock, 100.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds, conditions; five furlongs. Joe Joe, 115 pounds; King Plaudit, 115; Sinn Feiner, 115; Balarosa, 115; Grandee, 115; War Smoke, 115; Young Adam, 115; Different Steps, 115; Austin, 115; Circus, 115; Leading Star, 115; Donado, 115; Roibray, 115; Tableau d'Honneur, 115; L'Affare, 115; Tapaguer, 115; Hurricane, 115; Clare Boothe, 112; Florence L., 112; Miss Prisby, 112; Heredias, 112; Maggie Maitland, 112; Sis Martin, 112; Toy, 112.

A. A. U. Donates Prizes.

The Metropolitan Association A. A. U., through its President, Frederick W. Rubien, has donated eight sets of prizes to be competed for by the sailors in training at the Federal Rendezvous, Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn, in an athletic meet tomorrow afternoon at Brooklyn Athletic Field.

LEADING JUVENILES MAY MEET IN RACE

Eternal, Billy Kelly, and Purchase Likely to Measure Speed at Aqueduct.

There is every likelihood that the Autumn racing season will be enlivened by arrangement of two special races which will go a long way toward settling disputed points as to which is the best two-year-old of the season and as to whether Andrew Miller's Roamer or W. S. Kilmer's Sun Briar is the better horse at a mile. The special two-year-old event is scheduled for the meeting now in progress at Aqueduct, while Roamer and Sun Briar in all probability will compete in what is tantamount to a match race at Laurel, where Houries and Omar Khayyam tried to settle their differences last Fall.

Officials of the Queens County Jockey Club will make the formal announcement today of the race that is to decide mooted questions among the juveniles, but negotiations progressed far enough yesterday to insure at least two starters, while it is confidently expected that Billy Kelly, the star of the Saratoga meeting, will be sent on by Commander Ross to prove his right to the title which was generally conceded after he had won under all conditions and big weights at the Spa.

In a way the proposed race will be a renewal of the Futurity, with Eternal and Billy Kelly thrown in to make the event really representative of the best in the division. Unfortunately, Dunboyne, which carried 127 pounds to victory in the Futurity, will not be able to take part, not because his owner and trainer would not be willing to have him test his speed against the other topnotchers, but because he threw a splint after the Futurity and will have to be laid on the shelf for awhile.

James W. McClelland, who thinks his colt Eternal is the best of his age, and George Smith, who thinks Billy Kelly Purchase should have won the Futurity, talked over the proposed race yesterday and reached an agreement that was satisfactory to the officials of the Queens County Jockey Club as to the weights to be carried by the contenders. Purchase is to carry 119 pounds, the weight he shouldered in the Futurity, while Mr. McClelland will ask no odds of any horse and is satisfied to have his colt carry 127 pounds. An invitation has been sent to Commander Ross to enter Billy Kelly or Sir Barton, the latter the second horse in the Futurity. The weights to be assigned to these are 127 for Billy Kelly and 115 for Sir Barton. It is proposed to make the race a sweepstakes of $2,500 or $5,000 a corner, with the Queens County Jockey Club adding a substantial sum.

The race between Roamer and Sun Briar may follow as a result of the challenge of Mr. Kilmer, issued after he failed to get official recognition for the time trial of Sun Briar, in which it is alleged that he broke the mile record made by Roamer at Saratoga. Before Roamer made his record Mr. Kilmer was asked to send Sun Briar out for the trial under weight for age conditions, and Andrew Miller is still willing to let his old gelding race the crack three-year-old under those conditions. Mr. Miller said yesterday:

"I am perfectly willing to enter Roamer in a race against Sun Briar at a mile at weight for age for the benefit of the Red Cross. After his strenuous campaign all season the old horse has been indulged with a rest, but he was out for a gallop this morning, and as soon as he is fit I am ready to have him meet any horse whose owner thinks can beat him. Mr. Winn has suggested such a race be arranged for the Laurel meeting, and I have told him that Roamer will be on hand for the event. Matches with Cudgel and Johren at a mile and a quarter were talked of, but Cudgel does not appear to be fit, while Johren has been thrown out of training and it is possible may not stand another season's campaign."

There will be an added attraction for the cross-country brigade at Pimlico in the second half of the United Hunts Double Event Steeplechase, which will be run at that track on the request of the subscribers to the race. The Maryland Jockey Club will give a cup, value $500, to the winner, and in addition the race will be worth $3,000 to the owner of the successful jumper. The first half of the event was won by Belle of Bryn Mawr at the United Hunts meet.

Racing on the part of the Brighton Stable will be curtailed after next week, for it was announced yesterday that there would be a dispersal sale of the horses in training on Sept. 26. Yearlings in the stable also will be disposed of.

CARNIVAL FOR SOLDIERS.

A varied program, which holds promise of interesting entertainment, has been arranged for the Army and Navy Military and Athletic Carnival which will be held at the Polo Grounds this afternoon under the combined auspices of the Universal Sunset Club and the New York A. C. Included in the events are a parade by thousands of soldiers and sailors from Governors Island, Fort Slocum, Pelham Bay Naval Training Station, and recruit ships, headed by their bands; visiting soldiers and sailors, uniformed nurses, and the Women's Motor Corps.

The New York A. C. has arranged a number of athletic events popular with the enlisted men, and an unusual number of entries have been received. These contests include a medicine ball team race, flag relay race, tug-of-war, rescue race, equipment race, and a base running contest.

A baseball game will be played between the team from Pelham Bay Naval Training Station and the nine representing Fort Slocum. Both teams have in their lineups former professional players and an interesting game is expected.

The carnival will be held free to the enlisted men and their friends. Civilians also will be admitted free. The gates will be thrown open at 12:30 and will commence at 2 P. M.

FORTY LOCAL STARS IN NATIONAL MEET

Metropolitan District to be Well Represented in Title Games at Chicago.

The team which will represent the Metropolitan Association in the national A. A. U. track and field championships, to be held at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station, Chicago, for three days, beginning Friday, will leave this city early this afternoon. Forty athletes will make the journey in quest of championship titles, and they represent the leaders in local track and field sport.

The original team consisted of thirty-eight men, but two were added to this yesterday. The authorities of Fort Slocum have decided to send Eddie Mayo, junior cross-country champion, who is stationed there, while the New England Association A. A. U. will defray the expenses of Jimmy Henigan, the Boston distance runner, to the meet. Henigan is also stationed at Fort Slocum, and recently won the New England Association five-mile championship.

The greatest array of local athletic talent will be competing for Pelham Bay Naval Training Station. This branch of Uncle Sam's strength has nominated sixteen sailor athletes. Next in line come the Federal Rendezvous, Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn, and the Salem Crescent A. C., each with four; while the Ferguson A. C. and Mohawk A. C. will each send one representative. The Metropolitan Association will defray the expenses of ten athletes.

Five of the New York Athletic Club's stars have also agreed to make the trip. They will, however, compete unattached because the officials of the Mercury Foot organization have prohibited the club's athletes competing as members of the club in championship competitions during the war.

Forty on Lehigh Squad.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Penn., Sept. 17.—Forty men were on Taylor Field at Lehigh University today for the first football practice of the season. While most of the men were freshmen, thirteen were members of last year's squad and seven of them played at times on the 'Varsity.

Auto Races Curtailed.

Harry S. Harkness, owner of Sheepshead Bay Speedway, has announced that the annual Harkness Gold Trophy race will not be run this year, and also there will be no more automobile races at the Speedway for the duration of the war.

KLINE TO REFEREE BOUT.

Former Boxer to Handle Leonard-Lewis Contest in Ring.

Patsy Kline, former featherweight boxer of Newark, has been selected to referee the eight-round boxing bout between Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, and Ted Kid Lewis of England, welterweight class leader. The contest will be held in Weidenmayer's Park, Newark, Monday night.

The announcement of Kline's selection for the arbiter position was made yesterday when Chairman John S. Smith of the New Jersey Boxing Commission, and Commissioner Crain favored the retired Newark featherweight over several other referees whose names had been mentioned as likely candidates for the office. Both boxers and their managers are reported as pleased with the selection.

Lewis is working out at Jimmy De Forest's gymnasium at Long Branch, and is experiencing little difficulty making the required weight, 141 pounds. Leonard, fresh from his victory over Harry Pierce in Philadelphia, will continue his preparatory work at Grupp's Gymnasium in Harlem.

A heavy advance sale is already reported, although the tickets have only been on public sale since last Saturday, and the promoters are anticipating a record crowd.

RACING AT AQUEDUCT
Every Week-Day
BEGINNING AT 2:30 P. M.
TODAY'S FEATURES
The $1,500
Arverne Handicap
A 2-Mile Steeplechase
And 3 Other Sterling Contests.
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS
leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Ave., also from Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, at 12:30 and at Intervals to 1:57 P. M. Special Cars Reserved for Ladies. Course also reached by Trolleys.
GRAND STAND $3.30; LADIES $1.65.
Including War Tax.

Our Men's Shop on our spacious Fifth Floor is more than a correct place to buy the *right* clothes—gentlemen's clothes.

It *is* a man's shop in atmosphere and service. Such a shop as carries out your ideas.

Your time is an element given first consideration; and our appreciation that you know before you come what you *want*—in pattern, price, and fit—is always evident.

Best & Co. all-wool, custom-like suits in types for professional and college men. Exceptional values at $28.50, $32.50, $34.50, and on up to $52.50. Sizes to fit all men.

Best & Co.
Men's Shop—Fifth Floor

Army and Navy officers' uniforms ready for service at wholesale cost—made to measure at reasonable prices.

Entrance, No. 1 West 35th Street

Fine, foreign woolens play an important part in our showing of Fall clothes for men and boys.

The reason:

While American mills, swamped with large War contracts, are doing their best to fill civilian orders, we are drawing more heavily on our British cousins. Over there they've had time to adjust themselves. Hardly a sailing since the War began that hasn't brought us fine Scotch cheviots and English worsteds—this, because our foreign affiliations are unusually personal and close.

Result, our Fall showing is right up to snuff. The most for your money as well as the best. That not only goes for clothes, but for hats, shoes, fixings and sporting goods.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "The Four Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

All the Right, Title and Interest to Good Will, Trade Marks, etc. of

BERGER & WIRTH

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, will sell at Public Auction, at eleven o'clock A. M., on Thursday, September 19th, 1918, at 58-60 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, New York, all the right, title and interest of Berger & Wirth, of Leipsic, Germany, owned by Berger & Wirth, the New York Corporation, and all the right, title and interest of the New York Corporation of Berger & Wirth, acquired by the Alien Property Custodian, in and to the good will, trademarks, labels, trade names, formulae, trade secrets, processes and United States patents which may be employed in said business. This shall be sold in conjunction with the 800 shares of the capital stock of Berger & Wirth, and the bond for $30,000 previously advertised for sale, and to the party purchasing the said stock and bond.

Full description of and information concerning the stock, bond, and the trademarks, trade names, etc., of said corporation may be obtained by application to JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF SALES, 110 West 42d Street, New York City.

A. MITCHELL PALMER,
Alien Property Custodian.

Investment Returns

TRUCK investments depend on the aggregate tonnage and mileage obtained—and the time saved.

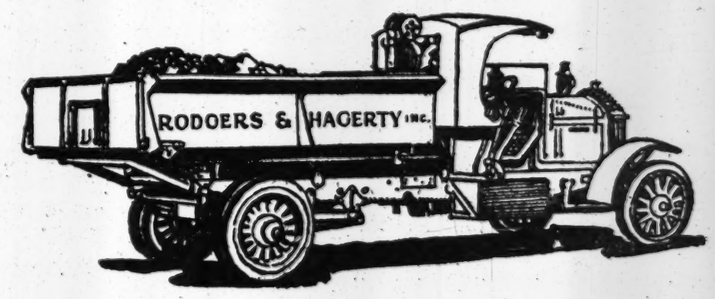
Pierce-Arrows, 7 years old, have many years before them. Many have exceeded 100,000 miles. None can say what mileage, what tonnage they will attain.

They save time many ways—make 6 trips to another's 5, for example.

Compare this with other truck experiences.

Pierce-Arrow

Delivers more work in a given time;
Loses less time on the job and off the job;
Costs less to operate and less to maintain;
Lasts longer, depreciates less and commands a higher resale price at all times.



for instance:

Rodgers & Hagerty, building in South Brooklyn for the U. S. government the largest warehouse in the world, engaged 15 hauling contractors. As many as 127 trucks have worked on the job in a single day, 85 of them Pierce-Arrows. Speed and reliability are so important that only Pierce-Arrows are employed as long as Pierce-Arrows can be obtained; then other trucks are added.

Pierce-Arrows are demanded in all lines wherever economical and dependable service is essential.

Return loads will cut your haulage costs

Harrolds Motor Car Co.
233-239 West 54th St.
New York

Ellis Motor Car Co.
416 Central Avenue
Newark

Prompt Deliveries Available

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

60 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—315 Columbia; Spring velours, 09070, 0036, 9, 7614, 285; American poplins; any quantities; cash. Merit, Greeley 1122.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Taupe, reindeer, plum, also Pekin velour. I. Novick, 45 West 27th. Phone 9644 Farr.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Black Jullliards 110; will exchange any other color for black. Chelsea 8246.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315, black; also brown, silvertone; spot cash. Chelsea 9513.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Cash, botany or F. H., colors. Telephone 3018 Orchard.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—White; will pay spot cash. Phone Tremont 611.

BURELLA Wanted.—Navy brown 09057; for cash, or will exchange for green. Farragut 613.

CHAMBRAYS Wanted.—Arista's; also 20-inch diaper cotton. Rosenham, 32 East 23d.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted.—Black, 40 inches wide, up to $4. Madison Square 1503.

COATS AND DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber is placing stock orders on new, snappy styles in coats and velvet dresses. Call with samples all week, 8-10 West 19th, 8th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on new models in misses' and ladies' coats. Fifth floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber buying new styles in coats and suits. 12 West 27th St., 8th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on new models. 5th floor, 42 West 38th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on snappy coats. First floor, 15 West 26th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on new models of junior coats. 34 West 27th, 9th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Better coats, suits, dresses, any quantity; spot cash. Farragut 5154.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted.—High grade, for cash. Gottdiener, Franklin 4138.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Fall coats, better kind. Gottlieb, 10 W. 32d.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Open to buy all kinds, plain and fancy voiles, lawns, lingeries, &c.; quantity and cash, no object. H. Valk, 11 E. 17th St.

CREPE DE CHINE and Georgine Wanted.—Open for large quantity in white and flesh. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137-139 West 25th St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—White and flesh $1.05, $1.50, $1.45. Goodman, 6 West 20th.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Silvertone, Bachmann, 8289, pekin, velour, plushes, kerami; spot cash. Gramercy 1074.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Holden Leonard Fall shades, any quantity, for cash. Telephone Greeley 2137.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are looking at samples of high-class georgette, georgette combination; submit samples between 8-10 A. M. Take freight elevator. 19 West 24th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing stock orders on new models of serge, satin, velvet, jersey, and tricolette dresses; samples daily, 9 to 12. Wiener, 55 West 26th St.

DRESSES, COATS, Suits, Skirts, Waists Wanted.—Better grade; cash. National, Franklin 4842.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking all week popular-priced dresses. Rapoport, 1,182 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on snappy models. 5th floor, 43 West 38d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobs silk, serge and jersey; cash. Fifth floor, 40 West 32d St.

DRESSES, Wanted.—Jobber wants dresses, velveteen only. 29 West 21st St., 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobs satin, serge, jersey, for spot cash. Farragut 3026.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—F. & H. navy, silvertone; any make; navy brown. Madison Square 4082.

DUVET DE LAINES AND VELOURS Wanted.—All colors. Madison Sq. 5825.

DUVET DE LAINES Wanted.—F. & H., silvertones, all colors. Orchard 8245.

GABARDINES Wanted. — Also American woolen poplin. Farragut 5166.

HOWLETT AND HOCKMEYERS Wanted.—No. 880, 56-inch O. D. suede cloth; open for any quantity. R 381 Times.

JERSEY Wanted.—Dressweight, all shades. 25 W. 45th St., sixth floor.

OXFORDS Wanted.—Cotton-wool, also broadcloths. Farragut 4062.

OXFORDS Wanted.—Will buy large quantity. Mad. Sq. 3056.

PANAMA SERGE Wanted.—Brown, e-w, all widths, for cash. Mueller, Madison Square 1372.

PEAU DE SOYGNES Wanted.—36-inch gold. 24 floor, 214 5th Av.

PROGRESS PLUSH Wanted. — Madison Square 1703.

PICA PLUSH and VELOUR Wanted.—Right price. Chelsea 269.

PLUSH Wanted.—Salt's Peco; also Blumenthel's 3-inch strips. Phone Farragut 2205.

PLUSH Wanted.—For cash. Telephone Gramercy 5124.

POM POM Wanted.—Am. 0816, all colors, any quantity, for cash; also F. & H. Duvet de Laine in blue. Telephone Greeley 4321.

POM POM Wanted for cash; 0816 in pekin, brown, green, and taupe. Stern-Miller Co., Madison Square 8972.

POPLINS Wanted.—Saxonia poplins in quantity, at once; also men's wear serge and S. B. G. L. serge. Mutual Garment Co., 16 West 32d St.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will exchange American 09610 and 09077 taupe for navy. Alex. Horvitz & Son, 41 West 25th St.

POPLIN Wanted.—American green, American Burrella cloth, brown; for cash. Farragut 3929.

POPLIN Wanted.—American woolen, all colors; cash; botany, F. and H. broadcloths. Greeley 833.

POPLIN Wanted.—Open for American buyers, poplin or cash. Gramercy 3905.

POPLIN Wanted.—767 or 774, black only; spot cash. Call Chelsea 5846.

POPLIN Wanted.—American 09610, for cash. Madison Square 6057.

POPLIN, Silvertone, Velour, Serges Wanted. —Gramercy 1899.

SATINS Wanted.—Printed; open for large quantity of cotton back; all colors. Farragut 2368.

SATIN Wanted.—White, quantity no object. La France Novelty Co., 118 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—09070, 94, 104, 6284, heavy and lightweight velours for manufacturer; will pay cash. Progress, Chelsea 6549.

SERGES Wanted.—54289 and 7120, navy; open for quantity; cash at a price. Shapiro, Lewis & Co., 160 Madison Av.

SERGE Wanted.—54 to 89, at once; cash paid. Vanderbilt 8962. Rosenmeyer & Schwartz, 31 East 32d St.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for S. B. G. L. and similar numbers; large quantities. Madison Square 3833.

SERGES Wanted.—We pay cash for S. B. G. L. navy, or will exchange black for navy. Chelsea 9423.

SERGES Wanted.—7120 and 227, blacks and navy. Finkelstein Skirt Co., 138 West 25th St.

SERGES Wanted. — Cash for 7120, $2.15; 54289, $2.12½; 11433, 769, 94, 5485 Riverside.

SERGES Wanted.—54280, 519, 528; spot cash. Rapoport, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Sq. 8939.

SERGES Wanted.—Cash, U. S. 235, 838, 6234; Newports. Telephone 3018 Orchard.

SERGES Wanted.—54289 or 7120; open for quantity. Kleva Klad, 1,261 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag, open for quantity 7301, black. Chelsea 5008.

SERGES Wanted.—54289 and 11433, for spot cash. Madison Square 2136.

SERGES Wanted.—609, 9288, 2372; net, 10 days. Reply R 178 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 2.42½. Shapiro, Madison Square 3564.

SERGES Wanted.—4301 or 7301, navy, for cash. Chelsea 1858.

SERGES Wanted.—7614 S. B. L. G.; cash. Stuyvesant 2676.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted.—All cotton and 25% worsted, 54 inch. R 194 Times.

SILKS Wanted.—Manufacturers, what have you in silks that you cannot use? Cash for large or small lots. Madison Square 376.

SILKS Wanted.—Will pay cash for georgettes, crepes, taffetas, striped shirtings. Mr. Raymond, 44 East 23d St., Room 808.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Quantity; will pay cash for Holden Leonard, Bachman, or similar. All shades. Submit swatches. Best price. Gelber-Meyer Garment Co., St. Louis, Mo.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden-Leonard's brown, Pekin, navy; also Delhi cloth, American 057, all shades. Rosenham, 32 East 23d.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Pekin and brown; Holder and Leonards; also brown 702-8555. Madison Square 8777.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades. Sprayregen & Marks, 158 West 29th St. Farragut 2849.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—All colors, cash. Siegel & Rubenstein, 10 East 33d St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Navy and Pekin for spot cash. Madison Square 914.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Pekin only. Madison Square 9656.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobs of cloth suits, quantity no object, spot cash. Ben F. Levis, 37 West 26th St. Farragut 4054.

TIES Wanted.—Red and black, suitable for middies; quantity no object; spot cash. Abe Millman, successor to Bloom & Millman, 50 West 17th. Chelsea 6258.

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield and F. & H., navy and black only. Madison Sq. 5825.

VELOURS Wanted.—Botany 5816, brown; also Oxford suiting; will exchange navy Garfield tricotine for black. Madison Square 8562.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360 or similar, navy, brown, taupe, burgundy, and delphine, for spot cash. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Copenhagen, broadcloth, and green; lightweight velours in exchange for other colors. Naugass Bros., 71 West 23d St.

VELOUR Wanted.—Will exchange taupe, reindeer, and other colors of 0360 for brown. Farragut 2816.

VELOUR Wanted.—Navy, F. & H., botany, American, B. Lasker, 122 West 26th. Farragut 3646.

VELOURS Wanted.—Can use 0360 velours; must be reasonable. M. Bernstein & Co., 302 5th Av.

VELOURS Wanted or exchange 11050-544 green, black for brown, navy. Tel. Spring 606.

VELOUR, Duvetine, Bolivia Wanted.—Algeria red or shades of herma. Gramercy 6518.

VELOUR Wanted.—American 0460 in Pekin, brown, reindeer. Phone Farragut 3885.

VELOURS Wanted.—Botany, also 90610, will pay spot cash. Farragut 4116.

VELVETEEN Wanted.—24 inches, navy and black; open for big quantity. Madison Square 5940. Ask for Mr. M. D.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Black and all colors, 27 inches wide, twilled back. Phone Kraus, Madison Square 8644.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Open for quantity Worrell dye, in colors, 24 inches, for cash. Lubin & Co., 24 West 37th St.

VELVETEEN Wanted.—36-inch 660 Julliard's frill leack, navy, taupe, black. Call Stuyvesant 2153.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Worrel dyed, all shades; big quantities. Zuck & Gordon, 43 West 33d St.

VELVETEEN Wanted.—Can use Julliard's 660, 663, black; pay cash. Greeley 2810.

VENETIANS Wanted.—Wiener Bros.' Eclatant, all colors, 32-36 inches. Farragut 2616.

VENETIANS Wanted.—Quantity 32-inch black de luxe, 68½ cents net cash. Spring 1847.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—We are open for all shades in dress weights; what have you to offer? Hugo H. Levy & Bros., 29 West 36th.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—Keystone 1988 heather mix or similar, dress weight, all colors, any quantity. Harry Kitzenger.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

AMERICAN FLAGS, heavy cotton woolenized finish, 5x5 feet, at $7.50 per dozen; 5.7x9 feet, at $36 per dozen. net. Taylor Flag Co., 254 4th Av.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany, taupe, brown, &c., $3.35; Garfield navy tricotine, $3.75; Julliard's kerseys, all colors, $3.40. Madison Square 1520.

BROADCLOTH.—Botanys, radium, 52 inches, burgundy, taupe, reindeer, plum, brown, gray, rose, green, copen. Astoria, 220 5th Av.

BROADCLOTHS.—All shades; velours and serges, plushes, real cheap. Phone Hydol, 5264 Mad. Sq.

BROADCLOTH and Velour.—Botany 315, American 0360, 0609, 09070, 8158. Stuyvesant 5325.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany and F. & H.; also Duvet de Laine and velours. Farragut 5769.

BROADCLOTH. — F. H. wlum, velour 0360 taupe, pom pom 12075 taupe. Farragut 9406.

BROADCLOTH.—Will exchange Jullifords 110 colors for black. Chelsea 1175.

CHEVIOTS.—S. Newhouse, 9, 114; Baruch Wolff 316, E. Schwarz 400; Golden 360, 500; McKenny 012C. Greeley 1920.

COATS.—500 Feerless plush, trimmed with goatskin, 10-inch border, 6-inch collar and cuff, satin lining, $17; other plush coats, $14 up; immediate delivery. 17th Bros., 34 East 12th St.

COATS.—Smart coats in broadcloth or velours, fur trimmed, from $15.50 up. I. Novica & Co., Inc., 45 West 27th St., N. Y. City.

COATS.—500 broadcloth and velour coats, 48 inches long; all Sol. lined; 96-inch sweep; big fur collar; $15.75. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Pom poms, broadcloths, velours, plushes; close out reasonable. Lesser, 47 West 38th.

COATS.—Jobs velours, broadcloths; fur trimmed; big sacrifice. I. Feldman, 54 East 13th St.

COATS.—1,000 wool velours, assorted styles, 4 to 14, $8.75 and $4.75. Nivel, 151 W. 36.

COATS.—500 men's fur-lined coats, 500 chauffeur's fur coats. Phone Spring 4380.

COATS for Children's immediate delivery. Levitan Bros. & Zarkower, 136 W. 21st St.

COATS.—Job of 500 ladies' coats. Zimmerman & Carner, 48 West 22d St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Job, $6 up. Rineberg, 43 West 25th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Stouts, at popular prices. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

CORDUROY.—Large lot of corduroy short ends in all shades. Gramercy 8518.

COTTON PLUSH.—Will exchange Collins & Aikman 171, all colors, for burgundy. Chelsea 0688.

DRESSES.—2,000 satin and serge dresses on the rack to deliver; latest models black, navy, and colors. Regent Dress Co., 158-160 West 29th St. Chelsea 8167.

DRESSES.—Special selection broadcloth and velvet dresses for early display ready for delivery; large sizes always on hand. Prince sa, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Beautiful models in high-grade satins and serges at prices that can't be duplicated, for immediate delivery. Klif Dress Co., 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Jersey, serge, and satin dresses for immediate delivery; good assortment of colors and sizes. Chelsea 9350. Redfirn, 22 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Are you looking for serges and satins of the better kind? We have them for immediate delivery. Klif Dress Co., 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values in satins, serges, jerseys; from $6.50 to $10.75; immediate delivery. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 W. 26th.

DRESSES.—Satin, serge, and velveteen dresses for immediate delivery; special values. Elite Dress Co., 126 West 34th St.

DRESSES.—Satins and taffetas, all colors, newest styles, $6 up; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk Co., 44 East 23d.

DRESSES.—Snappy styles in satins from $6.75 and up; immediate delivery. Aviation Dress Co., 158 West 23d.

DRESSES.—Large stock of serge dresses to close out from $3.75 to $5.50. Jacob Hyman Co., 137 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Special offering in snappy-styled serge dresses at $4.75 up. Kirschner & Bomniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Better grade Jersey, serge, satin, and tricolettes. Glockner Dress, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—200 beautiful satin dresses, $18.75 value, at $12.75. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Jobs of dresses and skirts, to close out. A. Pactales & Son, 1,128 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Velvets, serges, satins; jerseys with general orders. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—The newest wool Jersey Tricolette serge dresses. Feller, 30 W 32d St.

DRESSES.—See our $8.75 all-wool French serge dresses. Queen, 140 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, satins, and serges to close out. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES.—See our all-wool serge dresses at $7.75. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

DRESSES.—300 satin dresses to close out. Princess, 19 West 24th.

FURS.—Kitt Coney sets, 9-inch border, 6x15 cuffs, 3-skin collar; price $7.50. Phone Knickerbocker 2481.

FURS.—800 black opossum collars; very reasonable. Goodfield, 41 Bleecker St.

JERSEY.—All wool, good assortment, $3.10 net. 74 5th Av., 8th floor.

KHAKI CLOTH, all wool, 14 to 16 oz. H. & H. Yukon Seal, and Gemson's Radium Velour. Phone Farragut 2205.

MACKINAWS PRINTS.—¾ Oxford suitings, 22 cents. Kaplan, 20 West 22d. Gramercy 1515.

NAINSOOKS.—White, below market. Madison Square 8103.

PLUSH.—Mercerized, 54-inch, black, cheap; Raritan beaver cloth, all colors, very cheap, 99, 774, 12075. Farragut 6628.

POPLINS, Amer., Selen, Lorraine, Saxonia, Empire, and other known brands; velours, all makes, and all shades kerseys, cheviots, meltons, broadcloth, serges, plushes, and venetians, big assortment; terms or cash. Goodman. Gramercy 1529-1537.

POPLINS and Velours, American 0360, 09077, Stevens 4281, 3866; also broadcloths and lightweight kerseys. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d St. Gramercy 2991.

POPLINS.—Serges, velours, oxfords, &c., to cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 292.

POPLINS.—Amoskeag 8158, navy, $2.40; Dobson's navy, $2.25, net 60 days. Dubin, Madison Square 4845.

POPLINS.—6009 Andrews; 4916, 4860 Brightwood; 503 Dobson; long terms. Farragut 9407.

POPLINS.—Lorraine's; also Julliard's serge; also Jerseys. Stuyvesant 8072.

POPLINS.—American 8809½, $1.87½; serges 11433-3359; velours 0360. Gramercy 948.

maps months of training before they will acquire the experience and the facility in these new duties without which their maximum efficiency cannot be attained. Meantime, production is not going ahead as fast as it should, and it is feared there may be some delay in making deliveries.

***

Baling Paper Wanted.

The cotton goods branch of the Clothing Division of the Quartermaster's Department of the army is today sending out a call for 1,000,000 sheets of baling paper. All bids are to be submitted in triplicate to the local office at 100 East Sixteenth Street, on or before Sept. 27. The baling paper in question must be in sheets 36 by 50 inches. Samples should be submitted with all bids, and emphasis is laid on the matter of having all bids submitted in triplicate form.

***

Little Change to Gray Goods.

Trading in the local gray goods market did not show a great deal of change yesterday, as compared with Monday. Buyers were again active enough, so far as making inquiries for goods was concerned, but the continued unwillingness of the mills to do further business before the new differentials are announced from Washington kept trading at nominal levels. Second hands were very firm in their price views, from all accounts, and while some business was reported on 39-inch 68-72s at 20 cents—2 cents above the Government's maximum for first-hand selling—the goods were not easily got out. In fact, it was reported that some attractive spot goods had been held as high as 20½ cents.

***

Believe Lull is Temporary.

There is a slight lull in the retail distribution of Fall clothes for men. Authorities in this trade believe, however, that the present quiet is only temporary. It was pointed out that with the 900,000 men, or thereabouts, of the new draft waiting to see what disposition the military authorities are to make of them, nothing but a suspension for the time being in demand for civilian clothes could reasonably be expected. However, since only a percentage of all these men will be put in uniforms before the Winter is over, a renewal in demand for civilian clothes is expected as soon as the new registrants have learned their classification and order of call. There are no symptoms of acute pessimism among clothiers, nor are there thought to be any substantial reasons why there should be.

***

Fall Furs Go on Show.

More than 1,250,000 pelts, valued at about $3,000,000 and embracing everything from common house cats to Russian sables, will be placed on show today in the warehouse of the New York Fur Auctions Sales Corporation, 48-52 Great Jones Street. They will be sold at the annual Fall auction of raw furs, which will be held in the auditorium of the Masonic Temple, Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street, beginning on Monday next. Some of them are German owned, and will be sold for the account of Allen Property Custodian A. Mitchell Palmer. While the general collection is smaller than was offered at the Spring sale last April, there is no scarcity of foxes, marten, lynx, and other fancy furs. There is, however, a shortage of the so-called staple furs, including raccoon, opossum, skunk, and muskrat, and especially of the last two varieties. Prices at the sale are expected to reach new record levels in many instances.

***

Underwear Lines Still Unopened.

Jobbing buyers of men's underwear are still waiting for the spirit to move manufacturers of those goods to make prices on Spring lines. The latter show little disposition to do it, in the face of the present cotton situation and the prospect of new and possibly higher yarn prices being sent out from Washington in the near future. As has been reported before, some lines have been opened for limited deliveries at prices that show very sharp advances over those current for the Spring, 1918, season, and there is not a little impatience on the part of buyers because other mills not wholly tied up on army business do not follow suit. Apparently they are willing to pay the prices asked if they can be even partly assured of getting goods. Jobbers' salesmen are being held back from their Spring trips because, as yet, most of them have nothing to sell.

***

Sheetings Bids Opened.

Seven bids, all at the maximum price of 21⅜ cents fixed by the Government, were received and opened yesterday in the local office of the Quartermaster's Department on 39-inch 80 square four-yard sheetings. Over 2,800,000 yards were offered, though only 1,200,000 yards are wanted. Inasmuch as the prices quoted on all bids were the same, it is thought that the location of the mills represented by the bidders will have some weight in the matter of awards, as well as the freight situation in the various localities. The Woodward Baldwin Company, representing the Brandon Mills, offered a total of 400,000 yards, the Blackston Manufacturing Company of Blackston, Mass., offered 200,000 yards, and the Lonsdale Company of Lonsdale, R. I., offered 1,000,000 yards. J. P. Reynolds & Co. offered 180,000 yards from the Arcade Cotton Mills in Rock Hill, S. C.; the Deering Milliken Company offered 575,000 yards from mills in Auburn and Waterville, Mass.; J. P. Stevens & Co. offered 300,000 from the Aragon Cotton Mills in Rock Hill, S. C., and Wilson & Bradbury, representing the Ella Manufacturing Company of Shelby, N. C., offered 200,000 yards.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant-1000.

ALPANY, N. Y.—W. E. Walsh & Sons: D. J. Walsh, men's hats; Manh ttan.

ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Hess Bros.: S. M. Hertman, millinery; 45 Union Square; Greenfarb.

ALPOONA, Penn.—L. Bergman & Co.: georgette dresses, suits; 37 West 26th.

ATLANTA—J. Froshin: ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

ATLANTA—J. P. Allen & Co.: Miss Scheer, waists; 1,261 B'way.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; J. S. Bluman, millinery; 621 B'way.

AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White & Co.: J. Y. Pearce, wash goods; 23 E. 26th.

BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.: A. M. Solomon, millinery; 470 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.: A. J. Bernard, coats, suits; 2 W. 37th.

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros.: A. A. Hall, china; Holland House.

BALTIMORE—Hechschild, Kohn & Co.; W. G. Weller, domestics; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—L. Greif & Brother; D. L. Greif, woolens, trimmings; 200 5th Av.

BALTIMORE — Bernheimer Brothers; L. Goodman, dress goods, silks; 470 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Daniel Miller Co.; C. S. Bradley, D. B. Miller, dress goods, silk; Manhattan.

BALTIMORE—Blankenberg & Levinson; J. Blankenberg, notions, hosiery, underwear; Herald Square.

BALTIMORE—Cahn, Coblens & Co.; E. G. Colwill, domestics, blankets, dress goods, silks; Herald Square.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; G. M. Etyinge, millinery, ribbons; H. S. Mesereaith, remnants; F. Zuellmair, cotton piece goods; 354 4th Av.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; S. Lindy, ready-to-wear waists, infants' wear; 116 West 32d; Hermitage.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; A. Rosner, housefurnishing goods, china, glass, silverware, luggage; 116 West 32d.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; S. A. Campbell, hdkfs.; Miss Armstrong, cotton waists; Miss Spencer, girls' clothing; Miss Callahan, juniors' caps; F. H. Jury, dresses, negligees; Miss Knight, girls' clothing, basement; Miss Reagan, boys' furn. goods; W. McLain, jewelry; Miss A. V. Burns, dresses, basement; S. M. Averill, lamps; Miss Sweeney, misses' suits, dresses; 452 4th Av.

BOSTON — Gilchrist Co.; Mrs. Hornstein, coats; Miss McCluskey, dresses; F. A. Smith, housefurn. goods; basement buyers; A. Cohn, dresses, skirts, suits, coats; Miss Gardner, house dresses, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; Mrs. Palmer, waists, sweaters; Mr. Gallagher, boys' clothing, men's furn. goods; Miss Rice, hosiery, women's knit underwear; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Otis, women's suits; Miss Gilman, children's, juniors', girls' dresses, misses' coats; basement buyers, Miss MacNamee, millinery; Miss Morrissey, women's skirts; Miss O'Reagan, misses' coats; basement buyers, Miss Golding, waists; Miss Dartt, negligees, bath robes; Mr. Tobey, shoes; Mrs. Hahn, jewelry, leather goods; Mr. O'Brien, misses', women's suits; Mr. Crosby, millinery; Mr. Ring, dresses; Mr. Cooper, Mr. Whipple, general mdse.; 161 E. 22d.

BRIDGETON, N. J.—Stiles & Son; M. Stiles, dry goods; 105 Grand.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—C. Miach; H. W. Walder, coats, suits; 1,261 B'way.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—M. Read Co.; F. D. Thompson, coats, suits, waists, skirts; Latham.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; J. D. Granfield, hosiery, underwear; J. E. Kelly, notions; 404 4th Av.

BROOKFIELD, Mo.—O. Cromer, women's suits, georgette, crepe-de-chine waists; 212 5th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; H. G. Heckel, furniture; 2 W. 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. A. Meldrum Co.; A. Armstrong, clothing; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—N. Adam & Co.; B. J. Muller, silks, dress goods, woolens, linings; 2 W. 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; C. Tagg, dress goods, silks; 230 5th Av.; Brentell.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Flint & Kent; I. B. Hope, men's, boys' clothing, men's furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 220 5th Av.

CANTON, Ohio—Globe Furniture and Carpet Co.; J. J. Joseph; carpets; Hargrave.

CHAMBERSBERG, Penn.—Banks Bros.; C. E. Banks, general mdse.; Herald Square.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—M. Marks & Son; J. Marks, hosiery, knit goods; Bellecl aire.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—E. V. Pinlayson Mfg. Co.; P. Chatham, boy's pants; Broztell.

CHICAGO—Emporium World Millinery Co.; J. B. Cohen, millinery; 621 B'way.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; A. Jensen, Windsor ties, neckwear, Georgettes; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; A. L. Aumann, upholstery goods; C. Davis, dress goods; B. E. Gill, G. Weber, gloves; 432 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; W. Merriman, hosiery; T. F. Doherty, leather goods; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; F. O. Stretch, silks; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; E. A. Grossman, children's coats; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—The Fair; J. F. Dailey, general mdse.; P. C. Fleer, upholstery goods; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; B. W. Van Buckle, boy's clothing; Miss Griffin, waists; 470 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Hillman's; J. M. Watts, carpets, rugs; F. Kicker, hosiery, underwear; M. H. Myers, domestics, silks, dress goods, linens; 277 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Charles A. Stevens; basement buyers: A. Hultquist, women's suits; Miss Collins, misses' suits; Miss D. Kissling, millinery; 40 East 26th.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; H. Daurenhaim, blankets; G. G. Munro, wash goods; F. J. Constanzer, men's neckwear, suspenders; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—The Catalogue House; H. Kaufman, boys' clothing; H. Philipshorn, children's dresses, coats, Spring house dresses, petticoats, kimonos; 132 West 24th.

CLEVELAND—E. Sperling Co.; E. Sperling, piece goods, ready-to-wear; Holland House.

CLEVELAND—Root & McBride Co.; J. A. Hahn, notions, traveling bags; 72 Leonard.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Clarke Davis Co.; J. H. Davis, flowers, feathers; Marlborough.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Union Co.; Miss G. Brake, women's furn. goods; 116 West 32d.

DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; D. G. Oppenheim, cotton goods; 19 E. 24th.

DECATUR, Ill.—Bright Bros.; L. I. Wolfstein, ready-to-wear; Wallick.

DENVER—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; Mrs. M. Williamson, millinery; 21 W. 23d.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; E. D. Jamieson, boys' clothing; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—Edson, Moore & Co.; F. Stockwell, piece goods; 43 Leonard.

EASTON, Penn.—Wm. Laubach & Sons; J. H. Sisman, coats, suits, waists; 41 Union Square; Imperial.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—R. A. McWhirr Co.; W. Armitage, dry goods; J. H. Mahoney, general mdse.; 404 4th Av.

HAMILTON, Can.—T. C. Watkins, Ltd.; Mrs. M. McLean, millinery; 23 East 26th.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; Mrs. Knowles, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

HARRISBURG, Penn. — Kaufmann's Underselling Store; J. M. Lloyd, georgette dresses, suits; 37 W. 26th.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; Mrs. M. Hartman, ladies underwear, corsets, infants' wear; Miss M. L. Dougherty, ladies' wear; E. K. Smart, representing; 1,270 B'way; Continental.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; C. C. Goodsell, drugs; 404 4th Av.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—A. Striger & Co.; R. Dickman, art goods; 404 4th Av.

HUDSON, N. Y.—J. T. Guinan Co.; Miss M. Guinan, Miss McShane, ladies' wear; Holland House.

INDIANAPOLIS—Hibben, Hollweg & Co.; C. B. Fear, Mr. Cummings, hosiery, underwear; 320 B'way.

INDIANAPOLIS—Selig Dry Goods Co.; S. Selig, Miss L. Marks, suits, coats, dresses; 1,150 Broadway.

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss N. Simon, dresses; Miss M. D. Sadler, coats, suits; 116 W. 32d.

JACKSONVILLE — Cohen Co.; E. Cohen, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y.—Samuels & Duffee; E. E. Duffee, notions; Bresiin.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bro.; E. E. Snyder, clothing; 404 4th Av.

LANCASTER—Watt & Shand; H. B. Shenk, laces, embraideries; 432 4th Av.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bro.; R. C. Masterson, gloves, hdkfs., leather goods; 404 4th Av.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Watt & Shand; P. T. Watt, hosiery, underwear; Mr. Traves, men's clothing; Miss Manifold, notions; 432 4th Av.

LAWRENCE, Mass. — Robertson-Sutherland Co.; G. M. Talbot, ready-to wear; 432 4th Av.; Brontell.

LOS ANGELES—Broadway Dept. Store; W. A. Onions, men's, boys' clothing; 95 Madison Av.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—J. Bacon & Sons; M. B. Mountjoy, women's, misses', girls' suits, coats, millinery; 25 E. 26th.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Carter D. G. Co.; W. M. Carothers, ginghams, prints, dress goods, silks; 43 Leonard.

LOUISVILLE—Stewart D. G. Co.; Miss S. Stevens, millinery; J. C. Smith, domestics, linens; L. McCarthy, toys, sporting goods; 2 W. 37th.

MERIDEN, Conn.—Ives, Upham & Rand; Miss A. Brown, notions, toilet goods; 404 4th Av.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; Miss D. Vandewater, notions; 404 4th Av.

MIDDLETOWN, Penn.—Banks Bros.; A. G. Banks, general mdse.; Herald Square.

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; J. C. Luker, domestics, linens, blankets; 225 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wyman, Partridge & Co.; R. M. Ankeny, underwear, knit goods; 43 Leonard.

MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Montgomery Fair; J. T. Gibbons, men's clothing, furnishing goods; 225 East 26th.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Castner-Knott Co.; I. Meyers, ready-to-wear, waists; 23 E. 26th.

NEVADA, Mo.—Moore Dry Goods Co.; H. C. Moore, jobs geor ette, crepe de-chine waists; 212 5th Av.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; Mr. Biers, millinery; 621 B'way.

NEW ORLEANS—D. H. Holmes Co.; L. E. Mason, dress white, wash goods; G. A. Barnum, merchandise manager; 15 East 26th.

NORFOLK, Va.—Greenberg Bros.; M. Greenberg, coats; 1,170 B'way.

NORWICH, Conn.—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; C. G. Ambler, housefurn. goods; 432 4th Av.

NORWICH, Conn.—Porteous-Mitchell Co.; L. Porteous, ready-to-wear; W. E. Woods, housefurnishing goods; 432 4th Av.

OWENSBORO, Ky.—S. W. Anderson Co.; J. E. Arnold, dry goods, hosiery, gloves; R. N. Palmer, notions; 105 Grand.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; Miss Perrett, suits; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Silk & Co.; H. L. Silk, piece goods; 1,182 Broadway; Aberdeen.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Frank & Co.; M. Frank, cloakings; 1,182 Broadway; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Norwick & Son; H. Silverman, suits; 1,182 Broadway; Aberdeen.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Cravis & Sons; J. Cravis, suitings; 33 West 34th; Collinwood.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; W. Silverman, coats, suits; 1,133 B'way; Latham.

PHILADELPHIA—"Stewarts"; Mr. Ranck, suits; Miss Koenig, dresses; Miss Cross, waists; 15 E. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; Miss E. Evans, waists; Miss McLaughlin, suits, dresses, gowns; Broadway and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; H. Fredericks, men's clothing; 260 5th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—S. Rothschild & Co.; M. Gutman, infants', children's coats; 1,182 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; Miss A

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Move Irregularly, with Strong Closing—Dealings on Limited Scale.

President Wilson's prompt rejection of Austria's proposal for a secret meeting of delegates from the nations at war fitted in so well with the expectation which had been formed by most people on reading the note that it caused surprise only by the speed with which it was dispatched, and the stock market reflected not the slightest change traceable to the decision to continue the war. Most issues opened at the levels held at the close of business on Monday, and for the greater part of the session fluctuations were of little importance, outside of wide swings in a few of the highly speculative shares in which the influence of the Money Committee's restrictions is still being felt. In the last hour there was an upturn which carried numerous issues forward on a small volume of buying and the close was strong.

Once more the Street was given something to think about in the failure of traders, outside of the regular clan of professionals, to enter the market on developments that may have far-reaching importance. Activity was limited to less than a quarter of a million shares, and the rise initiated in the afternoon by professional buying did not attract commission business. There has been a marked falling off in the number of customers making daily trades, partly because of the well-known opposition of the banking element to a resumption of operations on an important scale, and partly because of the preparations making for the Fourth Liberty Loan. The reform aimed at by the Money Committee has been attained with little actual interference with brokers' loans.

The strong issues in yesterday's market were Canadian Pacific, which showed a net gain of 8½ points at the end of the session, Mexican Petroleum, and Texas Company. Interest in the oil shares has been heightened by the shortage of gasoline, which led to the establishment of gasless Sundays, and the directing of attention to the great increase in consumption of both crude oil and its products for war purposes. American Sumatra Tobacco and Industrial Alcohol were depressed easily in the early hours, but closed only fractionally lower. Steel recovered nearly 2 points when buying set in late in the day. The passing of interest on the Third Avenue's adjustment bonds was responsible for selling of that company's stock in a poor market, and the issue closed off 2%.

LONDON MARKET IS QUIET.

Neutral Stocks Weak on Improvement of Exchange in London.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—The stock market was quiet today. Gilt-edged securities eased a fraction from lack of support, and neutral stocks were weak on the improvement in exchange on London. Marconi shares were active, and rubber and shipping shares rallied. Far Eastern securities were the best features of the market.

Money was plentiful and discount rates were steady.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—Trading was quiet on the bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 63 francs 45 centimes. Exchange on London 28 francs 8 centimes. Five per cent. loan 88 francs 10 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High 6	High 6½
Low 6	Low 6½
Renewals 6	Renewals 6½
Last 6	Last 6½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances 4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days 6	Sixty days 6
Ninety days 6	Ninety days 6
Four months 6	Four months 6
Five months 6	Five months 6
Six months 6	Six months 6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ..... 4¼@4¼
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 4¼@4¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 5¼@5¾

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days	6
4 to 6 months	6
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.75 42½	$4.75 42½	$4.75 42½	..
Cables	4.76 55	4.76 55	4.76 55	+.0005
Francs—				
Demand	5.47½	5.47½	5.47½	..
Cables	5.46½	5.46½	5.46½	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exchange.	Yesterday's Demand Checks.	Close. Cables.
4.8665 London	$4.75 42½	$4.76 55
5.1826 Paris	5.47½	5.46½
China—		
Hongkong	90.00	90.25
Peking	133.50	134.00
Shanghai	126.00	126.50
19.50 Greece	19.45	19.50
40.20 Holland	47.50	48.00
22.44 India—		
Bombay	*35.48	35.73
Calcutta	*35.48	35.73
5.1826 Italy	6.36	6.35
Japan—		
Kobe	54.75	54.875
Yokohama	54.75	54.875
19.30 Spain	22.70	22.90
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	32.50	32.875
Copenhagen	28.50	30.00
Christiania	30.50	30.875
South America—		
42.84 Buenos Aires	44.55	44.70
34.42 Rio	23.85	24.00
5.1826 Switzerland	4.48	4.46
51.46 Russia—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	13.10	13.30
500 rubles	13.00	13.20

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers— 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial— 60 Days.	90 Days.
4.72⅝	$4.71½	$4.72⅛	$4.70⅝

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $866,929,801; balances, $49,087,761; United States Treasury debit balance, $4,689,816; Federal Reserve credit balance, $31,515,646.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 49½d, official; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Spelter	9.65	9.85	9.65	9.85
Antimony	13.75	14.00	13.75	14.00
Quicksilver	$125.00	....	$125.00	....
Aluminium	*38.00	....	*33.00	....
Iron, No. 2X foundry	....	34.25	....	34.25

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 26c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Monday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	122 0 0	122 0 0
Tin, spot	343 10 0	343 10 0
Tin, futures	343 10 0	343 10 0
Spelter	54 0 0	54 0 0
Lead	29 10 0	29 10 0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	4½	5	Homa Oil	45	46
B S Gas	8	9	Iron Blos	38	43
Bergle	50	60	Island Cap	19	19¾
Black Hl	..	..	La Rose	42	50
Bohemia	75	90	Majestic	14	15
Bost Ely	60	75	Mex. Met	35	38
Bost Mon	43	45	Mojave T.	11	12
Butte & L	15	17	New Balt	40	60
Bost Ariz	..	..	N Z & L	15	16
Calaveras	1	1¼	N Cornelia	17	17½
Crown Res	15	20	Nev Doug	45	48
Corter	14	18	Nixon Nev	21	85
Champ. old	4	5	Oneco	20	25
Chief Con	3½	3⅝	Onondaga	13	17
Denbigh	1½	1¾	S W M	99	1¼
Earl Eagle	1	4	U Verde E	36½	37½
Fortuna	2	5	Victoria M	85	95
Houghton	50	1	Yukon Gold	35	1

*Full paid.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, SEPT. 17, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	236,970	628,633	1,039,435
Year to date	93,084,219	133,926,946	126,449,019

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
40	50	100	Adams Express	48	48	48	48	−1½
40	50	25	Do. odd lot	47½	47½	47½	47½	..
1⅝	1¾	1,100	Alaska Juneau	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	..
29½	29¾	1,100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	29½	29½	29¼	29¼	+ ⅛
83¾	84¼	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	83⅜	83⅜	83⅜	83¾	+ ⅛
98	100	40	Am. Agricul. Chem	100	100	100	100	..
92	94	200	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	92	92	92	92	..
67	69	200	Am. Beet Sugar	69	69	69	69	− ⅛
43¾	44¼	1,900	Am. Can	44⅜	44⅝	43⅝	44	− ⅛
85¾	85½	800	Am. Car & Fdry	84⅝	85¾	84⅝	85¾	+1½
40	41	100	Am. Cotton Oil	41	41	41	41	..
78	90	10	Am. Cotton Oil pf	82	82	82	82	..
19½	20	700	Am. H. & Leather	19¼	19⅝	19¼	19⅝	+ ⅛
87⅜	89	300	Am. H. & L. pf	87⅛	87½	87⅛	87½	+ ⅛
48	49	100	Am. Ice pf	49	49	49	49	..
52¾	53	200	Am. International	51¾	52	51¾	52	+ ¼
40½	41	800	Am. Linseed	40¼	40¼	40¼	40½	..
64⅝	65½	200	Am. Locomotive	64⅝	64⅞	64⅝	64⅞	..
76¾	77¼	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	76¼	76¾	76¼	76¾	− ⅛
77½	78	500	Am. Steel F'dries	77½	77⅝	77½	77⅝	− ⅛
106⅝	107⅝	10,600	Am. Sumatra Tob	108	108¼	105⅞	107⅝	− ⅛
80⅝	85	100	Am. Sumat. Tob. pf	85	85	85	85	+2½
96	98⅜	1,400	Am. Tel. & Tel	97⅛	98½	97⅜	98⅛	+1½
159	161	300	Am. Tobacco	160	160	160	160	..
54	54½	500	Am. Woolen	54⅜	54⅜	53⅜	54	− ⅛
35	36	100	Am. Writing P. pf	35	35	35	35	+ ⅛
67¼	67⅝	4,700	Anaconda Copper	66⅞	67¼	66⅝	67¼	+ ⅛
60	60½	100	Associated Oil	60⅞	60½	60½	60½	−1½
85	86	100	Atch., Top. & S. F	85⅝	85⅞	85⅝	85⅞	+ ⅛
80¼	81	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	81	81	81	81	..
9	9½	100	At., Birm. & At	9	9	9	9	− ⅛
99½	101	100	At., Gulf & West I	100	100	100	100	..
62½	65	100	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	64	64	64	64	..
88½	88¾	7,200	Baldwin Loco	88	89	87½	88⅝	+ ⅜
53¾	54½	200	Baltimore & Ohio	53⅜	53⅝	53⅜	53⅝	+ ⅛
81	82	100	Bethlehem Steel	80½	80½	80½	80½	+ ⅛
81¼	81¾	5,900	Beth. Steel, class B	80½	81⅝	79⅞	81½	+ ⅜
102¼	103¼	300	Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf	102⅞	103	102⅞	103	..
38¾	39	200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	+ ¼
144¼	144½	1,200	Burns Brothers	143	145	144	144½	+ ⅛
10	10½	1,000	Butte Cop. & Zinc	10⅛	10¼	10¼	10⅜	+ ⅛
..	..	100	Butte & Superior	25½	25½	25½	25⅝	+ ⅛
18⅞	19¼	100	California Petrol	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	− ⅛
160½	161½	3,700	Canadian Pacific	157	161½	157	161	+3½
66¼	66⅝	600	Central Leather Co	66	66⅝	66	66⅝	+ ¼
32¼	33¼	300	Cerro de Pasco Cop	33	33	33	33	..
87	87½	200	Chandler Motor	87	87½	87	87½	+ ⅛
57	57¼	100	Chesapeake & Ohio	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾	+ ⅛
22	23	200	Chi. Great West. pf	22½	23	22½	23	−1⅛
48⅝	49	1,500	Chi., Mil. & St. P	48½	49¼	48½	49	..
76	76½	300	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	76½	77	76½	76½	− ¼
25	25½	1,400	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	25¼	25⅝	25¼	25¼	− ⅛
76½	77½	500	C., R. I.& P.T p.c.pf	77¼	77½	76½	76½	−1⅝
15⅝	16	100	Chile Copper	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	..
39⅜	40¼	100	Chino Copper	39⅜	39⅝	39⅜	39⅝	− ⅛
45¼	46	100	Col. Fuel & Iron	45½	45½	45½	45½	+ ½
87	89	100	Consolidated Gas	87	87	87	87	..
7	8¼	100	Con. Int. Cal. Min	8	8	8	8	− ⅛
41⅜	42¼	3,200	Corn Products Ref	41	42	41	41⅞	+ ⅜
101½	102¼	1,000	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	+ ⅜
64	64½	1,900	Crucible Steel	64½	65	64	64½	+ ⅜
30	30½	900	Cuba Cane Sugar	30	30¼	30	30⅛	+ ⅛
7⅜	7⅝	800	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	7½	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜	+ ⅛
52½	52⅝	4,900	Distillers' Secur	52	53	51¼	52½	+ ⅛
9	9½	100	Dome Mines	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
15⅜	15½	1,200	Erie	15¼	15⅜	15¼	15⅜	+ ⅛
30½	31	100	Erie 1st pf	30¼	30½	30½	30½	+ ⅛
12	100	100	Federal Min. & S	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	−3⅛
38	39½	100	Federal M. & S. pf	39¼	39½	39¼	39½	− ⅛
35⅝	36	200	Fisher Body	36	36	36	36	+ ⅛
114¼	114⅝	2,500	General Motors	112	113⅝	110¼	113⅝	−1⅝
77	78½	400	General Motors pf	77	77¼	77	77¼	− ¼
45	46½	100	Goodrich Co	45½	45½	45½	45½	+ ⅛
82½	84	300	Granby Consol	82½	83½	82½	83½	+ ⅜
90¾	90¾	700	Great Northern pf	90⅜	90⅝	90½	90½	+ ⅛
30⅝	30⅞	800	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	30⅜	30⅝	30⅜	30⅝	+ ⅛
44¾	44½	100	Greene-Can. Copper	44¾	44¾	44½	44½	..
79	81	900	Gulf States Steel	78	78	77⅝	78	..
95	95½	200	Illinois Central	95⅛	95½	95½	95½	− ½
53¼	53½	300	Inspiration Copper	53	53⅝	53	53⅜	+ ¼
6⅝	6¾	200	Interboro Consol	..	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
20	30	100	Interboro Con. pf	29	29	29	29	+1
127½	127½	200	Int. Harvester, N.J.	125¼	128	125¼	128	+1
102	106	500	Int. Harv. N.J. pf	104	104	104	104	−1
103	106	100	Int. Harv. Corp. pf	104	104	104	104	−1
26½	26¾	800	Int. Mer. Marine	26½	27	26½	26½	..
101⅛	101⅝	10,600	Int. Mer. Marine pf	100¾	101½	100⅛	101¼	+ ⅜
29¾	30	1,900	Int. Nickel	29⅝	30	29½	29⅝	− ⅛
59⅝	60½	100	Int. Paper pf., sta	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	..
33¼	33¾	300	Kennecott Copper	33¼	33¾	32⅝	33⅛	− ⅛
81	82	100	Lackawanna Steel	81	81	81	81	+ ⅛
95⅛	95½	100	Manhattan Elev	95½	95½	95½	95½	− ⅛
..	..	60	Do., odd lot	95	95	95	95	..
26½	26¾	500	Maxwell Motors	26½	26½	26½	26½	+ ⅛
20¾	21	100	Max. Motors 2d pf	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	+ ⅛
103⅞	104	23,100	Mexican Petroleum	101½	104	101	104	+2¾
28	28¼	200	Miami Copper	28	28	27⅞	28	− ⅛
27⅞	28¼	10	Do., odd lot	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	..
51⅜	52	1,000	Midvale Steel	52	52	51½	51½	+ ⅜
9¼	10¾	700	Minn. & St. L. new	9¼	9¼	9	9	+ ⅛
23⅝	23¾	1,000	Missouri Pacific	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	+ ⅛
56	59	200	Missouri Pacific pf	56	56	56	56	− ⅛
51	51½	700	Nat'l Enam. & Stp	51¼	51¼	51	51	..
20¾	21	700	Nevada Con. Cop	20¾	20¾	20⅝	20⅞	+ ⅛
119	120	600	N. Y. Air Brake	120	120	119	120	+ ⅛
73	73½	500	N. Y. Central	73	73¼	72¾	73½	+ ⅛
39⅜	39⅝	2,900	N. Y., N. H. & H	39⅜	39⅞	39¼	39⅝	− ⅜
20¼	20½	300	N. Y., Ont. & West	20¼	20½	20½	20½	..
103⅛	103⅝	100	Norfolk & Western	103⅛	103⅝	103⅛	103⅝	+ ⅛
69	69	100	Norfolk & W. pf	69	69	69	69	− ⅜
87⅜	87½	300	Northern Pacific	87⅜	87½	87⅜	87½	− ⅛
37⅜	37⅝	500	Ohio Cities Gas	37⅜	37⅝	37⅜	37⅝	..
41⅞	42	100	Ohio Fuel Supply	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞	− ⅛
8	8¼	500	Ontario Mining	8	8¼	8	8¼	− ⅛
58⅜	58⅝	100	Owens Bottle Mach	58⅜	58⅝	58⅜	58⅝	+ ⅛
92¼	92½	100	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	92¼	92½	92¼	92½	− ⅛
43⅞	44	500	Penn. R. R	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	..
25	30	..	Do., odd lot	44	44	44	44	..
100	100	100	Pierce-Arrow	38	38	38	38	..
95¼	96	100	Pierce-Arrow pf	95¼	96	95¼	95¾	−1¼
13⅞	14	2,000	Pierce Oil	13⅞	14¼	13⅝	14	+ ⅛
48⅜	48⅝	100	Pittsburgh Coal	48⅜	48⅝	48⅜	48⅝	..
67⅛	68¼	100	Pressed Steel Car	67½	67½	67½	67½	−1
95	97	500	Pressed Steel C. pf	95	95	95	95	..
66¾	67	600	Railway Steel Sp	66¾	67	66½	67	+ ⅛
24	24	1,300	Ray Con. Copper	24	24	23⅞	24	+ ⅛
87⅛	87¾	5,200	Reading	87⅛	87¾	86⅝	87⅜	+ ⅜
37	37	100	Reading 2d pf	37	37	37	37	..
89	90	1,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	89	90¼	89	90	+ ⅜
102½	102¾	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf	102½	102½	102½	102½	+ ⅛
19	19	600	Royal Dutch rights	19	19	18½	18½	− ½
72½	72½	100	Savage Arms	72½	72½	72½	72½	−1⅝
8¼	8¼	100	Seaboard Air Line	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	..
20	20¼	200	Seab. Air Line pf	20¼	20½	20¼	20⅜	+1⅛
139¾	140	800	Sears, Roeb. & Co	139½	140	139¾	140	+1
15	15	200	Shattuck-Arizona	15	15	15	15	+ ⅛
31¼	31¾	1,100	Sinclair Oil Refin	31¼	31⅝	31	31½	+ ⅜
85½	85⅝	300	Southern Pacific	85½	85⅝	85½	85⅝	+ ⅛
26	26⅜	3,600	Southern Railway	26	26⅜	25⅝	26¼	+ ⅛
45	45⅜	1,100	Studebaker Co	45	45⅜	44⅝	45⅜	+ ⅛
41	41¼	300	Superior Steel	41	41¼	41	41¼	..
17	18	300	Tenn. C. & C	18	18	18	18	+ ⅛
158	159⅜	6,000	Texas Co	158	159⅜	158	159⅜	+1½
16	17	600	Third Avenue	17	17	15⅞	15⅞	−2⅜
64½	65	900	Tobacco Products	65¼	65¼	64¼	65	..
37	42	100	Transue & Wms	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜	−1⅜
73	75	200	Union Bag & Paper	72½	72½	72½	72½	+ ⅛
123	124	1,300	Union Pacific	123¼	124¼	122	124¼	+ ⅛
70	70¼	100	Union Pacific pf	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	+ ⅛
38	38	100	United Alloy Steel	38	38	38	38	+ ⅛
98⅝	98⅞	100	United Cigar Stores	98⅝	98⅞	98¼	98¼	− ⅛
113	116½	3,400	U. S. Indus. Alco	113	116½	112¾	114	− ⅛
94¼	94¼	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	− ⅛
60	60⅞	2,300	U. S. Rubber	60	60⅞	59⅝	60⅜	+ ⅛
103	103	200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	103	103	102⅞	102⅞	+ ⅛
108½	109⅝	74,900	U. S. Steel	108½	109⅝	107½	109⅝	+ ⅛
111	111	500	U. S. Steel pf	111	111	110⅝	110⅝	− ⅜
83½	83½	600	Utah Copper	83½	83½	83½	83½	..
52¼	52¼	1,000	Va.-Car. Chemical	52¼	53½	52¼	53	+1¼
39¼	39¼	500	Wabash pf. A	39¼	39¼	38¼	38¾	+ ⅛
63⅝	63⅝	100	Wells Fargo Exp	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	− ⅛
83	83	100	Western Union Tel	83	83	83	83	+ ⅛
43	43¼	400	Westingh. E. & M	43	43¼	43	43¼	− ⅛
51	51	100	Wilson & Co	51	51	51	51	+ ⅛
19¾	20	600	Willys-Overland	19¾	20	19¾	20	..
81⅝	82¼	200	Willys-Overland pf	82	82¼	82	82¼	+ ⅛
61½	62¾	200	Worthington Pump	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¾	+ ¼
68	69½	100	Worth. Pump pf. B	69	69	69	69	+ ¼

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Gov	6	May 15,'20	96	96⅜	6.00
Dom. of Can	5	Aug., 1919	97⅜	97⅝	7.55
Gov. of N. S	5	July, 1919	96½	97½	8.10
Norweg. Gov	6	Feb., 1921	101	102	5.50
Prov. of Q	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Gov	6½	June, 1919	59½	61	..
Russian Gov	5½	Dec., 1921	53	56	..
Do. rubles	5½	Feb.14,'20	$117	$122	..
Swiss Gov	5	Mar., 1920	100¼	101	4.50

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	99¾	100¼	6.90
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	97⅝	97⅞	7.40
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	99½	99¾	6.75
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	90	95	8.00
Am. Thread	4	Jan., 1919	99¼	99½	5.15
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P	6	July, 1919	95	97½	8.00
B & O. R. R	5	July, 1919	98¼	98⅝	6.25
Beth. S. Corp	7	July 15-19	100⅜	100⅝	6.25
Beth. S. Corp	7	July 15,'20	100	100⅜	6.75
Beth S. Corp	7	July 15,'21	99½	99¾	7.30
Beth. S. Corp	7	July 15,'22	98½	98⅝	7.45
Beth. S. Corp	7	July 15,'23	98¼	98⅜	7.40
C. & O.	4	July, 1921	93¾	94⅛	6.10
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	97½	98¼	6.30
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1919	99¼	100	6.00
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	98½	99½	6.30
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	98	99	6.40
Del. & Hud.	5	May 1, 1937	97	97¾	6.10

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Erie R. R.	3	Apr., 1919	98½	98¾	11.50
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	95½	97	..
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	Dec., 1919	99⅝	100¼	5.75
Gen. El. Co.	6	July, 1920	99⅝	100¼	5.85
Gen. Rubber	7	Jan., 1920	99¼	99¾	6.75
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	97	99	6.35
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97	97¾	6.40
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1919	99¾	100	6.00
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	95¾	97¾	8.00
Met. C. C.	5	Feb. 1,'19	99	99½	..
M. V. G. & E.	5	May, 1922	78	80	9.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1919	93½	95½	8.00
N. Y. C. R.R.	5	Sep., 1919	98	98⅜	6.70
Okl. G. & E.	8	June, 1919	96¼	96½	8.00
P. S. C., N.J.	5	Mar., 1919	94	96	..
P. & S. R. R.	6	Mar., 1920	98¾	98⅞	6.75
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100¾	100⅞	5.50
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	100¼	101	6.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	100¼	101¼	6.45
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	100¼	101¼	6.60
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	101	101¼	6.55
Read. T. & L.	8	Aug., 1919	94½	98¼	7.50
San Diego C. G. E. E	6	Dec., 1922	95	100	6.00
Shawing. W.

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RETAINS TAXATION ON ISSUES OF BONDS

House Defeats a Motion to Eliminate Future State, County, and City Securities.

OFFICIALS PROTEST IN VAIN

Deduction of Interest Charges from Income Allowed — Kitchin Pleads for Speed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Income tax provisions of the new revenue law affecting both individuals and corporations and designed to raise $2,378,000,000 of the measure's $8,000,000,000 total were approved today by the House. No changes were made in the rate proposed by the Ways and Means Committee and with consideration of the income tax sections virtually concluded, the House tomorrow will take up the war excess profits provisions, estimated to yield $3,200,000,000.

Two important modifications in the income tax sections were made by the House at the request of the Ways and Means Committee. Liberty bonds of future issues shall be subject to the reduced income tax rate of 12 per cent. instead of the normal 18 per cent. rate. Another change permits corporations and individuals in calculating their income to deduct all interest, paid or accrued. A provision limiting such deductions to the excess of interest received free, as on Liberty bonds, was eliminated.

In the day's debate, in which Majority Leader Kitchin took steps to expedite the bill's disposal, expressing hope for its passage not later than next Saturday, many amendments not approved by the Ways and Means Committee were rejected. At the outset the House defeated, 132 to 61, the amendment by Representative Montague of Virginia, to exempt future issues of State, county, and municipal bonds from Federal income taxation. Telegrams of protest against this section of the bill, sent by many Mayors and other local officials to Representatives, arrived after the House had acted.

Efforts to extend to corporations and partnerships the 15 per cent. allowance given individuals for contributions to charity also were defeated after lively discussion. Representative Robbins of Pennsylvania, Republican, and several other members urged that corporations and partnerships should in all fairness have the same privilege as individuals for donations to the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., and other organizations engaged in war welfare work.

Representative Hull, of Tennessee, Democrat, and Representative Stafford, of Wisconsin, Republican, led the fight against the corporate and partnership allowance, declaring war charities were an individual and not a corporate obligation and that a premium or rebate should not be provided for such donations which might cause diversion of corporate funds and loss of revenue to the Government.

In approving the corporation income tax sections, Representative Longworth, of Ohio, Republican, said that the 18 per cent. tax proposed—three times the present rates—was less than the 30 per cent. British tax. The six per cent. reduction given for distribution of profits, Mr. Longworth added, was not a penalty for failure to distribute, but an incentive to declare dividends and turn funds into hands of individuals where the income surtax rates would get revenue for the Government. The six per cent. rate, he said, was regarded by the committee as "reasonable encouragement" to, and the 18 per cent. maximum rate not a hardship on, corporations.

Representative McKeown, of Oklahoma, Democrat, offered, but the House promptly rejected, an amendment to have the lower rate apply to funds held and "actually needed" by a corporation.

Provisions of the bill for allowances to oil and gas operators and miners for depletion of their properties were temporarily passed over today by the House.

NEW TAXES PRODUCED $3,694,703,334 IN 1918

Roper Reports Levies on Incomes and Excess Profits Amounted to $2,839,083,585.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Income and excess profits taxes swelled the Government's receipts from internal revenue last year from $809,000,000 to the unprecedented sum of $3,694,703,334. In a résumé of the operation of the internal revenue laws for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1918, submitted by Commissioner Roper to Secretary McAdoo today, as a preliminary outline of his annual report, Mr. Roper stated that income and excess profits taxes yielded $2,839,083,585, compared with $359,685,147 derived from the income tax the preceding year.

The total revenue from income and excess profits taxes in 1918 was 7.9 times as great as the revenue from the income tax of 1917. The smallest increase was in Utah, where $1,350,000 was collected in 1917 and only $2,505,000 in 1918. West Virginia showed the largest gain, the collections in 1918 being 23.7 times as great as in 1917, the actual increase being from $1,921,000 to $45,540,000.

The five States reporting the largest collections were New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Ohio, and Massachusetts in the order named. These five States in 1918 returned $1,868,371,000, or 65.8 per cent. of the total collections for the United States. In 1917 the same five States reported 66 per cent. of the total collections. New York, which showed 36.6 per cent. of the total collections for the country in 1917, reported only 24.3 per cent. in 1918.

New York collections in 1918 were 5.3 times as great as in 1917. Pennsylvania collected 11.8 times as much in 1918 as in 1917, or 17.5 per cent. of the total for the country in 1918, as against 11.7 per cent. in 1917. Illinois showed a gain of 10.5 times, Ohio 11 times, and Massachusetts 8.2 times the figures for 1917.

Some remarkable differences are shown for States where similar conditions are supposed to prevail. Oklahoma, for example, collected but 2.8 times as much tax in 1918 as in 1917, while Kansas returned 8.8 times as much. The Southern States, with one or two exceptions, showed gains that exceed the average for the country as a whole.

It is not possible at this time, Commissioner Roper states, to segregate the collections from income and excess profits taxes so as to show separately the amounts from corporations, partnerships, and individuals, or to show what parts of these taxes relate to collections made, wholly or in part, under the acts of Sept. 8, 1916, and Oct. 3, 1917.

Collections from miscellaneous taxes, heretofore designated as ordinary receipts, amounted to $855,619,748.52, an increase compared with 1917 of $405,-912,255.58.

The tax on distilled spirits for beverage purposes amounted to $232,872,375.13 and on distilled spirits for nonbeverage purposes to $12,270,433.

The total taxes on spirits, including the tax on rectified wines, champagnes, liquors, cordials, &c., stamps for distilled spirits intended for export, case stamps for distilled spirits bottled in bond, and grape brandy used for fortification of sweet wines, amounted to $317,553,687.33, an increase of $125,442,-368.52, compared with the preceding year.

Tobacco taxes produced $156,188,659.90, compared with $102,576,988.14 in 1917. Admission taxes yielded $26,357,359.72. The tax on club dues amounted to $2,259,-056.57. On automobiles and motor cycles the tax amounted to $23,981,268.35. Other excise taxes, including piano players, moving picture films, jewelry, sporting devices, perfumes, cosmetics, chewing gum, cameras, and yachts, amounted to $12,995,732.31.

Due to delays in settling estates, the estate tax, the Commissioner states, has not been as fruitful a revenue producer as is hoped for this tax in future years. Collections from this source in 1918 amounted to $47,452,879.99.

The exact amount expended for the collection of internal revenue in 1918 cannot be stated until all the accounts for the fiscal year have been received and adjusted. Such expenses, however, approximate $11,975,000, compared with $7,699,031 in 1917. The cost of collection was the lowest in the history of the bureau, amounting to but $3.24 for $1,000 collected.

ATTACKS REVENUE BILL.

Chamber of Commerce Says It Endangers Future Operations.

Declaring that the war revenue bill now before Congress is dangerous to future financial operations of the Government, the Committee on Satte and Municipal Taxation of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York has drawn up an appeal to President Wilson and members of Congress to amend the measure. The committee suggests that if more money is required to finance the war, the stamp and check taxes, imposed during the civil war and the Spanish-American war, and consumption taxes be substituted for the present measure, which it terms "class legislation."

The report of the committee, which is signed by L. F. Loree, Chairman; William C. Demorest, Charles D. Hilliles, and Clarence H. Kelsey, states that England, after four years of war, is attempting to raise only 15 per cent. of its war revenues by taxation, whereas the United States, in the second year of the war, seeks to raise 33 1-3 per cent. or more.

"Surplus income is the only source from which taxes can be derived with economic safety," the report says. "When this limit is passed, taxes must be drawn from capital and, as the payments cannot be made in kind, this means forced sales and demoralization of values. The initiation of such a process spells immediate disaster and ultimate defeat of the fiscal plans and purposes. Taxation alone will not satisfy the demands of war, the whole surplus income of the people will not suffice, while extreme taxation will dry the springs of production at their source.

"In considering this danger, with regard to the high and rapidly progressive rates sought to be applied to individual incomes, it should be orne in mind that while the living or operating expenses of corporations and business undertakings are invariably deducted before determining 'net income' for taxation purposes, there is no corresponding deduction in the case of individuals. This is perhaps a necessary discrimination, but it should impel moderation in the fixing of the rates of tax.

"It is difficult to comprehend the reasons for subjecting Americans to two doublings of taxation in successive years, when England has never doubled her tax revenues and has made but one increase of as much as 50 per cent.

"It is not clear that it will be possible to expend, during the fiscal year 1919, any larger proportion of the $24,-328,561,427.67 appropriated, than that expended out of the smaller aggregate appropriated for 1918."

The report, which concludes with a resolution urging Congress to evolve "a well-balanced and financially sound revenue bill," will be presented to the members of the Chamber of Commerce for action at the next monthly meeting, Oct. 3.

AGAINST TAXING CITY BONDS

Controller Craig Appeals to Congress to Change Revenue Bill.

Controller Charles L. Craig sent the following message yesterday to members of Congress asking them to vote against the proposition in the Revenue bill to levy a tax on income from State and municipal securities:

"As the fiscal officer of the City of New York, and on its behalf, permit me to urge you to do all you can to have eliminated from the Revenue bill before its passage the provisions which levy any tax on income derived from State and municipal securities. Such a tax would impose the burden not upon the holders of these securities but upon the States and other political subdivisions, such as cities, villages, and towns, which are already in serious difficulties that promise to become more acute because of added war costs and assistance to the Federal Government in the prosecution of the war. In the case of the City of New York, for example, it is estimated that the loss of revenue and added costs due to war conditions will run into the millions. The proposed tax would require that the cities and States pay an increased rate of interest on their bonds for many years after the tax on the income of such bonds had been repealed."

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	1.58¼	1.54½	1.55¼	1.55¾
October	1.54¼	1.52	1.52¼	1.53¼
November	1.49¾	1.48	1.48¾	1.49¾

OATS.

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 82@82½c; No. 2 white, 82@82¼c; No. 3 white, 81½@82c; No. 4 white, 81@81½c; ordinary clipped, 83@84c.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	72⅝	71¾	71⅞	71⅞	59⅝
October	73½	72⅝	73¼	72⅝	..
November	74⅝	73½	73⅞	73⅝	..

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
October	26.87	26.82	26.85	26.72	23.62
November	26.55	26.25	26.45	26.27	..
Ribs—					
October	23.52	23.15	23.52	23.32	24.00
November	23.47	23.00	23.47	23.17	..
Pork—					
October	40.05	39.80	39.90	39.40	42.50
November	40.05	39.35	39.90	39.20	..

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
October	..	..	8.65	8.80
November	..	..	8.80	8.80
December	8.85	8.85	8.95	8.95
March	9.40	9.35	9.40	9.35
May	9.50	9.50	9.55	9.48
July	9.70	9.65	9.68	9.65

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.
October	1.65	1.64	1.64½
November	1.66¼	1.66	1.66

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 9,818 packages, conditions very strong and prices have made a further advance of 1c on nearly all grades of fresh creamery, and there are quite reserved offerings at the higher rates quoted. Renovated, ladles and packing stock shared in the improvement. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 56½@57c; extras, 92-score, 56c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 52@55½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 47@51c; thirds, 44@46c; unsalted, higher than extras, 58½@59c; extras, 57½@58c; firsts, 54@57c; seconds, 49@53c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 54½@55½c; good to prime, 51@54c; common to fair, 43@50c; renovated, extras, 46½@47c; firsts, 45@46c; lower grades, 40@44c; imitation creamery, firsts, 42½@43c; ladles, current make, firsts, 39½@40½c; seconds, 38@38½c; lower grades, 36@37½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 38@38½c; No. 2, 37½; lower grades, 34@37c.

EGGS, 17,101 cases. Trading continues generally quiet, and there is a considerable accumulation of fresh-gathered eggs on hand, including nearly all grades up to the finest goods generally obtained. The tone of the market continues barely steady, and some holders are shading prices in the effort to effect a better clearance. Some sales are still reported at previous top figures, however, and no change is made in the range of quotations. Decreasing receipts give a general expectation that a better clearance may be effected later in the week. Storage eggs are meeting a moderate demand in regular distributing channels at sustained prices. Nearby white eggs quiet. Average prime and lower qualities drag heavily at comparatively easy prices. Very few are of strictly fancy quality, and these are meeting a light call at sustained prices. Fresh gathered extras, a doz., 51@52c; extra firsts, 48@50c; firsts, 44@47c; seconds and poorer, 35@43c; fresh-gathered dirties, No. 1, 37@39c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@36c; fresh-gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 38@35c; undergrades, 28@32c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 43½@44½c; firsts, charges paid, 42½@43½c; seconds, charges paid, 40@42c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery whites, fine to fancy, 64@68c; ordinary to prime, 45@63c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 45@63c; Pacific Coast whites, firsts to finest, 59@60c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 42@60c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 54@56c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 40@52c.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 77

A quarterly dividend of two per cent. (two dollars per share) on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable on October 15, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 20, 1918.

JOHN W. DAMON, Treasurer.

COTTON MARKET FIRM; OCTOBER UP 58 POINTS

Trading Marked by Steadier Technical Position and Absence of Spot Pressure.

The cotton market yesterday opened at a decline of 3 to 13 points, but later became much firmer, prices advancing as much as 75 points in the case of some of the months. October contracts sold up to 34.10c, and January up to 33.30c. On the advance a few stop orders were uncovered, but business was generally quiet, with the firmer tone attributed to a steadier technical position and the absence of spot pressure.

The weather map showed lower temperatures in Northern Texas and Oklahoma, but there were no indications that frost could be expected. Elsewhere temperatures were about normal for this season of the year. Scattered precipitation was reported from the Southwest.

During the afternoon the market became less active, but continued to exhibit a firm undertone. Rumors that the American and foreign Governments were buying spot cotton in the South were denied. The market closed steady, with October showing a net gain of 58 points and December a net gain of 53 points.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Sept.	33.15	34.10	33.15	33.80 bid	33.22
Oct.	33.10	..	..	33.90@33.94	33.32
Nov.	33.00	..	..	33.52 bid	33.02
Dec.	32.60	33.50	32.59	33.27@33.33	32.74
Jan.	32.40	33.30	32.40	33.10@33.14	32.55
Feb.	..	..	..	33.00 bid	32.40
Mar.	32.25	33.12	32.25	32.94@32.98	32.38
April	32.25	..	..	32.90 bid	32.33
May	32.20	33.00	32.20	32.84 bid	32.28
July	32.12	32.95	32.94	32.75 bid	32.21
Aug.	..	..	..	32.30 bid	31.76

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 30 points higher, with 35.40c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 34¼c; New Orleans, 33½c; Savannah, 33½c; Augusta, 34¼c; Memphis, 34c; Houston, 34.10c; Little Rock, 34½c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	35,928	27,858	33,710
Exports	19,859	8,700	23,782
Exports, season	408,005	349,427	511,033
New York stocks	103,224	80,278	49,611
Port stocks	879,814	814,084	549,248
New York arrivals	9,987	.....	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet and 2 points lower, with middling at 24.39d; good middling, 23.11d; sales, 2,000 bales; American, 1,000; imports none. Futures opened quiet, 14 to 20 points higher, and closed steady, 34 to 40 points higher. September, 24.21d; October, 23.90d; November, 23.74d; December, 23.61d; January, 23.49d.

Manchester—Yarns and cloths, small inquiry.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Forecast:
N. C.—Cloudy Wed.; fair Thurs.
S. C. and Ga.—Cloudy and cooler Wed.; fair Thurs.
Fla.—Showers and cooler Wed.; fair Thurs.
Ala.—Fair Wed., and Thurs.
Miss., Tenn., and Ky.—Fair and warmer Wed.; fair Thurs.
Ind.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Mich.—Cloudy Wed.; fair Thurs.
Ohio—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
La., Ark., and Okla.—Fair and warmer Wed.; fair Thurs.
Tex.—Fair Wed., and Thurs.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 17.—Ten new corporations, with an aggregation capitalization of $160,000, were chartered today. They include:

M. Mittman & Co., Manhattan, mattresses, beds and springs, $5,100; S. Belostotsky, S. Rosenzweig, M. Mittman, 315 East 53d St.

Cloak Pressers' Building Assn., Manhattan, general real estate agency, $50,000; J. Breslauer, E. Kazan, M. Slavin, 1,700 Washington Av., Bronx.

Seawall Lighterage Co., Manhattan, transportation trade and commerce, $5,000; G. N. White, M. P. Hayden, T. J. Goshen, no address given.

Spencer Truck Co., Brooklyn, $50,000; G. Wackesser, J. D. Murray, M. Cavanaugh, 2,977 East 13th St.

Premier Incandescent Lamp Works, Manhattan, $30,000; C. Schickerling, W. L. Merck, A. Emerson, 517 West 135th St.

Adams Bros. Coal Co., Manhattan, 1,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $10,000; W. and R. L. Adams, K. L. Alexander, 879 Glenmore Av.

The Queensboro Trucking Co., Queensboro, $5,000; W. M. G. Watson, C. R. Frazer, J. H. Claffy, 41 Park Row.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

New Fabric Cloth Mills, Oswego, $75,000 to $160,000.

The 395 Canal Street Corp., Manhattan, $20,000 to $40,000.

Dyer Supply Co., Brooklyn, $10,000 to $50,000.

The Electro Bleaching Gas Co., Manhattan, $500,000, to $1,000,000.

Charles A. Kupferman & Co., Manhattan, 6 to $100,000.

Theodore Crowell, Manhattan, $1,000 to $10,000.

C. B. Hayward & Co., Manhattan, $65,000 to $100,000; 500 shares preferred stock at $100 each and 1,400 shares common stock, no par value, increased to 2,102 shares, of which 902 are preferred stock, par value, $100, and 1,160 shares common stock, no par value.

REVOCATION AND NEW DESIGNATION.

Bawo & Dotter, Ltd., Canada, new representative at W. G. Ellis, 212 Front St., Oswego.

CHANGE OF NAMES.

Allen & Peck, Syracuse, to The Peck Shanahan Cherry.

The Tri-City Auto Supply Co. of Port Jervis, Port Jervis, to The Tri-States Garage Co.

Thompson-Whitmore Shoe Corp., Auburn, to the Whitmore Shoe Corp.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Gold Bond Premium Co., Auburn.
The Citizens Dairy Co., Lockport.
Herman Brenner, Brooklyn.
Lion, the Newburgh Jeweler, Newburgh.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Sept. 17.—Charters filed:

American Oceanic Corp., importers and exporters, $2,500,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, S. C. Seymour of Philadelphia.

W. G. Mcair Trading Co. of the United States of America, brokerage business, $500,000; F. R. Hansell, S. C. Seymour of Philadelphia.

Southern Oil and Pipe Line Co., $500,000; J. D. Frock, M. L. Horty, F. D. Buck of Wilmington.

Boston Kentucky Oil Co., $250,000; W. A. Rogers, Samuel B. Heward, Paul S. Smith, all of New York.

Standard Trucking Corp., $100,000; F. D. Buck, J. D. Frock, M. L. Horty of Wilmington.

Knapp Mfg. Co., $50,000; Harry Hemming, Edward T. Johnston, New York; Philip L. Garrett of Wilmington.

The Victory Co., rivet sets and the manufacture of tools, &c., $10,000; Julius. G. Bierick, Charles T. Jackson of Philadelphia.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

Lenox Oil and Gas Co., Pittsburgh, from $200,000 to $500,000.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

AT A SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the BURCHARTZ FIREPROOFING COMPANY, INC., held September 6th, 1918, the following resolution was adopted:

RESOLVED, That the name of this corporation be changed from its present name, "Burchartz Fireproofing Company, Inc.," to "Republic Fireproofing Company, Inc."

ROWLAND McWILLIAMS, President.

THE FARMERS AND MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK, located at Philadelphia in the State of Pennsylvania, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

JOHN SCHLAGLE, Cashier.

Dated Aug. 31, 1918.

Distillers Securities Corporation.

October 1, 1918, coupons from bonds of this Corporation will be paid on and after October 1, 1918, on presentation at Bankers Trust Co., Wall corner of Nassau St., N. Y. City.

THOS. A. CLARK, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

September 16th, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of the EISEMANN MAGNETO COMPANY will be held at the principal office of the Corporation, No. 32 53rd Street, Brooklyn, New York, on Wednesday, October 9th, 1918, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors and transacting such other business as may properly come before such meeting.

WM. G. FITZPATRICK, Secretary, of the Eisemann Magneto Company.

THE SHERMAN NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK.

September 11, 1918.

A quarterly dividend of 1½% upon the capital stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors, payable October 1, 1918, to shareholders of record at close of business September 25, 1918.

W. E. DOBBIN, Asst. Cashier.

Men and Women
Prepare Yourselves to carry on Your Country's Business
Men beyond the draft age, men who receive deferred classification, and women who would take advantage of the great business opportunities of today, should enroll at once in special courses of training to be given by
New York University in Wall Street
Evening Courses will begin at the WALL STREET DIVISION of New York University School of Commerce in the Broad Exchange Building, September 26.
The bulletin for the coming year is now ready for distribution. Do not fail to write for a copy. Further information furnished by A. W. Taylor, Director, 25 Broad Street. Telephone: Broad 824.

WE WILL BUY
Central Petroleum Company
Preferred and Common
Gillette Safety Razor
Company Stock & 6s, 1922
MacQuoid & Coady
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St., New York
Tel. Rector 9970.

"GOVERNMENT FINANCING"
On Request
we will send booklet discussing the practice and theory of this subject. Address Dept. A-10.
Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York,
60 WALL STREET.

Write for
Straus Investors Magazine
(Invaluable to Conservative Investors.)
S. W. STRAUS & Co.
150 Broadway

SAVINGS BANKS.
Dollar Savings Bank of the City of New York
Third Avenue & 147th Street
Notice of Change of Hours
beginning November 1, 1918
DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
SATURDAYS from 10 A. M. to 12 M.
MONDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8.
BRIAN G. HUGHES, Pres.
WILLIAM M. KERN, Treas.
HARRY F. REGAL, Sec'y.

DIVIDENDS.
Irving National Bank New York
New York, September 17, 1918.
The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of Three Dollars ($3) per share on the capital stock of this bank, payable October 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 27th, 1918.
J. F. Bouker, Cashier.

Irving Trust Company
New York City, Sept. 17, 1918.
The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two Dollars ($2) per share on the capital stock of this company, payable October 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 27th, 1918.
George W. Berry, Assistant Sec.

ALLIS-CHALMERS MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
September 5, 1918.
The Board of Directors has declared dividends of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. for quarter ending September 30, 1918, and Three-quarters Per Cent. on account accumulated dividends, on the preferred stock of this Company, payable October 15, 1918, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business September 30, 1918. Checks for such dividends will be mailed to preferred stockholders and to holders of voting trust certificates for preferred stock remaining unexchanged of record September 30, 1918. Transfer books will not be closed.
H. WOODLAND,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Texas Pacific Coal and Oil Company.
24 BROAD STREET
New York, September 16, 1918.
The Board of Directors has declared the regular quarterly dividend of one-and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the capital stock of this company, payable September 30, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 19, 1918, and a dividend of five per cent. (5%) on the capital stock of this company payable October 30, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 19, 1918. The transfer books will not close.
EDGAR L. MARSTON, Treasurer.

The Cresson Consolidated Gold Mining & Milling Co.
DISTRIBUTION NO. 72.
Amount $122,000.00. Total amount to date $6,905,120.00.
Notice is hereby given that a distribution of ten (10) cents per share has been ordered from funds received from the sale of ore reserves accumulated prior to March 1, 1913, upon all outstanding stock of The Cresson Consolidated Gold Mining & Milling Co., payable September 10th, 1918, to stockholders of record September 30, 1918. By order of the Board of Directors.
ADOLPH F. ZANG, Secretary.

The American Agricultural Chemical Company
New York, September 17, 1918.
A quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company (No. 33), and a quarterly dividend of two per cent. (2%) on the Common Stock (No. 28) have been declared, payable October 15th, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Thursday, September 26th, 1918.
THOMAS A. DOE, Treasurer.

Title Guarantee and Trust Company,
No. 176 Broadway.
New York City, September 17, 1918.
By resolution of the Board of Trustees the regular quarterly dividend of FIVE PER CENT. has been declared, and is payable September 30th, 1918, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on September 21st, 1918.
CLARENCE C. HARMSTAD, Treasurer.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co.,
N. W. corner Broad and Arch Streets,
Philadelphia, Sept. 11, 1918.
The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share), payable October 15, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business Sept. 30, 1918. Checks will be mailed.
I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

One Benefit of A Trust Fund
A trust fund in the care of this Company as Trustee is a safeguard of the family welfare. Such a fund established in your lifetime will enable you to see it in operation and may prevent the wasting of your estate through the inexperience of your executors.
By establishing such a trust fund you are assured that your financial provisions for your family will be carried out in accordance with your wishes.
Inquiries are invited.
Brooklyn Trust Company
Member of the Federal Reserve System and the New York Clearing House Association
177 Montague Street, Brooklyn
Bedford Branch, Fulton St. and Bedford Ave. Manhattan Office, Wall St. and Broadway
Chartered April 14, 1866.

Safeguard Your Estate
by appointing the Central Union Trust Company of New York your executor or co-executor and trustee.
This Company possesses all the necessary qualifications of an expert trustee through years of experience.
The cost of this service is regulated by law and will cost no more than that of an individual.
Any of our officers will be glad to talk over these matters with you.
Central Union Trust Company
OF NEW YORK
80 Broadway 54 Wall Street
Plaza Branch, 786 Fifth Avenue; 42nd Street Branch, Madison Ave. & 42nd St.; 5th Ave. Branch, 425 Fifth Avenue
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $29,000,000

Trustees, Executors and Administrators
You can now invest in our
Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates
Paying 5½ per cent.
ISSUED IN AMOUNTS OF $100 AND UPWARD
Trust funds may now be invested promptly in GUARANTEED MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES, in any amount, without the usual delays and loss of interest incident to finding single mortgages for funds awaiting investment.
A pamphlet containing a copy of this new law will be sent on request
New York Title and Mortgage Company
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS MORE THAN $3,000,000
135 Broadway, New York 'Phone 6330 Cortlandt
203 Montague St., Brooklyn 'Phone 7100 Main
Buy W. S. S. to Defend Old Age and Old Glory

DIVIDENDS.

ST. LOUIS, ROCKY MOUNTAIN & PACIFIC CO.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 18.
Raton, New Mexico, September 14, 1918.
The Board of Directors of St. Louis, Rocky Mountain & Pacific Company has declared a dividend of one per cent. upon the Common Stock of the Company, payable October 10, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 30, 1918. The transfer books will not be closed.
CHARLES SPRINGER, Treasurer.

REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT CO.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 29.
New York, September 17, 1918.
The Board of Directors has this day declared the twenty-ninth consecutive quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent (1½%) on the Preferred Stock of Republic Railway & Light Company, payable October 15th, 1918, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on September 30th, 1918.
E. W. FREEMAN, Treasurer.

I. W. Lyon & Sons, Incorporated.
New York, September 6th, 1918.
The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of I. W. Lyon & Sons, Incorporated, for the election of Directors and for such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company, 520 West 27th Street, New York City, on Wednesday, October 2nd, 1918, at 11 A. M.
WALTER F. THOMPSON, Secretary.

DULUTH EDISON ELECTRIC CO.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 50.
The regular quarterly dividend of 1½% on the Preferred Stock of the DULUTH EDISON ELECTRIC COMPANY has been declared, payable October 1, 1918, to holders of record of Preferred Stock at the close of business September 20, 1918.
C. E. VAN BERGEN, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of JOHN LANE COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 120 West 32d St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, State of New York, on the 25th day of September, 1918, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
Dated, New York, Sept. 3, 1918.
By order of the Board of Directors,
EMMA M. POPE, Secretary.

THE LAKE ERIE AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.
Peoria, Ill., September 5, 1918.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Lake Erie and Western Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company in the City of Peoria, Ill., on Wednesday, the 2nd day of October, 1918, at 10 o'clock A. M.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF CENTRAL FISH COMPANY, a New York Corporation:
A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of Central Fish Company will be held at the offices of the Company, 28 Fulton Fish Market, New York City, Friday, October 4th, 1918, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to vote upon the proposition that the Central Fish Company be forthwith dissolved.
WALTER G. WEIL, Secretary.
New York, September 3d, 1918.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of The Consolidated Progressive Oil Corporation will be held at the Offices of the Company, 50 Broad St., New York City, Friday, November 8, 1918. The books of the Corporation permanently close for subscription to Treasury stock Monday, September 30, 1918. Books closed for transfer of all stock Wednesday, October 30, 1918, and reopen for transfer Friday, November 15, 1918.
A. E. FORAN, Secretary & Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.
NOTICE OF MEETING.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
July 11, 1918.
A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company will be held at the office of this Company in Anchorage, Jefferson County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, October 9, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, standard time, for the following purposes, viz.:
To authorize, approve and ratify (1) the execution and delivery of a contract or contracts between this Company separately or jointly with any one or more of all of its

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Sheppard, J.—In Room 401, 4th Floor, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. —Jury calendar.

Norwood<Wedlock. Marshall<Erie RR.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Bankruptcy calendar. Discharges.

Jacob Schulman, Herbert H. Herrman, George A. Morris, Anthony Levene, C. H. Hoering, Albert Hart, Julius W. McAfee, Adjourned cases: Isidore Klein, Elias Nesnek. Motions: Morris & Pope, Andrew Brose, Oppenheim Cloak Co, Oscar Kookees, Brustein & Lampert, T. Sauguinetti, Jacob Woldman, Kemmerer, Mathies & Co., J. M. Seidenberg, Louis Pasacov.

S. W. McClave, Apartment House Appliance Co., Letterman, Becher & Co., S. & S. Saposnueck, Krieger, Frankel & Co., Diop Metal Mfg Co., Smith Blank Book Co, F. & D. Co., C. C. Perpall & Co., Herman & Herman, J. B. Rose & Co., Esaco Hat Co., Burt J. Galligan, George J. Molloy, Pell<McCabe, Roman<Rausch et al. Abdulla Maroon, Goldman & Pritzker.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 2 P. M., in Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Motion calendar:

Re Morris Platt. Parry<Cricket SS (2.)
C E Michael & Son<SS Esrom. Cochrane<A M Palmer US<Joseph Tevel. Bankruptcy:
NY Dock Co<CNY. Re Camille Weidenfeld.
Ramberg Iron Wks, Inc<SS Maryanne. Re Edward Stadholz.
Luchtan<Balt Tube. Criminal at 10:30 A. M.:
US<Axelrod. Same<Witock.
Same<Kono. Same<Kuprig.
Same<Demidor. Same<Dezansky.
Same<Freiberg. Same<Bidner & Goldman.
Same<Rang. Same<Chorchut.
Same<Lukowskis.
Same<Moshy.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Philbin, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Karotokin<Bklyn & Queens Co RR.
Re McDowell.
Aronstein<Aronstein.
Kravehenko<Grand Tool & Mach Wks.
Jackson<Cullon.
Paraspolo<Duryee & Barwise.
Maher<Penn RR.
Bookbinder<Ascher.
Zitzen<Strauss.
Re Storm.
Re US Fidelity & Guar Co<Blair.
Beckman<Eagle Imp.
Jacobs<Jacobs.
Freedman<Hudson Nav Co.
Gennoy<Gillen's Son Lighterage Co.
Cappock<Holbrook. C & R.
Zuckerman<Fischer.
Greenberg<Istel.
Vell<Jacobson.
Murphy<Oxley.
Dumas<Dumas.
Re Poons<Breivogel.
Re Williams<Carnes.
Hamilton<Hamilton.
Miller<Brower.
Trachtman<Blonder.
Sargent & Co<McHarg et al.
Buchner<Shindel-Wert Co. (2.)
Slosodinsky<Blum et al.
Alberthy<Grulch.
Fitzgerald<Abeles.
Depew<Depew.
Murphy<Hershcopf.
Stethuser<Roener.
Rouse<Lodi.
Abes<Smith.
Bartlett<Westcott.
Fuerst<CNY.
Samar Inc<Mendel.
Safety Holding Co<Purvin.
Emigrant Ind Sav Bank<Gold.
Re Welsh. (Gates.)
Purtell<Klepper.
Commonwealth Ins Co<Goldberg & G.
Grove Linseed Oil Co<Penn RR.
Benne<Renskorf.
Gustow<Koenig. (2.)
Slobinsky<Rubenowitz.
Hatzel<No British & Merc Ins Co.
Kennedy<Jamosville Woolen Co.
Re US Fdy Co<Ross.
Schoenfeld<Cowen.
Cipolle<Scerno.
Germania Eng & Con Co<Ccutade & Sons.
Clark<De Witt. (2.)
People ex rel Con Gas Co<Smith.
Israel<Israel.
Whereat<3d Av RR. (2.)
Re Hotel Cecil, (Goldberg.)
O'Neill<The Kohinoor Carbon Co.
Nisco<Nisco.
Southeast Import & Exp Co<Carbonell.
St George<Cutting Larson Co.
Burnham<Universal Film Mfg Co.
De Gonsalez<De Gonsalez.
Gibson<Gibson.
Manson<Curtis.
Permutit Co<State Electro Proc, Ltd.
Re Fraser.
People of the State of NY<Isaacs.
US Sav Bank of NY<Bristol Rty Co.
Kleinfeld<Kleinfeld.
Metal Shelter Co<Fosdick.
Zindulka<Strand Auto Service Co.
McClure<Milltown Holding Co.
Gannon<Davney Asparte business.
PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERMS—Part III.—Recess.
PARTS IV. to VIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Recess.
PARTS III. to XVIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Estate:
Sarah C Flanagan.
Wills for probate:
Cornelius B Parker,
Henry Diedel,
Minna Diehl,
Thomas M Rowlette,
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Morrison<Grolier Society.
Jones<Latour.
Hoskins Co<Cameron.
Jadwin Sons<De Loco Mfg Co.
Sulzberger<Edmunds.
Rice<Raymond.
McClelland<Johnson.
Schneider<Haven Con.
Barnum<Mitchell.
De Vivo<Gallerani.
PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
Mills<Beasley.
Karp-Kahn Co<J B Gross Corp.
Western Union Tel<Marchant.
Lorenzo<Carroll.
Shuman<Cuttle.
Bonsole<Bronfon.
Weiner<Rothblatt.
Hoffman<Marks.
Birns<Con Film Corp.

TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—McAvoy, J.—King<King—John' Burlingson Coleman. Seligman<Cogut—David L. Well.
SUPREME COURT.—Philbin, J.—Met. Savings Bank<Loretta Corp.—William L. O'Connor. Hoyt<Sapiro—Richard K. Costello. Re Ewing & Miles—Michael J. Driscoll. Met Savings Bank<Gluck—Winter Russell.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM, (Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar to be called Friday, Sept. 20.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business. Motions.
Estate of:
Katerina Vohanka,
William Simpson,
Irvin Brott,
Patrick Dowd,
Giuseppe Dipolla,
G. H. Johanson,
Rebecca T. McLaughlin,
Louise W. Grimm,
Herman Eckhoff,
Iama McCarrick,
Frank Zanone,
John Groh,
Maria Redegeld,
Ulrich Lippuner,
Jacob Rappaport,
Theresa Schobel,
Katherine Spaeth,
Charles Breyer,
Josef Plschl,
Nathan Kirshner,
Wills for probate:
Charles Zeller,
Melvina Epstein,
G. Hasselmeyer,
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

Rosie Groch,
Nanette Boerckel,
Max Bendit,
William Nove,
Caroline Bishopberger,
Guardianship:
S. H. Levinson.
Accountings:
Estates of—
Maurice Nemeroff,
John Crane,
Margaretha Frey,
Jesse E. White,
Patrick Dowd,
Joseph Kiehling,
Evadna H. Mapes,
George Hepburn,
Martin Berel,
Henry Schoen, sometimes known as H. A. Schoen,
Peter Daly,
Gesine Schroeder,
Mary A. Reardon.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.
Aronson<Weinstein.
Eckborn<Union Ry.
Wish<same.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT — Mitchell, J. — Nealis<Benenson Realty Co—Hartley G Pelletier. Relley<Seymour Realty Co—Wallace S Fraser. Guaranteed Mortgage Co<Aird—Charles M. O'Keeffe. Matter of Walter W. Cox and ano—Maurice S Cohen. Sawyer<Wattenberg—Israel J B Adlerman. Blauvelt<Joseph—Eli Neumann.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Young, J.
Cozzi<West El RR (2.)
Sarles<Contoit.
Matus<Smelofski. (2.)
Kleine<1st Nat Bk of Hastings-on-Hudson.
Greenlee<Dist. Attorney.
Fitzgerald<Arbeiter Bros Co.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:
Van Bustendaal<Schneider. (2.)
Romm<Cocciardi.
Burchetta<Banker.
Katz<Sternbach.
Aretsky<West Co Brewing Co.
Sharts<May.
Strader<Wulff Eng.
Highest number reached, 641.
Lillier<O'Reilley.
Lepinski<Herser.
Echeo<Jacobs.
Koster<Alexander.
Denault<Reilly.
Levine<Wulp.
Carpenter<N Y, N H & H RR.
Masienka<Brady, (2.)

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.

Re Bklyn Trust Co, (Jackson.)
Hurwitz<Berman.
Murphy<Katzenstein.
Mitchell<Galland.
Vitale<Schirmer, Inc.
Milano<McQuade Stev Co.
Fisch<Fisch.
Re New Utrecht Av, (Xanthos.)
Re Stewart Av, (Scheibel.)
Rondout Sav Bank<Schueller.
Church<same.
Re Liberty Av, (Hatfield.)
Re same, (McCormack.)
Re same, (Falkiner.)
Anders<Anders.
Williamson<Harman, (Comr.)

Zimmerman<Auto Car Mfg Co, (No 2.)
Silverman<Moss.
Tripepi<Societa di Nav a Vapore.
Powell & Titus<Vogel
Nelson<Nelson.
Oehrlin<Scherer.
Brown<Brown.
Kangan<Business Men's Realty Co.
Salina<McGrath.
Bonner<Bonner.
Inseler<Bregstein.
Ricken<same.
Kaolan<Kanzer.
McFadden<Karp.
Yozzi<Boulton.
Lorico<De Zimone.
Fisk<Fiuz.
Josias<Sugar Prod Co
Grabowski<Romanski.
Re Philipbar, (Board of Elections.)
Drucker<Drucker

PART II.—Callaghan, Jr. — At 10 A. M.—Divorce calendar.

Bossan, Schmitt, Harrison, Tutovich, Sweeney.
Glaser, Powell, Conlin, Mosem, Foulk.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Phebe Sharp,
Anna Bailey,
Anna Browne,
Marion Belt,
Maria Maier.
Accountings of:
Charles Mott,
Barbara Bierman,
Nellie Bryan,
George Goodrich,
Daniel Johnson,
Herman Mendelsohn,
John Crooker,
Helen Perkins,
Ela Malcolm,
Mary Martin,
Joseph Eppig,
Charles Corbett,
Eva Kaufman,
Annie Brady.
Estates of:
John Ridley,
Teddy Connolly,
Patrick Bible.

County Court.

CIVIL—Adjourned for the term.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	98¾	99¾	3s, conversion, 1947.....	88	..
2s, coupon, 1930	98¾	99¾	4s, registered, 1925.....	106¾	107¼
2s, Panama, '38, reg.....	98½	99½	4s, coupon, 1925.....	106¾	107¼
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	98½	99½	3s, Panama, '61, reg..	86	..
3s, registered, 1946.....	88	..	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	86	..
3s, coupon, 1946	88	..	3s, Fed Land Bank, '38	104	105

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Ask.
4½s July, 1967.....	99¾	100¼	99¾	100¼
4½s June, 1965.....	99¾	100¼	99¾	100¼
4½s Mar., 1963.....	99¾	100¼	99¾	100¼
4½s Nov., 1957.....	99¾	100¼	99¾	100¼
4½s May, 1957.....	99¾	100¼	99¾	100¼
4½s Mar., 1960-30..	94½	95	94½	95
4½s Mar., 1964.....	94½	95	94½	95
4½s Apr., 1966.....	94½	95	94½	95
4½s Apr., 1962.....	94½	95	94½	95
4½s Sep., 1960.....	94½	95	94½	95
4s May, 1959.....	90¾	91	90¾	91
4s Nov., 1958.....	90¾	91	90¾	91
4s May, 1957.....	90¾	91	90¾	91
4s Nov., 1956.....	89	90	89	90
4s Nov., 1955.....	89	90	89	90
4s Nov., 1936.....	92	93	92	93
4s May, 1919.....	99¼	..	99¼	..
4s Nov., 1918.....	99½	..	99½	..

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4.60	4.45	4.60	1924-1931	4½s
4.60	4.45	4.60	1921-1923	4½s
4.60	4.45	4.60	1919-1920	4½s
4.60	4.45	4.60	1919-1923	4½s
4.60	4.45	4.60	1924-1932	4½s
4.70	4.55	4.70	1940-1953	4s
4.70	4.55	4.70	1930-1939	4s
4.70	4.50	4.70	1922-1929	4s
4.50	4.00	4.50	1918	4s
4.70	4.55	4.70	1940-1953	4s
4.70	4.55	4.70	1926-1930	4s
4.70	4.55	4.70	1918-1925	4s

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
80 Cities Service.....	209	208½	208	210
425 Cities Service pf.....	72½	72	71¾	72½

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power....	14	16
Adiron Elec Power pf..	66	68
Am Gas & Electric....	80	82
Am Gas & Electric pf.	39	41
Am Light & Traction..	179	183
Am Light & Trac pf....	91	93
Am Power & Light....	40	45
Am Power & Light pf.	69	72
Am Public Utilities....	..	25
Am Water Works.....	50	52
Am W W & Electric....	4½	5½
Am W W & E 1st pf....	58	61
Am W W & E partic....	12	14
Carolina Pow & Light.	28	30
Carolina Pow & Light pf	44	46
Colorado Power.....	22	24
Colorado Power pf....	90	95
Columbus Electric pf..	70	77
Com Pow, Ry & Light..	71	74
Com Pow, Ry & Lt. pf..	35	38
Conn Power pf.....	75	80
Consumers Power pf..	80	85
Eastern Texas Electric..	98	102
Eastern Texas Elec pf.	72	76
El Paso Electric.....	..	85
El Paso Electric pf....	80	85
Electric B & S pf.....	85	88
Empire Dist Elec pf....	70	75
Federal Light & Trac..	7	10
Federal L & Trac pf...	35	40
Galveston-Hous Elec..	17	20
Galveston-Hous Elec pf.	62	65
Gas & Elec Securities....	200	250

	Bid.	Asked.
Gas & Elec Secur pf....	80	85
Miss River Power.....	12	14
Miss River Power pf..	41	46
Northern Ohio Electric	15	20
Northern Ohio Elec pf.	50	55
North Ont Lt & Pow....	11	15
North Ont L & P pf....	51	53
Northern States Power	44	45
North States Power pf.	81	83
Northern Texas Elec....	60	65
Northern Tex Elec pf..	70	75
Pacific Gas & Electric.	34	35
Pacific Gas & Elec pf..	78	79
Puget S T, L & P.....	12	13
Puget S T, L & P pf....	41	46
Ry & Light Secur pf..	80	85
Republic Ry & Light....	18½	20
Republic Ry & L pf....	56	58
Southern Cal Edison....	74	76
Southern Cal Edis pf..	95	98
Stand Gas & Electric..	4	6
Stand Gas & Elec pf....	21½	22½
Tampa Electric Co.....	97	102
Texas Ry, L & Power....	2¼	3
Tenn Ry, L & P pf.....	12	14
United Light & Rys....	28	30
United L & Rys pf....	56	59
Wash I W L & P pf....	75	84
Western Power.....	11	15
Western Power pf.....	48	50
West, Church & Kerr...	..	65
West, Church & Kerr pf.	..	95
Yadkin Riv Pow pf....	98	100

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	96	98	
Appalach Power 5s, '32	63	67	
Cin Gas & El 5s, '56..	89	92	
Cities Serv deb 7s....	101	102½	
Col G & E deb 5s, '27..	73½	76	
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944....	97	100	
Conn Power 5s, 1963...	84	89	
Dallas Elec 5s, 1922...	84	88	
East Tex Elec col 5s..	82	88	
El Paso Elec col 5s....	85	92	
Gt West Pow 5s, '46...	71	74	
Gt West Pow 6s, '52...	87	90	
Int-M Ry, L & P 6s....	98	99	
Middle W U 6s, 1925..	85	90	
Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s..	71	..	

Bonds.

Miss V G & E 5s, '22..	78	80	
Nor States Pow 6s, '26.	80	91	
Nor States Pow 5s, '41.	84	88	
Nor Tex Elec col 5s..	79	83½	
Omaha & C B Bg, 1925.	78	82	
Pug S T, L & P 7s....	96	98	
Roanoke W W 5s, '19..	96	96½	
So Cal Edison 5s, '39.	87	90	
Twin States Gas & El 5s, 1953.....	77	80	82½
Un L & R 1st 5s, '32..	77	80	87
Un L & R deb 6s, '26..	83	87	87
Un Ltg & Pow 6s, 1943....	90	95	95
Utah Securities 6s.....	84	86	86
Wash I W L & P 6s....	94¼	98	98

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10 Bank of Bal..	154½	154½	154½	50 North Cent..	89¾	89¾	89¾
15 Con Coal....	85	85	85	56 Pa Wat Pow	73	73	73
80 Cosden	5¾	5¾	5¾	50 United Ry..	20	20	20
40 Davison	36	36	36	10 U S F & G.	110½	110¼	110½
10 Houston pf..	73	73	73	55 W B A.....	31½	31	31½
65 Md Casualty	72½	72½	72½				

Bonds.

$5,000 Cosden 6s, B.....	80	80	80
5,000 Elkhorn 6s.....	96	96	96

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10 Am Zinc pf.	49	49	49	60 New Arcadian	1⅞	1½	1⅞
100 Adventure ..	80c	80c	80c	135 North Butte.	13⅝	13½	13⅝
30 Ahmeek	75½	75½	75½	10 Nipissing....	9	9	9
50 Alaska.....	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	100 North Lake..	60c	60c	60c
20 Ariz Com'l..	15¼	15¼	15½	15 *Old Dom....	39	39	39
10 Cal & Ariz..	67½	67½	67½	5 Osceola.....	51½	51½	51½
17 Cal & Hecla.	460	460	460	50 Pond Creek..	18½	18½	18½
50 Cop Range..	46¼	46¼	46¼	90 Seneca.....	11¼	11¼	11¼
255 Davis-Daly..	5¼	5¼	5¼	50 South Lake..	1	1	1
20 East Butte..	10¼	10¼	10¼	15 Superior Cop	4½	4½	4½
10 Granby	83¾	83¾	83¾	620 Sup & Bos..	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
10 Indiana....	80c	80c	80c	5 U S Smelt....	43	43	43
240 Isl Creek..	62½	62	62	50 Do pf.....	43¾	43	43
245 Lake Copper	5	5	5	115 Utah Apex..	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
145 La Salle	2½	2	2	25 Utah Con....	9¾	9¼	9¼
25 Mass Cons...	3¾	3¾	3¾	25 Winona	1	1	1
10 Mohawk	55	55	55				

Railroads.

110 Bos Elev....	69½	69	69
30 Bos & Me....	34⅝	34½	34½
30 Bos & Prov..	165	165	165
120 Mass Elec...	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝

Miscellaneous.

56 Am Ag Ch..	100	98	100
88 Do pf.....	91¾	91½	91½
10 Am Sug pf..	108¼	108	108
317 Am T & T..	98½	97	98½
104 Am Wool pf	94	93½	94
50 Cent Steel..	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞
10 Conn C Sug	30¾	30¾	30¾
32 Edison	146	145	145
170 Fairbanks Co	50½	50	50½
7 Gen Elec....	146	146	146
816 Gorton Pew.	31¾	30¾	31¾
10 Island Oil....	3½	3¼	3½

Bonds.

$1,000 Am T & T 4s	78	78	78
15,000 Miss R P 5s.	72	72	72
1,000 N E Tel 5s..	85	85	85
45,000 Lib. 3½s..	100.14	99.84	99.84
9,000 Do 1st 4s..	96.30	96.24	96.24

*Ex dividend.

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
25 Am Shipbldg..	127½	127½	127½	15 People's Gas	45½	45½	45½
30 City&Con Ry	⅞	⅞	⅞	10 Qua Oats pf.	96	96	96
10 Pneu Tool ..	68½	68¾	68½	250 Sears-Roe ..	140	139½	139½
50 Cudahy	111	111	111	310 Stewart-War	59¾	58½	59¾
10 Com Edison..	101½	101¼	101½	80 Swift	103¾	102¾	103¾
10 Dia Match..	107½	107½	107½	630 Union Carb..	55¾	54¾	55½
25 Page Wire...	5	5	5				

Bonds.

$1,000 City&Con 5s	58	58	58	$1,000 Lib 3½s	100	100	100
2,000 ComEd 1st5s	87½	87½	87½				

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
5 Elec Stor...	52	52	52	210 Phila Elec...	24¾	24¾	24¾
40 Ins Co N ..	26	25½	25½	70 P R T.....	26¾	26½	26½
100 Gen Asphalt	29	29	29	50 Ton Mining..	2¼	2¼	2¼
22 Lehigh Nav.	69	69	69	128 U G I.....	64	64	64
3 Lehigh Val..	59½	59½	59½				

Bonds.

$4,000 Lib 1st 4s	96.00	96.00	96.00	$8,000 Penn con 4s	93	93	93
7,000 Ph El 1st 5s	91	91	91				

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil.....	14¾	14¾	14¾
Atlantic Refining..	910	930	900
Borne-Scrymser	420	440	420
Buckeye Pipe Line..	86	88	86
Chesebrough Mfg..	315	330	315
Colonial Oil.....	10	40	10
Continental Oil	390	415	400
Crescent Pipe Line	32	35	32
Cumberland P. L..	130	140	130
Eureka Pipe Line..	175	185	175
Galena S Oil.....	95	100	95
Galena S O pf, new	95	105	95
Galena S O pf, old	105	115	105
Illinois Pipe Line..	145	150	140
Indiana Pipe Line..	90	92	89
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd..	13¾	13¾	13¾
National Transit ..	12¼	12½	11¾
N. Y. Transit.....	180	190	180
Northern Pipe Line	100	105	100
Ohio Oil	293	298	293

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	26	30	26
Prairie O & G.....	480	495	480
Prairie Pipe Line..	252	258	252
Solar Refining....	295	305	295
Southern P Line...	160	165	160
South Penn Oil....	240	245	240
Stand Oil of Ind...	555	575	550
Stand Oil of Kan..	435	450	435
Stand Oil of Ky....	295	305	300
Stand Oil of Neb..	420	440	420
Stand Oil of N J...	508	513	500
Stand Oil of N Y..	250	255	250
Stand Oil of Ohio..	400	410	400
Swan & Finch.....	90	95	90
Union Tank	120	150	120
Vacuum Oil	310	320	310
Washington Oil....	33	37	33

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

The market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday closed strong and active. Final quotations were about the highest for the session and represented gains from a fraction to more than two points throughout the active list. Selling, which prevailed to a considerable extent in the morning session, gave way to a sustained demand in the afternoon, when earlier losses were not only recovered but substantial gains made in those issues which seemed most vulnerable to bearish influences.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
30 Allis-Chalm..	20¾	20½	20½
50 Am Can.....	44	43⅞	44
10 Am H & L..	19	19	19
40 Am Loco....	64¾	64½	64½
70 Am S & R..	76½	76¾	76½
750 Am Su Tob.	108¼	106¼	106⅞
30 Am T & T..	98	98	98
40 Am Woolen..	54	54	54
450 Anaconda Cop..	67⅝	66½	67⅛
1,260 Bald Loco...	88⅜	87¾	88½
100 Balt & Ohio.	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜
190 Beth St'l B.	81¼	80	81¼
10 B'klyn R T.	38½	38½	38½
10 Butte & Sup.	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝
10 Cal Petrol..	18⅞	18¾	18⅞
30 Can Pacific.	160	159⅝	160
10 Cen Leather.	88	88	88
150 C, M & St P.	48¾	48⅝	48⅝
20 Chino Cop...	40	40	40
30 Corn Prod...	41½	41½	41½
90 Crucible St'l	65	63½	64⅞
10 CubaCaneSu.	29⅞	29¾	29⅞
80 Dist Secur..	52⅜	52	52⅜
10 Erie	15¾	15⅝	15⅝
90 Gt Nor pf..	90¾	90⅞	90⅞
10 Gt Nor Ore.	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝
20 Inspir Cop..	53½	53½	53½
20 Int Mer Ma..	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞
1,220 Do pf....	101¼	100¼	101¼
40 Int Nickel...	20⅞	20⅝	20⅞
2,460 Mex Petrol..	103⅜	101	103⅜
20 Midvale Steel	52	52	52

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
30 Nev Copper.	20⅜	20½	20⅜
30 N Y Cent...	73¼	72⅞	73¼
150 N Y, N H & H.....	40¼	39½	39⅜
50 North Pac...	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
40 Ohio C Gas.	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜
50 Ont Silver...	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
50 Pennsylvania	44	44	44
30 Pierce Oil..	16¼	16	16¼
60 Ray Copper.	24¼	24	24¼
190 Reading	87½	86⅝	87½
40 Rep I & S..	90	89¾	90
10 Sinclair Oil..	31½	31½	31½
190 South Ry....	26½	25⅞	26½
20 Studebaker..	45	45	45
10 Texas Co....	158½	158½	158½
70 Tob Prod....	68	68¼	68½
250 Union Pac..	124	123⅜	123⅞
150 U S Ind Al.	114½	112⅜	114½
70 U S Rubber.	61	60	61
19,430 U S Steel..	109⅝	107⅞	109½
10 Utah Cop....	83½	83¼	83½
10 Va-Car Ch..	52¾	52¾	52¾
105 Willys-Over..	20	19⅞	20

*LIBERTY BONDS.

$5,400	Lib 3½s..	101.04	100.88	100.94
2,950	1st 4s..	97.64	97.58	97.60
5,250	2d 4s..	97.58	97.22	97.26
2,450	1st 4½s.	97.70	97.66	97.66
3,050	2d 4½s.	97.42	97.30	97.30
9,850	3d 4½s.	96.06	95.92	95.92

*Prices include interest.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
12,000 ‡Aetna Exp.	10¼	9¾	9¾
1,500 B-Am T Co, coupon ..	18	17⅝	17⅝
800 ‡Burn C B..	3⅞	3½	3½
700 ‡Burns B I..	35	34	35
100 Chev Motor.	116	116	116
550 ‡Col Wool n.	11⅜	10⅝	11¼
550 ‡Cuprite S..	½	½	½
725 ‡Gil S Raz..	*100½	97	99
1,700 Grape-Ola ..	⅛	⅛	⅛
3,800 Do pf.....	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Buyers for East and West Bronx Apartment Houses—Operators Are Active.

Business yesterday centred chiefly on Bronx apartment houses bought and sold by operators. The Nassau Realty Company, Max N. Natanson President, sold to Marcus Gries for investment the five-story apartment house at 1,611 University Avenue, on plot 83 by 100, adjoining 175th Street. In addition to cash the buyer gave the property, 173 by 200, extending through the block from Gerard to Walton Avenue, 288 feet south of 164th Street.

Frederick Brown traded a Bronx apartment for a dwelling in the Riverdale section. He sold the five-story twenty-family building, on plot 52 by 100, at 2,440 Webb Avenue, west of University Avenue, to Alexander Thern. In part payment the buyer gave the residence at the southwest corner of Griswold Place and Fieldston Road, on plot 144 by 175; the vacant plot, 75 by 100, at the northeast corner of Barkley and Valentine Avenues, and the lot, 25 by 100, at the northeast corner of Barkley and Vincent Avenues.

Joseph G. Abramson, as President of the Ulster Court Corporation, bought from the Jay Tee Bee Corporation, James T. Barry President, the two new-law houses at 639 and 636 East 170th Street, on a plot 94 by 110. The property was held at $90,000. M. Nasanowitz & Son were the brokers.

Harlem Tenement Sale.

G. Holfelder has sold to a client of Hyman Pouker, attorney, the three-story tenement, on a lot 18 by 70, at 1,864 Park Avenue, near 127th Street.

Private Dwelling Sales.

Blanche Bauchle has sold to a client of Slawson & Hobbs, for occupancy, 322 West Seventy-first Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 18 by 102.2.

The National Academy of Design has sold, through Richard W. Elliott, 43 St. Nicholas Place, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 22 by 64.2.

Brooklyn.

The Lyon estate has sold, through the James R. Ross Company, the three-story dwelling at 857 Prospect Place, on a plot 30 by 125.

Westchester County.

The Anderson Realty Company has sold at Mount Vernon dwellings for Frank Zak to Adolph Rottenberg on Commonwealth Avenue, Chester Hill Park; for Frank Requa to Jeannette E. Mundt, at 167 Archer Avenue, and for Clarence Gerd Martens to Robert W. Prentice at 47 Glen Avenue.

New Jersey.

Dr. Francis R. Haussling sold to the Franklin Company the property at 11 and 13 Springfield Avenue, Newark, through Joseph L. Feibleman & Co.

John D. Miner sold for E. D. Belnap his dwelling at 139 South Munn Street, East Orange, N. J., to Erwin Dick for a reported price of $25,000.

$1,000,000 Estate Sold.

Ladd & Nichols sold to a client the country place of the late Colonel Knox, known as Dogwood Farm, at Ridgefield, Conn., consisting of about 300 acres. The Elizabethan house, designed by C. P. H. Gilbert, contains twenty-four bedrooms. More than $1,000,000 was spent by Colonel Knox in order to make it one of the show places of the country.

Commercial Leases.

The Western Electric Company has leased three floors in the new sixteen-story building at 912-920 Broadway through Pease & Elliman.

Realty Notes.

The Realty Conversion Corporation is the buyer of the dwelling 137 West Seventy-fourth Street. It will be altered into apartments.

Mabel R. Sherman has brought suit to foreclose a mortgage of $190,000 on the twelve-story apartment house 38 West Fifty-ninth Street.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

14th St. 300 East, s e corner of 2d Av, 228, 33x51.6, seven-story office and store building; W. F. Morgan, Jr., against M. D. Steuer et al.; Blackwell Bros., attorneys; due $58,863.55; taxes, &c., $3,860.20; to the plaintiff for $50,000.

By Henry Brady.

127th St, 62 West, s s, 228.9 ft e of Lenox Av, 18.9x99.11, three-story and basement dwelling; New York Savings Bank against Ellen Scully, &c., et al.; J. A. Dutton, attorney; due, $8,361.96; taxes, &c., $368; to the plaintiff for $7,000.

By James J. Donovan.

Plimpton Av, 1,321, w s, 163.7 ft s of 170th St, 22x93.11x22.5x97.5, two-story and basement dwelling; S. C. Hadden against M. R. Geer; Addison Gardner attorney; due, $7,774.11; taxes, &c., $181.76; to the plaintiff for $7,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 17.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ARDEN ST, 29, e s, 269 ft n of Nagle Av, 27x100; Richard A. and Gretchen E. Henriquez et al. to Jeannette Henriquez, 13 West 88th St, mtg $22,500, correction deed, all title, July 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

EARTH PROPERTY; Olds Holding Corp. to Helen E. Ranney, 2,465 Broadway, mtg $20,000, Sept. 14; attorney, same.....$100

AMSTERDAM AV, n e corner of 215th St, 99.11x150; Bruce G. Chalfin, Ensenada de Mora, Cuba, to Atlantic Realty Co., 49 Wall St., all titles, confirmation deed, b and s, and c. a. g., Aug. 27; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$1

ARDEN ST, 21, e s, 188 ft n of Nagle Av, 27x110; Helen E. Ranney to Olds Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, all liens, Sept. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$21,880

SAME PROPERTY; Olds Holding Corp. to Morris F. Wood, Sept. 14, mtg $21,880; attorney, same.....$100

BOND ST, 30, n e s, 26.9x100; Stanley M. Cook to Greenwich Savings Bank, 246 6th Av, mtg $36,000, all liens, and s. c. & g., Sept. 13; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St.....$1

CANAL ST, n w corner of Baxter St, 104.10 x39.1x100x71.10; John W. Whitestone to Walter Thompson Corp., mtg $80,000, all liens, Aug. 1; attorneys, Rabenold & Scribner, 61 Broadway.....$100

KING ST, 39, n s, 248.7 ft e of Varick St, old line, 25.8x100; John Wichelus to Anna H. Ahrens, 442 West 162d St, mtg $20,000, July 31; attorney, James Bond, 135 Broadway.....$1

LEXINGTON AV, 694-696, w s, 25.5 ft s of 57th St.; Utility Realty Co. to Henry Morgenthau Co., 30 E. 42d St, Sept. 17; attorney, Wm. Wechsler, 30 E. 42d St.$1

MANHATTAN AV, 58, e s, 65.5 ft s of 103d St, 35.5x95, foreclosed Aug. 8, 1918; James W. Hyde, referee, to Elted Corp., 215 Montague St, Brooklyn; attorney, N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$26,000

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 1,248, e s, 75 ft s of 173d St, 25x100; Joseph Lassman to Nathan Lassman, on the premises, Sept. 17, mtg $100

2D AV, 674, e s, 25 ft s of 43d St, 25x100; 8th Av, 2,211-2,223, w s, from n s of 119th St, to s s of 120th St., 201.10x100; Louis Boehm to Lillian Boehm, 306 W. 94th St, ½ part, all liens, Sept. 17; address, 2 Rector St.....$1

4TH AV, 441, a e corner of 30th St, 19.9x 60; William J. Foeppel to Gustave W. Foeppel, 228 Terrace Av, Hasbrouck Heights, N. J., 1-3 part, all liens, Sept. 10; attorneys, Rose & Paskus, 128 Broadway.$1

9TH AV, s w cor of 22d St, 72x28.6; Milford Realty Co. to Julia R. Donnelly, 400 West 22d St, mtg $23,500, Sept. 6; address, J. R. Donnelly, 362 West 23d St.....$100

141ST ST, 148 West, s s, 474 ft e of 7th Av, 28x99.11; Genevieve S. Weemuss to H. S. Taylor, 800 Riverside Drive, ½ part, mtg $19,500, Sept. 12; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St.....$1

137TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of 4th Av, 50x103.6; Remor Corp. to William A. Lincoln, Springfield, Mass., mtg $147,500, all liens, Sept. 12; attorney, William C. Dewey, 150 Broadway.....$100

38TH ST, 123 East, n s, 75 ft w of Lexington Av, 16x98.9; Herman Le Roy Edgar and another, executors, Charles E. Rhinelander, to Bella Da Costa Greene, 33 East 38th St, all liens, $20,000, Sept. 12; attorney, Title Guaranty and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$35,000

78TH ST, 254 West, s s, 121.8 ft e of West End Av, 16x102.2; Hattie J. Hall to Frank B. York, 254 West 78th St, Sept. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

113TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100; John Mett, as heir of Katherine Hett, to John and Rose Hett, 2,964 Decatur Av, Bronx, Aug. 3; attorneys, O'Hara Brothers, 200th St. and Webster Av.....$100

Bronx.

BARKER AV, 3,009; Julius A. Ackermann and another to Marion E. Hoffman, 8,022 Cruger Av, mtg $2,500, Sept. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

BRYANT AV, 1,425; Timothy Sullivan et al. to Meyer Friedman, 502 Ashford St., Brooklyn, Sept. 14; attorney, M. A. Rabinovitch, 1,372 Lyman Place.....$100

CRESTON AV, n w corner of 179th St, 99.10 x40; Sophie Mayer to Eleanor Williams, 154 West 183st St, mtg $15,500, Sept. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

CRUGER AV, w s, 275 ft s of Columbus Av, 50x95; Maria M. Gregorio to Anna M. Gregory, 1,659 Cruger Av, mtg $3,300, Sept. 13; attorney, Anna M. Gregory, 1,659 Cruger Av.....$600

ELSMERE PLACE, s s, 400 ft w of Marmion Av, 25x100; Sarah Dixon and another to Ida Cohen, 833 Elsmere Place, mtg $3,500, Sept. 17; attorney, Max Sonnenshein, 853 Elsmere Place.....$1

HAWKSTONE AV, s s, 21.6 ft w of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, runs w 40.2x n 28.1x e 40.6, also 5th Av, on map Mt. Eden, w s, at s e cor lot 103, runs s 50x e 25x n 50x w 25; Harold Swain to Joseph Schonleben, on w s old 5th Av, between Rockwood and Hawkstone Sts, Sept. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way.....$100

HAWKSTONE ST, s s, 71 ft w of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 61.7x64.10x50x 28.1; Anna R. Crossin to Joseph Schonleben, on w s of old 5th Av, between Rockwood and Hawkstone Sts, Sept. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

JULIANA ST, n s, 65 ft e of Duncomb Av, 30x100; Gordon Ritchie to Vito Campanella, 832 West 38th St, mtg $3,500, Sept. 11; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

LOT 15, map of Harrington Estate; Dutchess Finance Co. to Louisa Strackbein, 2,892 Valentine Av, Sept. 10; attorney, Frank Gas, 2,215 Steichener Av.....$1

LOT 205, map of Penfield property; George J. Harlow to Catharine T. Harlow, his wife, 27 South Bond St, Mount Vernon, N. Y., May 15, 1914; attorney, A. C. Loventhal, Mount Vernon, N. Y.....$1

LOT 95, amended map of Gleason estate; John Loeffler to Adam Glass, 1,239 Taylor Av, Sept. 14; attorney, Adam Glass, 1,238 Taylor Av.....$1

VALENTINE AV, n w cor of 203d St, 126.9x 37.7, also strip adjoining Herman E. Hoffstadt, to Augusta Hoffstadt, 3,053 Valentine Av, Sept. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

VALENTINE AV, e s, 400.11 ft n of 180th St, 25.4x113.11x25x110.9; Malkus E. Soderstrom to Jeanette L. Gross, 1,613 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, mtg $6,000, Dec. 6, 1911; attorneys, Cass & A., 35 Nassau St..$100

SAME PROPERTY; Jeanette L. Gross to Paragren Realty Co., Inc., 37 Old Broadway, Aug. 29; same attorneys.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 100 ft s of 164th St, 58.10x180; Christian Ehrlich, exr., to Sophie Schug, 974 Washington Av, Sept. 11; attorneys, Tausch, H. & H., 32 Broadway..$1

167TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Prospect Av, 40x100; Harry Schlenoff to Newat Realty Co., Inc., 200 Broadway, mtg $25,000, Sept. 12; attorney, F. D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St.....$100

169TH ST, 88 East, s w s, runs s w 49.5x s 40.5 to Home St, (883) x e 25x n 38.8x n e 38.6x n w 25; Joseph F. Oliver to John C. Hansen, 903 Home St, mtg $10,000, Sept. 16; attorney, E. P. Orrell, Jr., 258 Broadway $100

232ND ST, 127 East, n s, 25x100; Josephine Keitel to Anna B. Jaeger, 1,892 Belmont Av, mtg $4,400, July 17; attorney, E. A. Acker, 776 Forest Av.....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

ARDEN ST, 21, e s, 188 ft n of Nagle Av, 27x110, P. M., Sept. 14; Morris F. Wood to Olds Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, installments, 6 p. c., prior mtg $21,880; attorney, Julius H. Zieser, 217 Broadway.....$2,120

AUDUBON PLACE, n w corner of 157th St, runs w 306.9 to s e s of Audubon Place x s e 203.5 to beginning, gore, Aug. 31, 1911; Centre Realty Co. to Martin D. Fink, 43 West 73d St, due Jan. 1, 1915, 6 p. c., prior mtg $640,000; attorneys, Phillips & A., 41 Park Row $135,000

MANHATTAN AV, 58, e s, 65.5 ft s of 103d St, 35.5x95, Sept. 17; Elted Corporation to Wilton Holding Corporation, 135 Broadway, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$30,000

9TH AV, s w corner of 22d St, 72x28.6, Sept. 10; Julia R. Donnelly to Wm. F. Donnelly, 400 West 22d St, due and interest, as per bond; address, W. F. Donnelly, 362 West 23d St.....$1,000

38TH ST, 123 East, n s, 75 ft w of Lexington Av, 17x98.9, prior mtg, Sept. 12; Bella Da Costa Greene to Herman Le Roy Edgar, Brondway, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., and Lincoln Trust Co., 204 5th Av, executors of Chas. E. Rhinelander, due Oct 1, 1921, with privilege of two years' extension; attorneys, Middlebrook & Co., 46 Cedar St.....$20,000

38TH ST, n s, 407.6 ft w of 9th Av, 26.7x 98.9, Sept. 16; Conrad Alheidt to Excellent Realty Co., 277 Broadway, due Jan. 1, 1919, prior mtg $10,000; attorneys, Wandel, E. & R., 27 Broadway.....$5,000

53D ST, s s, 133.4 ft West of 8th Av, 16.8x 100.5, prior mtg, Sept. 16; Josua S. Alphonsus to Lottie W. and George W. Burgin, Bogert Av, West Englewood, N. J., 7 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Harris, C. M. & S., 165 Broadway $10,000

78TH ST, s s, 121.3 ft e of West End Av, 16x102.2, P. M., Sept. 11; Frank B. York to Hattie J. Hall, 43 East 58th St, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$15,000

90TH ST, 60 West, s s 100 ft e of Columbia Av, 17.9x100, May 15, 1914; Caroline Roach to Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway, due and interest, as per bond..$10,000

Bronx.

BAKER AV, 3,009; Marion E. Hoffman to Julius A. Ackermann, 3,009 Barker Av, Sept 16, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.. $800

BRYANT AV, 1,425; Meyer Friedman to Timothy Sullivan, 1,425 Bryant Av, prior mtg $3,500, Sept. 14, 5 years; attorneys, Aldermann & Co., 150 Nassau St.....$3,350

CRESTON AV, n w corner 179th St, 99.10x 40; Eleanor Williams to Sophie Mayer, 2,001 Creston Av, Sept. 16, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $8,000

CROTONA PARK, South, 666, s s, 21.6x96.10 x21.2x85.9; Annie Monahan to Mary A. Curry, 229 West 101st St, Sept. 16, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Amend, & A., 119 Nassau St.....$1,000

LOT 68, map McGraw Estate; Michael J. Walsh to Patk. T. Doyle, 7 Maple St, Hatfield, Mass., prior mtg $1,250, Aug. 1, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,250

PROSPECT AV, n e corner Kelly St, runs e 132.7 to Av. St. John, x n 185.6 to Prospect Av x s 228; North American Wall Paper Co to Frank Katz, 46 Fort Washington Av, prior mtg $142,000, Sept. 13, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Jos. G. Alexander, 30 Church St.....$5,000

VALENTINE AV, n w corner of 203d St, 126.9x37.7, also strip adjoining John J. Hoffstadt to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., May 25, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway... $5,000

167TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Prospect Av, 40x 100; Newat Realty Co., Inc., to Harry Schlenoff, 1,414 46th St, Brooklyn, prior mtg $25,000, Sept. 13, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Max Berg, 949 Broadway.....$5,000

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

44TH ST, n s, 450 ft e of 9th Av, mtg $18,000; Wm. H. Henry, Jr., administrator, to Mary J. Kingsland; attorneys, Charles P. & Wm. W. Buckley, 141 Broadway.....$1

CANAL ST, 191-193, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to George J. Grossman, 38 De Kalb Av, White Plains, N. Y., and another; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $50,000

SAME PROPERTY; George J. Grossman and another to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$30,000

Bronx.

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 311.7 ft n of 183d St, 42.2x100, to Macomb's Dam Road, closed; Annie L. Woodward, executrix, to Mary F. Zobel, 20 Mt. Hope Place; attorney, Matthew Griffin, 2,290 University Av.....$1,500

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 395.1 ft n of 183d St, 42.2x100, to Macomb's Dam Road, closed; same to Charles Zobel, same address; attorney, same $2,000

MANIDA ST, 853; Albert N. Tower to Central Union Trust Co. of N. Y., trustee; attorneys, Miller, K. L. & T., 80 Broadway.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Central Union Trust Co., trustee, to Albert E. Tower, 1 East 60th St; attorney, same.....$1

LOTS 37 and 38, map Woodlawn Orphan Asylum; Ezra C. Bull to Gotham National Bank of N. Y.; attorneys, Wilder, E. & P., 45 Cedar St.....$1

WILLIS AV, 149; Hannah Goldstein to Samuel Schweizer, 56 West 82d St, two-fifths parts; attorney, S. Schweizer, 56 West 82d St.....$1

VALENTINE AV, 2,156; Edw. Goldschmidt, executor, to George M. Kimberly, Catonville, Md.; attorney, Edw. Goldschmidt, 26 Liberty St $6,500

BOOKMAPS and further particulars at auctioneer's offices, 156 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE.

For Rent by Estate

32 EAST 50TH ST.

Five story American basement House. Thirty feet wide. In fine condition. Five master's bedrooms, six baths, and six servants' rooms. Electric elevator. Furnished or unfurnished.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
414 Madison Avenue.
Murray Hill—5600.

REAL ESTATE EXECUTIVE

Desires position from Oct. 1. Experienced in the management of real estate; specialist in renting, repairs and collecting.
S 568 Times Downtown.

Bronx.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 355 ft n of 172d St, 4x100; Lucy Drexel Dahlgren against Rev.lle-Siesel Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Everett, Clarke & Benedict.

149TH ST, , s, 275 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 50x80; Ida Cohn Friedlander against Elizabeth M. Waiski et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. L. Kalish.

151ST ST, s s, 225 ft w of Morris Av, 25x —; Timothy Sullivan against Nicola Finelli et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. J. Sullivan.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

42D ST., 261 West; Hughes & Hughes, against Richard S. Treacy et al, owners; Glendenning Bros., contractors.....$1,257.00

Bronx.

JEROME AV, 1,870; Daniel Jordon against George D. Ebermeyer, owner; Florence A. Troughton, mortgagee; William B. Schorer, contractor $245.00

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

136TH ST, 145 to 153 West; Paladino Contracting Co. against African Methodist Episcopal Church et al.; Aug. 2, 1918.$75.00

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. —FREDERIC R. COUDERT, as sole surviving Substituted Trustee of the Trusts created by the Will of FLORINE PINCHON, deceased, Plaintiff, against LOUIS PINCHON, GERMAINE ESTELLE PINCHON, LOUISE FLORINE PINCHON, HENRY JULES PINCHON, WALTER PINCHON BROADHURST, FRANK K. BROADHURST, ROLAND S. BROADHURST, and LEONIE COUDERT FULLER, as Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of PAUL FULLER, deceased, Defendants.—Summons.

To the Above-Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the Plaintiff's Attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Datd May 22, 1918.

LORENZO SEMPLE,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Office and P. O. Address, No. 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To LOUIS PINCHON
GERMAINE ESTELLE PINCHON:

The foregoing summons is served on you by publication, pursuant to an order of Mr. Justice Nathan Ottinger, a Justice of the Supreme Court, dated the 3d day of September, 1918, and filed together with the Summons and Complaint heretofore filed on the 25d day of May, 1918, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York.

LORENZO SEMPLE,
Attorney for Plaintiffs, Office and P. O. Address, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

RESOLVED BY THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE REGAL CUSTOM SHIRT CO., INC., at a meeting duly convened this third day of September, 1918, that it is desirable that the corporate name of the said Company should be changed from that of the REGAL CUSTOM SHIRT CO., INC., to the name REGAL SHIRT CO., INC., for the reason that the word "Custom" in the said name tends to mislead.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the said stockholders that the President and Secretary of the Corporation be and they hereby are authorized to execute and sign all papers and affix the corporate seal thereto that may be necessary for the purpose of effecting the said change of name from Regal Custom Shirt Co., Inc., to Regal Shirt Co., Inc.

ALEX. L. FISCHEL, Secretary.
Dated: New York, September 3rd, 1918.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25793.

Notice is hereby given that ISIDOR FRANK and MEYER BELOUS, individually and as copartners, trading under the name and style of FRANK & BELOUS, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties in interest are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, October 21st, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of LEWIS G. MORRIS, FRANK B. PORTER, and JAMES H. POPE, individually and as partners, doing business as MORRIS & POPE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Sept. 18, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at Eagle Dock, Cold Spring Harbor, L. I., in care of Ellwood Abrams & Sons, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of one motor boat, 32 feet long, 4 feet beam, and 3 feet draft. Name of boat "Fury"; built in 1908. WILLIAM H. BONYNGE, Trustee.

HENRY M. STEVENSON, Attorney for Trustee, 26 Liberty St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS BACKER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Sept. 18, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 589 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of gents' furnishings, fixtures, &c.

JOSEPH F. McCLOY, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 290 Broadway, New York.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

We have

First
Mortgage Money
To Loan

Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street
Tel. 5700 John

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auctioneer,
BRYAN L. KENNELLY, INC., will sell
At Auction
WED., SEPT. 25, 1918,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 VESEY ST.,

311 CONVENT AVE.
Near West 143d St.
The four story and basement brown stone Dwelling, 11 rooms and bath, butler's pantry; hardwood trim, &c. Size of lot 20x100.

225 EAST 73D ST.
Bet. Second and Third Aves.
The five story brown stone Double Tenement, with two Stores; four families on a floor; hot water supply; electricity in stores. Size of lot 25x102.2.

112 EAST 120TH ST.
Near Park Ave.
The four story brown stone Single Flat, seven rooms and bath to each family. Size of lot 20.10x100.11.

127 & 129 W. 3D ST.
Near Sixth Ave.
The choice plot, size 46x100. Very desirable location for garage, storage or any other business.

342 EAST 110TH ST.
125 feet west of First Ave.
The four story and cellar brick Double Tenement, four families on a floor. Size of lot 25x100.11.

BOOKMAPS and further particulars at auctioneer's offices, 156 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE.

For Rent by Estate

32 EAST 50TH ST.

Five story American basement House. Thirty feet wide. In fine condition. Five master's bedrooms, six baths, and six servants' rooms. Electric elevator. Furnished or unfurnished.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
414 Madison Avenue.
Murray Hill—5600.

REAL ESTATE EXECUTIVE

Desires position from Oct. 1. Experienced in the management of real estate; specialist in renting, repairs and collecting.
S 568 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE RESIDENCE 8 EAST 92d ST.

FOR SALE

Up to the minute Private House.

Choicest Section of New York City.

Caretaker on premises.

Apply to your own Broker, or
TOCH REALTY CO.,
320 FIFTH AVE.

HESS *Business Property*

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GARAGE

Owner corner plot, 14 lots on two important streets in Bronx, will build garage to suit tenant, and lease for a long term at low rental.
Fred'k Zittel & Sons, B'way & 79th St.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ARE YOU CAUGHT Without a House For October 1?

There are several excellent houses remaining unsold in the two million dollar

Sacrifice Sale
OF THE
Scarsdale Estates

Houses of from 7 to 10 rooms, $8,500 to $14,500. One or two might be rented.
NEW YORK OFFICE,
12 EAST 44TH STREET.
Write or 'phone Murray Hill—7720, for photos.

Cottage, high ground, near Greenacres, Hartsdale $50.00
Country location, 2 acres, 11 rooms, 2 baths 55.00
Near station, new house, 2 baths..... 75.00
10 rooms, 2 acres, on trolley line..... 85.00
Small bungalow, 3 baths; garage.....100.00
Prospect Park, 8 bedrooms, 2 baths.....100.00
Bordering Scarsdale, 3 acre small estate 137.50
High ground, near Gedney Farm; choice home; corner, 200 ft. front; garage and chauffeur's quarters.....150.00
Prospect Park, large house, attractive grounds 150.00

EDWARD M. WEST, Inc.,
Opposite Station. White Plains. 'Phone 413.

VanCortlandt Terrace
SOUTH BROADWAY
YONKERS
Handsome residence, 11 rooms and 3 baths, all improvements. Price $18,000. Easy terms. Rent $1,500.
J. Romaine Brown & Co.
498 South Broadway, Yonkers

TARRYTOWN-ON-HUDSON
For Sale—Bargain
Eight rooms, all improvements. Lot 90x100. In strictly residential section. 10 minutes to station. Asking $7,500.
CARL C. LOH,
9 Orchard St., Tarrytown, N. Y.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

If You Want a Home, Take Notice
Am going to sell my 7-room stucco cottage at Suburban Yonkers. Dandy living room, 15x28, with open fireplace; spacious porches; fine garage; beautiful grounds; high elevation; wonderful view. To right party cash payment immaterial. Will take large mortgage. For information inquire owner, Geo. H. Mills, Tribune Bldg., N. Y. C.

LARCHMONT—For Sale
Two large brick buildings, 20,000 sq. feet floor space, excellent condition, refrigeration plant, heating system, power, half acre land. H. KURNAST, 978 6th Av., New York, or Fred'k P. Boehm, Agent on Premises.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A New Dwelling
of unusual charm. English stucco design, artistic and pleasing to a remarkable degree. Eight rooms and two baths, at Hempstead Manor, near Garden City, Long Island. 41 minutes from Penn. Terminal, 33d St., and Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn. Now offered at a reasonable price and on convenient terms. Including 2-car garage with living quarters. Other new Houses nearing completion from $6,500 up. O. L. Schwencke, Jr., 277 Broadway, N. Y. Telephone Worth 4657.

Merrick, L. I.
Several houses, thoroughly well adapted for Winter use. Moderate rents. Cathedral Schools (boys and girls) at Garden City; also Salisbury Golf Links within easy motoring distance. Tel. John 2260.
R. W. FORD, 84 William Street.

200 LOTS FOR $7 EACH.
Worth $40 apiece. Must have CASH at once. In quickest growing section of Long Island. Wonderful Investment, home or speculation. No broker. Address Given Away, 187 Times.

KEW GARDENS HOME.
Right location, construction, price. Eight rooms, den, fireplaces, two baths, perfect condition; $5,000 cash, balance suitably arranged. Advantageous to deal quickly with owner. Phone Forest Hills 6303. Write H. L. C., P. O. Box 107, Times Square Station.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

YOU CAN BUY THIS HOME
With the Rent You Now Pay and $750

Cash, balance like rent. Price $6,500; plot 100x173 ft.; 7 big rooms; fine tiled bath; wide verandas, fully glazed; beautiful grounds, in select, settled neighborhood; near lakes, golf and country clubs, churches, schools. Easy commutation, express service. Ready for occupancy now. R. L. KILBY, 170 Broadway, N. Y. C. Tel. 1522 Cortlandt.

IS IT O. K.?
If you own or contemplate the purchase of real estate in Bergen or Rockland County, why not have the title guaranteed by us? We operate exclusively in those counties. Our booklets will explain fully. They are free for the asking.
NORTH JERSEY TITLE INSURANCE CO.
HACKENSACK, N. J.
Send 25c for Bergen County Map.

WESTFIELD, N. J.
Twelve-room brown stucco residence; two-acre plot; large garage; lawn; most attractive location in town; coal; six bedrooms and two tiled bathrooms, on second floor; hot-water heat, gas and electricity; open fireplaces; modern appointments; 60 minutes from New York Central; rent $80; or will sell for $20,000, letting first year's rent apply on sale. Apply owner, Dan A. Carroll, 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman—2830.

A VERY LOVELY LITTLE HOME
Location and transit unequaled; six large rooms; every improvement; wide verandas; large plot; delightful location, overlooking pretty lakes; elevated, extensive outlook; beautiful flowers and velvety lawns; near express station on D., L. & W. R. R.; 46 minutes by train; $750 cash, balance mortgages. Personal, Box 310 Times Downtown, New York City.

ORANGE, N. J. Stucco one-family house to let;
12 rooms, 3 baths. All imp'ts; select section; convenient to trolley & Mountain Station, D., L. & W. Rental $1,500 a year. Possession Oct. 1st. Fairchild-Baldwin Co., 786 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Mountain Lakes, N. J. Sacrifice Sale. Delightful Stucco Home.
Select neighborhood; easy walking distance to R. R. Sta.; 7 rooms, bath; steam, electricity. Ground, 100x150. Convenient to club, golf links, lakes. Terms reasonable.
GEORGE W. MORSE, Boonton, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

340 Madison Avenue
At 43rd St.
Pease & Elliman Building
Parlor floor and offices for rent. Immediate possession.
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Avenue
Telephone 6200 Murray Hill

Attractive Stores
682 MADISON AVE.,
Corner 62d St.
Especially suited for high-class retail trade. Reasonable rent; favorable lease.
WM. B. MAY & CO., Agents,
717 FIFTH AV., Near 56th St.

LARCHMONT, N. Y.—For Rent
Large, light store, including fixtures, refrigeration plant, heating system; opportunity profitable business.
H. KURNAST, 978 6th Ave., New York, or FRED'K P. BOEHM, Agent, on Premises.

TO **STORAGE** LEASE
A modern fireproof building, with high ceilings, convenient location, containing 20,000 square feet on two floors. Write to Box "G. L.," 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

FACTORY BUILDING
For Sale or To Let
2-Story fireproof building just completed. Address "Z," 605 Arbuckle Building.

CORNER GROCERY STORE
OR ANY BUSINESS
1219 Madison Avenue & 88th St.
ANTONIO REALTY CORP., MUR. HILL 455.

BROOKLYN.

GARAGE
For Sale or to Let.
A new semi-fireproof building, now being completed, 100x100; 2 story, 20,000 sq. ft. Capacity about 100 cars.
FINE LOCATION—Very suitable for Service Station or Owner's Garage. Address J. P., 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

19 WEST 54TH STREET
Near Fifth Avenue and University Club.
Two and four room and bath bachelor apartments with service. $1,000 to $1,800. Exclusive building. Resident valet. Breakfast served in rooms. Apartments open for inspection.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar Street. Tel. 5700 John.

**

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Brooklyn.

Bargain.—Flatbush, 19-room cottage; select neighborhood; plot 40x100; exchange considered. Box 2, 955 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Queens.

You never saw its equal for the price; beautiful new house; six large rooms, tiled bath and kitchen, open fireplace, parquet floors, white enamel trim; plot 40x120; four minutes' walk to station, 35 minutes to New York; price $5,700; small cash payment, balance like rent. Champlin, Hillside and Grand Av., Jamaica. Telephone 1039 Jamaica.

JAMAICA SACRIFICE, $6,250.

New; 8 rooms, bath, all modern improvements; best section Jamaica; plot 40x100. This home is actually worth $8,000. B. H. Sweet, 324 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Westchester County.

Bungalow apartment nearing completion, occupancy Oct. 1; five rooms, bath, porches; best location in Yonkers; rent $60. Van Ness Bros., 506 South Broadway, Yonkers.

A BARGAIN AT LARCHMONT.

Five minutes from station; new Colonial house, 8 large rooms, 2 baths, open brick fireplace, large porch; price $9,500. H. M. Olcott, 51 E. 42d, N. Y. Mur. Hill 2326.

At Mount Vernon, N. Y.

A good list of houses to rent; some have coal supply in cellar.
Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately a beautiful new suburban home goes for $500 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8-cent commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, and built-in bookcase in living room; paneled dining room; bedrooms in white enamel; hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; terraced lawn, trees, paved streets, steam heat, water, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures; concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden and garage; driveway in rear; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. PURCHASERS FULLY PROTECTED IF DRAFTED. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. Telephone John 5047.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.—A splendid Home in most aristocratic section of North Plainfield now available for lease; contains 11 rooms, 2 baths, with large reception hall, pantry, &c.; in splendid condition throughout, electric lights, steam heat, porches front and rear; lot 100x340, with beautiful shade trees, and garage for two cars; immediate ocupancy; $100 per month to approved parties; a real opportunity. Communicate with owner, 30 Church St., room 906, 30 Broad St., New York City. Phone 691—Broad.

A Government position has changed my place of residence; must sell my home in TEN days. Nearly new six-room house, all hardwood finish, large plot of ground, all city improvements, good train service, plenty of coal, gas and electricity; no assessments; short distance from city. A. B. Fleaher, 50 Church St., Room 370, Tel. Cort. 4850.

To rent furnished for Winter, house at Montclair, N. J.; convenient to station; six family bedrooms, four baths, sleeping porch, verandas, lawns, trees, garage; terms, $200 per month; references exchanged. Address Y 227 Times Annex.

Bargain.—Five rooms, bath, all improvements, steam heat; hollow tile stucco dwelling; half hour, Erie; $3,750; easy terms. W. Brady, 154 Nassau St. Tel. 3806 Beekman.

Delightful suburban home, modern house, eight rooms, bath; acre; shade, fruit; garage, hennery; convenient. Frank Stevens, Ridgewood, N. J.

Fine old residence, modernized, about 4 acres; no farm; main highway; mile Lackawanna station. Owner, 674 Springfield Av., Summit, N. J.

New York State.

For Sale—Nine-room house on Chester Hill; 50x100 foot lot; all improvements; easy terms. R 161 Times.

Maine.

COTTAGE—16 ROOMS

and 35 acres of magnificently situated shore land, three miles north of York Harbor. Apply to Henry W. Weare, Ogunquit, Me.

Houses Wanted.

Young couple want small furnished house; rent; New Jersey; commuting distance. R 140 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME for a small cash payment and your present rent money; I have a 7-room and tiled bath, cozy bungalow, beautifully decorated inside and out, ready to move into now, you can have on above terms; fine tree-covered plot, Montclair-Watchung section, exclusive, and only 47 minutes out on D., L. & W. R. R.; it is a real bargain; fine air, ideal living conditions; price $6,000. Owner, Post Office Box 529, City Hall Station, New York City.

Hotel man in the draft age and must sell small Summer resort hotel; equity of $7,500; will consider a trade for unencumbered city lots or country property. William Crear, 611 Sixth Av., Asbury Park, New Jersey.

For family reasons lady will sell beautiful Summer residence, 13 rooms, two baths; large corner plot; Monmouth Beach; ideal situation; equity $8,500; consider an exchange. Trotta, 391 East 149th St., Bronx.

$1,800 equity in country property for value, small city property. S 518 Times Downtown.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted to lease, a premises, 2,000-5,000 square feet, suitable for private garage, repair shop, downtown preferred; state full particulars. Address Wholesale Grocer. Times Downtown.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Topping Av., Between 174th and 175th Sts., Bronx.—Three-family modern brick apartment house, semi-detached; rents, $1,734; price, $47,000; first mortgage $12,000 at 5 per cent. Address D. M., 330 Times.

WILL TRADE

corner home in beautiful Plainfield, 12 rooms, 3 baths, steam heated; garage for 3 cars. R. L. Lee, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Owner will sell a 60-acre farm on main road, 24 miles out, at figure which makes it the best farm bargain in Rockland County; $2,000 cash required. Telephone 2596 Beekman. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

MODERN SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT AND EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING 1,400 LOCK BOXES, SIZES FROM 3x5x24 INCHES TO 24x24x24 INCHES; ALL IN GOOD CONDITION. L 595 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

No. 489 5th Av., Near 42d St.—One or two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with separate entrance and use of outer offices, stenographic and telephone service, in commodious lawyer's suite. Apply Suite 305.

For rent for light manufacturing, 5,000 square feet on first floor space in modern building, steam-heated, with ample light and ventilation; help available; electric power. W. W. Wilsey, Ridgewood, N. J.

Will rent part or all of my private garage; capacity three cars; in the vicinity of 90th Street and Madison Avenue; moderate rental. Write or telephone Black, Room J, 1 Broadway, 8286 Bowling Green.

To Let—Large factory near New York City. Has 25,000 square feet floor space. To concern doing work for the Government or who is producing essential articles. W 354 Times.

For Rent.—Offices with three windows, 27th floor, Woolworth Bldg.; privileges outer office; reasonable rates; occupants in service; references exchanged. Apply Rooms 2760-2762.

WILL SUBLET EXCEPTIONAL SPACE, 5TH AV. OFFICE BLDG. 2,000 sq. ft., light on all sides; beautifully decorated. 512 5th Av., 9th floor. Apply on premises.

Furnished private office, $17.50 monthly; also desk room, $9.50; telephone, attendant; no lease required. Duane, 309 Broadway, suite 807.

Two and three room suite, exceptionally light, suitable doctor or dentist office; electricity. Circle 2926. 47 West 52d.

DESK ROOM TO RENT,

233 5th Av., second floor. Call or address owner, Birdsey-Somers Co.

Offices with Phone Service and Skylights for Engineers.
5 Wes. 16th St

Loft and part of showroom; excellent location for skirt, dress, or waist house. D. R., 3 East 28th St.

Desk and space; phone calls attended; good connections; insurance broker. Room 322, 546 5th Avenue; $10 per month.

Office, sublet; light, with telephone, partly furnished. Apply 110 West 40th St., Room 603.

Connecting lofts, 25x100 and 35x50, with power. 140 Sullivan St., between Prince and Houston.

Broadway, 487.—4,000 sq. ft. offic space; arranged in small suites. F. J. Guilfoyle & Co., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cort. 7475.

Rear half part of loft, 50 by 100, to sublet. Nemoiter & Burger, 11 West 32d.

Offices, $25 to $50; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.

50th St., 34 West.
Floors to let for business.

Very desirable large or small office space; service. Room 9, 16 Beaver St.

412 8TH AV.,

at Post Office and Penn. R. R. Station; commercial studio, office, or showroom; 1,100 square feet.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

395-397-399 Broadway,
Southwest Corner of Walker Street.
FINE FRONT OFFICES TO RENT.

1501—Three Large Rooms en Suite...$3,600
1204—One Large Office..... 1,350
1403—One Good-Sized Office..... 1,000
APPLY TO
JOHN J. HALLERON,
252 West 138th St.

LOFT WANTED.—
WE WILL SUBLEASE YOUR LOFT; MUST HAVE AT LEAST 2,000 SQUARE FEET WITH GOOD LIGHT; LOFT WITH SPRINKLER SYSTEM PREFERRED; ADDRESS MAIL WITH FULL PARTICULARS TO ASSURE IMMEDIATE CONSIDERATION. P. A., 168 TIMES.

OFFICES—SUB-LEASE.
1275 SQUARE FEET.
DOUBLE DOOR ENTRANCE; SEPARATE FREIGHT ELEVATOR; PRIVATE OFFICE AND ENTRANCE PARTITIONS; WALL WIRING FOR LAMPS, &C. MAKE AN OFFER. ROOM A12, 105 WEST 40TH ST.

I will sublet to responsible party who will purchase entire office furniture and equipment, small office (175 square feet) on Broadway, between Wall St. and Bowling Green. Address Box S, 5 Pine St., Room 61, New York.

Office or Showroom.—Two connecting rooms fronting on 5th Av. at 34th St.; exceptionally light; good service; will rent separately; reasonable. R. D. Anderson, 347 5th Av., Metropolitan Building.

50TH ST., 140 WEST.—Front parlor; newly decorated; professional man preferred.

OFFICE TO SUBLET WITH FURNITURE. 141 BROADWAY, ROOM 516.

5th Av., 507.—Private office, with service, $25. 7979 Murray Hill.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $18 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

31ST ST., 22 EAST, "THE HAMPTON," Between 5th and Madison.—Two rooms, bath, $70 monthly; three rooms, bath, very desirable, $150 monthly; full hotel service.

34TH, 120 EAST.—Eight large rooms, bath; three open fireplaces; moderate rent; elevator building; near new subway station.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Nicely furnished 2 rooms, bath. Merritt, 9281 Murray Hill, before 6.

37TH, 8 EAST.—Artistically furnished; one very large room, bath, closet, warm, elevator; $80 monthly; will rent unfurnished.

39TH, 124 EAST.—Unusually large, light, attractively furnished suite, bedroom, bath, fireplace; private house, second floor; exclusive Murray Hill section, near Park Av.; references.

40TH ST., 144 EAST.—Apartment to let fully furnished; six rooms and bath; desirable neighborhood. Apply Janitor.

51ST ST., 40 AND 49 EAST.
58TH ST., 40 WEST.
Attractively furnished one, two, three, and four-room apartments; light, heat, elevator, and maid service; by week, month, or year.

66TH ST., 42 East.—Attractively furnished 3-room apartment and kitchenette; $1,380 rent, three-year lease; $1,500 yearly lease; seen any time. Newlin, Plaza 5754.

73D, 133 EAST.—Seven rooms, steam heat, all improvements, $65.

80'S.—Four rooms, two baths; excellent building; $150 a month. Phone 1278.

81ST, 100 EAST, (Park Av. Corner.)—Apartment 7 rooms, electric light, all improvements.

84TH ST., 21 EAST.—Furnished, $3,300; unfurnished, $1,900, per annum for one, two, or three years; corner duplex apartment; southern exposure; open fireplaces; 12 rooms, 3 baths; inspection invited.

ATTENTION!—APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath; $14 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 52d St. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,275.—Six rooms, electric light, all improvements; $55 to $65.

MADISON AV., 713.—Two bedrooms, living room, furnished; 4th floor front; $1,020 year. Apply Miss Newlin, 42 East 66th St. Phone Plaza 5754.

PARK AV, 933.—Five rooms, steam heat, $40.

PARK AV, 945.—Five rooms, steam heat, $42.

PARK AV.—Five-room apartment, handsomely furnished; use of everything; $250. Lenox 9407.

PARK AV., 940, 942, (corner 81st St.)—Seven, eight rooms; lease; light, sunny.

ALL DESIRABLE FURNISHED APARTMENTS, PARK AV. SECTION. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 462 MADISON AV.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

Apartments and houses, furnished and unfurnished. Mrs. Gerrit Smith, 31 East 48th St., Murray Hill 8485.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS; high-class. Call for particulars, FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 E. at 42d St.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST.
Apartment selections, 1, 2, or more rooms, bath; complete service and restaurant.

Furnished—West Side.

7TH AV., 825 (48th.)—2 rooms, bath, new building, newly furnished, $65-$75; room, bath adjoining, $35-$40.

8TH, 21 WEST.—Furnished apartment, suitable for studio; use of piano. Janitor.

23D ST., 435 WEST.—Artistic, large sitting room, double bedroom; complete kitchen; bath; strictly private house; references.

45TH, 341 TO 347 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness and furnishings unequaled; one, two, three rooms, tiled bath with shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references essential; $50 to $95 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

46TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large living room, dining room, two bedrooms, kitchen, bath, Levinson. Bryant 9770.

47TH ST., 132 WEST, (Felix-Fortland.)—Desirable suites, two rooms and bath, extremely reasonable; special monthly terms; high-class American or European plan meals at low rates.

50'S, (Near 5th.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; year's lease; $200 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d St.

51ST ST., 34 WEST.—Attractive two rooms, bath and kitchenette; shown 1 till 5. Telephone Madison Square 7300.

52D, 43 WEST.—Suite, two rooms, kitchenette, bathroom; also one room, bathroom.

54TH ST. AND 7TH AV.
Attractively furnished six-room apartment, one master bedroom and bath, one maid's room; piano, Victrola; excellent location; $300.

OREGON APARTMENT, 10-D.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apartment Hotel.)—Attractive suite, 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly-monthly rates.

56TH, 342 WEST.—Front elevator apartment, charmingly furnished; 3 rooms, kitchenette. Mason.

56TH ST., 34 WEST.
Furnished apartment, 2 rooms and bath.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Elaborately furnished duplex studios, 21x30; double height ceiling; open fireplaces, 2 bedrooms, bath, kitchenette, with refrigeration; opposite Carnegie; immediate possession.

59TH, 100 WEST.—Elegantly fur. front two room, kitchenette apt.; view Park; restaurant; maid service; 12th floor g.; immediate. Phone 3915 Cathedral.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Apt. selections, 2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette.

68TH, 1 WEST.—Six light, clean, sunny rooms, two overlooking park; two baths; Steinway, oriental rugs; $200 yearly, $225 monthly. Col. 488. Seventh floor.

65TH ST., 59 WEST.—Two large rooms, bath room and extra lavatory. Private house; lease; references.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (the New West End.)—$50 up, 2 and 3 room apartments; kitchenette; completely furnished; latest improvements; references necessary; open evenings 7 to 8. (West End.)—Seven rooms, two baths, handsomely furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

70'S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, four rooms, bath; piano; year's lease; $140 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

70S.—Very attractive 6 room apartment, $160 a month. Phone Columbus 1277.

72D, 42 WEST.—2 rooms and bath, furnished and unfurnished, exceptional light, 7 windows and 2 rooms furnished in the acme of refinement and taste; leases only; Japanese Jusseum optional. Royalton Hotel, 7941 Columbus.

74TH, 134 WEST.—Handsome 2-room suite; private house, second floor; maid service; all improvements; references; rent, $125.

75TH, 57 WEST.—Studio apartment on roof; 2 extra large rooms, bath; wide view; beautifully furnished; baby grand piano, Turkish rugs, mahogany furniture; rent $150 monthly, including maid service. Superintendent.

78TH, 132 WEST.—Furnished second floor, consisting two large connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette.

80'S, (Near Drive.)—Elegantly furnished apartment, six rooms, two baths; year's lease; $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

80'S.—Attractive 7 room apartment, 3 baths, $275 a month. Phone Columbus 1278.

83D, 2 WEST.—Six rooms, four facing street; elevator; $130. Pike, 5340 Schuyler.

85TH, 203 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Two-room suite; handsomely furnished; adjoining bath; private entrance. Campbell.

86TH and BROADWAY, (Euclid Hall.)—8 room apartment, unusually large rooms, attractively furnished; $375 per month or $5,600 on yearly lease. Apartment 55.

90'S, WEST END. — Nine exquisitely furnished rooms; four exposures; new building; three baths; sell or sublease. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

90'S.—Desirable six-room apartment, two baths, $160 a month. Phone Columbus 1277.

91ST AND BROADWAY, 2,469.—Handsomely furnished six outside rooms; southern exposure; 7th floor; elevator. Apartment 43.

91ST ST., 27 WEST.—One and two-room apartments; high-class; furnished; latest improvements; maid service; $25-$90; references necessary.

92D ST., (Near Broadway.)—Front, exceptional apartment, 10 light rooms, two baths; elegantly furnished. Tel. Riverside 3435.

104TH, 242 WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms and bath; west of Broadway. Phone Academy 1227.

107TH, 220 WEST.—Seven large bright rooms; attractively furnished; newly decorated; unusual closet space; elevator house. Apartment 61.

107TH, 203 WEST, (Broadway.)—High-class six-room apartment; attractively furnished; responsible adults; $150 month; yearly lease. Morton.

110TH, 611 WEST.—Eight room apartment; southern exposure; in Hendrick Hudson; nicely furnished; immediate possession; $250 six months, $200 for one year. Apt. 86.

110TH, (Broadway.) — Elegantly furnished front apt., 9 rooms, 3 baths, $242 month, yearly lease, $288 Winter lease; immediate possession. Phone 3915 Cathedral.

110TH, (near Riverside.)—Eight rooms, two baths, completely furnished; $200 a month. Phone Columbus 1278.

111TH, (near Broadway.)—Four rooms, front apartment, handsomely furnished; yearly lease; $110 monthly; responsible couple. Phone 7660 Riverside.

113TH, 517 WEST.
2, 4, 5, 6 ROOMS.
Very high-class apartments; artistically furnished, and complete in every detail, including linen and silver. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Attractive six-room front apartment, overlooking Columbia. Apartment 25.

124TH, 510 WEST.—All outside, sunshine, five and six rooms, elevator apartment; nine months, year lease. Weber.

132D, 584 WEST.—Five rooms, front, comfortably furnished; telephone; subway; $75. Turner.

191ST, 598 WEST.—Elevator apartment, six large, light rooms, attractively furnished; everything complete; subway and 5th Av. bus. Tel. 1,250 St. Nicholas. Apt. 42.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

ATTRACTIVE Apartments. — Hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited; coolest and healthiest location in city.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished, dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease, or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. 5th Av. bus stops at door.

BROADWAY, 214, (92d.)—Unusually attractive home, five-nine rooms parlor suite; Oriental rugs; $100-$200; long lease. 1A.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

CLARMONT A.V. 35.— Attractively furnished 7 room, 2 baths; one or two years, $175; might consider less to very desirable tenant. Cornelius Baldwin, 115 Broadway.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS a Specialty. Town-Country Renting, 200 W. 72d Col.5585.

HIGH-CLASS CORNER APARTMENT; 7 ROOMS, 2 BATHS; NEWLY DECORATED AND FURNISHED; MODERN IN EVERY DETAIL; FOR PARTICULARS TELEPHONE SCHUYLER 7605.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars.

SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (114th St.)—Elegantly furnished apartment, 8 rooms, 3 baths; $400 per month, 6 months or longer; A1 references required; no agents. K 620 Times Downtown.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 340.—2-3 rooms, overlooking Hudson; exceptional. Academy 2675. Short.

TWO very large rooms, wonderfully attractive, well furnished, victrola, piano, every luxury. Large foyer, bath, three closets, maid service, meals served in rooms if desired. Sherman Building, intersection 73d, Broadway and Amsterdam Ave., Apartment 34. By month or lease.

WEST END AV., 410.—Handsomely furnished 7-room apartment, 7th floor; $225 month; immediate possession. Sumner, Vanderbilt 1450.

WEST END, 80'S.—6 rooms, 2 baths; most attractively furnished; all outside; possession any time. Columbus 3974.

Will share modern elevator apartment with young couple; Washington Heights. S 300 Times.

YOUNG BUSINESS WOMAN has high-class apartment; can accomodate young woman; French; teacher preferred; references. R 155 Times.

10 extra large, light rooms and 3 baths; handsomely furnished; near 72d St. subway and elevated stations; passenger and servants' elevator service. Rent $500 month. Apply Fred'k Zittel & Sons, Bway & 79th St.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

TWO ROOMS, bath, maid service, unfurnished, furnished; Borough Hall subway. 54 Livingston St., 140 and 144 Henry St.

Unfurnished—East Side.

47TH AV. 460.—A two room and bath apartment, $45; modern; maid service included; central location. Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 1100.

18TH ST., 310 EAST.—Two rooms with kitchenette and bath, unfurnished, $30; private house; second floor front. De Voe.

28TH, 32 EAST.—Skylight studio apartment, all modern improvements; rent $60.

44 EAST 34TH ST.
2 very large rooms, bath, $1,200-$1,500. AMES & CO., 26 W. 31ST. OR JANITOR.

40'S, (Near 5th Av.)—High-grade elevator apartment, four rooms, bath; 1 year's lease; $1,300. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

127 EAST 46TH ST.
Beautiful 4 and 5 rooms, corner, elevator apartments; rents, $52.50 to $60. Superintendent on premises.
JAMES NOLTY & SONS, 712 Lexington Av

49TH ST., 11 EAST.—Two and three rooms, elevator apartments; possession immediately or Oct. 1; also suitable for doctor or dentist offices; modern improvements; all night service. Inquire Superintendent.

5 AND 7 EAST 56TH ST.
Two rooms and bath, $1,000 to $1,500; large rooms and high ceilings; resident valet; meals served in rooms; ready Oct. 1; leases now being made from plans.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar St.
Tel. John 5700.

56TH ST., 109-111 EAST, (near Park Av.)—2-3 rooms and bath, extra large light, select studio apartments; efficient service; $65-$80. Hall & Bloodgood, 542 5th Av. Phone 1732 Vanderbilt. Supt. on premises.

Unfurnished—West Side.

311 5TH AV., (32D ST.)
3 and 6 large rooms, baths, $900, $1,500. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or PREMISES.

107TH, 17 WEST, (Washington Square District.)—Apartment, 8 rooms; all improvements; open fireplaces; private house; owner on premises.

127TH ST., 51 WEST.—Studio and bath; all improvements; $60. Apply Supt.

15TH, 139 WEST.—Three rooms; all conveniences; fireplace trees; can furnish.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, for Engineers, Architects; references. Fifth Avenue Bus Line, $600.

23D ST., 222 WEST, Apartment 94, The Chelsea.—Very attractive four rooms, bath; ample closets. Apply Mr. Brennan.

50TH ST., 48 WEST.—Very modern, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; every possible improvement; $80 to $75. Apply for keys at 74 West 50th.

51ST, 355-359 WEST.—Elevator building, two, three, four rooms, tiled baths, kitchens, furnished throughout, $80 to $95 monthly; references necessary. Tel. Col. 7152.

30 WEST 54TH STREET,
2 ROOMS & BATH, $1,000 UP,
with services; furnished if desired.
EXCLUSIVE RESIDENTIAL LOCATION.
Desirable Suite Suitable for Physician.
Apply on premises, or owner,
Room 627, 80 East 42d St.
Telephone 6438 Murray Hill.

59TH, 71 EAST.—4 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $55; 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $40-$45.

136 AND 138 WEST 65TH ST.
One exceptionally large and well appointed studio-housekeeping apartment, recently occupied by Neysa McMein, artist; rent, $125 per month; lease and references required; IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY; convenient to 66th St. station on subway and 6th and 9th Av. elevated.

63 WEST 70TH ST.
Suites, two rooms, bath, and kitchenette. $65 to $70. Apply on premises or
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., 148 WEST 72D ST

70TH, 47 WEST.—Large room, also parlor floor, bath, parquet floor, electricity.

70TH, 286 WEST.—Single flat, six rooms and bath; electricity, excellent location.

148 WEST 72D ST.
Suite of 2 and 3 rooms and bath, with kitchen; rent $1,200-$1,500.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., 148 WEST 72D ST.

72D, 124 WEST.—Four, five rooms and bath, housekeeping apartments; $1,400-$1,750. Supt. on premises, or G. B. Beaumont Co., owners, 286 5th Av.

72D, 124 WEST.—Doctor's suite, two rooms and bath, between Broadway and Columbus Av., $1,250. Supt. on premises, or G. B. Beaumont Co., owners, 286 5th Av.

72D, 14 WEST.—Apartments, two, three rooms, steam heat, electric light, parquet floors.

74TH, 134 WEST.—Handsome two-room suite; private house, second floor; service; all improvements; references; rent $110.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

75TH ST., 57 WEST.—Studio apartment on roof, two large rooms, bath, hardwood floors, electric lights, private telephone; splendid north light and wide view; rent includes maid service. Superintendent.

58TH, 28 WEST.—Private house; unusually large, light, two-room suite; elegant bathroom, shower, kitchenette; breakfast if desired; location, service, appointments high class. Schuyler 8197.

86TH, 125 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor, private residence; unusual opportunity for professionals.

86TH, 118 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor, furnished or unfurnished; electricity; unusual opportunity for professionals.

110TH ST., 52 WEST. (Opposite Morningside Park.)—5-6-7 elevator apartments, $45-$65, immediate possession, owner's management.

121ST, 419 WEST.—Attractive 6-room apartments Columbia University neighborhood; $45 to $50. Apply premises.

121ST, 201 WEST, (corner 7th Av.)—7 and 8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths; modern improvements; rent $900 to $1,100. Apply on premises.

161ST STREET, 581 WEST.
Northeast corner Broadway.
6 rooms—occupancy Nov. 1.
7 rooms—$780.
8 rooms—$960.
Open for inspection.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar Street.
'Phone John 5700.

BROADWAY, 2,731, (near 103d Subway.)—Six pleasant, Broadway front, medium-sized rooms; 10 sunny windows; all night elevator; thoroughly respectable, restricted house; references; $52.50; also four light, ground floor, $30.

2,128 BROADWAY.
Two and three rooms with bath.
Maid service; references required.

EIGHT rooms, 2 baths, in private house. Apply Wm. A. Taylor, Inc., 205 Columbus Av.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 340.—2-3 rooms, overlooking Hudson; exceptional. Academy 2675. Short

SEVEN-ROOM apartment, $900; American family desired; choice; exceptional. Modern, 350 Times.

STEAM HEAT GUARANTEED.
5 LARGE, 6 LIGHT, 7 CORNER } ROOMS $80-$75, $75-$85, $90-$100
40 MORNINGSIDE AVENUE,
3 min. 116th St. exp. sta., 6th and 9th Av. L.

THE NEWPORT.
200-206 West 52d St., s. e. cor. Broadway.
6 rooms and bath, $1,200.
Quiet and respectable building.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar St.
Tel. John 5700.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.—Seven rooms, $58; all improvements; select; convenient. Telephone 2960 Tremont.

WEST END AV., 851, (102D.)
Five light rooms; fine location; $55.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

IS IT POSSIBLE for a French family not accustomed to New York prices to find a furnished apartment or furnished house with seven rooms and three baths at a very reasonable price for six months only, in the districts east or south of Central Park? West side not wanted. Make offers by letter only and with full particulars to Monsieur T. A. M., care Twombel, 19 East 57th St. References requested and offered.

WANTED—Kitchenette apartment, all light, airy rooms, above 72d St., on the east side of Lexington Av. or one block west; for October 1st. Telephone 8286 Bowling Green, or address Black, Room J, 1 Broadway.

Six rooms, furnished apartment, housekeeping, from 96th up to 165th, preferably Riverside Drive or Central Park; not over $75. Address X 3,764 Broadway.

REFINED COUPLE will act as caretakers of furnished apartment in exchange for reduced rental; highest references. R 113 Times.

TWO ROOMS, bath, kitchenette, telephone, electricity; Washington Square, Central Park; must be moderate and quiet; references. R 142 Times.

WANTED—From October 1st, between 72d, 116th, west side, 7-room apartment, about $150; 6 months. Fred Martin, 15 Broad. Telephone Hanover 7045.

ONE or two rooms, bath, kitchenette; reasonable; refined young American couple; in Government service; commuting considered. C 453 Times Annex.

WILL PAY not over $5,000 for an apartment containing 2 or 3 family bedrooms; must be elegantly furnished; Park Avenue preferred. Banker, 142 Times.

WANTED—By responsible couple, completely furnished four-room apartment; Washington Heights, between 145th and 158th Sts. Address A., 304 West 145th.

REFINED COUPLE want 2-room apartment, furnished, with all conveniences; rent reasonable. A. H. K., Jr., 28A 1st St., Weehawken, N. J.

Five-room apartment, upper west side; would lease or sublease from Oct. 1 for six months; highest references required. Call operator, 4900 Chelsea.

REFINED couple require 2 rooms, kitchenette and bath, furnished or unfurnished; state full particulars. S 580 Times Downtown.

TO SUBLET YOUR APARTMENT TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 2890. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 462 MADISON AV.

6 or 7 room furnished apartments wanted; 96th to 116th St; reasonable rental. Murray Hill 4520.

WILL sublet furnished housekeeping apartment, two bedrooms; south of 59th St. C 452 Times Annex.

DOWNTOWN furnished apartment wanted; Washington Square preferred. Substantial. 159 Times.

FAMILY, three adults, Christian, require suite three rooms, use kitchen; have own linen, silver; $40. R 151 Times.

WELL furnished 6 or 7 room apartment wanted, west side, between 60th and 110th Sts. Write, F. T., Room 906, 198 Broadway.

FURNISHED apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

List your apartment quickly for annual rental. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 260 W. 72d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENTS WANTED FURNISHED. Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

FURNISHED and unfurnished apartments wanted for clients. Mrs. Gerrit Smith, 31 East 48th St. Murray Hill 8485.

WANTED—Furnished apartment, 4 or 5 rooms; $50-$60 month. R 181 Times.

Unfurnished.

Housekeeping apartment wanted, five to seven sunny rooms; good locality; small adult family; rent $1,200 or less; references given and required. Address Henry J. Conant, Upper Montclair, N. J.

Four or five room apartment, light, airy, elevator or non-elevator; below 110th St., west side. S 346 Times.

Four, five room, unfurnished apartment, between 42d and 116th Sts. West; $700 limit. Address 6B, 419 West 114th.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.) Suite, two rooms and bath.

50TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $7 weekly up; including elegant meals, $13 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $16 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; refined women only. Hotel Rutledge.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Square room; running water; single room; breakfast optional; references.

47TH, 142 EAST.—Spacious, sunny back parlor; running water; suitable two.

51ST ST., 40 AND 49 EAST.
Attractively furnished rooms and suites by week, month, or year.

57TH, 17 EAST.—Bachelors' rooms, residence of art collectors; references required.

58TH, 63 EAST.—Two connecting, light rooms, bath, electricity; also single room.

84TH, 133 EAST.—In an apartment; nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences. Carlson.

124TH, 1 EAST.—Elegant single, double rooms; private bath; fine location; opposite park; convenient all cars; private family.

GRAMERCY PARK, (145 East 21st St.)—Newly decorated furnished rooms, private bath; steam heat; electricity; references.

IRVING PLACE, 56.—Non-housekeeping studios, large and small; beautifully furnished; breakfast.

MADISON AV, 253.—Large, small, furnished, unfurnished; steam; electricity; also parlor floor.

West Side.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Floor, two rooms, bath; single or en suite; small room; references.

49TH ST, 59 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms in private house; gentleman.

51ST ST., 62 WEST.—Beautiful room; electricity, telephone; $12-$15 weekly; refined.

55TH ST.-BROADWAY, (Sonoma.) — Handsomely furnished suite, two large rooms, private bath; references required, given; breakfast optional. Maisinger.

56TH, 201 WEST.—Furnished rooms; attractive rooms; centrally located; conveniences. Circle 3993.

56TH, 330 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny back parlor; desirable, sunny, second story back.

56TH, 50 WEST.—Suitable large parlor, with bedroom; suitable two gentlemen.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent table and service; convenient location.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

59TH, 220 WEST.—Bedroom, maid's room, dining room, kitchen privileges; elevator; $65; references.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, sunny double rooms; electricity, telephone; unusually good neighborhood.

70TH, 138 WEST.—Room, private bath, steam heat, electricity; private house; gentleman.

70TH, 222 WEST.—Large, sunshiny room, adjoining bath; private family; for gentleman; references. Tel. Columbus 8791.

70TH ST., 220 WEST.—Attractive front room, running water, electricity; phone; references.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive suite, and other rooms; modern improvements; reference.

72D ST., 301 WEST, (corner West End Av.)—Nonhousekeeping suites, large and small; also single rooms, with or without baths; references required.

73D, 257 WEST.—Comfortable, clean kept room, opposite bath; all conveniences.

74TH, 150 WEST.—Newly furnished house, rooms with or without private bath, electricity; $6-$10-$12-$14; telephone.

75TH, 55 WEST.—Newly furnished, spacious rooms, private baths, electricity, telephone, $14.00 up.

75TH, 111 WEST.—Doctor, going into the service, will rent office.

76TH, 245 WEST, (Broadway, West End.)—Modern large and small suites, one room and bath; just altered; handsomely furnished.

76TH, (West End Av., 844.)—Select house, beautiful front rooms, baths; electricity.

76TH, 112 WEST.—Newly furnished house; large rooms, private baths, $6-$10-$12.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean, large r

THE TIMES HARLEM OFFICE

Advertisements and subscriptions may be left at the Harlem Office of The New York Times, 2,109 Seventh Avenue, just north of 125th Street.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE, office manager, public accounting experience, expert organizer and systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' varied experience, open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $4,600; available two weeks' notice. Commuter. S 554 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, nine years' experience, draft exempt; N. Y. U. commerce man. N 671 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT and Auditor desires additional clientele; financial statements, monthly audits. W 363 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits, $5 upward; books opened, closed. Friedlander, Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT.—Will take evening work; books kept part time. L 537 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT with C. P. A. firm desires work evenings after 6 as accountant or bookkeeper. W 382 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, in deferred class, desires position with large, reputable commercial organization. Box 490, City Hall Station, N. Y.

AUDITOR AND ACCOUNTANT, age 36, draft exempt, 12 years' experience in full charge auditing agents' accounts of Eastern railroad doing business $3,000,000 per month, desires change to overcome moving to another city. Z 227 Times Annex.

BANK MAN, exempt, with executive experience, seeks position of real responsibility with financial or other institution. W 339 Times.

BANK TELLER.— Young man, (22,) wishes to be occupied mornings. W 358 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, office manager, married, desires position; thoroughly experienced; has deferred classification; capable taking full charge. L 585 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, thoroughly experienced credits, collections, controlling accounts, imports, &c.; American; Christian; draft exempt; $35-$40. S 538 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. (32,) office manager, seeks position in executive capacity; thoroughly qualified accountant; capable assuming entire charge. J. Gold, 2,146 Vyse Av., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, exempt, 4 years' experience double entry, controlling accounts, good penman, references, desires position without Saturday. S 475 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, 17, thoroughly experienced, high school education; excellent references. Germereth, 373 Pine St., Brooklyn. Phone Cypress 28-R.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, ledger clerk, cashier, capable of handling details and assuming responsibility; thoroughly experienced; salary $20. W 333 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Exceptionally good, desires work evenings; any kind of bookkeeping or clerical work or as assistant to public accountant. W 329 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT. — Young man, 24, Christian, seven years' experience; excellent references; draft exempt; salary, $32. W 320 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, typist, 18; business college graduate; 1 year experience; understands payroll; Gentile; salary $19. A. M., 512 East 82d Street.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager; thoroughly experienced man; wishes change position; married; 29; draft exempt; highest credentials; $40. S 341 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, exempt, 4 years' experience; controlling accounts, trial balances; A1 references; $20. L 578 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-SALESMAN, exempt, highly educated, confidential, energetic, desires position. Box 208, 955 Broadway, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 21 years old; four years' experience; can take intelligent charge of any office; $22. L 545 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist and stenographer; 5 years' experience; draft exempt. S 526 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accounting student, 20, experienced, desires position with accountant. S 319 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; trial balance, controlling accounts; any line; draft exempt. G 494 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, 47, thorough accountant; start $25; also part time. N 682 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, draft exempt, experienced, college training, desires position with concern or accountant. N 678 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, stenographer; thoroughly experienced; permanent position desired; $30. R 171 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Responsible man wants position; warehouse experience; salary $35. S 348 Times.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION EXECUTIVE, WITH LARGE PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE ON ALL KINDS OF FIREPROOF AND FRAME BUILDINGS WORK, WILL BE READY TO MAKE A CHANGE SHORTLY. FAMILIAR WITH GOVERNMENT BUILDING CONSTRUCTION'S HIGHEST REFERENCES. W 337 TIMES.

BUYER.—Men's furnishings or kindred lines; thorough knowledge of business; advertising ability; highest references. R 188 Times.

BUYER for a house having considerable printing to give out. R 55 Times.

CAPABLE EXECUTIVE.

Family man, 33 years of age, with present firm 9 years, having had complete charge office and help past 3 years; thoroughly conversant modern methods, credits, collections, and correspondence. What have you to offer? R 166 Times.

CHAUFFEUR. — Canadian-American, (32,) married; good mechanic; experienced driver; no expert; willing; wages, $22 week; city preferred; excellent references. W 319 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, colored, draft exempt, 10 years' experience, wishes first class position, private or commercial; best references. George Simonds, 100 West 139th. Phone Circle 1417.

CHAUFFEUR.—American, 7 years' experience, draft exempt; references; city or country. Cummings, 211 West 95th. Riverside 6363.

CHAUFFEUR, draft exempt, American, expert driver, excellent mechanic, strictly temperate, highly recommended, careful, sober, seeks position. W 326 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.

Japanese, desires position in private family; 7 years' experience; expert driver and repairer; high grade cars; references. H 146 West 65th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Japanese, six years' experience, repairing, overhauling, carefulness, high class cars only, best references. George, 866 West 57th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Wanted, position in garage evenings and Sundays by man experienced on gasoline automobile; licensed chauffeur; references. H 52 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, exempt; specialize Cadillac; anywhere; only first class position considered; old couple preferred. Chauffeur, 8,215 Broadway. Morningside 7455.

CHAUFFEUR, married, long experience on good cars, personal references, wants permanent position. Irwin, 475 Amsterdam Ave. Schuyler 9248.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced mechanic and driver, private family. A. Hanson, 540 West 47th.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private family; three years' reference. McGuire, 513 8d Av.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; 6 years' experience; private; best of references. R 141 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, licensed, wishes position with private family; six years' experience; Packard car preferred. S 320 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 35, English, abstainer, 10 years' experience; best references. Evans, 56 West 104th. Riverside 6197.

CHAUFFEUR.—26, single, 8 years' experience, foreign, American cars; good references Gillis, 406 East 70th. Lenox 8210.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young Dane; good mechanic; prefer Cadillac machine; draft exempt. R 183 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, Pierce-Arrow, expert; draft exempt; fine references. Electrician, 1,403 8d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, good mechanic, married, desires position with private family; 10 years' experience on all cars. S 347 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, employed, wishes steady position; private; salary $35. Matthews, 241 W. 46th St.

CHAUFFEUR, married, draft exempt, wishes position. Phone St. Nicholas 8428.

CIGAR CLERK, Spanish, 27, speaks English, long experience in first-class hotel, wishes position. Mallorqui, 359 West 57th.

CLERK, 25, familiar all office details; knowledge bookkeeping; take charge small office; draft exempt; salary $30. R 146 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, Claim, Sales, 10 age 29; married; draft exempt; capable office man; reliable, industrious; $25-$30. S 529 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MANAGER of a large, successful corporation will entertain offer from a thoroughly reliable mercantile corporation to take absolute charge; years of experience; excellent record. Box 207 Times, 2 Rector St.

CREDIT MAN, at present employed; 15 years' experience in credits and collections; knowledge of experts, bookkeeping, and commercial law; credentials. L 579 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN, office manager, initiative and executive ability, wishes connection with responsible firm; draft exempt. L 531 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN, 26, educated, draft exempt, correspondent, collections, office man system. S 291 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, construction, superintending experience, estimating, desires position; good references. L 596 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, engineering, first-class all-around, good at details, estimates, bill of materials, etc., seeks steady position; $45 to start. R 159 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—26; wishes position at mechanical drawing or industrial layouts; 5 years' experience; references. R 197 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, 35, expert architectural; 28 years' experience; also mechanical drawings. R 187 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, 4½ years' experience, 2 years on jigs and fixtures. A 10 Times Bronx.

DRAFTSMAN, ENGINEER.—Good designer; 10 years' experience. R 190 Times.

EDITOR'S ASSISTANT on weekly or monthly; general knowledge; few hours evenings; references. Address A. E., 200 East 23d.

EXECUTIVE. — Ten years' experience, six years in printing business, managing, organizing, purchasing, cost, and production systems; would be useful to busy executive; age 27, married, Class 4A. S 569 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, chief clerk, paymaster, office manager, married, exempt, clean record, at present liquidating a business, open immediate change. Box 300 Times, 2 Rector St.

EXPORT.—Immediate connection desired for Far East service; experienced traveler. Address Orient, W 365 Times.

FOREIGN trade finance authority, organizer, linguist, draft exempt, seeks connection. W 236 Times.

FRANCE-RUSSIA.

Immediate connection with large international financial, import or export concern, preparing for after war world trade with these countries, is sought by successful American attorney, 43 years old, draft exempt, college, university graduate, possessing thorough knowledge French and Russian languages, and familiarity with European business methods. Ambitious, K 692 Times Downtown.

GARDENER, farmer or working superintendent; English; no children; competent and thorough; draft exempt; first-class references. L 554 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN will drive car evenings, Saturdays, Sundays; experienced, careful. D 124 Times.

IMPORT MAN, at present employed by A1 import house, thoroughly familiar with business in all its details, letters of credit, Custom House work, cable codes, &c., desires to make a change. R 120 Times.

MAN, 32, honorably discharged from United States Army, wants a high-grade position; experienced correspondent, assistant to executive, auditor, and statistician; moderate salary where advancement is possible. R 85 Times.

MAN, middle aged, well educated, reliable, energetic, knowledge of typewriting, desires general office work; best references. R 174 Times.

MAN, middle-aged, seeks position some responsibility; best references, security. N 683 Times Harlem.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, specializing in oil engines, desires engagement with manufacturing or shipbuilding company; over seven years in charge of department with present employer. Y 353 Times Annex.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER AND DESIGNER, 17 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, DESIRES TO CHANGE; HAVE SUPERVISED DESIGNING, SCHEMING, &c.; MARRIED; SALARY $2,500; AVAILABLE ABOUT OCT. 1; NATIVE AMERICAN. Z 229 TIMES ANNEX.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN desires position; long experience tools, aut. machinery; city. Z 237 Times Annex.

MR. EMPLOYER,
HERE IN AN OPPORTUNITY
to secure a man that will work with you and for you with might and main; present industry non-essential, therefore, must find other employment; 26, married, class 4A; in draft, varied business experience, including wholesale and retail selling, purchasing, and manufacturing; loyal, conscientious, capable; college education; initial salary may be nominal, but there must be a big future; an able, ambitious, tireless worker. L 582 Times Downtown.

NEWSPAPER WRITER, whole or part time; long experience; versatile; references. L 520 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, draft exempt, desires position; experienced; references. L 550 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, &c.—A high-grade man, resident partner of old New York importing firm, which dissolved owing to the war, wants position as office manager, accountant-bookkeeper, and correspondent; knowledge of French, English, Spanish, and German; salary not less than $2,500. Herbert McPherson Weiss, 395 4th Av.

OFFICE AND CREDIT MANAGER.

American, age 38, experienced in collecting and financing, capable executive, accountant and correspondent, 20 years' experience in various lines; thorough knowledge of modern system; highest credentials. D. B., 115 Times.

OFFICE CREDIT MANAGER, broad experience in accounting control office; high-class executive; credentials; married draft exempt. S 539 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 57, good health, desires position. 101 West 130th, Apt. 16.

OUR intelligent, graduated medical gymnast, masseur, an expert driver of any high grade automobile, desires position, draft exempt; salary $50 week; kindly specify particulars; excellent references. Bostrom, 238 East 60th.

PRINTER. — Manager, with wide, practical experience, employed, wants position; reference. S 583 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 38 YEARS, DRAFT EXEMPT; ENERGETIC, CAPABLE, RESOURCEFUL; HIGHEST RECOMMENDATION FORMER EMPLOYERS; 14 YEARS' TRAVELING MIDDLE WEST LEADING MERCANTILE LINES; OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT FIRST-CLASS FIRM; SALARY AND COMMISSION. S 334 TIMES.

SALESMAN OF CHARACTER AND INITIATIVE WITH SUCCESSFUL SELLING RECORD DESIRES OPPORTUNITY; SIX YEARS' TRAVELING EXPERIENCE; LEGITIMATE PROPOSITION ONLY. S 340 TIMES.

SALESMAN, (32,) energetic, draft exempt, experienced selling house furnishing goods and 10-cent stores, desires represent reliable concern on commission; drawing account. L 543 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Desires position with wholesale grocer; ten years' experience, commission basis; no schemers, draft exempt. Grocery, 1,364 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Nine years' experience wholesale cotton and dry goods, draft exempt, wants connections which offer advancement. S 335 Times.

SALESMAN, 35, 10 years' selling experience either staple or specialty lines, desires good connection; highest references. R 167 Times.

SALESMAN, 25, city experience, hard worker, desires good connection; exempt. R 158 Times.

SALESMAN.—Successful road salesman, jewelry, wishes position, ladies' apparel; exempted. L 567 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, exceptional ability, desires to connect with well-established concern. S 325 Times.

SALESMAN, 22, draft exempt; experience in selling ladies' apparel. N 679 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, references as to ability, wishes position with large house. S 326 Times.

SALESMEN.—Established resident firm, office prominently located, having capable salesmen, desire to handle few good lines on strict commission in New York and vicinity; any lines considered, but preferably men's line desired; highest references; what have you to offer? Confidential, 356 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, 21, exempt, offers his services to any one in need of a faithful, energetic office assistant; salary $25. S 343 Times.

SECRETARY, expert stenographer, college education, pleasing personality, executive ability, exempt. W 328 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Ten years' experience; capable taking charge; permanent connection with reliable concern; exempt; salary $30. S 342 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Married, draft exempt, wishes position. Atto Klippel, 552 2d Av.

STATISTICIAN, research man, executive, foreign languages, doctor economics, draft exempt. R 186 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, secretary, 20, high-school graduate; three years' experience; draft exempt; salary $27. H. G., 536 Graham Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, (21,) knowledge bookkeeping; experienced; well educated; deferred class; $22. H 53 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, rapid and efficient; draft exempt; experienced; best references. L 557 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, desires position; 4 years' experience; excellent reference. L 568 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eight years' experience, desires employment; will furnish references. S 530 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, experienced, high school graduate; knowledge of Spanish; $16. L 544 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, thoroughly familiar office routine; A-1 reference. Richard, 14 East 111th St.

STENOGRAPHER, 19, wants position with mercantile house. Oscar Bluever, 1,595 East New York Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, desires position in or out of town. L 529 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; $25. R. C. Hill, 127 Garfield Place, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, 19, wishes position; 3 years' experience. S 324 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

STUDENT, high school, 17, ambitious, desires work mornings; $7-$8. L 612 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT wants high-class apartment house; will furnish first-class references. To Oct. 1st write Carr, 2,843 Broadway.

TEACHER.—Young lawyer, college and business college training, business and teaching experience, desires position evenings teaching Gregg shorthand, commercial law, or any business subjects. S 344 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER, YOUNG, HIGH-CLASS RATE, CLAIM, EXPORT MAN, DESIRES NEW CONNECTION; VERY BEST CREDENTIALS; EXECUTIVE WITH BROAD EXPERIENCE; WILL ACCEPT $5,500 YEAR TO START. S 322 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, 19, attending N. Y. University evenings, draft exempt, wishes position, importing or exporting house, chance for advancement, some knowledge Spanish. Winkler, 339 East 66th.

YOUNG MAN, corresponding ability, energetic and willing to work, desires position where capability and accuracy is recognized and appreciated. L 561 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, draft exempt; clerical, shipping, meat packing house experience, desires position. Hammer, 322 Berriman St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 25, desires position of responsibility; seven years construction foreman; has dependent family to support. S 495 Times Downtown.

YOUNG man desires position at anything; intelligent and active. What have you? Draft exempt. Box 25, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 21, draft exempt, speaking fluently 5 languages, seeks position as private clerk; best references from abroad. R 185 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, draft exempt, wishes position as clerk, selling experience, with chance of advancement. S 581 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Spanish, 23, desires position as billing clerk or Spanish correspondent in American office; speaks a little English. R 144 Times.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, timekeeper, payroll, material, auditing, and general office clerk, wishes permanent position. Fox, 24 West 128th.

YOUNG MAN, 20, exempt, 5 years' business experience, desires to connect with concern offering opportunities to one capable and ambitious. S 578 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, ex-collegian, honorably discharged from service and draft, executive and selling ability, desires connection. R 149 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, experienced asst. bookkeeper, pay roll, cost clerk, exempt; excellent references; please state salary offer. S 577 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, Swedish subject, speaking English and Spanish, desires position. L. Times, 397 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) exempt, desires position with marine insurance firm. L 551 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with thorough business knowledge, desires position where a future is assured. R 189 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position with reliable house; $18 start. L 553 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position, experienced stock and shipping clerk. R 160 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Experienced payroll, time, general office clerk; highest references. S 566 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, experienced cashier, paymaster bank, wishes responsible position. K 637 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) with knowledge of mechanical drafting, desires position. L 593 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, desires clerical position, with advancement; experienced; $14. R 175 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17; experienced credit and office work; advancement; $16. S 323 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17, desires position export dept. of large concern. N 684 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN; American, married, draft exempt, desires employment evenings. L 509 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, exempt, 7 years' general experience, desires outside position. S 573 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, with high school education, desires position. S 525 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, well educated, thoroughly trained modern business methods, bookkeeper, correspondent; exempt. W 332 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, desires position. D. Schaffer, 997 Union Av.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, desires position at anything. L 549 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, neat, wishes position at anything; advancement. R 147 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires position evenings; sales or clerical; reliable. S 331 Times.

YOUNG SALESMAN, WITH ROAD EXPERIENCE, WISHES POSITION WITH CORRECT HOUSE; CAN FURNISH FINEST REFERENCES; DRAWING ACCOUNT OR STRAIGHT SALARY. R 179 TIMES.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSE WORKERS, colored, experienced workers, excellent cooks; references; day workers supplied. Telephone Columbus 5163. Domestic Agency, 329 West 59th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMEN.

We have permanent positions at liberal salary for saleswomen in our Millinery, Flowers, Feathers, Hosiery, Silverware, Dress Goods, Linen, Silk, and Toy Departments. Applications may be made any day at the Superintendent's Office, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M., or by mail.

ALSO

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Require saleswomen of first-class experience, thoroughly versed in the selling and fitting of shoes; a permanent position with attractive salary is offered to those possessing the necessary qualifications. Apply to Superintendent.

ALSO

WRAPPING DEPARTMENT.

Require a number of girls to act as parcel wrappers; experience not necessary. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, Subway Floor, Central Building.

ANALYST wanted; a competent woman analytical chemist in a chemical factory; to one who is experienced in laboratory work, both commercial and research, good pay and permanent position is assured; also, one with some technical chemical knowledge for a position as laboratory assistant. "Analyst." L 538 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT
TO CASHIER

for main office. Only those capable and accurate, at figures will be considered. Good salary and permanent position. Apply Mr. Crosby, Seventh Floor, Saks & Co., Broadway at 34th St.

ASSISTANT for compiling names; plain writer, accurate, good reader and typist, well bred and neat in appearance, also act as relief switchboard operator; state religious faith, age, references and salary expected. D. D., S 566 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, bright, capable young lady, excellent opportunity, state references, salary expected. R. S., 128 Times Harlem.

ASSISTANT in office of shoe jobbing house. Call or write, Thomas Boyd & Co., 76 Reade St.

ASSISTANT, architect's office, stenography, typewriting, filing; state age and salary. R 182 Times.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital. Call 146 East 28, today at 4 P. M.

AN OPPORTUNITY
FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

GOOD PAY WHILE LEARNING.

We will train immediately a number of young women for long distance telephone operating; any young woman, between the ages of 17 and 25, of ordinary education and intelligence, can qualify; we pay $8 a week to students during a short training period; increase in pay upon completion of training; permanent situations and increased wages with excellent chances for advancement.

This is a splendid opportunity to engage in an essential war service.

Apply in person to Mrs. Wadsworth, Room 530, 24 Lispenard St. (One block south of Canal St.)

AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

BILLING CLERK, experienced on Remington No. 11; one capable of taking shorthand, but not essential. I. Davega, Jr., Inc., 125 West 125th.

BILL CLERK, on Smith machine. Call W. E. Pruden, 864 8th Av., 10 A. M.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BANK

REQUIRES A NUMBER OF YOUNG WOMEN FOR CLERICAL POSITIONS; GRADUATES OF HIGH SCHOOL PREFERRED; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY $625 PER ANNUM TO START; LUNCHES PROVIDED. APPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE AND EDUCATION, K 614 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER,

experienced, with executive ability; one who has taken charge of office force and understands up-to-date bookkeeping; salary no object to right party.

MARTIN'S,
Fulton and Bridge Sts.,

Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady who understands principles of double entry bookkeeping, to assist on general ledger; state qualifications and salary expected. L 546 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — DOUBLE ENTRY, TO TAKE CHARGE OF OFFICE, MUST UNDERSTAND CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS AND MUST BE RAPID AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; THIS IS AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY; STATE AGE, SALARY, REFERENCES AND EXPERIENCE. V. H., 68 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady in bookkeeping department of downtown wholesale concern with some knowledge of Elliott-Fisher bookkeeping machine; state salary expected; permanent position; opportunity to advance. Address C. D. F., P. O. Box 460, City Hall Station.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly competent bookkeeper by New Rochelle concern; must be capable to take full charge of office; make trial balances, figure production costs, &c.; good salary and opportunity for lady residing in or near New Rochelle. A 10 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 22-25, neat appearance, energetic, four to five years' experience, thoroughly competent, to take full charge in large advertising and publishing house; double-entry system; trial balance; salary, $25; excellent opportunity. A 328 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, first class double entry, to take entire charge of office; only those with long experience need apply; best of references required; good salary for right party. Apply Sarnoff-Irving Hat Co., 15 Washington Place.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; must be neat and accurate, good penman, and rapid typist; very good position for right party; hours 9 to 5; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 471 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPERS, with general accounting experience; also junior clerks, in office of corporation near Times Square; state age, experience and nationality. Address A. K., P. O. Box 922, City Hall Station, New York.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, able to draw trial balance and keep full set of books; knowledge of typing desirable; state age, experience, and salary; small manufacturing company downtown. S 524 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — COMPETENT, EXPERIENCED DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKKEEPER BY IMPORT HOUSE. REPLY, STATING BOOKKEEPING EDUCOTION, QUALIFICATIONS, AND PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE. A 474 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, wanted; permanent; must be experienced, rapid, and accurate; fine chance for advancement; answer stating age, experience, and salary expected. A 9 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced, capable of handling full set of books, controlling accounts, &c.; state experience, references, and salary expected. A 470 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER for suburban real estate and insurance office located near Grand Central Terminal; collection experience helpful; $20 to $25; outline experience and qualifications. Insurance, 66 Times.

BOOKKEEPER in large insurance corporation; must be well educated; give age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. S 514 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Competent stenographer and typewriter; young woman, about 30, with executive ability; address, stating age, references, and salary expected. W 342 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young woman knowledge of bookeeping; capable of posting ledger accounts; state experience and salary. A 448 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, experienced double entry bookkeeper accustomed to taking off monthly trial balance. Whittemore-Sim Co., 1,976 Broadway, New York.

BOOKKEEPER, LEDGER CLERK in wholesale house; must be experienced, rapid and accurate; state salary expected. L 617 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Single entry, correct at figures, good writer; accustomed market work preferred. Write Venice Market, 813 Park Av.

BOOKKEEPER; assistant; one who has knowledge of typewriting, good at figures; elderly person preferred. A. Schwalbe, 31 West 38th.

BOOKKEEPER, with knowledge of stenography, to take full charge of office; state experience and salary expected. A 21 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced in double entry and trial balance. Marrow, 633 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—State age, experience, and salary desired in own handwriting. R 198 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Girl, experienced, rapid figurer, office mercantile house. L 569 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced ledger clerk; good penman; exceptional opportunity. Phone Franklin 455.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, 2 or 3 days a week. Jonas, 2 West 57th St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, chemical line; state full particulars. L 615 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced double entry, control accounts, knowledge of stenography. Mutual Biscuit Co., 831 East 133d St.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry; references. A 20 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST.—Good and steady position. Charles Green Co., 98 Lafayette.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.,
5th Av., at 38th St.,

require the services of

BOOKKEEPERS
on
CUSTOMERS' LEDGERS

in their department of accounts.

Employment Department,
6 East 38th St.

CASHIER AND AUDIT CLERK FOR BOOKKEEPING DEPARTMENT OF DRUG HOUSE; ONE WHO CAN BALANCE SALES CHECKS PREFERRED; SALARY $15. CALL JAMES, 247 WEST 46TH.

CASHIER.—Experienced; hours, 1 week, 8:30 to 2:30; next week, 2:30 to 8. Lambert, 39 Cortlandt St.

CHAMBERMAID and housemaid wanted; good salary. Madison Square Apartment, 40 East 26th St. 3900 Madison Square.

CHAMBERMAID, experienced; references; sleep out. Women's Club, 133 East 40th.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS. Apply at Page & Shaw, 114 East 29th St.

CLERKS, female, by a large corporation; a number of young women from 20 to 30 years of age, with high school or college education; interesting work and rapid promotion to supervising positions for those who can make good; an unusual opportunity; salary to start depends upon experience. Box L 410 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL
ASSISTANT.

Only those who are experienced and accurate at figures need apply; must be willing and industrious; to those who can qualify the position is permanent, with advancement. Apply Main Office, 6th floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

CLERK.

Girl with good education and some bookkeeping experience; salary dependent upon ability.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

CLERK AND TYPIST to assist purchasing agent in large corporation; state references, experience, and salary desired. W 348 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

CLERK.—Young woman having business experience, for clerical work in office of large progressive concern; must be good at figures. Apply in own handwriting giving previous experience and salary desired. A 455 Times Downtown.

CLERK for office of manufacturing business in Long Island City; has to be good at figures and understand stenography. Address, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired. B. B. C., Room 600, Tribune Building, N. Y. C.

CLERK.—Order clerk for office; busy manufacturing concern; excellent opportunity for bright young lady. Harris Bros. & Barnett, 11 East 26th.

CLERICAL WORKER, ambitious and willing, for permanent connection with a large, progressive technical publishing house; hours 9-5; Saturday, 12:30; fair education necessary; advancement assured to a capable and willing girl. A 25 Times.

CLERICAL HELP.

Girls for clerical work; must be good at figures; accuracy is essential; $9 weekly; half day Saturday year around; write, giving age, experience, salary desired. Address Accuracy, 260 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL WORK and some knowledge of typing; young lady, good education; salary to start, $12; permanent position. Address C. D. P., P. O. Box 460, City Hall Station, New York.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT wanted in publishing house; must be quick, neat and accurate; experience not necessary. A 26 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE wanted in compensation division, claim department, of insurance company; good opportunity for well-educated, intelligent, active, energetic woman; in replying state age, education, nationality, business experience. S 548 Times Downtown.

COLORISTS, EXPERIENCED ON LANTERN SLIDES; EXCELLENT WORKING CONDITIONS; HOURS, 9-5, SATURDAY, 9-12; GOOD PAY. WORK GIVEN OUT. APPLY MR. GRAY, 17TH FLOOR, 920 B'WAY.

COOK.—For private family in New Rochelle; one who cooks simple meals well; $45; also second maid to do chamber work and waiting, $35. Call Wednesday between 9 and 11 Heyman, 220 West 19th. Telephone Chelsea 8550.

COMPANION for convalescent lady every morning from 9 to 12, except Sundays. Inquire Wednesday morning, Moch, 348 Central Park West.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, must be accurate and willing to do some clerical work. Apply 83 North 10th St., Brooklyn.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Wanted, experienced operator in busy office; good opportunity for advancement. S 535 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, knowledge of stenography preferred; permanent position; state age, experience, and salary. A 462 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, rapid typist, experienced one year; good chance for advancement; salary to start $15. Call, Hitz, Jacobs & Co., 18 East 16th.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR. — Experienced typist; good opportunity for right girl. R 164 Times.

DICTATING MACHINE OPERATOR.—Permanent position; $15 start; advancement. Edwin C. Barnes, Room 702, 114 Liberty St.

DRAFTSWOMAN

wanted, experienced in tracing and drawing details of automobile parts. P. O. Box 2, Station U, New York.

ENTRY CLERK, wholesale hosiery house; good hand; quick figurer; closed Saturday, open Sunday morning; salary $13. S 553 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK, by selling importers; must be good penman, accurate figurer. Apply Weil Bros., 147 5th Av.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR for high-class family hotel, $50 per month; regular six-hour watch. Apply Hotel Webster, 40 West 45th at 9 A. M.

FILE CLERK.—Girl 17 to 18 years of age in office of wholesale hardware firm; high school attendant or graduate preferred; previous experience unnecessary; salary $8 per week to start; hours 8 to 5:30. L 592 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK; must be competent to take entire charge of filing system; 11th floor, 440 4th Av.

FILING CLERK, experienced, for large wholesale house; good opportunity. Call Van Raalpe, 6 East 16th St.

FILE CLERK.—Young girl with some experience; chance for advancement. R 165 Times.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK and cooking, no washing, white girl; one who will appreciate good home in New Rochelle, three in family. Apply A. Grant, 56 West 45th St., or telephone Vanderbilt 1790, or telephone New Rochelle 1106.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
Require

SALESWOMEN
for SILKS, BOOKS,
WASH GOODS, LINENS,
RIBBONS, SHOES, MILLINERY,
TOILET ARTICLES.

Also
For All Sections of Our Jewelry Department.

Also
SALESWOMEN
For Women's and Children's Cloaks and Suits.

Also
Thoroughly experienced saleswoman to take charge of Engraving Section of Stationery Department. All of the above positions present exceptional opportunities for qualified saleswomen.

Apply at Management Office, Fifth Floor.

GIRLS,

WOMEN.

CLERKS—

GIRLS OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE FOR CLERICAL POSITIONS, CLEARNESS OF HANDWRITING OF IMPORTANCE; PAY BASED ON PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE; FACILITIES FOR TRAINING BEGINNERS.

ORDER PICKERS—

ACTIVE GIRLS OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE TO FILL MERCHANDISE ORDERS IN OUR PIECE GOODS, NOTIONS, WOMEN'S WEAR, SHOES, AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS; GOOD PAY TO START; ADVANCEMENT AS SOON AS ABILITY IS SHOWN.

UTILITY WORKERS—

THESE POSITIONS ARE IN OUR SHIPPING ROOM; EXPERIENCE IN FACTORY, LAUNDRY, OR HOUSEWORK HELPFUL, AS THESE POSITIONS REQUIRE THAT YOU WORK STANDING; ADVANCEMENT IS RAPID.

PART-TIME WORK—

WE CAN USE WOMEN FIVE DAYS EACH WEEK FROM 1:00 P. M. TO 5:30 P. M.; VACANCIES FOR TYPISTS, CLERICAL WORKERS, STOCK PEOPLE, AND GENERAL WORKERS.

OUR BUILDINGS

ARE LOCATED THREE MINUTES' WALK FROM THE SANDS ST. STATION AT BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

CALL AT ONCE—

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

GIRLS—WANTED—WOMEN.

Large mail order house, men's, women's and children's wearing apparel, requires girls and women for packing, shipping, and order picking departments; excellent working conditions, good salary; previous experience unnecessary. Apply personally, Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. Station, 9th Av. "L."

GIRL, bright, active, for assembling small machines, to learn machine engraving; splendid opportunity for advancement; clean factory, good pay and steady work; no experience necessary; hours, 7:30 A. M. to 4:45 P. M.; Saturday 11:45 A. M. all year

Before 3 P. M.

Want advertisements for the Sunday edition of The New York Times must be in the Times Building before 3 p. m. Saturday.

Advertisements for the daily edition must be in by 7:30 o'clock on the evening previous to the date of publication.

HELP WANTED—Female.

YOUNG LADY TO ASSIST ON BOOKS; FINE OPPORTUNITY TO ADVANCE; STATE AGE AND SALARY EXPECTED; CHRISTIAN FIRM. S. A., 167 TIMES.

YOUNG LADY TO ASSIST IN OFFICE; MUST BE NEAT, INTELLIGENT, AND PAINSTAKING; PERMANENT POSITION. N. Y. MILLINERY SUPPLY CO., 1,237 BROADWAY.

YOUNG LADY with knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting; $15 to start; good chance for advancement. G 269 Times.

YOUNG LADY as entry clerk, office assistant, Brooklyn firm; state experience and salary desired. L 584 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY for billing on Remington, dry goods business; hours 9 to 5; permanent position; state experience and references. S 544 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY OPERATOR, Monitor switchboard and take orders, permanent and rapid advancement. Repetti, 514 West 36th.

YOUNG LADIES wanted for packing dresses. Geverty Mfg. Co., 31 West 31st.

YOUNG WOMAN.—Insurance company, compensation claim department, requires services of intelligent, well-educated young woman; good opportunity for an active, energetic worker; in replying state age, education, nationality, business experience. S 547 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted, stenographer and typewriter, and with experience in general office work; state salary required. L 534 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted for clerical position in office of large coal storage company; must be accurate and good at figures; good opportunity for right party; give previous experience and salary expected. A 436 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN.—Chance for young woman; light, pleasant work; no factory; permanent situation; experience unnecessary. Selchow Righter, 620 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN, 18 to 35, do clerical work. Call L. Seely, 38 West 32d St.

YOUNG WOMEN.

THE WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY HAS THE FOLLOWING VACANCIES. CALL AT ONCE IF YOU QUALIFY FOR ANY OF THESE POSITIONS.

GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN:

Bright girls (not under 18 years) to work in shop making scientific apparatus for Government. 25 cents per hour and supplemental war wage. Demonstrated ability will bring rapid advancement. 48 hours per week. Half day Saturday.

COLLEGE GRADUATE

to do experimental laboratory work on scientific apparatus for Government use. One who has specialized in physics and mathematics. Write, stating age and salary desired.

MESSENGERS,

must be 16 years old, to do light messenger work in offices. Good salary to start, and advancement is assured. This is a very good opportunity for those girls who are anxious to get a start in the business world.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
NEAR WEST ST.,
SIX BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH ST.

YOUNG WOMAN, CLERICAL WORK; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE DESIRED, BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; GOOD PENMANSHIP AND HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION REQUIRED; HOURS 9 TO 5, HALF DAY SATURDAY THROUGHOUT YEAR. APPLY IN PERSON BETWEEN 9 A. M. AND 4 P. M. N. Y.-EDISON CO., 38TH ST., 1ST AV.

YOUNG WOMEN, 20 TO 35 YEARS OF AGE, FOR INTERESTING MECHANICAL WORK; KNOWLEDGE OF SHOP WORK; EXPERIENCE DESIRED BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT UNDER SPLENDID WORKING CONDITIONS; APPLY BOX L 411 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG WOMEN wanted for clerical work; preference will be given to those having experience as bill clerk or making simple calculations; applications must state kind of work last performed, references, age, education, and salary expected. R 9 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN, several intelligent, preferably with technical training in physics, for work in electrical laboratory; excellent opportunities for advancement. Apply in person, Electrical Testing Laboratory, 80th St. and East End Av.

YOUNG WOMEN, 18 to 35, filing and clerical work; permanent positions, congenial surroundings, and opportunity for advancement. Apply 26 floor, 346 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted for office as stenographer and filing clerk. Apply Post Office, Madison Square, Box 199.

WOMAN to sell typewriter supplies in metropolitan district, (to fill position of salesman who has been called to the service) first-class connection; splendid opportunity for bright, capable woman; selling experience not absolutely necessary if competent; congenial work; opportunity; good compensation; salary or commission. For interview address Box 1201, City Hall P. O.

WOMAN of refinement wanted in a Jewish institution for girls, to look after girls when sick and assist generally. Z 239 Times Annex.

Instruction.

ASK US ABOUT THE POSITIONS now open in prominent business houses for thoroughly trained File Clerks; salaries are excellent, and there are opportunities to advance; we prepare you to fill these positions by a Course of Training that is practical, speedy, and inexpensive; ours is the only school affiliated with a Filing Equipment House; classes now forming; Next Day Class Sept. 30. Next Evening Class (6:30 to 8:30) Oct. 1. Write, phone or call for full information regarding subjects taught, positions, salaries, tuition, &c. Phone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St. Near Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syla-bic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 58d St. and 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR WOMEN IN BUSINESS.—Women who are anxious to do their share in these strenuous times should hear this free lecture by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A. It is given at 6 P. M. Friday, Sept. 20, at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., N. Y., as the opening lecture of a sixteen session Shorter Accounting Course for Women. Write or telephone (Cort. 1465) for admission card.

WANTED—Young men and young women to prepare for secretarial and business positions THE EMERSON WAY; study at home spare time; send in your work for correction; come to the school for individual help day or evening, at your convenience; rates reasonable. The Emerson Institute, 334 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER:—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; get into business for yourself; demand for expert ates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y. Individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; references required; register now for Fall session.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION, intensive training for war service work; secretarial, stenography, typewriting, bookeeping, etc.; don't waste time in large classes; rapid progress. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous desirable positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CREDIT OFFICE ASSISTANTS! Double your salary; personal evening training, practical bookkeeping, credit investigation; moderate rates; write for Prospectus A. Edward Levi, Room 619, 200 5th Av.

FULTON AGENCY,
93 Nassau St. 489 5th Av.
Free Registration.
Stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, clerks, dictaphone, switchboard; openings for high school, college girls.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping. Individual training. Beginners, advanced students, post-graduates. Begin any time. Hours student's convenience. 5 BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL, 280 Madison Ave. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and preeminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

GIRLS, LADIES, ATTENTION!
Learn telephone, switchboard operating, typewriting, stenography, billing, dictaphone, bookkeeping. Capt. O'Brien's School, 112 East 23d St., 137 Decatur, Brooklyn.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE.
Stenographers, secretaries, $25-$30; typists, $10-$12; clerks, $12-$18; dictaphone, comptometers.
99 Nassau St. Free Registration. Cort 3519.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' individual instruction; Summer terms.
25 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

ATTENTION, LADIES, GIRLS!
Learn elevator operating, telephone operating. Captain O'Brien, 112 East 23d St.

FILING COURSE—ATTENTION!
FILING COURSE, $10. WHY PAY MORE? CAPT. O'BRIEN'S SCHOOL, 112 E. 23D ST.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, Typists, Clericals, $10-$35. Rose Webber Agency, 1009 Tribune Building.

Lang Agency, 115 Broadway.—Stenographers, clerical, typists; excellent high class positions; permanent.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church Street.
Established 1900.
There is an insistent demand made upon us to supply capable women and girls to fill high-class positions in the business world.
We need quickly
STENOGRAPHER, publishing house, $15-$18.
STENOGRAPHER, machinery, downtown, $14-$15.
STENOGRAPHER, good at figures, $15.
STENOGRAPHER, real estate, beginner, $15-$18.
TYPIST AND GENERAL CLERK, commercial, $15.
TYPIST, must be good, downtown office, $15-$17.
ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, uptown club, $14-$15.
ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, downtown insurance, $15-$16.
LEDGER CLERKS, several fine openings in downtown offices, $15 to $17.
CLERK, law office, knowledge of filing and switchboard, $15.
CLERK, to figure payroll and costs, downtown office, $15-$18.
CLERKS, good at figures, experience not necessary, high school graduates, $15-$18.
JUNIOR CLERKS, young girls between the ages of 16 and 20, to do filing or mailing; little or no previous exp. necessary, $8 to $12.
GENERAL CLERKS, good handwriting and accuracy at copying names and figures, $10 to $12.
TELEPHONE OPRS., girls who can operate either Monitor or plug boards; some positions with a small amount of clerical work or typewriting in connection with the operating, $12.
TYPISTS, either inexperienced or experienced girls, $14 to start.
STENOGRAPHERS, beginners anxious to locate in very fine uptown or downtown offices, $11 to $12.
Room 725.
"THE"
"NATIONAL"
PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC., HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.

PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS
THROUGH SCIENTIFIC
VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.

BOOKKEEPERS, PRIVATE LEDGER EXPERIENCE, $30; FULL CHARGE, BROOKLYN, $25; CLERICAL, $21; LEDGER, $17.

STENOGRAPHERS, TABULATING, $20; LEGAL, BROOKLYN, $20; SALESWOMAN, SMALL OFFICE, $15-$20; CHARGE SMALL OFFICE, $18.

TYPISTS, DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, $18; HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, $16-$18.

CLERKS, KNOWLEDGE BOOKKEEPING AND TYPING, $20.

CALL IN PERSON, 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 VESEY ST.
No Registration Fee.
Stenographers, $25, $22, $20, $18, $15; beginners, $12; bookkeepers, $22 $20, $18; typists, billing clerks, $18, $15; copyists, $12, $10; telephone operator-typist, $12-$15; office assistant, $12-$14; learner, $8; file clerks, $12; patent law stenogr. pher, $20. Call.

BARKER & MAC COLL,
VOCATIONAL SPECIALISTS, 74 B'WAY.
Spanish-English stenographer; stenographers, $23-$15; typists, $18; bookkeepers, $25-$18; ledger clerks, $18-$16; clerks, $23-$12; file clerks, $18-$12; tabulating machine operator; Elliott Fisher machine operator, $15; messengers, $10. Registry free.

BROAD STREET
COMMERCIAL EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
ROOM 1152. 50 BROAD ST.
EXCELLENT POSITIONS
FOR FIRST-CLASS APPLICANTS
STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS, BOOKKEEPERS, CLERKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
No registration charge.

MANY openings, stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, clerks; others. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

OFFICE CLERKS.—Fine opportunity for advancement in publishing house. Popular Science Monthly, 225 West 39th St.

LENOX AGENCY, 422 Lenox.—Switchboard, el. operators, cooks; white, colored; chauffeur., Harlem 7103.

HOUSEWORKERS, colored; cooks, chambermaids; references. Augusta Agency, 333 West 53d. Columbus 3129.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted who have had experience with independent auditors or audit companies; either seniors or juniors; excellent opportunity for certified public accountants; answer in own handwriting, giving experience, age, standing in draft, salary desired. Willison Audit and System Co., 6,080 Jenkins Arcade, Pittsburgh, Penn.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Experienced senior accountants wanted by a firm of certified public accountants; state age, experience, references, and salary desired. L 587 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Permanent; can obtain certified experience; state experience and salary. S 575 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced on monthly audits; permanent position. C. P. A., 1,136 Woolworth Building.

ASSISTANT FUR BUYER.
ONE OF THE LARGEST DEPARTMENT STORES IN NEW YORK REQUIRES AN ASSISTANT TO THEIR FUR BUYER. MUST BE POSTED IN EVERY DETAIL IN CONNECTION WITH THE SELLING OF FURS AND HAVE EXCEPTIONAL EXECUTIVE ABILITY. CAN OFFER A VERY INTERESTING AND ATTRACTIVE POSITION. ADDRESS L. A., 633 TIMES.

ASSISTANT AT COUNTER IN WHOLESALE DRUG DEPARTMENT; STATE REFERENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. APPLY BY LETTER, SUPERINTENDENT EIMER & AMEND, 18TH ST. 3D AV. U. S. E. S. 120.

ASSISTANT in traffic department, preferably experienced with lightering and trucking matters, in office of large chemic l import and export house; office hours 9 to 5:30; satisfactory salary; opportunity; permanent position. A 454 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT in cost department; must be draft exempt, careful, and good at figures. Apply Administration Department National Aniline and Chemical Co., Brooklyn. Works, East 83d St. and Ditmas Av., Brooklyn. Take Church Av. car to Ralph.

ASSISTANT SHIPPING CLERK; wholesale exporter wants experienced man. L 574 Times Downtown.

BANK.

A LARGE BANK CAN USE A NUMBER OF MEN WHO ARE BRIGHT, ENERGETIC, PROGRESSIVE, HAVING CLERICAL EXPERIENCE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT; LUNCHES PROVIDED; GOOD SALARY. APPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE AND EDUCATION. K 613 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HELP WANTED—Male.

A UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PLANT
NEEDS YOU!
Largest shell-making plant in America needs able-bodied men; no experience necessary; ideal working conditions; advancement possible; age betwen 18 and 50; if not employed on Government work apply in person or by mail at once.
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,
T. A. GILLESPIE LOADING CO.,
AGENT,
SOUTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY.
Directions to plant: Take Penn. R. R. or Jersey Central to South Amboy, and trolley from there direct to plant.
OR TO
Representative at
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
142 Bowery, New York City;
OR TO
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
310 Jay St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 50.

BILL CLERK, young man; one good at figures; splendid opportunity to the right person. Address National Blank Book Company, 52 Duane St., New York City.

BILL CLERK.—Rapid tabulator on Underwood machine, copying only; also clerical work; $16 to start. Langsdorf, 72 Spring St.

BILL CLERK wanted, hardware business, draft exempt; state salary, experience. W 331 Times.

BILLING MACHINE CLERK.—Man understands running machine; state experience. L 576 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK.—Rapid. Aply Careful Carpet Cleaning Co., 421 East 48th.

BOYS.
OFFICE BOYS FOR
PERMANENT POSITIONS,
WITH GOOD FUTURE.
We require several boys who have graduated from school; ages 14 to 17 years; half day Saturday.
OPPORTUNITY FOR PROMOTION TO CLERICAL AND MECHANICAL POSITIONS.
Apply by letter only.
Public Telephone Department,
Room 202, 24 Walker St., N. Y. City.
NEW YORK
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

BOYS,

TO WORK NIGHTS IN SHOP ON VACUUM PUMPS. NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; STEADY POSITION. GOOD PAY.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

LICENSED BY U. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 118.

BOYS! BOYS!
Bright, clean-cut boys over 16 years of age desirous of starting their business career under the best of conditions and surroundings. Advancement only by ability and attention to duties.
Apply
AMERICAN SUGAR REFINING CO.,
90 West St., Room 505.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. No. 177.

BOYS.
Must be 16 years of age, for mail and messenger service; excellent opportunity for advancement in electrical business.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOYS
in office of a large manufacturing concern; good opportunity for bright, willing, and capable boys. Apply, stating salary expected, Box Z. T., 104 East 14th St.

BOY, under 16, make himself generally useful in export house; permanent position with advancement for ambitious, hard worker willing to learn; answer own handwriting, references and salary expected. S 561 Times Downtown.

BOY from 15 to 17 years to learn freight traffic office work; paid while learning. Call after 9, 150 Nassau.

BOY wanted by large cotton and silk house; good opportunity for bright boy to learn the business, with excellent chances for advancement; state age and salary desired. W 336 Times.

BOYS—BOYS.
Bright, clean-cut, energetic, for downtown mercantile office; big opportunity for right boys. Call Wisconsin Condensed Milk Co., 171 Franklin St., near Hudson.

BOY wanted by New York Stock Exchange house; no previous experience necessary; exceptional opportunities for bright young man; state religion. L 588 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, to learn real estate business in large office, near Grand Central Terminal; if he has attended commercial school application will receive first consideration; $7 to start. Bright, 123 Times.

BOY, to run errands, about 14 or 15 years of age; must have grammar school education; opportunity to learn and for advancement in office of large construction company. Call at 30 E. 42d St., Room 1402.

BOYS.
We require several boys for office and stock work; a great chance to learn silk business. Apply Duplan Silk Corporation, 50 Union Square.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE. B 754 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOYS wanted to work in large publishing house; easy work, hours 8:30-5, 12 o'clock Saturday. Call at Iron Age Pub. Co., 239 W. 39th St.

BOY.—For office; must be American, neat, and have working papers; bring references; Christian firm. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 161 Water St.

BOY wanted in export office; good handwriting and knowledge of arithmetic desirable; reference required; salary to start $8 weekly. Room 824, 18 Broadway.

BOYS BOYS
for file room; experience unnecessary; $40 monthly to start; opportunity for advancement. Call 2 Albany St., 6th floor.

BOYS FOR OFFICE, STOCK, AND SHIPPING DEPARTMENTS; LARGE MERCANTILE HOUSE; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. 8 EAST 22D.

BOY as stock clerk in large wholesale dry goods house; bright boy has good chances for advancement. Loeb & Schoenfeld Co., 27-33 West 23d.

BOYS, 14 to 18, for our wholesale departments; permanent work; rapid advancement to those with ability. Arnold, Constable & Co., 40th St. and 5th Av., 5th floor.

BOY wanted as messenger by a downtown banking house; must be neat appearing and come well recommended. L 548 Times Downtown.

BOY
for errands and make himself generally useful; good wages. Paul Overhage, 229 West 28th St.

BOY.—Good permanent opening in office of Christian firm for bright boy, over 16; experience unnecessary; opportunity for advancement. E. A., 294 Times Downtown.

BOYS Wanted.—Advertising agency wants two boys for office and errands; excellent chance for advancement. Call Wednesday Ruthrauff & Ryan, 404 4th Av.

BOYS over 16 in stock department large wholesale house; $10 start; quick advancement. Griffon, 74 5th Av.

BOYS to run errands for electrical manufacturing concern; Government work; good wages; advancement. 290 Hudson st.

BOY, strong, willing, wanted; one who will make himself generally useful as assistant to advertising manager; good chance of advancement. C. Stack, 64 West 23d St.

BOY wanted for large publishing house; quick chance for advancement; salary to start $10. A 8 Times.

BOYS UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE. APPLY THE WALL STREET JOURNAL, 44 BROAD ST.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOY.—Bright boy wanted in manufacturing business; splendid opportunity for advancement. Walter P. McTeigue, 62 West 45th St.

BOYS for office work and messengers; salary $37.50 month. Apply, with working papers, Room 506, 15 Whitehall St.

BOYS wanted, (2,) for general office work and to go on errands. Apply Post Office, Madison Square, Box 199.

BOY, 16-18, in handkerchief factory; good pay to start, chance for advancement. Phillips, Weil & Norton, 113 Leonard.

BOY, strong, useful in shipping room, steady position; salary $13; references required. Call Harris Raincoat House, 16 West 25th St.

BOY wanted by export house; $6 to start. Occidental Traders Corporation, 105 Hudson St.

BOY wanted to run errands and answer telephone; salary $9. Call Room 1206, 25 Broad St.

BOY for errands and work in shipping room. Apply Broadway Music Corporation, 145 West 45th St.

BOY for delivery department, under 18, salary $10; good opportunity to learn and for advancement. Apply 384 5th Av.

BOYS for office work; must be neat, bright, and reliable; good opportunity; state age and education. R 193 Times.

BOY wanted to fill orders, run errands; salary $10. Remick, 219 West 46th.

BOY, 16-18, hosiery stock room; good chance for advancement. Room 501, 303 5th Av.

BOY for general office work, quick advancement; $9 to start. I. H. Wills, 151 5th Av.

BOY wanted, run errands and fill orders; salary $10. Remick, 219 West 46th St.

BOY, about 17, to learn cotton goods business. Greenwald Co., 1,261 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT TO AUDITOR; WILL PAY $18 A WEEK AT START TO RIGHT MAN; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY. POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY, 225 WEST 39TH ST.

BOOKKEEPER. — Christian firm desires the services of a thoroughly accurate and rapid bookkeeper; must have excellent qualifications; steady advancement to right party; state age, experience, and salary desired. G 303 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND CREDIT MAN IN A LARGE RETAIL CLOTHING STORE; MUST BE RAPID, ACCURATE AND RELIABLE; STATE AGE, REFERENCES, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. BOX L 580 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, 22-25, neat appearance, energetic, 5 years' experience, thoroughly competent to take full charge in large advertising and publishing house; double entry system, trial balance; salary $25; excellent opportunity. S 329 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND ACCOUNTANT.—Capable taking complete charge of office; must have wholesale clothing experience and be familiar with auditing and cost systems; state fully experience and salary. A 7 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—To assist on purchase ledger as work in factory and costing; must have experience in that work; position permanent with advancement; $18 to $20 to begin with; state age. H. D., 96 Times.

BOOKKEEPER for suburban real estate and insurance office, located near Grand Central Terminal; collection experience helpful; $20 to $25; outline experience and qualifications. Insurance, Box 71 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Quick and accurate wanted, must be experienced on trial balance; some knowledge foreign exchange desirable; state salary and full particulars. A 473—Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted, experienced double-entry bookkeeper, accustomed to taking off monthly trial balance. Whittemore-Sim Co., 1,976 Broadway, 1-3.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, accurate, quick, willing man; good opportunity; state qualifications, experience, reference. Provisions, 39 Degraw St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of stenography to take full charge of office; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 22 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, past draft age, familiar with double entry bookkeeping and general office work; salary $18 to $20 weekly. S 579 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER as voucher clerk; must have experience on purchase ledger; quick and accurate at figures; give full particulars. A. F., 544 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER LEDGER CLERK
in wholesale house; must be experienced; rapid and accurate; state salary expected. L 616 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and SALESMAN on dresses for office and city; salary and commission. 34 West 17th St., 8th floor.

BOOKKEEPER, draft exempt, for Tarrytown office of large automobile company. A. C. Baird, 1,764 Broadway, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER.—Excellent opportunity for ambitious, loyal man; state salary expected and compensation desired. B., K 117 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and SALESMAN on dresses for office and city; salary and commission. 34 West 17th St., 8th floor.

BROKER.—Prominent downtown firm wants a man as broker; also young man outside work. P. & E., Room 600, Tribune Bldg., N. Y. C.

BURGLARY UNDERWRITER.
Assistant wanted by large casualty company: state age, experience, and salary desired. Address Underwriter, S 476 Times Downtown.

CARPENTERS AND LABORERS.

SPEND THIS WINTER IN THE SOUTH AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., ON CANTONMENT WORK; FINE CLIMATE. APPLY

UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
310 JAY ST., BROOKLYN;
126 CLINTON ST., MANHATTAN.

JAMES STEWART & CO., INC.

CARPENTER.—Man able to lay out work in woodworking mill. Apply Westchester Av. and White Plains Road, Unionport Woodworking Co.

CHAUFFEUR, white, required for town driving; must be over 35 years of age and a first-class mechanic, understanding thoroughly Rolls-Royce and Renault cars; only those with highest personal references will be considered. Apply personally 9:30 Wednesday morning to Mrs. Joseph Duveen, Hotel Plaza, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR wanted; experienced Japanese chauffeur. Car owner lives 105 West End Av. Apply personally. Mitsubishi Co., Room 1155, 120 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR, 34, Irish, single; Cadillac expert, often $100 month; room; unquestionable recommendations. Inventer, Box 53, Elizabeth, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR to run two-ton Pierce-Arrow delivery truck; must have experience with shipping; only good men need apply. C. J., 3,525 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR for Cadillac, must be reliable, good mechanic, over draft age; country few weeks, then city; references required. Box 502, Sea Cliff, L. I.

CHAUFFEURS wanted, for retail grocery trade. Apply at 11 Vestry St.

CHECKER AND LAYER-UP WANTED FOR LARGE NOTION HOUSE. APPLY STORE, 564 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CLEANER.—Colored man for inside work only; steady job. L 571 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—By a large and well known fire insurance company; one who is familiar with computing endorsements; opportunity for advancement. A 457 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Assistant receiving clerk wanted. Apply Eugene Dietzgen Co., Inc., 218 East 23d St.

CLERK wanted in downtown office; thoroughly competent. A 463 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT FOR ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT IN LARGE DRESS HOUSE. SIMON, 44 EAST 32D.

CLEVELAND automatic set-up men; best working conditions; good pay for right party. Apply Superintendent, Kleinschmidt Elect. Co., 36 Flatbush Ex., Brooklyn.

COAL PASSERS.

Strong, healthy men; steady position.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 Bethune St.,
Near West St., six blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S. PERMIT. NO. 113.

COMPETENT steel man, exempt or deferred draft classification, knowing the requirements of Latin America in the steel products line and sources of supply, wanted by an established firm of exporters; knowledge of Spanish essential; all applications treated in strict confidence. Apply, stating age, experience and references. A 15 Times.

COMPANION-TUTOR.—Military exempt; high school studies; full time; reside with young man. Call 128 East 61st St. Telephone Plaza 73.

CONVERTER Wanted.—Cotton converting house wants expert and experienced clerk to keep converting books; state fully particulars of experience and salary expected; only those of long experience will be considered. A 472 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT.
5TH AVE. SPECIALTY SHOP
REQUIRES
A YOUNG MAN TO
TAKE CHARGE OF
CORRESPONDENCE AND ORDER OFFICE.
An unusual opening for an aggresive young man, with opportunity for advancement. Mail order experience desired, but not essential. Address, Correspondent, 155 Times.

COUPLE wanted; two married couples, Protestant; storekeeper and gardener's positions for men; cottage matrons in charge of children for women; salary for each couple $90 per month and maintenance; also two positions for men at $50 and maintenance, and two for women at $35 and maintenance. Address, with statement of qualifications and references, N. Y. O., Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.

COUPLE.—Want reliable couple to do all work about small place near Van Cortlandt Park; family of three; good wages. Apply in afternoon to Miss Porter, 8 West 57th St., ninth floor, or telephone 4400 Circle.

CORRESPONDENT with medical knowledge for physical culture correspondence school; literary ability and mail order experience essential; chance for progressive, steady party; state experience. Lionel Strongfort, 86 Park Place, Newark, N. J.

COOK, &c.—Wanted, couple, cook-butler or chef-waitress, for small club of 15 on Jersey Central, 50 miles from New York; good salary. Z 235 Times Annex.

DESIGNER on popular-priced white cotton waists; only experienced need apply; good opportunity. Designer, 350 Times.

DISCHARGED,
DISABLED U. S. SOLDIERS,
If inasapacitated for old occupation or essential war work by loss of limb, eye, hands, or disability from overseas service, we train you to sell our line and pay $150 month to start. R 143 Times.

DRAFTSMEN
for tool designing by large Brooklyn manufacturer of essentials. Apply
C. J. TAGLIABUE MFG. CO.,
68 33D ST.,
BUSH TERMINAL, BROOKLYN.
Employment department, 5th floor.

DRAFTSMEN.
Experienced men on telephone equipment and electrical apparatus; steady work; good pay.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St. Six blocks south of 14th St.

DRAFTSMEN, MECHANICAL, WITH SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE ON DESIGN OR LAYOUT WORK; CAN ALSO USE A FEW MEN CAPABLE OF DETAILING FROM LAYOUTS; ELECTRICAL EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; VERY ATTRACTIVE AND PERMANENT POSITIONS ASSURED TO MEN WHO QUALIFY. CALL ON MR. NESBIT, WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MANUFACTURING CO., CITY INVESTING BUILDING, 165 BROADWAY.

DRAFTSMAN
ONE FAMILIAR WITH AEROPLANE LANDING GEAR CONSTRUCTION; MUST BE CAPABLE; ALL OR PART TIME; UNIMPEACHABLE REFERENCES; STATE SALARY AND EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS AEROPLANE, 259 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAFTSMEN. — MECHANICAL, FIRST-CLASS MEN, ON AEROPLANE WORK; PLEASANT WORKING CONDITIONS; PERMANENT POSITIONS; GOVERNMENT WORK. APPLY OR WRITE CURTIS ENGINEERING CORPORATION, GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

DRAFTSMEN.—First class technical men with practical experience on automatic machinery and moving picture machines; short hours and good pay to the right men. Geo. White, M. E., 18-24 Morris St., Exchange Place, Jersey City.

DRAFTSMEN.—MEN FAMILIAR WITH AEROPLANE DETAIL; ALSO EXPERIENCED MEN FOR LAYOUT. IN REPLY STATE EXPERIENCE AND QUALIFICATIONS. L'WIS & VOUGHT, 7TH AND WEBSTER AVS., LONG ISLAND CITY.

ENGINEER with license wanted at children's home; must have good reference. 1,485 Atlantic Av., corner of Kingston Av., Brooklyn.

ERRAND BOY wanted; opportunity; liberal salary. Finchley, 5 West 46th St.

ERRAND BOYS, LARGE MERCANTILE ESTABLISHMENT; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. 8 EAST 22D.

ERRAND BOYS wanted; steamship supply house; salary $12. Apply 62 Front St.

EXECUTIVE, office man, handle large volume correspondence and details; must be thoroughly experienced, most capable correspondent; good, permanent position with bright future; state age, religion, nationality, experience, salary. W 335 Times.

ELECTRICIAN.

We require a man who is thoroughly familiar with interpole motor storage batteries and ceiling fan maintenance repairs; steady position for a man who can measure up to the work and furnish references as to his qualifications. Apply, giving age, salary expected, and nationality, A. G., 154 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK, EXPERIENCED ON TAKING CHARGES FROM CALL ON NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS. MADISON SQUARE P. O. BOX 27.

ENTRY CLERK.—Man understands entering charges from caller. L 575 Times Downtown.

FARM HANDS WANTED IN CONNECTICUT; GOOD WAGES AND PERMANENT WORK TO EXPERIENCED, RELIABLE MEN; SINGLE MEN $40 TO $60 PER MONTH WITH BOARD AND LODGING, MARRIED MEN $60 TO $75 PER MONTH WITH HOUSE AND USUAL EXTRAS. MEET STATE REPRESENTATIVE MONDAY, TUESDAY OR WEDNESDAY AT U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, 22 EAST 22D ST.

FILE CLERK.—Must be competent to take entire charge of filing system. 11th Floor, 440 4th Av.

FIRE CHIEF
FOR INDUSTRIAL PLANT
LOCATED IN PENNSYLVANIA.
Must have had experience along this line and knowledge of fire fighting and safety. References must be furnished and complete details given as to experience.
ADDRESS REPLIES TO
MR. I. J. GOLDFARB,
422 7TH AV.,
NEW YORK CITY.

FARMER, married; work under foreman; must have own furniture; house found; milk, garden; steady job for competent man. Apply Wednesday, 3 P. M., 497 Union St., Brooklyn.

FARMER, working foreman, married; must have own furniture; house found; milk, garden; steady job for competent man. Apply Wednesday, 10 A. M., 497 Union St., Brooklyn.

FEEDER, Gordon, experienced; able to make ready fac-simile letters; $18; steady; 48 hours; advancement. 165 William St., ninth floor.

FILE CLERK wanted; state age, experience, and salary. A 464 Times Downtown.

FLOOR WALKER, WITH DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE; STEADY POSITION; GOOD SALARY. HECHT BROS., 53-57 WEST 14TH.

FRENCH TEACHERS wanted for schools in other cities; fare paid; knowledge of English not necessary. Apply in French by letter only, stating age, birthplace, studies made, references, &c., to Berlitz School, 30 West 34th St.

GARDENER and wife for estate in North Carolina; wife to assist in cooking or laundry work. Mrs. Wallis, 144 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn.

GENTLEMAN as supervisor for boys; must have experience and good references. Orphan Asylum Society, 1,435 Atlantic Av., corner of Kingston Av., Brooklyn.

GRANITE CUTTERS, LETTER CUTTERS, SETTERS, monumental work; men above draft age; none but first class need apply. M. L. Knight, 1,025 West Mulberry St., Baltimore, Md.

HAT SALESMAN, experienced; steady position; advancement. Daner Co., 621 8th Av.

HELPERS wanted, for commercial motor trucks. Apply at 11 Vestry St.

HOTEL MANAGER of New York City; experienced only; $150 a month and meals; bond required. Columbus 4500.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS,
TOOLMAKERS,
FIRST CLASS MEN,
Able to build telephone and wireless apparatus from blue prints; steady positions.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 Blocks South of 14th St

Classified Advertising Rates

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Count six words to an agate line.

Agents Wanted	50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	45c
Automobile Exchange	50c
Boarders and Board Wanted	35c
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Country Board	45c
Employment Agencies	50c
For Sale	50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	35c
Help Wanted	35c
Lost and Found	50c
Mortgage Loans	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	45c
Situations Wanted	30c

HELP WANTED—Male.

TOOLMAKERS.
INSTRUMENT MAKERS.

FIRST CLASS.

Able to build telephone and wireless apparatus from blue prints; steady position.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

TOOL DRAFTSMEN

on punches and dies, jigs and fixtures for small interchangeable work; only men with experience need apply; good pay.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.
Near West St. Six blocks south of 14th St.

TRAVELING SALESMAN for South America, thoroughly experienced in automobile accessories and general export business; good knowledge of Spanish or Portuguese or both; address, stating experience, age, nationality, references; commission or salary. K 708 Times Downtown.

WAREHOUSE FOREMAN.

Capable of handling packers, porters, receiving clerks, shippers, and should have a good knowledge of trucking and shipping conditions, and take charge of our warehouse.

INTERNATIONAL WESTERN
ELECTRIC CO.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

WANTED.

TRAINMEN
AND
STATION MEN,
AGES 21 to 55.
SUBWAY and ELEVATED DIVISIONS.
INTERBOROUGH
RAPID TRANSIT CO.,
APPLY ROOM 1233,
165 Broadway,
9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily,
Except Sunday.

WANTED.
BANK CLERKS.
A national bank in New York City can use competent, experienced clerks and bookkeepers; reply in own handwriting; state salary expected. Address Box W. 96 Broadway, New York.

WATCHMAKERS WANTED.—Two first class, who thoroughly understand repairing high grade watches; permanent positions to the right men; ideal surroundings to work under; best of pay, give reference, salary and experience. Greenleaf & Crosby Company, Jacksonville, Fla.

YOUTH.—Learn mercantile business; prefer one just finished schooling. L 577 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN,
TELEPHONE OPERATOR.
A large corporation will train several young men as telephone operators.
EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY.
Age 18 to 21; excellent chance of advancement; evening hours, 5 to 12 P. M.; permanent. H 785 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, who lives on Hudson Division of New York Central Railroad, between Yonkers and Peekskill, for retail office at Tarrytown, prefer typist or stenographer, who is willing and physically capable of doing odd jobs around the various properties owned by the company; $10 to start; mail applications only. R. E. Farley Organization, 12 East 44th St.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, under 24, as general assistant in invoice and shipping department large house; knowledge of English desired, but not essential; permanent position, with chance of advancement for one willing to learn and not afraid of work. Apply, own handwriting, stating experience, reference, salary. Amitious, S 560 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years of age, in office of wholesale hardware firm, to learn the hardware business, for which thorough training is necessary; high school graduate or attendant preferred; fixed line of promotion, starting on mailing desk at $9 per week, with advance in pay and position in three months and again in six months. L 591 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, bright, intelligent, required by large export house for office work; one having experience in filing preferred; state age, experience, references, and salary desired. A 28 Times.

YOUNG MAN for assistant in stock room of concern manufacturing material for U. S. Navy; one with experience on electrical fittings preferred; call at 9 A. M. Chas. Cory & Son, 145 Spring.

YOUNG MAN, NEAT, QUICK, ACCURATE WORKER; ONE WHO UNDERSTANDS POSTING AND HAS SOME KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING. ADDRESS IN OWN HANDWRITING S. K., 171 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, with initiative and goal; one familiar with clerical work and detail preferred; must be 100 per cent. determined; state age, reference, experience and salary. A 461 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly experienced in dress line; acquainted with jobbing trade; also handle contractors; excellent opportunity; state experience; communications confidential. B. B., 218 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (17) wanted in accountant's department steamship company; must have good reference; understand typewriter, be good penman; give full particulars. U 583 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, for shipping department; good chance for advancement to right party. Apply S. Goldstein & Bro., 39 West 32d St.

YOUNG MAN as messenger and telephone operator; salary $40 per month and meals; advancement. Call all week, Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th St.

YOUNG MAN, assist at the bureau of information; must understand switchboard; $40 monthly start, including meals; call at once Presbyterian Hospital, 41 E. 70th St.

YOUNG MAN; not under 15 years of age, wanted for newspaper files in large advertising agency; good chance for advancement. Apply 26 Beaver St., 17th floor.

YOUNG MAN for office work with Christian firm; knowledge of typewriting. Gundlach-Bundschu Wine Co., Inc., 25-27 Hubert St.

YOUNG MAN in insurance office; reply in own handwriting; state experience and salary expected. S 465 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN with education to keep stock records and be generally useful. W. E., 245 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 15-18 years old, able operate Underwood machine fairly well and write plain, legible hand; $12 start. A 31 Times.

YOUNG MAN as entry clerk; office assistant; Brooklyn firm; state age, experience, and salary desired. L 563 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for detail work; state salary, &c. P 252 Times.

YOUNG MEN

TO WORK NIGHTS IN SHOP ON VACUUM PUMPS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; STEADY POSITION; GOOD PAY.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

LICENSED BY U. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 113

YOUNG, MEN, several, intelligent, who will not be called in the draft; preferably with technical training in physics, for work in electrical laboratory; excellent opportunities for advancement. Apply in person, Electrical Testing Laboratory, 80th St. and East End Av.

YOUNG MEN
needed for stock work; excellent chance for advancement. Apply Duplan Silk Corporation, 50 Union Square.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MEN, OVER 16 YEARS, FOR MECHANICAL WORK ALONG ELECTRICAL LINES WITH LARGE COMPANY; PLEASANT WORKING CONDITIONS; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY, GIVING INFORMATION, CONCERNING EDUCATION, QUALIFICATIONS, &C., to BOX L 415 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MEN

MUST BE 16 YEARS OF AGE, FOR MAIL AND MESSENGER SERVICE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT IN ELECTRICAL BUSINESS.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

TYPIST wanted as billing clerk with cigar importing house. Apply with particulars, S 564 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted in office of importing firm. Apply in own handwriting to S 565 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 724 St.

MEN, give yourself a chance; unparalleled opportunities now in business; men with a knowledge of advertising are in special demand; best short course is at 23d St. Y. M. C. A.; 14 years of success. Write for booklet.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CREDIT OFFICE ASSISTANTS! Double your salary; personal evening training, practical bookkeeping, credit investigation; moderate rates; write for prospectus A. Edward Levi, Room 619, 200 5th Av.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

Employment Agencies.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC., HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.

PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS THROUGH SCIENTIFIC VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Accountant and auditor with hotel experience, Middle West, $5,000; traveling auditor, very unusual future, $35; assistant accountant, some corporation law knowledge, $30; about twenty openings for senior, semi-senior, and junior public accountants.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Office manager and experienced bookkeeper, $40; bookkeeper and stenographer, hours 7 to 4, $40; ledger clerks and bookkeepers, C. P. A. office, $25-$35; local Government work, $35; export and import, $33; Jersey City essential, permanent, $30; bookkeeper, cost experience, $20; local, essential, mercantile, $30; factory bookkeeper, $30; construction work, Hudson River permanent, $28; floorwalker, $25; accounts payable voucher record, $25; bookkeeper and stenographer, $23; ledger clerk, mercantile, $23; ledger clerk, insur. nce, $17.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Secretary to Government official, local, $35; Government work, Newark, Jersey, $30; knowledge of French, $22; Spanish stenographer, salary commensurate; typists, $15.

OFFICE MEN.—Office manager, Government plant, Newark, Jersey, $35; export shipping clerk, experienced with licenses and booking of space, $30; stock room clerk, essential work, permanent, $19; receiving clerks, elderly man, $18; bright boy, good penman, $12; office boys, $8-$12.

Call in person, 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

BAKER & MAC COLL,
VOCATIONAL SPECIALISTS, 74 BROADWAY.

Assistant to mgr. chemical plant, $7,500-$4,000; industrial gas engineer, $175-$150; accountants, auditors and semi-auditors; bank bookkeepers, $1,800-$1,200; bookkeepers, $25-$20; clerks, $125 mo.; correspondent, 45-50 yrs. of age, $25; 1 French, 1 Italian stenographer, salary commensurate; stenographers, $35-$18; traffic man, export experience; claim man, $125 mo.; shipping clerks, $25-$20; messenger, $12-$15. Registry free.

BOOKKEEPER, accountants, clerks, others; worth investigating. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS wanted to sell brass, bronze, and aluminium castings in and around New York City; Reading Brass Works, 104 Court St., Reading, Penn.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

APPERSON, 4 passenger, chummy roadster, 1917, six cylinder; very good condition. Russell L. Engs, Inc., Cole distributers, 12 Central Park West. Tel. Col. 700.

BUICK "Little Six," late 1917, five passenger, in excellent condition; rare bargain; any demonstration. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 37th.

BUICK.—Will sell my 1918 Touring Model 45, seven passenger; complete equipment and in perfect order; Pierce Motor Donnelly, Riverside Av., Amityville, L. I. Phone 110.

BUICK.—1918, 7-p assenger, new, $1,250; bodge, late, 1917 touring, new tires, $650. Pacific Garage, 215 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

BUICK 1916 CAMBOLET AND COUPE. Condition perfect. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

BUICK 1917 sedan, like new. Brady-Murray Motors Corpn., 624 St. and Broadway.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK, 1917, Little Six limousine, 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK Little 6 roadster; bargain, 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
4 Pass., Goodyear Cord Tires; 700 Miles.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 touring, also 1916 touring and roadster; bargains. 1,778 Broadway, at 57th, one flight. Phone Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 limousine; guaranteed practically new; elegant bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., Broadway and 63d St.

CADILLAC 1917 Convertible Sedan; also Touring; overhauled; bargain; guaranteed. Roskam-Scott Co., Broadway and 63d.

CADILLAC 1917 roadster practically new car; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC 1916 touring; good condition. L. G. Duguet, 146 West 39th.

CADILLAC 1918 LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC CABRIOLET, 1916.
Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

Chalmers Sedan, late 1917 model, driven 500 miles, almost new; very reasonable. Harry Brenner, 1,701 Broadway, 57th Circle.

CHALMERS 5 passenger, late model, like new, electric lights, starter, $750; excellent condition. Bowling Green 9110, Extension 18.

CHANDLER
Rebuilt and Refinished
USED CARS.
Ninety-Day Guarantee.
BEST USED CARS IN NEW YORK.

Model 17-B	4 Passenger	Coupe.
" 17-B	7 "	Sedan.
" 17-B	7 "	Touring.
" 17	7 "	Sedan.
" 17	7 "	Touring.
" 17	7 "	Limousine.
" 16	7 "	Touring.
" 16	5 "	Coupe.
" 17-B	4 "	Chummy Roadster.

BRADY MURRAY MOTORS CORPN.,
624 St. and Broadway.

CHANDLER 1918 Touring; exceptionally desirable. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CHANDLER 1917 sedan; exceptional bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CHANDLER 1917, six-cylinder, seven-passenger, excellent condition, new tires. Army Warehouse, 10th St. and Avenue B, N. Y.

CHEVROLET 1918, all models; also older models. Circle 3100. Marshall or Felst.

COLE Little Six for sale; 5 passenger; big bargain; no dealers. George Walsh, 142 West 50th.

DE DION-BOUTON SEDAN.
Most beautiful car in city; can't be told from new; special built Brewster body; Westinghouse electric starter and lights; six Rudge-Whitmore wire wheels; condition guaranteed. International Automobile Exchange, 150 West 55th St.

DODGE touring, late 1915; very good condition; $425; private. Telephone Tremont 285.

FIAT five-passenger car; very good condition; no dealers. M. Ingerman, 132 West 21st St. Chelsea 3639.

FORD, 1917, two-passenger runabout, removable coupe top; two extra shoes; demountable rims, bumper, speedometer, chains, &c.; elegant condition, big bargain for quick cash buyer. 91 Water Street, near Wall. Phone Hanover 1638.

FRANKLIN 1917 Chummy Roadster, guaranteed order, complete; bargain price. Roskam-Scott Co., Broadway and 63d St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

HAYNES TOURING CARS.
Model 36, 1917, exceptional condition.
BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

HUDSON 1917 super Six touring. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON town car, 1917, super Six. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON Sedan 1917 super six. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

HUPMOBILE 1917 five-passenger touring; many extras; excellent condition; sport colors; $850. McMillin, 21 Fairway, Forest Hills, L. I.

HUPMOBILE, 5-passenger, 1917 touring, in perfect condition. Bargain. Phone Intervale 2293.

HUPMOBILE, late 1917, 5-pass. touring. Mr. Underhill, 5902 Schuyler.

HUPMOBILE 1917 Sedan; beautiful car 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

LANCIA 1918 FOUR-PASSENGER.
Practically new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

LOCOMOBILE—Private owner wishes to dispose of 7-pass. touring, 1914, 6-48, condition perfect, new top, newly painted; any demonstration. A. N. Waring, 987 Madison Av. Lenox 7955.

LEXINGTON for sale, 1918; A-1 condition, run 6,000 miles; complete line of accessories, including wire wheels; $1,000 cash. Tel. 2478 Beekman.

LOZIER, 1915, 7-passenger; good condition. J. Donati, 100 E. 123d St. Harlem 8534.

McFARLAN 1918, limousine; first-class condition. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

MARMON, 1917, Sedan; condition guaranteed throughout; new cord tires. Telephone Circle 5692.

MARMON, 1917, seven-passenger touring. Like new. Bargain. Owner, S 574 Times Downtown.

MARMON LIMOUSINE. ALMOST NEW. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

MERCER raceabout for sale, electrically equipped, six fine tires, just repainted, thoroughly overhauled; bargain price, $750; exceptionally classy and unusually quiet and powerful motor; any demonstration. Ideal Garage, 266 West 135th.

MERCER.—Must sacrifice my sporting model, in A1 condition; 6 wire wheels; a real bargain; no dealers. H. A. Mansfield, 326 East 176th St., New York City.

MERCER 1917 4-PASSENGER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

NATIONAL.—1917, 4-passenger chummy, like new, $850. Phone owner, 422 Main.

OAKLAND "Little Six," late 1917 roadster; five brand new tires, front and rear bumper; motor just thoroughly overhauled; any demonstration; bargain, $675. Ideal Garage, 266 West 135th.

PACKARD LIMOUSINE, 1911 model; has gone 50,000 miles; overhauled and in good condition. For demonstration apply Lindner, 9th floor, 8 West 57th St., or telephone 4400 Circle.

PACKARD touring car for sale, 7-passenger, special body, fully equipped; can be seen at Biltmore Garage, 205 East 47th St. Owner, M. S. Block, Hotel Knickerbocker.

PACKARD roadster, 2-38; excellent condition; cheap for cash. Roberts, Barclay 5635.

PACKARD 1917 limousine, also touring car; prices attractive. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PACKARD 1917 Chummy Roadster, guaranteed perfect order; elegant bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., Broadway and 63d.

PACKARD 1917 BROUGHAM LIMOUSINE. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

PEUGEOT SEDAN, LATEST IMPORTATION. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st.

PIERCE 1917 C-4, new small town car; handsomest car in town; low, beautiful body; guaranteed. Roskam-Scott Co., Broadway and 63d.

PIERCE ARROW 1917 "38"
FOUR-PASSENGER TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW seven passenger, 48 touring; in excellent condition. Wm. B. Curtis, 117 East 24th St. Phone 2021 Madison Square.

PIERCE ARROW 1917 "48" LIMOUSINE
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SEDAN BODIES, new; will fit Oldsmobile, Chandler, Reo, Hudson, Cadillac, and Buick. Dunham Sales Co., 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

SIMPLEX 1914, 38 H. P. limousine, beautiful condition. Brady Murray Motors Corpn., 62d St. and Broadway.

STEARNS KNIGHTS | OVERHAULED GUARANTEED
1917 Touring, 4 cyl. | PRICES
1917 Limousine, 4 cyl. | REASONABLE.
1915 Landaulet, 6 cyl.
1917 Touring, 8 cyl.
TOURING AND LIMOUSINE BODIES.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7400

STEARNS Light 4, touring car, excellent condition. Burre, 208 West 52d St.

STUDEBAKER.—For sale, 1917 three-passenger roadster; demonstration by appointment. Address P. O. Box 622, Tenafly, N. J.

STUTZ speedster, 1918, for sale; paint and motor good as new; can be seen Biltmore Garage, 205 East 47th St. Owner, M. S. Block, Hotel Knickerbocker.

STUTZ 1918 6-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1918 4-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1918 ROADSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1918 roadster; also 1918, 1917 Bulldogs; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

STUTZ 1918 four-passenger; wire wheels; practically brand new. 10 West 60th.

TOURAINE, 1915, 7-passenger, brougham-limousine, special Holbrook body; car now in use at Cedarhurst, L. I.; price $650. Address L. B. E., Room 600, Tribune Bldg., N. Y. C.

WESTCOTT, 1918 model, run less than 5,000 miles; wire wheels, slip covers, &c.; practically as new; will give any reasonable demonstration and guarantee mechanical condition. Phone St. Nicholas 9722. Apt. 23.

WESCOTT 1917 7-passenger, fully equipped; extra shoe; as good as new; must sell. Room 301, 1,493 Broadway.

WINTON 6, 1917, touring; wire wheels; two extra wheels, with carriers; A1 condition; price $1,900; used very little. Apply to owner, J. Miller, 41 Union Square. Tel. Stuyvesant 4000.

WINTON Six, seven-passenger touring car; electric lights, self-starter; overhauled, repainted; guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

WINTON seven passenger, Model "A 33," 1917; like new; victoria top. L 530 Times Downtown.

WHITE touring, small 30, late model, in perfect running order, recently overhauled, thistle green, black mud guards, slip covers, extra tires; sacrifice. M. G. Bernard, 734 Fifth Av.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
No war tax on used cars.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
FIAT 130 Sedan; foreign; latest importation
1918 CADILLAC town car.
1918 STUTZ 4-passenger.
1918 MERCER touring.
1918 BUICK Little "6" roadster.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1918 MITCHELL Sedan.
1918 MITCHELL touring.
1918 GRANT runabout touring.
1917 MARMON touring.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW, 4-passenger.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger, Sport model.
1917 CADILLAC limousine.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe.
1917 STUTZ speedster.
1916 STUTZ roadster; practically new.
1916 STUTZ speedster; Bearcat.
1917 OVERLAND Little "6" sedan.
TRUCKS. TRUCKS.
PACKARD 3½-TON.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 607-608 Circle.

A BIG BARGAIN.
TWO SLIGHTLY USED
LOCOMOBILES.
48 4-Passenger Tour. and
48 7-Passenger Limo.
GUARANTEED BY US.
Cars can be seen at
Exchange Car Department,
The Locomobile Co. of America,
61st Street, West of Broadway,
New York City.
Telephone 7750 Columbus.

WARNING! BUY TIRES NOW!
Save Big Money—Stock Up Now
DISCOUNTS 25% to 50%
On Different Makes and Types
TUBES—Two for Price of One!
500 Used Shoes, $6, $7, $8, $10 &c.
Also Big Stock of Discontinued Sizes
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1763 Broadway, Near 57th St.
Bronx Branch: 2428 Grand Concourse (187)

ROLLS-ROYCE SPECIAL CABRIOLET.
FIAT IMPORTED TOWN CAR.
1918 PIERCE Sedan, like new.
1917 CADILLAC, 4-pass. tour., wire wheels.
1917 CADILLAC, four-passenger roadster.
1917 FRANKLIN 4-pass. Chummy.
1917 HUDSON 4-pass. Speedster.
50 Other High Class Cars.
BURRELLE, 1,680 BROADWAY.

PACKARD, (1918,) four passenger; like new.
CADALLAC, (1917,) Limousine.
F. TURNER, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. | Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

For sale, 41 taxicabs; good condition; easy terms. Inquire 622 West 57th St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

I HEREWITH MAKE KNOWN TO ALL creditors and clients that I have merged the F. Bangerter's Machine Works of 425-435 East 102d St., New York City, with the American Instrument and Tool Co., Inc., of 425-435 East 102d St., of which I am sole stockholder.
(Signed) FREDERICK BANGERTER.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

GUARANTEED EXCHANGE CAR.
5-Pass. 1915 38 H. P. Locomobile Tour.
Painted dark brown with triple stripe.
Equipped with Cord tires.
Ready for immediate delivery.
Further information inquire of
Exchange Car Department.
The Locomobile Co. of America,
61st Street, West of Broadway,
New York City.
Telephone 7750 Columbus.

Motor Trucks.

Three 4-ton Riker Trucks
With Hydraulic Dump Bodies
OVERHAULED AND
GUARANTEED BY MANUFACTURER.
Can be seen at
Exchange Car Department,
The Locomobile Co. of America,
61st Street, West of Broadway,
New York City.
Telephone 7750 Columbus.

TRUCKS.—Will sell 3½ and 5 ton trucks on deferred payment plan to responsible parties, and give yearly contract for work. 1,457 Broadway, Room 903.

TRUCK.—1 D. E. ¾-ton closed delivery wagon in good condition; will sell at low price. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

FORD.—1½-ton truck in A1 condition, with rack body. 771 1st Av. Vanderbilt 6280.

FORD.—Delivery car in A1 condition, with top body. 771 1st Av. Vanderbilt 6280.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD 6s and Twin 6s to hire; hour, day, monthly; landaulets; rates very reasonable. Champion Garage and Auto Co., 171 West 89th St. Phone Riverside 5818.

PACKARD.—New 5½-ton Packard truck, rack body, with chauffeur, for rent day or contract; reasonable rate. Wm. J. Ryan, 358 East 57th St. 4757 Plaza.

ATTRACTIVE, small, comfortable, ideal town cars; moderate rates for season. Columbus 398.

PACKARDS.—1917 twin sixes exclusively, landaulet, touring; hour, monthly. Wumarth. Tel. Columbus 8690.

PACKARDS.—Twin sixes; Pierce-Arrows; hour or season. Muldoon, Col. 2151-7261.

RENAULT touring car by hour, trip, day. Phone Riverside 8458.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED, AUTOS, SPOT CASH READY. Are you in the new draft? Want to sell your car for cash quickly? Try Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway.

FORD touring runabout, late model, wanted by private party; pay good cash price for same. Phone Plaza 98.

FORD touring, 1917, in first-class condition; dealers; cash waiting. Brady, 312 West 45th St.

HIGHEST PRICES paid for cars. Telephone before you sell. King, 3186 Fordham.

Automobile Storage.

SAVE GASOLINE and help win this war; dead storage, fireproof, clean and reliable. Chas. C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Rhinelander 8586.

Automobile Instruction.

20 REASONS 20
STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.	Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7929. Special classes for ladies.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

An established machine tool manufacturing company, in business since 1915, incorporated under the laws of New York State, manufacturing a staple machine, all of its executive officers but one having enlisted for the service, the one remaining desires to dispose of the business to some individual or company; present inventory will show a value of $250,000, which does not include good-will or patents. If you have that amount to invest your correspondence is solicited. This is a going business, with large contracts for the U. S. War Dept., France, Italy, and England, and a large domestic trade. Address Box U 380 Times.

Man with twenty years' unusual manufacturing and selling experience, developing an office specialty to annual sale of $2,000,000, desires opportunity on nominal salary and profit-sharing basis; principals only. Y 360 Times Annex.

Large factory can accept direct or indirect orders necessary for the Government; factory is equipped to turn out wood, metal, and celluloid articles complete or in parts. W 353 Times.

Capitalist partner or financial backing wanted by foreign banking expert, 32, single, 17 years' banking and Stock Exchange experience; highly successful manager, organizer; unlimited business; unexcelled European connections. S 502 Times Downtown.

Public accountant would like to connect in partnership capacity with C. P. A.; best chance for a man with initiative, ability, who wishes a branch out for himself. S 527 Times Downtown.

Qualified, forceful woman, good address, will handle high-class drug or food preparation throughout New England States. P. O Box 174, Greenwich, Conn.

$1,000.

Can furnish the above for a large and quick turn; no underhand or shady scheme considered; only an honest, straightforward proposition entertained. R 160 Times.

60-car garage equipped with steel lockers, electric sign, hot water heat, air compressors, &c.; office fixtures. Childs, 3,552 Broadway.

Exceptional opportunity open for small investment in going hog-raising business, without service. Address Exceptional Profits, 205 Times Downtown.

Attention, Manufacturers.—Established commission sales organization wants article for domestic and export sale; will finance. W 359 Times.

For Sale—Well-equipped plant 200 machines, previously used for manufacturing ladies' dresses, located 200 miles from New York. Z 238 Times Annex.

MAN.—Strong man wanted to handle a truck in the wholesale dry goods business; wages $18 per week. Address Steady, P. O. 147, New York City.

Man or woman of education may secure interest, with services, in established educational enterprise; $15,000 required. L 589 Times Downtown.

Party wanted with $3,000 to $5,000 to finance sales; large Broadway concern; money secured; large profits. R 196 Times.

$5,000 investment open, without services; absolute security, exceptional returns. Apply immediately to N. L., Box 156 Times.

Partner wanted; man with money as third partner, manufacturing fibreslik cloth and sweaters. L. X., 40 Times Downtown.

PRINTERS.—Private party will finance and discount for printers. L 602 Times Downtown.

Public stenography office for sale, excellent multigraphing and typewriter equipment. Room 431, 13 Park Row.

Stenographic-multigraphic business for sale; exclusive privilege very large building. S 551 Times Downtown.

For Sale—Rooming house, 72d St.; 18 rooms; bargain. W 364 Times.

FOR SALE.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, desk or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, vaults, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near B'way.

Must sacrifice seven-piece Circassian bedroom set, &c. 291 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

For Sale—One lady's desk, one clothes basket, one kitchen chair, and miscellaneous utensils. 116 East 63d St., Apartment 3B.

Beautiful antique furniture, Oriental rugs, and Chase grand piano for sale immediately. 876 Park Av. Tel. Lenox 711.

High-class furniture of five-room apartment, reasonable. Apt. 3C, 607 West 190th.

Nine stone washtubs; 54 inch; $5 each. See Janiter, 309 E. 6th St.

Purchase and Exchange.

WANTED—LATHE, WARNER SWAZEY. Fox turret, 14 or 16 inch swing, 8-foot bed; in good condition. Standard Scientific Company, 147 Waverley Place. Phone Spring 3471.

Wanted.—Few small Persian rugs, cheap. William Jacobus, 295 Church St.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, 3 months, $6.00.
Visible, 3 months, $7.50 and up.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4732

No. 5 Underwood, 2 color, back spacer; $60; rental, $8 monthly. L 596 Times Downtown.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following are appointed Captains:

Maben, B. W.	Fuller, R. M.
Mills, W. S.	Davis, J. S.
Fryer, S. J.	Gourley, F. L.
Wilkins, J.	Burr, C. H.
Fields, T. W.	De Witt, C. C.
Moffitt, S. A.	Diller, W. L.
Stearns, R. T.	Brake, J. H.
Monroe, H. E.	Hablutzel, C. A.
Blocklinger, A. H.	Ripley, C. B.
Boyd, J. V. W.	Caggin, V. S.
Gay, S. G.	Truitt, R. L.
Browning, C. C.	Bauer, E. O.
Blackburn, J. K.	Kibbie, K. V.
Bland, M. E.	Johnson, J. B.
Murphy, J. H.	Denlinger, M. M.
Ambrose, C. S.	Bolles, C. P.
Staley, T. M.	Newhall, A. L.
Smith, G. T.	Orr, J. W.
Tebbett, H. B.	Cohen, A.
Hammond, E. De F.	Brouwer, F.
Wallace, J. E.	Booth, A. E.
Rogers, C. B.	Bishop, W. T.
Wilhite, G. O.	Bondy, E. R.
Elkins, C. E.	Beaton, L. A.
Douglass, J. S.	

Following to Evac. Hosp. 30 at Camp Greene:

Lahey, Maj. F. H.

CAPTAINS.

Cooke, W. S.	Cox, S. C.
MacLean, B. P.	Greene, C. C.
Richardson, E. P.	McKinney, A. R.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Boyer, E. C.	Denton, W. L.
Cleveland, C. C.	Hyndman, C. E.
Chisolm, J. J.	Wozniak, J. L.

Following to Camp Meade:

Hays, Capt. T. C.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Schulthels, D.	Johnson, C. R.
Douglas, R. A.	Lyon, H.
Duncan, J. F.	Stafford, L. H.

Munday, Capt. C. P., and Baker, 1st Lt. R. M., to Camp Humphreys.

Hover, Maj. E.; Chitton, Capt. L. W.; Molison, 1st Lt. R. C., and Coffin, 1st Lt. F. H., to Base Hosp. 131 at Johnson Barracks.

Prentice, Capt. G. L.; Gaines, 1st Lt. G. W., and Rotter, 1st Lt. J. C., to Camp Dodge.

Following to Evac. Hosp. 34 at Camp Sheridan:

Runyan, Capt. R. W.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Brosnan, J. T.	Griffiths, E. H. M.
Brumm, S. A.	Mulkey, Q. A.
Cochran, M. F.	Rose, E. E.
Gamble, P. G.	Wenning, T. H.

Gauss, Capt. C. B., to Camp Custer; Montgomery, Capt. G. W., to Camp Beauregard; Morrison, Capt. L. C., to Camp Sevier; Palmer, Capt. C. L., to Camp Lee; Sladen, Capt. F. J., to Camp Sherman.

Graham, Maj. E. A., Maloney, Capt. T. J., Pettis, Capt. J. H., Schultz-DeBrun, Capt. H. C. W., Gorsuch, 1st Lt. G. A., Smith, 1st Lt. G. M., and Turner, 1st Lt. W. K., to Evac. Hosp. No. 34, at Camp Sheridan.

Corgeshall, Capt. T. C., Statler, Capt. W. K., Burr, 1st Lt. W. B., Cannon, 1st Lt. W. P., and Higdon, 1st Lt. E. F., to Camp Wheeler, with san. train.

Banker, 1st Lt. G. W., Dowell, 1st Lt. J. E., and McClillip, 1st Lt. W. J., to Fort Douglas.

Campbell, 1st Lt. A. S., and Cosgrove, 1st Lt. J. J., to Camp Custer, as tuberculosis examiners.

Helmuth, Maj. W. T., to New York and report to the President of Examining Board, Academy of Medicine.

Pollard, C. T., is appointed a Major and will proceed to Camp Greenleaf.

Merritt, Capt. F. W., to Camp Grant with 809d Inf.

Chandler, Capt. O. B., to Army Hosp. No. 12, at Biltmore, N. C.

Davis, Capt. A. L., to Evac. Hosp. No. 17, in Honolulu.

Creveling, Capt. H. C., to

CHAPIN CONFESSES HE PLANNED MURDER

Editor Decided as Long as Four Years Ago to Kill His Wife and Himself.

LOST HEAVILY IN STOCKS

After Crime He Said He Was on Point of Shooting Himself in Park, but Concluded to Surrender.

Charles E. Chapin, city editor of The Evening World, on the verge of collapse, surrendered himself to the police yesterday and confessed that he had killed his wife on Monday morning in the Hotel Cumberland. He had long intended to commit suicide, he said, and had killed Mrs. Chapin only because he had not the heart to leave her behind, with no one to take care of her after they had been "such good pals" for more than thirty years of married life.

Failing of his intention to end his own life, Chapin, after walking around the streets of Brooklyn and New York for many hours, bought a copy of THE NEW YORK TIMES, read that he was wanted for the shooting of his wife, and resolved that the only "manly thing to do" would be to give himself up. This he did at 6 o'clock yesterday morning, when he walked into the West Sixty-eighth Street Station and announced that he was the man whom the police were seeking for murder.

Later, at Police Headquarters, when examined by Assistant District Attorney James Magee, he told his whole story. Heavy losses on the stock market, the hounding of creditors, pity for his wife, who was constantly sick or ailing, and for whom he wanted to do everything in the world, but could not because of lack of money—these were the conditions which finally drove him to the desperate conclusion that they had better both be dead than drag out an existence which for the last five years had meant nothing but misery.

"Today is the first happy day that I have had since I first got into financial difficulties," Chapin told the prosecutor after he had completed his confession. "You know there was really nothing else to do. I'm quite satisfied I took the only course for an honorable man to take."

Planned Suicide in Park.

Asked by Mr. Magee why he did not carry out his design to commit suicide, Chapin replied in a manner that indicated that he himself was puzzled at the failure of his intention. While sitting in Prospect Park at midnight, he did determine to end his life, but just as he was raising a revolver to his head a policeman appeared, and he put the weapon back into his pocket.

According to his confession, Chapin had been operating in the stock market for many years and owed a great deal of money. Although he received a good salary, his income from that direction was not sufficient to stop the gaps created by losses in Wall Street, and for five years he brooded over them to the verge of nervous exhaustion.

"He was very proud," said Mr. Magee in relating the contents of the man's confession, "and would tell no one of his losses, not even his wife, and would appeal to no one for help. He continued to obtain money for his operations, however, upon his reputation as a high-salaried editor and as an heir of the Russell Sage estate, his maternal grandmother having been the only sister of Russell Sage. Upon the death of his father he inherited $25,000 from the estate, but most of it was lost in stocks. At any rate, his losses increased to such an extent that he owed money generally, having borrowed in every available direction funds with which to stave off his stock brokers.

"So far as his affections were concerned, they were entirely concentrated upon his wife, whom he idolized and in whose companionship he spent all his time when he was not at his desk. As early as four years ago, he said, he first contemplated the idea of killing his wife and committing suicide. He was on rock bottom and was in constant fear of exposure, disgrace, and possible loss of his position. At that time he took his wife to Washington with the avowed intent, he told me, of killing her and committing suicide.

Selected His Wife's Grave.

"He bought a lot in a cemetery there, had a monument erected, and took all the steps necessary to see that he and his wife were buried in the same grave. He changed his mind, however, and struggled along. The outlook remained unchanged. Financial worries increased, his nerves were failing badly, and his wife's health became a constant source of concern. During the last four years the idea that he ought to make an end of it all grew into a fixed and unshakable conviction, so that it became for him only a matter of time when he would carry it out.

"On June 1 of this year he went to Maine—to a Summer place of Don Seitz of The New York World—with the intention of committing suicide. He was alone. After meditating a while he decided that it would be unfair to leave his wife behind him with no one to look after her. They had been married for more than thirty years and she was very feeble. Outside of him, she had no one to look after her, being utterly without relatives. These considerations made him come back to New York.

"Recently he purchased an automatic revolver and took it home. After experimenting with the weapon, he found that it would not work, so he decided to use a revolver which Police Commissioner Waldo had given him some years ago. He took another vacation last week and spent it with his wife at Brighton Beach. They came back to their apartment at the Cumberland Hotel on Sunday night, Mr. Chapin being then fully determined to carry out his plan.

"He left Mrs. Chapin alone and went to The Evening World office, where he had ruled as Czar for many years, and there all alone sat down and wrote some letters. After that he took from his desk the revolver that Commissioner Waldo had given him and went back to the Hotel Cumberland. On arriving at his apartment, he found that his wife had retired. He concealed the weapon in a closet near his own bed, which was separated from the bed of his wife by a distance of a few feet.

"He undressed, went to bed and lay awake, waiting and waiting until his wife should turn over on her side so that he might be able to shoot her without her knowing it. All night he lay awake, but not once did his wife turn into the desired position until 7 o'clock Monday morning. Up to that time her face had been constantly toward him. After she had turned over, he got his revolver and shot her directly behind the right ear. She did not die immediately, and Mr. Chapin said he suffered awful agony as he watched her in the throes of death. She lived a half hour, but never regained consciousness.

Write Letters After the Murder.

"At 8 o'clock the hallboy brought up the morning papers and some buckets of ice. Mr. Chapin took them from him. Later a maid came and he told her that he and his wife did not wish to be disturbed until after luncheon, as Mrs. Chapin had retired late. Then he sat down and wrote some letters, one to Mr. Stimson, proprietor of the Cumberland, and another to Mr. Seitz, business manager of The World. He dropped the Seitz letter in the mail chute of the hotel and left the Stimson letter in his room.

"Dressed in a light gray Summer suit and a black derby and wearing a pair of tortoise shell glasses with a silk braid ribbon, he emerged from his apartment shortly after, and stuck upon the outside of the door, with one of Mrs. Chapin's hatpins, a note which read 'Don't Disturb.' He left at 9 A. M., going down in the elevator with Frank D. Carruthers of the business department of The World. He went to the desk clerk and told him not to ring the telephone of his apartment, as Mrs. Chapin did not wish to be disturbed. He went to a barber shop, got shaved, and for the remainder of the day did nothing but wander around Central Park, brooding over what he had done.

"In the evening he took a subway train and went to Prospect Park in Brooklyn carrying with him both revolvers. At midnight he sat down on a bench in Prospect Park, and there decided to kill himself. Just as he was pressing the revolver to his temple, however, a policeman approached, and he put the weapon back into his pocket. His determination somewhat weakened by the interruption, he left the bench, walked to the subway, and came back to New York.

"At Times Square he got out and bought a copy of THE TIMES. He read in the paper that he was wanted for murder, and he decided that he ought to give himself up. He wandered around the streets for about five hours, however before he finally walked into the West Sixty-eighth Street Station at 6 A. M."

Confessed to Captain Tierney.

In the station Mr. Chapin asked the Lieutenant at the desk to call Captain Frank Tierney, the police precinct commander, who was one of his close friends. To Captain Tierney he made a brief confession, after which he was taken to Police Headquarters for further examination. There sitting on a chair, with his head in both his hands, the prisoner told his whole story to Assistant District Attorney Magee.

Outside of the companionship of his wife, he said, he was alone in the world. He expressed a desire to attend his wife's funeral, but he was told that such a request could not be granted.

In the afternoon he was arraigned before Magistrate Corrigan, where Joseph E. Keating, an attorney for the World, appeared in his behalf and waived examination. The editor was held without bail. Before leaving the West Side Court for the Tombs his strength gave way, and he collapsed. He had to be carried into a taxicab. In the Tombs he was placed under the care of a physician.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—From automobile, small black leather bag, with money and jewels, between Hotel Glenbrook, Shandaken, and Poughkeepsie, from 10 A.M. to 1 P. M Saturday, 14th; reward $300 on delivery to Dr. B. J. Valdes, Hotel Ansonia. Telephone Columbus 3320.

LOST—Monday evening, between 5:30 and 6 P. M., on Subway, between Park Place and 72d St., heavy black varnished cane, silver band containing inscription; $10 reward will be paid to finder. Call Room 813, 38 Park Row; no questions asked.

LOST—Platinum ring, diamond surrounded with diamonds, between 5th Av. and 58th St. and 40 West 59th, or between latter number and Hotel Netherland; generous reward. Room 1408, Hotel Netherland.

LOST—Sept. 16, Delta Upsilon fraternity pin in Biltmore, Grand Central Station, or subway, between 6:30 and 8 P. M.; suitable reward if returned to 101 Hancock St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—Package containing check, in vicinity of Madison Square Park; finder will receive suitable reward. Telephone 9100 Farragut, ask for Mr. Ferens.

LOST—At Ravenhall's, Coney Island, Saturday evening, sapphire and diamond ring; liberal reward. Telephone Academy 79.

LOST—Light brown Poiret fox scarf, 5th Av. near 49th St.; liberal reward. A 477 Times Downtown.

LOST—Skunk neckpiece, on 34th St., between 5th and 6th Avs., about 2 P. M., Monday. Finder please communicate with Broad 7200.

LOST—Sapphire and pearl gold barpin near Bonwit Teller; reward; 91 Macon St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Antique brooch, porcelain, Neapolitan head; liberal reward. Young, 346 West 58th.

LOST—September 17, gold dragon pin, diamond drop, between 125 West 81st and 251 West 80th; reward. Holmes, 125 West 81st.

LOST—Diamond sword pin at Palais Royal, Monday night; liberal reward. Miss Newlin, 42 East 66th St. Plaza 5764.

LOST — At Ritz-Carlton Hotel, one circle monogrammed B. P. B., with cut-in letters; reward paid at desk of Ritz-Carlton Hotel.

LOST—At 42d St., keys on Travelers' Insurance keyring; reward. Wittkower, 55 Liberty St.

LOST—Business letters, coat receipt, envelope; reward. Return Ritchie, 111 West 78th St.

LOST—Large cameo pin; reward. Return Martha Lawrence, 1,230 Amsterdam Av.

LOST—"MFM" gold fob initial; return to 949 Broadway, Room 2008; reward.

LOST—Fur scarfs, Harlem or Bronx, Sunday; reward. Rosengarten, 84 West 113th.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Female Boston brindle bulldog, answers to name Baby, wearing tan harness; reward. Please Morningside 3927. 330 Manhattan Av.

MUST REPORT ALL SPANISH INFLUENZA

Pneumonia, Its Sequel, Is Now Listed by Health Board to Check Spread Here.

30 NEW CASES AT UPTON

Three Also Stricken in Family of Jersey City Soldier Home on Leave from Camp Dix.

The Health Department took steps yesterday to prevent the spread here of the so-called Spanish influenza. This latest effort was embodied in the action of the Board of Health at its regular meeting in placing pneumonia and influenza on the list of diseases that must be reported by all physicians. Pneumonia occurs as the secondary stage in the disease, and is the cause of death.

Under Section 86 of the Sanitary Code, physicians of the city must report all cases of communicable diseases to the Department of Health within twenty-four hours of discovery. Pneumonia and influenza were formerly exempted from the list, and this, the authorities held, left a way by which the disease might come into the city and its spread be attended by very little publicity until perhaps too late. The check has heretofore been in the death reports, and an increase in the number of deaths by influenza or pneumonia was the sign to the health guardians that there was danger ahead.

Health Commissioner Copeland decided that the old method would not do in the present crisis, and he decided that the best way to check the possible spread of Spanish influenza was to put it and pneumonia on the list of diseases that must be reported. His suggestion to the board was unanimously adopted.

The campaign to keep Spanish influenza from entering the city is under charge of Dr. Harris, Chief of the Bureau of Communicable Diseases. Dr. Copeland said that all precautions had been taken and that the grave danger was, not that it should spread through cases arriving here on steamships, but that it might "execute a flank attack" and reach this city by the way of the railroads from Boston or elsewhere.

"In Boston," said the Commissioner, "a great many cases have been found, and naturally some of those affected will come to this city by railroad, bringing the germs with them. It would be impossible under present conditions to check up these arrivals, and the result would be an epidemic here. To prevent this we have changed the existing order."

Up to the present time, Dr. Copeland said, there have been no local cases of the new disease reported, all those found being among sailors in the service or on incoming vessels. These cases have been placed under quarantine in the city hospitals.

Three cases of influenza at 42 Clifton Place, Jersey City, were quarantined by the Health Board of that city yesterday. Dr. Joseph Craven, Superintendent of the board, said it was the old-fashioned influenza, an infectious germ disease requiring the quarantining of the patient, but, he did not know of any reason for calling it the Spanish influenza or any other special name.

Major C. H. Goddard, the camp surgeon, said that many of the first cases reported last Friday were now ready to leave hospital, but that 30 new cases developed yesterday. The malady is being fought principally with sunshine and fresh air.

Every window in camp is up to stay indefinitely. The men in barracks are sleeping alternately head to foot, beds remain out doors all day, and the floors are scrubbed continually. Every man has also been provided with an extra blanket.

It was not found necessary to close the camp theatres, and the Y. M. C. A. succeeded in arranging entrance for entertainers coming from the city. The Long Island Railroad warned all persons who bought tickets in New York for Camp Upton of the quarantine, and the military police refused admission to visitors.

BOROUGH CONTROL IN CITY'S HEALTH

Commissioner Copeland Orders Sanitary Assistants to Take New Authority on Oct. 1.

Health Department changes that are revolutionary in system, though not in personnel, were announced yesterday by Health Commissioner Copeland. The changes, he explained, have for their purpose the co-ordination of the work of the department and the granting of autonomy to the boroughs. Borough self-government has long been a subject of agitation, especially in Brooklyn, where it was much discussed during the infantile paralysis epidemic.

The chief officer in each borough will, as now planned, become the head for that borough. Under the civil service rules, these officers are called Assistant Sanitary Superintendents. In explaining his changes, Dr. Copeland said that a new arrangement of authority appeared to be wise. More than this, he said, it was his opinion that the changes would approximate more closely than before to the charter requirements, "which clearly provide for borough autonomy."

This is the way the Commissioner explained the working out of the new system:

"When any important matter having to do with the special activity of a given bureau arises in any borough, the director of the bureau involved, representing the Commissioner, will make personal investigation, or direct it to be made by some employe of the central office of that bureau. The result of this examination, should any special or immediate action be necessary, will be dealt with by the direct order of the Commissioner, through the Sanitary Superintendent.

"When the bureau director or his representative goes to the borough on a visit of inspection or investigation he should be considered the representative of the Commissioner and receive the same assistance, on request, that would be rendered the Commissioner were he to make the visit in person. But, except in cases of emergency, where the health of the community is involved, no orders to the chief officer of the borough will be issued, except through the regular channels.

"There will be attached to each borough office, as is the practice at present, a representative of each of the bureaus of the department requiring field representatives. As regards discipline, all the employes in a given borough will be under the direction, supervision and control of the Assistant Sanitary Superintendent. It is to be understood that, except in cases of emergency each employe now or hereafter assigned to a borough office, for the work of a given bureau, will not be taken from that particular work without orders from the Commissioner's office.

"It is considered inadvisable to upset the specialized activities of the bureaus, as constituted under the present organization of the department. The purpose of this order is not to confer power on the Assistant Sanitary Superintendent to give new and unusual duties to the employes now on the pay roll of the various bureaus, but it is intended to make clear the question of disciplinary authority."

Questions of policy, exceptional conditions, and changes in personnel will be brought to the personal attention of the Commissioner, who will make final decision in cases of disagreement between the Sanitary Superintendent and the head of any borough.

"There can be no doubt that in a great city like ours," Dr. Copeland said, "the borough office should hold a larger place in Health Department administration. Through it there can be personal contact with and actual knowledge of local conditions, impossible under the centralized bureau system, and especially impossible under the triple-headed bureau-borough-health district plan now in force. It is perfectly apparent to me that the bureau directors and borough officers are all at sea just now. All are eager for any plan that will end the clashing of authority and promote the usefulness of the department. It is believed that the system here proposed will accomplish both these desirable ends, and, with the approval of the Board of Health, it will take effect Oct. 1.

"There are duplicated divisions, unattached divisions, and other anomalous administrative arrangements that will be given attention and provided for on the completion of this plan of organization. Details will be worked out in order that the plan may be given full effect at the stated time."

FAREWELL TO GUARDABASSI.

Friends of Italian Commissioner Give Dinner in His Honor.

Captain Francesco Mario Guardabassi, a member of the Italian Military Mission, has been recalled to Rome by the Minister for Propaganda, General Gallenga, henceforth to receive the numerous American missions visiting Italy. A farewell dinner was given for him at the Ritz-Carlton last night by members of the Italy-America Society and allied officers.

He was sent to this country by his Government after the retreat to the Piave to give the United States a better understanding of the aims and needs of Italy, and part of his work has been to convey to Italy the knowledge that America was firmly behind her allies. Captaain Guardabassi was selected for the work because of his residence of twenty-five years in America, which which gave him an intimate knowledge of conditions.

Letters of regret upon his departure were written by Charles E. Hughes, Brig. Gen. William A. White of the British Recruiting Mission, Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank, and many members of the Italy-America Society. Theodore Roosevelt wrote to Captain Guardabassi that he had been of great service in helping "to arouse the citizens of Italian birth" and in awakening in America an understanding of "the great deeds that Italy has done."

VILLARD MAKES PROTEST.

Editor of The Nation Resents Statement by Lamar.

Oswald Garrison Villard, President of The Nation Press, Inc., and editor of The Nation, the Sept. 14 issue of which was held up pending decision of the Post Office Department in Washington on several articles against which complaint had been made, yesterday sent a telegram to Solicitor Lamar of the Post Office Department protesting against the classing of The Nation with Reed and Nearing, as was done in a statement given out in Washington Monday night by Solicitor Lamar.

The following is the text of the telegram:

"I deeply resent your statement given to the press this morning. At the very moment you state The Nation is in the hands of the Postmaster General for adjudication you give out a telegram from an anonymous morning newspaper urging that seditious utterances—like those of Reed, Nearing, and The Nation—be not given space by other newspapers. No seditious or treasonable utterance has ever appeared in The Nation or ever will. I resent the base libel on me personally, but I resent more deeply the infringement on the right to criticise policies of the Government—a right which is guaranteed by the Constitution. How far this right can be limited by arbitrary action of executive officers is the whole issue between us and no other."

WILL SHUT DOWN CAR LINE.

Queens Company Says Seven-Cent Fare Is Necessary.

George A. Stanley, President of the New York and North Shore Traction Company, which operates a trolley line between Flushing and Hicksville and Flushing and Whitestone, declared last night that operations would cease one minute after midnight Sept. 30 unless the city grants the company financial relief or positively signifies intention to do so at an early date.

Residents of Whitestone are planning a mass meeting at which demand will be voiced for some action by the city.

Some time ago the company asked for a 7-cent fare, and the Public Service Commission reported in favor of it. Mayor Hylan and the other members of the Transit Committee of the Board of Estimate held a public meeting in Flushing and several hundred men and women favored the increased fare. No action has been taken by the Transit Committee of the Board of Estimate.

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Fall Clothes —for Men Who Need Them

Quality is a big thing to look for in clothes this Fall—not only because it is harder to find than usual—but because the longer service it gives is more necessary than ever.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Fall Clothes

There are several ways to be sure of quality in Clothes. But next to an acid test the surest way to be sure is simply to buy Hart Schaffner & Marx good all-wool Clothes.

Suits, $30, $35, $40, $45 up to $75
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Are you playing fair with your Gillette

We want to help you play fair with your Gillette—to get the 100% Gillette Shave every time and all the time

Talk with one of our Service Experts. See if you have the Gillette "little knack" just right. Bring your razor with you. Let them look it over—No charge—This Gillette Expert Service is Free to every Gillette User.

YOU will notice we suggest you bring your Gillette with you when you call on our Service Expert.

The longer you have used it, the more likely you dropped it sometime, or many times. You may have jarred its alignment, or bent the cap or the guard.

These accidents are bound to affect the quality of your shave. The necessary touch of adjustment will take only a few minutes—*it will not cost you anything*—and it will put your razor in first-class shape again.

• • •

ANOTHER thing: Do you think you change Blades as often as you should?

You can't expect to use the same blade week after week—and get a clean, quick "once-over" shave.

There isn't a better value in the world than a Gillette Blade.

It has two edges, each good for many shaves.

The Gillette Safety Razor is adjustable and gives a perfect shave.

But perhaps you are not using it the right way—not holding it flat to your face, not getting the proper adjustment or the smooth angle-stroke. Our Gillette Service Experts are here to *help* you with any of these little problems—*and no charge for the service.*

• • •

IF you are one of the men who has not yet adopted the Gillette—look yourself square in the face and ask yourself why!

Do you know what the Gillette is doing for a dozen men you run up against every day?

Some day *you'll* come to the Gillette.

The things it can do for you, you need *now.*

No Stropping—No Honing. Independence in shaving. Master of your time. And every day you shave yourself you save fees and tips that will buy more U. S. Thrift Stamps or go toward a payment on a Liberty Bond.

Are You Getting Maximum Results From Your Gillette

The Gillette Service Experts and all Gillette dealers want to be of service to every Gillette user in town.

They will show you that "little knack" of the Gillette Shave—how to prepare the face for shaving; the correct angle stroke; the adjustment for a light or a close shave.

Bring in your Gillette, have it looked over. It may be damaged, bent, out of alignment. If so, they will put it in first-class condition again, free of charge. They may make some valuable suggestions, anyway.

When you shave tomorrow morning try this—

Lather the beard thoroughly, and rub well in—that's essential with any shave.

Put in a new blade and screw the handle down *tight.* Then, if you want a specially close shave, *unscrew* the handle a *slight* turn.

Hold the razor naturally and easily, and tilt the handle so you can just feel the blade engage the beard.

(Here's where some men make a mistake. They tilt the handle up or down *too much.*)

Then shave with short, slanting strokes.

Keep the edge of the blade as nearly flat against the skin as you can. Any man will catch the "little knack" of using his Gillette in one or two shaves. In fact, when the Gillette is properly used, the beard slips off without your knowing it.

The all-important thing is to lather well, and to hold the razor easily, with the handle tilted so the blade *just engages the beard.*

Gillette Safety Razor Company, Boston, Mass.

Come talk with the Gillette Service Experts. You will find them in the stores of the following Gillette dealers on the specified dates:

Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, 42nd Street & 6th Avenue
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, 200 Broadway
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, Times Building
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, Broadway & 34th Street
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, Grand Central Station
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—JOHN WANAMAKER, Broadway & 9th Street
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—JAMES A. HETHERINGTON, 42nd St. & Vanderbilt Ave.
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—F. K. JAMES COMPANY, 48th Street & Broadway
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR CO., Service Store, Broadway & Maiden Lane
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—EDWARD WECK & SON, 148 Fulton Street

Newark Stores:

Sept. 16 to 21—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, 756 Broad Street
Sept. 16 to 21—L. BAMBERGER COMPANY, Market Street
Sept. 23 to 28—FIREMEN'S PHARMACY CO., Broad & Market Sts.
Sept. 23 to 28—HAHNE & COMPANY, Broad Street
Sept. 30 to Oct. 5—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, 107 Market Street
Sept. 30 to Oct. 5—E. G. KOENIG'S SONS, 875 Broad Street